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## Sir Bur Cermetghie

 census of the british empire．
## 1901.

## REPORT WITH SUMMARY

AND

# DETAILED TABLES FOR THE SEVERAL COLONIES，\＆c．， 

 AREA，HOUSES，AND POPULATION；ALSO

# POPULATION CLASSIFIED BI AGES，CONDITION AS TO MARRIAGE， OCCUPATIONS，BIRTHPLACES，RELIGIONS，DEGREES OF EDUCATION，AND INFIRMITIES． 




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## 1906.



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# THE RIGHT HONOURABLE JOHN BURNS, M.P., PRESIDENT OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD. 

General Register Office,<br>December, 1905.

Sir,


#### Abstract

We have the honour to lay before you the accompanying Report and Summary of the Census of the British Empire in the year 1901.


The collection, analysis, and arrangement of this large mass of statistical material has involved the expenditure of much time; and the postponement, on account of the War, of Census operations in the South African Colonies has led to considerable delay in the presentation of our Report.

Since the year 1861 it has been customary to give in the English Reports a summary of the Census Returns of the British Colonies and Possessions. The Summaries, which in 1861 and 1871 had contained tabular excerpts from the Colonial Returns, were in 1881 and 1891 limited to statements of Area and Population ; no attempt being made to deduce from these Statistics a comparison of the social condition of the several peoples living within the British Dominions.

While the tabulation of the results of the recent English Census was in progress, the then Colonial Secretary expressed a wish that the Statistics contained in the reports of the several British Colonies, Dependencies, and Protectorates should be collated and analysed, and that comparative Tables should be prepared similar to those employed in the English Report; and, further, that the whole should be embodied in a separate volume to be styled " The Census of the British Empire."

On examination of the available returns it was found impracticable, owing to the varying conditions of life in different parts of the Empire, and to the want of uniformity in the methods of construction and tabulation of the Colonial Censuses, to prepare a Report on the precise lines of the English Census Report.

The annexed series of comparative and detailed Tables have, however, been constructed for each British Colony, Dependency and Protectorate, giving as fully as the data permit, information concerning (a) area and dwelling houses, (b) number of the people, distinguishing age, sex, and condition as to marriage, (c) birth-places of the people, their religion, education, occupation, and their infirmities.

The Keports from which the appended Tables have been derived range in bulk from a ten page pamphlet concerning the 2,253 inhabitants of the Falkland Islands to an elaborate review extending to more than 60 volumes dealing with the manifold races of our Indian Empire; the population of which approaches 295 million persons speaking not fewer than 147 distinct vernacular languages.

We gladly embrace the present opportunity of congratulating the many able Administrators of India, Ceylon, Australasia, South Africa, and of our other British Possessions on the successful enuuneration of their respective populations.

Census taking in some of the British Dominions beyond the Seas presents special difficulties ; among which may be mentioned the abnormal climatic conditions, the large and sparsely populated areas to be covered, the impassability of many of the roads, and the want of competent Enumerators ; and also the ignorance and superstition of the native races, some of which are stated to fear that Census particulars may be used for purposes of increased taxation. These difficulties are enhanced by the tact that the British Empire extends to every Continent and climate, and includes representatives of practically every race, creed, language, and caste.

In some of our East Indian and in certain of our African Possessions, as well as in a few of the West Indian Islands, the Authorities were, for financial or other reasons, unable to take a complete Census. The best available estimates of such populations have, however, been inserted in the Tables, but these populations amounted to less than one-tenth part of the total for the British Empire, which numbered in the aggregate nearly 400 millions.

## I.-AREA.

At the time of the Census of 1861 the Empire comprised, in round numbers, eight and

Growth of Territory.

Distribution in Continents.

Of this huge territory, somewhat more than four millions of square miles are situated in North, Central, and South America; three millions in Australasia; two and a half millions in Africa; and nearly two millions in the Indian Empire and other parts of Asia; while the portion that lies in Europe constitutes a very inconsiderable fraction of the whole, amounting to only 125,095 square miles, of which 121,089 constitute the area of the United Kingdom.

## II.-POPULATION.

Trowth of Populaion.

## Distribu-

 ion inJontinents.
?revious Jensuses not strictly omparble.

As far as can be ascertained, the population of the British Empire in 1861, inclusive of the Indian Feudatory States, was about 259 millions; in 1871 it had risen to nearly 283 millions ; in 1881 to nearly 310 millions ; in 1891, largely through acquisitions of territory, to more than 381 millions ; and at or about the date of the Census of 1901 it had reached a total of about 400 millions.*

The distribution, in 1901, of the population of the Empire in the several Continents was as follows :--In Asia there were more than 300 millions, in Africa about 43 millions, in America $7 \frac{1}{2}$ millions, in Australasia more than 5 millions, in our Mediterranean Possessions nearly half a million, and in the Islands in the British Seas 150,000 ; while the remaining $41 \frac{1}{2}$ millions were enumerated within the limits of the United Kingdom.

At the earlier Censuses for the Indian Empire and some of our other possessions the enumerations of the populations were incomplete, and in, some cases the real increase of population was obscured by the gradual extension of the area included in the Census operations. For instance the total populations enumerated at the last three Indian Censuses included $33,5 \frac{1}{2}$, and $2 \frac{1}{2}$ million persons respectively living in areas that were then enumerated for the first time.

[^1]For the latter reason it is exceedingly difficult to distinguish in what proportions the accretions of population in the whole Empire were due (1) to added territory, and (2) to actual increase ; an attempt has nevertheless been made in the subjoined statement to give approximate proportions for the four past intercensal periods.

Rates of increase in four decennia, showing effect of additions to territory


It will be observed that for the whole Empire the aggregate rate of increase of population showed a great decline in the last decennium ; this was mainly due to the fall in the rate of increase of the population of the Indian Empire, in the Native States and Agencies of which there was an actual decrease of 5.5 per cent. The comparatively small increase in the Indian population between the Censuses of 1891 and 1901 was in great part due to famine and plague-these disasters, with their attendant excessive mortality, having also adversely affected the birth-rate.

The rate of increase in the population of the British Empire as a whole is necessarily Rates of to a great extent governed by that which obtains in the vast population of India: it may be interesting therefore, by excluding the population of that Country, to show the growth of population in the remainder of the Empire; this has been done in the following Table:-


* Mainly due to the acquisition of Nigeria, East Africa Protectorate, Uganda, British Central Africa, Rhodesia, \&c.

From the foregoing statement, it will be seen that, excluding India, the rate of actual increase in the Empire, which had been 11.8 per cent. between 1861 and 1871, rose to $14 \cdot 5$ per cent. between 1871 and 1881 , and then fell to $11 \cdot 6$ and $8 \cdot 6$ per cent. respectively in the next two decennia. The decline in the rate of actual increase is therefore not confined to the Indian Empire.

A large factor connected with this fall in the increase of the population is the continued depression of the birth-rate, which has now become general in nearly all countries. In Australasia, and especially in South Australia, in Victoria, and in New South Wales (where the matter has recently been reported upon by a Royal Commission), the fall in the birth-rate is remarkable.

In order to obtain a comparative view of the growth of population in the several parts of the Empire the following Table has been drawn up which gives, so far as the figures are available, the population at the past five Censuses of the United Kingdom and

Rates of increase the seves Colonies
of individual Colonies, Dependencies and groups of areas, together with intercensal rates of increase per cent.; the latter figures being printed in italic type :-

| -- | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom ... | 28,927,485 | 31,484,661 | 34,884,848 | 37,732,922 | 41,458,721 |
| Gibraltar | 24,095 | $8 \cdot 8$ 25,216 | $10 \cdot 8$ 23,991 | $8 \cdot 2$ 25,755 | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \cdot 9 \\ & 27,460 \end{aligned}$ |
| braltar | 24,0.5 | $4 \cdot 7$ | - $4 \cdot 9$ |  |  |
| Malta (Civil Population) | 134,055 | 141,775 | 149,782 | 165,037 | 184,742 |
|  |  | $5 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 6$ 185,630 | $10 \cdot 2$ 209,286 | $11 \cdot 9$ 237,022 |
|  | - | - | 185,650 | 12.78 | $13 \cdot 3$ |
| Indian Empire (as enumerated at each Census). (a) | ? | 206,162,360 | $\begin{gathered} 253,896,330 \\ 23 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{1382}{2814,671}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 294,361,056 \\ 2 \cdot 5 \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| Ceylon ... ... ... ... | 1,919,487 | 2,405,287 | 2,763,984 | 3,012,224 | 3,573,419 |
|  |  | 25.3 | $14 \cdot 9$ | $9 \cdot 0$ | $18 \cdot 6$ |
| Straits Settlements | 220,000* | 308,097* | 423,384* | 512,905 | 573,598 |
| Hong Kong (exclusive of | 119,321 | 124 | 160,4 | 221,441 | $11 \cdot 8$ 297,212 |
| Territory). | 119,3/1 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $29 \cdot 2$ | $38 \cdot 1$ | $34 \cdot 2$ |
| Gambia (Colony, not Protectorate) | ? | 14,190 | 14,150 | 14,266 | 13,456 |
|  |  |  | $-0.3$ | $0 \cdot 8$ | $-5 \cdot 7$ |
| Cape of Good Hope (as consti- | 267,096 | 496,381 | 720,984 | 1,927,224 | $\begin{gathered} 2,409,804 \\ 57 \cdot 8 \end{gathered}$ |
| tuted at the date of each Census). (b) |  | $85 \cdot 8$ | $45 \cdot 2$ | $111 \cdot 8$ | $57 \cdot 8$ |
| Natal (excluding Zululand) (c)... | 157,583* | 293,832* | 413,167 | 543,913 | 838,717 |
|  |  | $86 \cdot 5$ 330,460 | $40 \cdot 6$ | $31 \cdot 6$ 391,4 | $54 \cdot 2$ 397,453 |
| Mauritius and Dependencies (with Seychelles). | , | 32,5 | 14.3 | $\stackrel{391,6}{3.6}$ | 39,5 |
| Dominion of Canada ... | 3,199,418* | 3,689,257 | 4,324,810 | 4,833,239 | 5,371,315 |
|  |  | $15 \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 2$ | 11.8 | $11^{1} 1$ |
| Newfoundland and Labrador (d) | 124,288 | 146,536 | 197,335 | 202,040 | 220,984 |
|  |  | $17 \cdot 9$ | $34 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | $9 \cdot 4$ |
| British West Indies ... | 933,847 | 1,063,886 | 1,216,409 | 1,361,617 | 1,576,927 |
|  |  | $13 \cdot 9$ | 14-3 | $11 \cdot 9$ | 15.8 |
| Australian Commonwealth (in- | 1,208,641* | 1,713,833* | 2,303,280* | 3,234,019* | 3,836,154* |
| cluding Aborigines). |  | $41 \cdot 8$ | $34 \cdot 4$ | $40 \cdot 4$ | $18 \cdot 6$ |
| New Zealand (including Maoris) | 154,296 | $\begin{aligned} & 293,895 \\ & 90 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 533,801 \\ & 81 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 670,150 \\ & 25 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 816,214 \\ & 21 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ |

* Figures wholly or partly estimated.
(a) Adding estimates of population for certain parts not enumerated at the earlier Censuses, the rates of increase become $6.8,10 \cdot 4$, and 1.5 per cent. respectively, but if a further correction be made for errors in the earlier enumerations, the true rate of growth in the intercensal period 1872-1881 is estimated to have been possibly nil, and certainly not more than $1 \cdot 5$ per cent., and in the two later periods, 9.8 and 1.5 per cent. respectively.
(b) The Census years to which the figures for the Cape of Good Hope relate are 1856, 1865, 1875; 1891, and 1904 respectively. The rates of increase during the last three intercensal periods for the Colony as constituted in 1865 were $20 \cdot 6,38 \cdot 7$, and $44 \cdot 4$ per cent. respectively.
(c) The number given for Natal in the last column is the population enumerated in 1904.
(d) The Census years to which the figures for Newfoundland relate are 1857, 1869, 1884, 1891, and 1901 respectively.

Except in the cases of India and Ceylon, little information can be gleaned from the Census Reports respecting the causes of the increase or decrease in the growth of population ; the general deduction, however, to be drawn from the above figures is that, in the short period under review, a progressive rate of increase in the several populations has not been maintained. Decline is particularly noticeable in the Indian Empire, the small rate of increase in our great Dependency in the last intercensal period being, as already stated, mainly due to the effects of famine and plague : a decline in the rate of increase is also apparent in the Straits Settlements, in Mauritius, in the Dominion of Canada, and in New Zealand. In the Straits Settlements there appears to be a fall to a normal rate of increase ( 11.8 per cent.) following three decennia of exceptional growth in which the rates per cent. were $40 \cdot 0,37 \cdot 4$ and $21 \cdot 1$ respectively. The Dominion of Canada as a whole shows a more steady decline in its rate of growth, although in some of the provinces the population is still increasing rapidly-the increase per cent. during the last intercensal period amounting to 67.3 in Manitoba, 82.0 in British Columbia, and 137.9 in the North West Territories. The increase in New. Zealand, although it was only 21.8 per cent. in 1891-1901 against $90 \cdot 5$ in 1861-71 is still considerable, and it may be observed that, notwithstanding the rate of increase in the later being less than one-fourth of that in the earlier period, the actual gain to the population was 146,064 persons in 1891-1901, against 139,599 in 1861-71.

The rate of increase, however, in certain of our Colonies where it had declined in previous years, for example, in Natal, the West Indies and Ceylon, shows a rising tendency in the last decermial period.

It appears from the Report on the Census of Ceylon that the decline in the rates of increase for 1871-81 and 1881-91 was due to the decay of the coffee-growing industry, and that the upward tendency noted in the last decennium may be explained by the return of prosperity following the introduction of tea cultivation. On the other hand, in the Australian Commonwealth the rate of increase, which had been as high as 40.4 in the decennium 1881-91, fell in the next decennium to $18 \cdot 6$; the rates of increase for the several States showed wide variation, being 5.3 in Victoria, 13.2 in South Australia, $17 \cdot 6$ in Tasmania, 20.0 in New South Wales, $26 \cdot 3$ in Queensland, and as high as $241 \cdot 5$ in Western Australia.

## III.—DENSITY OF POPULATION.

The relation between the area of a Country and the number of its inhabitants is commonly expressed by one of three methods: (1) by stating the average number of exprossing persons living on each square mile or acre, (2) by stating the average number of square Density. miles or acres available for each person, and (3) by stating the number of yards separating each individual, if the population were distributed uniformly over the surface of the whole Country.

Adopting the first and perhaps the most convenient method of measuring the degree of aggregation of population it will be seen that the average density in the parts of the British Empire in each Continent was as follows :-

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Persons } \\ \text { per square } \\ \text { mile. } \end{gathered}$ | - | Persons per square mile. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| British Empire ... ... | 33.5 | Colonies, Dependencies, Protectorates, |  |
| United Kingdom ... ... ... | $342 \cdot 4$ | In America... | 1.9 |
| Isle of Man and Channel Islands | $496 \cdot 3$ | North America ... ... | $1 \cdot 4$ |
| Colonies, Dependencies, Protectorates, |  | West Indies and Central America. | 82.5 |
| In Europe ... ... ... | 1276 | South America ... ... ... | 2.7 |
| In Asia | 161.7 | In Australasia ... | $1 \cdot 6$ |
| Indian Empire ... ... ... | 172.0 | Australian Commonwealth ... | 13 |
| Other Possessions ... ... | $42 \cdot 0$ | New Zealand ... ... ... | $7 \cdot 8$ |
| In Africa ... ... ... ... | 16.3 | Other Possessions ...- ... | 5.0 |
| West Africa ... ... ... | 52.0 |  |  |
| South Aürica- ... ... ... | $4 \cdot 1$ |  |  |
| Other Possessions ... | 16.0 |  |  |

Persons per square mile in th several parts of th Empire.

In the United Kingdom there were $342 \cdot 4$ persons to a square mile, and in the Indian Lmpire $17 \% \cdot 0$, while in the Dominion of Canada and in the Australian Commonwealth the density was as low as 1.4 and $1 \cdot 3$ persons per square mile respectively.

Among individual Colonies with an exceptionally high density of population may be mentioned-Gibraltar, Hong Kong, Malta, and Penang Island. It should be observed, however, that the areas of these places are physically restricted, not one of them covering as much space as does the County of London; their density is therefore hardly comparable with that of other Colonies.

In England and Wales the density of the population was as high as 558 persons per square mile; then follow some of the Indian provinces (viz., Oudh with a density of 535 , Bengal 495, Madras States 420, and Agra 419), and Mauritius and Dependencies, 453. On the other hand, in British Columbia, in the North West Territories, and the Unorganised Territories of the Dominion of Canada, in Labrador, in Bechuanaland Protectorate, and in Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia the density averaged less than one person per square mile.

## IV.-TOWNS.

 large Towns.Throughout the Empire there were no fewer than 187 Cities or Towns in which the populations, as enumerated at the last Census, exceeded 50,000 persons: of these 87 were situated in the United Kingdom, 78 were in India, 7 in Australasia, 5 in the Dominion of Canada, 2 in the West Indies, 2 in the Straits Settlements, and one apiece in the Colonies of Hong Kong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, Natal and the Transvaal.

Table 3 of the Summary gives the populations, at the Censuses of 1891 and 1901, of n the most important Towns in the United Kingdom and the Colonies, together with the rates of increase and decrease in the intercensal period. As examples of the growth of Urban communities, we may quote the following Towns, with populations exceeding 150,000 persons at the date of the last Census, in each of which the population had increased during the decennium by over 20 per cent.


It is not, however, among the very large towns that the greatest proportional Towns growth is apparent ; the Report on the English Census shows that in England and Wales the highest rate of increase occurred among the medium sized towns, and the same may be said generally of our Colonial Cities. For instance, on reference to Table 3, it will be found that the rate of increase in the last intercensal period exceeded 50 per cent. in the following Towns, in which the population ranged from 25,000 to 78,000 at the date of the last Census, viz.:-Cape Town, East London, Durban (white population only), Vancouver, Winnipeg, Perth (Western Australia), Port of Spain, and Kuala Lumpur in the Malay States.

On the other hand, there are twelve towns mentioned in the Table in which an Towns actual decrease of population was recorded ; these were as follows :-

| Towns. |  |  |  |  |  | Population. |  | Decrease per cent. 1891-1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |  |
| ISLe of ManDouglas | $\ldots$ | .. | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 19,525 | 19,223 | $1 \cdot 5$ |
| Jersex- <br> St. Helier | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | 29,133 | 27,866 | $4 \cdot 3$ |
| $\underset{\text { Malta- }}{\text { Valletta }}$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 23,799 | 22,680 | $4 \cdot 7$ |
| India- <br> Bombay | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 821,764 | 776,006 | $5 \cdot 6$ |
| Benares |  |  | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 219,467 | 209,331 | $4 \cdot 6$ |
| Lucknow |  | ... | ... | ... | - | 273,028 | 264,049 | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| Straits Settileme Malacca |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 16,503 | 15,586 | $5 \cdot 6$ |
| Gold CoastAccra ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | . | 16,267 | 14,842 | $8 \cdot 8$ |
| Mauritius- <br> Port Louis ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | 62,515 | 52,740 | $15 \cdot 6$ |
| Antigua - <br> City of St. John | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 9,738 | 9,262 | $4 \cdot 9$ |
| Brimish Guiana- George Town... | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 53,176 | 48,192 | $9 \cdot 4$ |
| TasmaniaHobart | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 24,905 | 24,654 | 1.0 |

Although the Census results are mainly concerned with present conditions and recent movements of population, it may be interesting to refer to the growth, during an extended period, of a few of the largest Colonial Cities.

Excluding London, the most populous City in the British Empire at the present time Calcutta. is Calcutta, the population of which in 1710 was about ten or twelve thousand ; thence it grew rapidly, and by the middle of the eighteenth century was estimated to have exceeded 100,000 ; by the year 1850 it was at least 400,000 ; the Census of 1872 showed a population of 633,000 , which, after a slight fall in 1881, rose to 682,000 in 1891, and further rose to nearly 848,000 in 1901.

The City of Bombay, which passed from Portuguese to English rule in 1661 by the Bombay, Treaty on the occasion of the marriage between Charles II. and the Infanta of Portugal, rapidly developed in the next fourteen years from a town of 10,000 to one of 60,000 inhabitants. In 1780 the population had risen to 100,000 , in 1836 to 236,000 , and in

1872 to 644,000 , or more by 11,000 than that of Caicutta at the same date. In 1891 the population stood at 821,764 ; for the next five years the city doubtless continued to grow, but since then the plague, which first appeared in September, 1896, has struck a severe blow at its prosperity, the result being that, instead of a further increase being recorded at the last Census, the population had declined to 776,000 .

Fydney and Melpourne.

The growth of the two chief Cities of Australia has been remarkable. In 1841 the population of Sydney numbered about 30,000 , and that of Melbourne was less than 5,000 . In the space of 20 years the population of Sydney had increased to nearly 96,000 , while that of Melbourne had shown even greater progress, the population in 1861 numbering nearly 140,000 -this remarkable advance being due to the discovery of gold in Victoria in the "fifties." At the Census of 1881, 225,000 persons were enumerated in Sydney, and 283,000 in Melbourne, and at the last Census (1901) the population in each City had increased to little short of half a million, the exact numbers enumerated being 487,932 in Sydney and 496,079 in Melbourne. The rate of increase, however, in the last decennium was only $1 \cdot 1$ per cent. in Melbourne as against 25.9 per cent. in Sydney. This centralisation of population indicates that in 1901 more than one-third of the population of New South Wales, and quite two-fifths of the population of Victoria, were enumerated in the respective State Capitals.

Montreal, the largest City in British North America, was founded in the year 1642 , and was transferred from the French to the British Government in 1760. The population in 1815 numbered about 15,000 , since which year the growth of the City has been extraordinary; in 1851 the population had increased to over 57,000, and in the next 20 years this number had doubled. In 1881 it had reached over 155,000, in 1891 it had risen to over 220,000 , and at the last Census it had further risen to nearly 268,000 . Of the population enumerated at the last Census, about 43 per cent. were stated to be of French descent.

Owing to various causes, but principally to the development of manufacturing industries, there is an ever increasing tendency amongst most European populations to congregate in Urban areas. This aggregation of population in cities, and consequent depopulation of Rural areas, presents amongst the older communities one of the most important social difficulties of the day. For this reason the information afforded by the Colonial Census returns as to the Urban and Rural distribution of population possesses special interest.

Of the population enumerated in the United Kingdom at the last Census, over 71 per cent. were living in towns, the proportions in the three divisions of the Kingdom being 31 per cent. in Ireland, 70 per cent. in Scotland, and 77 per cent. in England and Wales.

New Zealand and the Commonwealth of Australia together contain a population exceeding $4 \frac{1}{2}$ millions, of which more than one-half were enumerated in Town areas, the proportions of Urban population in the several States being as follows :-

|  |  |  | Proportion <br> per cent. <br> of Urban <br> Population. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New South Wales $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 68 | South Australia | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Victoria $\quad \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 54 | Queensland | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Proportion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| per cent. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of Urban |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In the Dominion of Canada about 38 per cent. of the population were resident in In Canada. Urban Areas. Here again the proportions in the several Provinces varied considerably as shown by the following figures :-

| - |  |  | Proportion per cent. of Urban Population. | - |  | Proportion per cent. of Urban Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| British Columbia ... | ... | . | 50 | North West Territories ... |  | 24 |
| Ontario | ... | ... | 43 | New Brunswick ... | - | 23 |
| Quebec .. | ... | ... | 40 | Unorganised Territories... | - | 17 |
| Nova Scotia... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 28 | Prince Edward Island ... |  | 14 |
| Manitoba ... | ... | ... | 28 |  |  |  |

In our four South African Colonies, the Rural population, as might be expected, In Sooth largely predominates. The following are the results shown at the recent Census taken Africa. in 1904 :-


* Excluding Military Population.

The conditions in India afford a striking contrast to those prevailing in other parts In India. of the British Empire; for of the aggregate population of nearly 295 millions, less than one-tenth live in places classed as Urban Areas, the remaining nine-tenths residing in Villages. According to the Indian Census Report there are only 29 Cities in the whole of India with populations exceeding 100,000 persons. These Cities had an aggregate population of somewhat over $6 \frac{1}{2}$ millions, or little more than 2 per cent. of the total population of the Indian Empire. Of the Urban population, more than half are found in towns with at least twenty thousand inhabitants, about one-fifth in towns with from ten to twenty thousand, and the same proportion in towns with from five to ten thousand, while about one-sixteenth dwell in smaller towns. The Report goes on to state, however, that the industrial and commercial awakening of India, of which the first signs are already apparent, may result in a marked increase in its City population at no very distant date.

In Ceylon the proportions of Urban and Rural population were 12 and 88 per cent. In Ceylon. respectively.

## V.-SEXES.

The sex constitution of the population varies very considerably in the several parts Sex conof the Empire ; the factors to which these variations are attributable, either singly or in stitution. combination, may be summarised as follows :-

The varying proportions of-
(1) Male to Female Births.
(2) Male to Female Deaths.
(3) Male to Female Emigration and Immigration.

In European Countries, with few exceptions, the females out-number the males; General such is the case in the United Kingdom and in several of the Colonies; but in the larger excess of and more populous Colonies the reverse is the case.

Sex constitution in the several Colonies, \&c.

Colonies, etc., in which the Males exceed the Females.

|  |  | Proportion per cent. of Population. |  |  |  | Proportion per cent. of Population. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males. | Females. |  |  | Males. | Females. |
| Malta ... | . | $54 \cdot 9$ | $45 \cdot 1$ | Dominion of Canada | $\ldots$ | 51:2 | 48.8. |
| Cyprus ... | ... | $51 \cdot 1$ | $48 \cdot 9$ | Newfoundland | ... | $51 \cdot 3$ | $48 \cdot 7$ |
| Indian Empire ... | ... | $50 \cdot 9$ | $49 \cdot 1$ | Trinidad ... | $\ldots$ | 52:8 | 47.2 |
| Ceylon | $\ldots$ | 53.3 | 46.7 | British Guiana ... | $\ldots$ | 53.2 | $46 \cdot 8$ |
| Straits Settlements ... | ... | 66.3 | 33.7 | New South Wales ... | ... | $52 \cdot 4$ | $47 \cdot 6$ |
| Federated Malay States | ... | 72.0 | 28.0 | Victoria ... | ... | $50 \cdot 3$ | 49.7 |
| North Borneo | $\ldots$ | 57.3 | 42.7 | Queensland ... ... | ... | 55.7 | $44 \cdot 3$ |
| Hong Kong ... ... | ... | $72 \cdot 6$ | $27 \cdot 4$ | South Australia ... | .. | 51.0 | $49 \cdot 0$ |
| Cape of Good Hope ... | ... | $50 \cdot 6$ | $49 \cdot 4$ | Western Ausitralia ... | ... | $61 \cdot 1$ | $38 \cdot 9$ |
| Transvaal and Swaziland | ... | $54 \cdot 7$ | $45 \cdot 3$ | Tasmania ... ... | ... | 52.0 | 48.0 |
| Orange River Colony | ... | $54 \cdot 2$ | $45 \cdot 8$ | New Zealand ... | ... | $52 \cdot 6$ | $47 \cdot{ }^{\prime}$ |
| Mauritius ... |  | $54 \cdot 1$ | $45 \cdot 9$ |  |  |  |  |

Colonies, etc., in which the Females exceed the Males.

|  |  | Proportion per cent. of Population. |  | - | Proportion per cent. of Population. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males. | Females. |  | Males. | Females. |
| England and Wales ... | .. | $48 \cdot 4$ | 51.6 | Bahama. Islands ... ... | 46.5 | 53.5 |
| Scotland .. | ... | $48 \cdot 6$ | $51 \cdot 4$ | Jamaica (estimated population). | $48 \cdot 4$ | $51 \cdot 6$ |
| Ireland ... | ... | $49 \cdot 3$ | 50.7 | Leeward Islands ... ... | $44 \cdot 6$ | $55 \cdot 4$ |
| Gold Coast ... .. | ... | $44 \cdot 4$ | 55.6 | Grenada ... ... ... | $47 \cdot 3$ | $52 \cdot 7$ |
| Natal ... ... | ... | 49.7 | 50.3 | St. Lucia ... ... ... | $47 \cdot 8$ | 52.2 |
| Basutoland ...' | ... | $47 \cdot 0$ | 53.0 | Barbados (estimated popula- | $45 \cdot 1$ | $54 \cdot 9$ |
| Southern Rhodesia ... | ... | $49 \cdot 6$ | $50 \cdot 4$ |  |  |  | males.

The following statement indicates the principal parts of the Empire in which the male and female sexes are respectively in excess.

A comparison of the two lists shows, as might be expected, that, speaking generally, it is in those places where the growth of population is mainly due to the excess of immigration that the male sex preponderates to the greatest degree. Thus the four Colonies with the highest proportions of males are those in which immigration has been especially noticeable, viz. : -Western Australia, Straits Settlemients, Federated Malay States, and Hong Kong.

In Western Australia the immigrant population numbered 131,461 persons, of whom 86,346 were males and only 45,115 females, the remaining 26,529 males and 26,134 females having been borin in the Colony. For the Straits Settlements it is impossible, owing to the absence of complete Birth-place statistics, to determine precisely the effect of immigration on the sex proportions. It may be seen, however, that it is solely among the alien races that the excess of males obtains; among the Malay and other native races of the Archipelago the proportions of each sex are practically equal, while among the other races, the proportion per cent. of males is 66.9 among Europeans and Americans, 73.9 among Indians, and $77 \cdot 8$ among Chinese. The Chinese amount to almost half of the total population, and, excluding Christmas Island, comprise 219,204 males and only, 62,729 females, of whom 21,639 males and 22,383 females were said to be "Straits-born." It follows, therefore, that in the Straits Settlements the disparity between the numbers of the two sexes is mainly due to the large volume of Chinese male immigrants. Without going into great detail, it may be stated that in the Federated Malay States the high proportion of males ( $72 \cdot 0$ per cent.) is due to the numbers of Chinese attracted thereto by the development of the tin-mining industry ; while in Hong Kong the 72.6 per cent. of males in the population consists principally of Chinese from the mainland.

The causes of the excess of one or other of the sexes are not generally discussed at length in the Colonial Census Reports. It may, however, be interesting to quote the following passage from the Report on the Census of India-a country in which the amount of migration is too small relatively to the enormous native population to have an

Causes of excess of males. In India. appreciable effect on the sex constitution of the population :-
"The difference in the proportion of the sexes shown by the Census statistics may be due to three causes, viz. :-
(I) A more complete enumeration of the male population.
(2) A larger number of male Births.
(3) A heavier mortality amongst females.

It is conceivable that females may be omitted from the return either because their male relatives regard them as of no importance in connection with an enquiry such as the Census, or because they have some special reason for not mentioning them."

In Ceylon it is stated that " the normal condition is a larger boy-birth," and "on In Ceylon. the other hand that the female mortality is higher than the male"; the predominant factor, however, as in nearly every other case, is the balance of migration, there being little emigration from Ceylon, but a considerable amount of immigration into that Colony.

The comparatively high proportion of males in the Maltese Islands is due to the In Malta. presence there of a large naval and military population, for if these are excluded it will be found that the females slightly out-number the males.

## VI.-AGES.

Although returns of the ages of the population are not available for some few of the Returns Colonies in which Censuses were taken, it is possible to obtain figures for nearly all the most important of them. When, however, an attempt is made to compare the age distribution of the population in the several Colonies we are met with considerable difficulties; firstly, owing to the want of uniformity in the groups of ages selected for tabulation by the several Authorities, and, secondly, owing to the known liability to error in all Returns of Ages.

From the English Census Reports it may be seen that there are two main causes affecting the the Returns; the first that a large proportion of persons do not know their precise age, and can only state it approximately, using some exact multiple of ten, such as $30,40,50$; the second cause is the wilful mis-statement of age, which is far more common amongst women than amongst men. It is more than probable, therefore, that, in places where conditions for obtaining reliable data are less favourable than in this country, the accuracy of the age Returns can only be considered as roughly approximate.

## ropor-

 ions at six 'ge-groups n the everal Yolonies, c.The following Table shows for the principal areas for which figures are available the proportions of the male and female populations respectively at six groups of ages. The aggregation of the ages in large groups, which is necessary owing to want of uniformity. in the several returns, has the advantage of minimising the errors due to mis-statement:-


[^2]The differences in the age distribution of the populations as shown in the Table are considerable ; they are mainly due to two causes-(a) variations in the rates of natural increase ; and ( $b$ ) gains and losses by migration. Other things being equal, a population in which a comparatively high birth-rate prevails contains a large proportion of persons at the earlier ages and a small proportion at the later ages. Thius in Ceylon, which has a bigh and an increasing birth-rate, the proportion of both male and female children is greater than in any other Colony.

A leading place in the Table is occupied by the Indian Empire which also has a very high birth-rate ; here the proportion of children would probably be greater than it is had it not been for the heavy mortality from plague and famine during the past decennium. Another example is that of Newfoundland and Labrador, in the small aggregate of 320,984 persons inhabiting which Colony a comparatively high birth-rate prevails, together with a correspondingly large proportion of children in the population.

The effect of migration on the age constitution of a population is considerable. For example, the low proportion of children and the high proportion of old people enumerated in Ireland are mainly accounted for by excessive emigration. During the 50 years 1851-1901 no fewer than 3,846,393 Irish persons left the country with the intention of settling elsewhere; and in the decennium 1891-1900, the ages of 91 per cent. of the emigrants were returned as between 10 and 45 years. On the other hand, the effect of immigration on the age constitution of a population is well illustrated in such Colonies as Hong Kong, Western Australia, Sierra Leone, Trinidad, the Straits Settlements, and Queensland, where the proportions of males aged 25-45 years were abnormally high,
ranging from 32 to 46 per cent. of the total male population ranging from 32 to 46 per cent. of the total male population.

In presenting Census statistics it is usual to group ages in quinquennial or decennial periods, and to estimate the numbers living at each separate year of age by graduation. The age statistics for the Cape of Good Hope and the Australasian ColoniesQueensland excepted-are, however, published, as returned, at each year of life. The results indicate the prevalence of errors due to wilful mis-statement and to the tendency, already spoken of, to return the age as an exact multiple of ten. For example, the numbers returned in the Cape of Good Hope at ages 30, 40, 50 and 60 were 78,184, $\mathbf{a} 6,708,37,453$ and 25,759 respectively, the numbers living at those ages as calculated by actuarial investigation being $36,708,27,136,15,502$ and 12,123 , or less than half of the several numbers erroneously returned.

## VII.-CONDITION AS TO MARRIAGE.

The condition as to Marriage of the population is a subject of inquiry undertaken by nearly all the Colonial Census authorities ; but, owing to the diverse conditions prevailing in the several countries, it is necessarily treated of with varying amounts of detail.

Considering first the conjugal condition simply, the following Table shows the Proporproportions of unmarried, married, and widowed, in the United Kingdom and in some of tions of our principal Colonies and Dependencies :-


Causes of variation in age-con stitution.

From this Table it appears that the highest proportions of married persons are found in the Indian Empire, Natal, Cyprus, and Canada, and the lowest proportions in Mauritius, Trinidad, St. Lucia, and Grenada.
 is the universality of marriage," and this is attributed mainly to religious influences. "In the Indian Empire, as a whole, amongst people of all religions taken together, to every 1,000 husbands there are only 1,011 wives, so that, even if no husbands have more than two wives, only 11 per 1,000 indulge in a second helpmate." The great difference between East and West in the civil conditions of the populations is shown by the following Tabular Statement:-

|  |  |  |  | Prop | rtion per | 000 of eac | Sex. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Les. |  |  |
|  |  |  | Unm | ried. | Mar | ied. | Wid | wed. |
|  |  |  | Under 15 years. | Over 15 years. | Under 15 years. | Over 15 years. | Under <br> 15 years. | Over 15 years. |
| Indiau Empire ... <br> United Kingdom | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367 \\ & 334 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125 \\ & 289 \end{aligned}$ | 23 | 431 342 | 1 | 53 35 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Fem | Les. |  |  |
| Indian Empire ... <br> United Kingdom | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 316 \\ & 313 \end{aligned}$ | 28 283 | 62 | 414 328 | $\underline{\square}$ | 177 76 |

The Indian Census Report also states "that of all the peculiar usages which are associated with marriage in Iudia none has impressed itself so distinctly on the Census statistics as the custom which prohibits the second marriage of a widow, and the convention enjoining the marriage of a daughter before she attains physical maturity:"

With regard to Natal, which shows the second highest proportion of the married, it appears that the excess is mainly due to the presence of a considerable number of Indians; for, while among the Europeans or Whites in the Colony only 33.0 per cent. were returned as married, the rate for Indians and Asiatics, who slightly outnumbered the Whites, amounted to 44.2 per cent.

It is curious that, while on the one hand the immigration of Indians into Natal has modified the statistics of civil condition in that Colony in the manner shown above, the same cause has a directly opposite effect in Mauritius and Trinidad. In the former island the Indian population numbered 259,086 out of a total of 370,526 , and in the latter 86,383 out of 255,148 . The Census Report for Mauritius explains that those Indians who on arrival simply make a declaration that they are married obtain a marriage certificate, the marriage consequently being recognised as legal, but that any Indians who contract marriage in Mauritius according to their own rites are not recognised as being legally married, and therefore appear in the Census Returns as unmarried. The instructions issued in Trinidad were that " Immigrants married according to the Christian rite, or who hold registration certificates of their native marriages, . . . are to be entered on the schedules as ' married,' all others ' unmarried.'" The returns, however, are held to be very unsatisfactory.

The explanation of the cause of the unpopularity of the married state in Grenada and St. Lucia is no doubt that in these Islands a large proportion of the popalation live in a state that is closely akin to wedlock, for, save as regards the religious ceremony, it fulfils all the conditions of the wedded state. It is possible that the same might be said of some other of the West Indian Islands, for in Jamaica, where the want of a Census in 1901 prevents the quotation of recent statistics, the proportion of married, both in 1881 and 1891, was only 18.5 per cent. of the population.

The question of civil condition is usually dealt with in combination with that of sex and age constitution of the population, for it is obvious that these factors are to a great extent mutually dependent. Thus a population containing a proportionally large number of children, or one in which either the nale or the female sex is much in excess,
must ordinarily show a larger proportion of unmarried than would be the case if the adults were relatively more numerous or the sexes more evenly balanced.

In comparing the figures for several places, these distarbing factors may be Proporeliminated by calculating the proportions among males and females at ages 15 years and tions of upwards: The following Table shows the figures for some of the principal colonies, \&c.


* Sixteen years and upwards.

But although the exclusion of persons under 15 years of age has removed the effect of the varying proportions of children in the population the figures are still to some extent affected by the varying proportions of older and younger persons amongst those over 15 years of age. There are also several other factors that affect the civil condition of a population, among these may be mentioned the age at which maturity is attained, religious beliefs, social customs, and climatic and economic conditions.

## VIII.-OCCUPATIONS.

It is generally admitted by the Census Authorities in all Countries that the tabulation and compilation of Occupation statistics is a work of very great difficulty; it was stated by Dr. Ogle in the English Census Report for 1881 that the " most laborious, the most costly, and after all perhaps the least satisfactory part of the Census is that which is

Completely satisfactory returns not obtainable. concerned with the Occupations of the people," and it may be said that these remarks have greater force to-day than they had 25 years ago ; as the number of distinct manufactures and industries in all civilised Countries has greatly increased, and moreover most of these manufactures and industries are continually tending towards greater subdivision. It is very doubtful whether completely satisfactory returns of Occupations can at any time be obtained except by means of specially qualified Enumerators who would personally ascertain the precise information required and enter the particulars on the Census Schedule.

Want of comparability between figures for the several Colonies, \& $c$.

Construc-
tion of Summary Table.
' Occujied " ind " Unjecupied."

For the successful study of Occupational Statistics relating to the widely separated units of our Empire, the first essential is the constraction of a uniform Table, in which the meaning of terms used to designate individual industries shall be everywhere the same. But a careful examination of the Tables published by the several Colonial authorities shows the great difficulty of this task. For not only is there a lack of uniformity in the methods of tabulation locally employed, but the economic, social, and other conditions of the several populations differ so widely as to render accurate comparison possible only as regards a very limited number of occupations. Moreover, the omission from the Table of important Colonies such as the Dominion of Canada and the Transvaal, which, at the time of going to press, had not furnished Occupational Statistics, must also be considered as detracting from the value of the comparative statements in this section of the Report.

It seems desirable, however, to give an approximate comparison, and we have accordingly adopted the method of grouping the occupations, as published in the Colonial Reports, under the Orders and principal Sub-Orders of the English classification. The result appears in Table 6 of the Summary Tables, to which foot-notes are added indicating, among other things, some of the more important individual occupations as returned in the Colonial Reports and some of the cases where the differences between the English and Colonial classifications are irreconcileable.

Owing to the inherent defects of this Table it is preferable to consider its general features rather than to make a close examination of the figures in detail. Even the broad division of a population into two classes, viz.: "Occupied and Unoccupied" presents considerable difficulty. For instance, the question of including in the "Occupied" class female relatives assisting in the work of the house or of the farm, has not received uniform treatment, nor has the question of assigning students to the professions for which they are being prepared or of grouping them together under one heading. Further, it is doubtful whether persons who have retired from an occupation (including those who are assumed to be permanently incapacitated) have been uniformly dealt with. In the United Kingdom they are, speaking generally, shown as "Unoccupied," but it appears probable that in some few cases they may have been referred to their former occupations.

Taking the figures in the several Reports as they stand, the proportions of "Occupied males" in the principal Colonies range from 44.2 per cent. of the total male population in Cyprus, $59 \cdot 3$ in South Australia, and $60 \cdot 2$ in Ceylon, to $72 \cdot 7$ in the Orange River Colony, $73 \cdot 2$ in Natal (excluding Native Races), $75 \cdot 2$ in Western Australia, and 83.7 in the Federated Malay States; and the proportions of "Occupied females" from $9 \cdot 1$ per cent. in Mauritius, 11.5 in Cyprus, 15.1 in Natal (excluding Native races), and 16.0 in Queensland, to 33.4 in the Federated Malay States, 49.7 in the Cape of Good Hope, 50.7 in Trinidad, and 66.9 in the Orange River Colony.* With regard to Cyprus, it may be remarked that a large class of "Landowners" has been included among the "Unoccupied"; if the "Landowners" be added to the "Occupied Class," the proportions of "Occupied males and females" would be raised from 44.2 and 11.5 per cent. respectively, to 67.0 and 18.1 per cent. The proportion of "Occupied females" in Mauritius is certainly understated, many of the Indian women who work as field labourers not having been returned as " Occupied."

We now proceed to examine, the main results of the tabulation of persons by their Occupations, and in so doing we shall not attempt to deal with all the Occupational headings, but shall select such headings and groups of headings as may seem suitable for comparative purposes.

While in the English Census Report the standard of comparison is based on the total male and female populations respectively, aged 10 years and upwards, it is necessary in these remarks to base the standard of comparison on the total male and female populations respectively at all ages, because the Occupations in a number of the Colonial Returns are not tabulated in combination with ages.

The first Order in the English classification is that of persons engaged in National and Local Government; it comprises all persons engaged in General and in Municipal Services. It appears that, in the principal parts of the Empire for which Occupational Statistics are available, the proportions of the male population engaged in these' services were in many cases almost identical ; for instance, in all but minor Colonies the proportions of the male population so engaged ranged from 0.9 to 1.4 per cent. The figures

[^3]were as follows :-In Ceylon and in the Cape of Good Hope, 1•0 per cent., in England and Wales and in the Orange River Colony, $1 \cdot 1$ per cent., in Cyprus, India, Federated Malay States, Natal, Mauritius, and the Australian Commonwealth, $1 \cdot 2$ per cent., and in Ireland, Gibraltar, and Malta, $1 \cdot 4$ per cent.

Under the heading of Professional Occupations, are classed members of the Clerical, Legal, Medical, Teaching, and Engineering professions, together with a group of those engaged in Literary and Scientific pursuits, persons connected with Art and Music, and those ministering to Amusements. This class was relatively least numerous in the Federated Malay States, Sierra Leone, Cape of Good Hope, Orange River Colony, and Mauritius, where it amounted to less than 1 per cent. of the male population; while in England and Wales, the Australian Commonwealth, New Zealand, Malta, and Natal the proportions ranged from $2 \cdot 0$ to $3 \cdot 5$ per cent.

The relative distribution in the several populations, of members of the Clerical, Legal, Medical and Teaching professions is shown in the following statement:-


* These professional uccupations include, wherever possible, the subordinate services.

In the Indian Empire 1,720,079 males were enumerated in the Professional Class. Of this number 971,869 males, or over $j 0$ per cent., were returned as following the Clerical Profession, in which were included 453,382 returned as Priests, Ministers, \&c., and 278,752 "Religious Mendicants, Inmates of Monasteries, Convents, \&c."; there were also 97,686 females of the last-mentioned class. Compared with 1891, the number of these Religious Mendicants, \&c., shows a decrease, and on this point it is remarked in the Indian Census Report that the decline is due to "The comparatively heavy mortality among beggars during the famine years, but it is also partly attributable to the spread of education, and the consequently weaker hold which the so-called ascetics have on the imagination of the people; it is much less easy than it was formerly for the members of the various begging fraternities to unloose the purse-strings of the villagers." There were 143,133 males enumerated in the varous branches of the Medical Profession, and of these no fewer than 99,882 , or over two-thirds, were returned as "Practitioners without diploma.".

The Domestic Class which comprises all those engaged in Indoor and Outdoor Domestic Domestic Service is numerically important. In most European Countries the females Offices or out-number the males in this class, but in many parts of the British Empire the Services. reverse is the case; for example the number of male Domestics considerably exceeded the number of female Domestics in India, Ceylon, the Malay States, Cyprus, Mauritius
and Natal. The parts of the Empire containing the highest proportions of males and females engaged in Domestic Service were as follows :-


It should be noted that these returns are not strictly comparable ; for instance in the Australian Commonwealth, Domestic Servants in Hotels, Inns, Eating and Boarding Houses were classed with persons providing Board and Lodging instead of with the Domestic Group.

Turning next to the persons engaged in the conveyance of Men, Goods, and Messages, efind that the proportions of males so employed to the total male population were as follows :-Malta 8.1 per cent., England and Wales 7.9 per cent., Scotland $7 \cdot 1$ per cent., Australian Commonwealth 6.0 per cent., New Zealand 5.2 per cent., Orange River Colony $3 \cdot 1$ per cent., Ireland and the Federated Malay States $2 \cdot 9$ per cent., Cape of Good Hope 2.8 per cent., Ceylon 1.6 per cent., and the Indian Empire 1.0 per cent.

The five divisions in this class are those engaged-(1) on Railways, (2) on Roads, (3) on Seas, Rivers, and Canals, (4) in Docks and Harbours, (5) in Storage, Porterage and Messages.

The proportions of the male population so returned were as follows :-

|  |  | Proportion per cent. of Male Population engaged |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | On Railways. | On Roads. | On Seas, Rivers, and Canals. | In Docks and <br> Harbonrs. | In Storage, Porterage and Messages. |
| England and Wales ... | $\ldots$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $0 \cdot 8$ | $0 \cdot 6$ | 15 |
| Scotland ... ... . | $\cdots$ | 2.0 | $2 \cdot 5$ | $0 \cdot 9$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| Ireland ... ... ... | ... | 0.5 | $1 \cdot 0$ | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 6$ |
| Malta ... ... | ... | $0 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | - | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| Indian Empire ... ... | $\cdots$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 0$ | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| Ceylon ... ... . | $\ldots$ | - | 1.0 | $0 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| Federated Malay States ... | ... | - | $2 \cdot 1$ | $0 \cdot 4$ | - | $0 \cdot 4$ |
| Cape of Good Hope ... | $\ldots$ | 0.7 | $1 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 0$ | 0.7 |
| Orange River Colony ... | $\ldots$ | $1 \cdot 9$ | $1 \cdot 0$ | $0 \cdot 0$ | - | $0 \cdot 2$ |
| Australian Commonwealth | ... | $1 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 6$ | 0.5 |
| New Zealand ... .. | ... | 1.2 | 1.7 | $1 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 6$ | 0.5 |

According to the Board of Trade Stritistical Abstract there were in the United Kingdom 22,600 miles of Railway Line open for traffic at the end of the year 1904. In British India there were 27,600 miles, and in the Cape of Good Hope 3,000 miles open for traffic in 1904, and in the Australian Commonwealth 14,500 miles open in 1903.

Exclusive of coasting trade, there were, during 1904, entered and cleared, either in ballast or with cargoes, over 108 million tons of shipping at the various Ports in the United Kingdom ; excluding the Inter-State traffic and coasting trade, six and a half million tons of shipping were entered and cleared in the Australian Commonwealth. Excluding River and Lake traffic, nearly 18 million tons were dealt with in the North American Colonies in the year ended June 1904, and there were entered or cleared in the Straits Settlements (excluding Inter-Settlement Trade) and Hong Kong 17 million and 19 million tons respectively.

Judged by the numbers engaged therein, the Agricultural Industry is one of the Agriculmost important in the British Empire. The proportions of the male and female ture. population classified under this broad heading, in the principal parts of the Empire for which returns are available, were as follows :-


* As explained in the sixth paragraph on page xxx., it has been necessary, for the purposes of this Report, to base the proportions of persons engaged in occupations on the total population at all uges; if the proportions are based, however, on the population aged ten years and upwards, as in the English Census Report, the ratios of the male population at these ages engaged in Agriculture in the three divisions of the United Kingdom are as follows :-England and Wales, $9 \cdot 5$ per cent.; Scotland, 10.7 per cent. ; and Ireland, $44 \cdot 3$ per cent.

The vastness of this industry is illustrated by the fact that in India there were returned under the heading " Pasture and Agriculture" no fewer than 90 million persons or nearly one-third of the total population; while the dependents of these people numbered over 104 millions. In British India alone, according to the Statistical Abstract, the area devoted to the cultivation of food grains amounted in the year 1902-3 to no less than 183 million acres, of which $71 \frac{1}{2}$ million acres were under rice cultivation. Among persons engaged in the cultivation of special products may be mentioned 82,745 cultivators of Coffee, 643,504 of Tea, and 111,022 of Betel Vine auid Areca Nut. In Ceylon 1,063,625 persons, or nearly one-third of the Island community, were returned as engaged in Agriculture, of whom 391,945 were cultivators of Rice, 312,651 of Tea and 73,203 of Cocoanut.

In the Federated Malay States 167,351 persons, or nearly one-quarter of the total population, were engaged in Agriculture, and of these 69,168 were cultivators of Rice whilst 45,364 were returned as "Gardeners." in the products of, Mines and Quarries. The proportions of the male populations so engaged were as follows :population, were returned under the heading "A Agriculture." Of this number, 112,370 persons, or, over 25 per cent.; were engaged in Pastoral Pursuits, and 276,179 in the cultivation of land, of which latter 8,916 were returned as Fruit Growers and Orchardists, 2,974 as :" Wine Growers, Vignerons," and 12,749 as Sugar Planters, of whom over 80 per cent. were returned in Queensland.


In the Federated Maiay States upwards of 157,000 males, mostly Chinese, or about 30 per cent. of the male population, were engaged in Tin Mining. In the Australian Commonwealth over 67,000 males were returned as connected with the Gold Mines, of whom nearly 18,000 were employed in Western Australia. In the Cape of Good Hope 18,874 males were returned as Diamond Diggers. In Ceylon 15,055 males and 2,139 females were described as Plumbago (Graphite) Miners and 378 males as Gem Diggers. In the Indian Empire 62,485 persons ( 34,523 males and 27,962 females) .were employed in Coal Mining and 5,116 males in Gold Mining.

From the Statistical Abstract it appears that the quantity of Tin and Tin Ore exported from the Malay States in 1904 was about 51,000 tons ; in the United Kingdom only about 4,000 tons of the metal are produced annually. Among the principal centres of Gold Mining the total production of this metal, during 1904 , amounted to $268,000 \mathrm{ozs}$. in Southern Rhodesia, 520,000 ozs. in New Zealand, 603,000 in British India (1903), 912,000 in Canada (1903), 3,774,000 in the Transvaal, and 4,567,000 ozs. gross in the Australian Commonwealth (1903) ; to this last amount Western Australia contributed 2,436,000 ozs. As regards Coal, about 232 million tons were produced in the United Kingdom, about 8 million tons in British India, 7 million tons in Canada and in the Australian Commonwealth, and about 2 millions in the Transvaal.

Metals,

## Machines,

 Implements, and Converances.The male workers and dealers in Metals, Machines, Implements, and Conveyances (comprising those engaged in the manufacture of Iron and Steel and other Metals, those engaged in Engineering and Machine making, the makers of Tools, and those engaged in the Miscellaneous Metal Trades, and in the construction of Ships and Vehicles), were in the following proportions to the total male population :-

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Proportion per cent. of Total Male Population. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scótland |  |  |  |  |  | $9 \cdot 3$ |  |
| England and Wales ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 7.5 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Australian Commonwealth }}$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $3 \cdot 4$ |  |
| Ireland... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | 3.4 1.9 |  |
| Mauritius ... ... ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1.5 |  |
| Trinidad ... ... : ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  | 15 |  |
| Cape of Good Hope ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | $0 \cdot 8$ |  |
| Indian Empire ... ... | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | 0.6 |  |
| Federated Malay States... | ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | 0.5 |  |
| Ceylon Orange | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | .. | $0 \cdot 4$ |  |

In the Indian Empire 476,033 mäles were engaged in Iron and Steel Manufactures ; 107,686 in the construction of Engines and Machines and the manufacture of Tools and Implements ; 90,815 in founding and working Brass, Copper, and Bell : Metal ; and 21,585 in the manufacture of and working in Tin, Zinc, Quicksilver, and Lead.

In Ceylon 5,148 males were employed in Iron and Steel manufactures, 1,245 were engaged in the construction of Engines and Machines and the manufacture of Tools and Implements, 773 were returned as working in Brass, Copper, and Bell Metal, and 420 as working in Tin, Zinc, Quicksilver, and Lead.

In the Australian Commonwealth 19,154 males were returned under the heading "Blacksmith, Striker, Farrier, Whitesmith," 7,4 99 males were classed to the various branches of Iron and Steel manufacture, and 12,726 were engaged in the construction of Engines, Machines, Boilers, and Agricultural Implements.

In New. Zealand 4,253 males were returned as Blacksmiths, \&c., 2,889 were engaged in the construction of Engines, Machines, Boilers, and Agricultural Implements, and. 1,602 in Iron and Steel manufactures.

In the Cape of. Good Hope 3,672 males were returned as "Blacksmiths, Whitesmiths, and Boiler-makers,". 1,477 as Wagon Makers, 1,269 were engaged in the construction of Engines and Machines, and 208 in working and dealing in Iron.

We have now to consider persons engaged in Building and Works of Construction. Building In this Order are included the Builders, Masons, Carpenters, Painters, \&c., and also the and Works Contractors for Docks, Railways and other Works of Construction, and the Navvies and Road Labourers.

The proportions of the male population thus employed were 6.4 per cent. in England and Wales, 6.3 in Scotland, $5 \cdot 2$ in New Zealand, $4: 8$ in the Cape of Good Hope, $4 \cdot 6$ in the Australian Commonwealth, $4 \cdot 2$ in Mauritius, $2 \cdot 8$ in Treland, $2 \cdot 6$ in the Orange River Colony, $2 \cdot 3$ in Ceylon, $1 \cdot 6$ per cent. in the Federated Malay States, and $1 \cdot 0$ in the Indian Empire. In the last-mentioned Dependency, House-building and Works of Construction gave employment to $1,572,360$ males and 299,211 females, including. 756,539 males returned as "Carpenters and Joiners," and 298,054 males as "Masons and Builders" ; of those engaged in "Other Works of Construction and on Roads" 131,019 males and 102,055 females were returned as "Tank Diggers and Excavators," and 243,531 males and 85,126 females as "Road, Canal, and Railway Labourers."

In Ceylon 31,164 males were engaged in House-building, this number including 21,902 Carpenters, and 9,069 Masons. There were 11,726 males and 3,188 females returned as employed on "Other Works of Construction and on Roads," of which number 10,465 males and 3,078 females were returned as "Road Coolies."

Allied to the persons engaged in House-building, \&c., are the workers and dealers in Wood (excluding Carpenters), Furniture, Fittings and Decorations. They include the Cabinet Makers, the French Polishers and the Sawyers, Wood Turners and Coopers, \&c. The proportions of males so employed to the total male population, in the principal Colonies, \&c., were as follows :-In New Zealand 2.0 per cent., in the Australian Commonwealth 1.9 per cent., in England and Wales and in Scotland 1.5 per cent., in the Federated Malay States 0.8 per cent., in Ceylon and in Trinidad 0.6 per cent., in Ireland 0.5 per cent., in the Indian Empire 0.4 per cent., and in the Cape of Good Hope and in Mauritius 0.2 per cent.

In the Indian Empire the number of persons enumerated under this Order amounted to 924,188 ( $\mathbf{5} 28,781$ males, and 395,407 females), 724,985 , or over 60 per cent. of these, being employed as Basket Makers, and others working and dealing in Canework, Matting and Leaves; 103,828 males returned their occupations as Wood Cutters and Sawyers, and 51,288 males and 19,633 females were engaged in dealing in Timber and Bamboos.

The proportions of the male population returned as working and dealing in Bricks, Bricks, Cement, Pottery and Glass in the principal parts of the Empire were as follows:England and Wales. 0.9 per cent., Indian Empire. 0.6 per cent., Scotland and the Australian Commonwealth 0.4 per cent., Ceylon, Cape of Good Hope and OrangeCement, Pottery, and Glass. River Colony 0.3 per cent., New Zealand 0.2 per cent., and Ireland and the Federated Malay States $0 \cdot 1$ per cent.

In the Indian Empire 826,629 males and 387,7.30 females were returned under this Order ; of these, 602;892 males and 281,126 females were employed as "Potters and Pot and Pipe-bowl Makers," and 68,922 males and 19,369 females as Brick and Tile Makers. There were 7,157 males enumerated as working or dealing in Bricks, Cement, Pottery and Glass in the Australian Commonwealth, of whom 4,607 were described as Brick and Tile Makers, 1,037 as engaged in Earthenware and 809 in Glass Manufacture.

Drugs,
Chemical Explosives, \&c.

Skins, Leather, Hair and Feathers.

Paper, Prints, Books and Stationery

We next turn to the persons engaged in the manufacture of, or dealing in, Colouring matters; Drugs, Chemicals, \&c. Explosives, Matches; Oil, Grease, Soap, Resin, \&c. In the principal Colonies, \&c., the proportions of males so employed were highest in England and Wales, Scotland, and the Indian Empire, and lowest in Ireland, the Cape of Good Hope and the Orange River Colony.

In the Iudian Empire 834,023 males and 434,200 females were returned under this Order, and of these 118,661 males and 39,731 females were engaged in the Manufacture of, and dealing in, Drugs, Dyes, Pigments, and Soap; 561,302 males and 325,263 females were engaged in the preparation of Vegetable Oils for food ; and 14,789 males and 1,164 females as preparers or sellers of Opium, Bhang, Ghanja, \&c.

The workers and dealers in Skins, Leather, Hair, and Feathers include the Furriers, Tanners, Curriers and Leather Goods Makers, and all those persons working or dealing in Hair and Bristles. The proportions of the male population so employed were hignest in New Zealand, the Australian Commonwealth, and England and Wales, and lowest in the Cape of Good Hope, the Orange River Colony, the Federatod Malay States, and Ceylon.

Our next group comprises the workers and dealers in Paper, Prints, Books, and Stationery. The proportion of males so employed was highest in England and Wales, where it was $1: 2$ per cent., whilst in the Federated Malay States and in the Indian Empire it was less than 0.1 per cent. The proportions per cent. in other parts of the Empire were in Scotland $1 \cdot 1$, in the Australian Commonwealth and New Zealand $0 \cdot 9$, in Ireland $0 \cdot 3$, in the Cape of Good Hope $0 \cdot 2$, and in Ceylon, the Orange River Colony, and Mauritius $0 \cdot 1$ per cent.

Under the heading " Textile Fabrics" are included all persons employed in the manufacture of, or dealing in, Textile Fabrics, and those engaged in Dyeing, Bleaching, Printing, Calendering, and Finishing them.

The proportions per cent. of the male and female population so employed in the principal parts of the Empire were as follows :-


In the Indian Empire 5,048,356 persons ( $3,082,963$ males, and $1,965,393$ females) were engaged in the various branches of the Textile Industry; and of these $3,741,045$, or nearly 75 per cent., were employed in the manufacture of Cotton and Flax;
not more than 227,992 persons, or a little over 6 per cent., of those employed in Cotton manufacture were returned as working in Cotton Mills, but on the other hand no fewer than $2,669,028$ persons, or over 70 per cent., were returned as "Weaving Cotton by Hand." The manufacture of Hemp, Jute, and other fibrous materials forms an important branch of the Textile Industry in India, finding employment for 339,882 persons ( 156,541 males and 183,341 females). Over 233,000 persons, or two-thirds of the persons working in Hemp, \&c., were returned as Rope, Sacking and Net makers. Among other Textile manufactures, 170,856 persons were employed in Wool and Worsted manufacture, 145,494 in Silk manufacture, and 80,041 in the manufacture of mixed or unspecified materials. Textile Dyeing and Bleaching found employment for 150,461 persons, while 420,577 persons were returned as dealers in Textile Fabrics.

In Ceylon the most important division of the Textile Industry is the manufacture of Hemp and other Fibrous materials. Of the 50,376 persons ( 8,823 males and 41,553 females) returned as working and dealing in Textile Fabrics, 32,148 (1,976 males and 30,172 females), or about 64 per cent., were returned as working in Hemp, \&c. Cottion manufacture found employment for 1,066 males and 3,840 females ; 69 males and 5,952 females were returned as Lace makers ; and 5,412 males and 1,578 females, as dealers in Textile Fabrics.

Wool and Worsted manufacture is the principal Textile Industry in the Cape of Good Hope. Of the $2 ; 622$ persons ( 1,767 males and 855 females) engaged in working and dealing in Textiles, 1,844 ( 1,089 males and 755 females), or over 66 per cent., were employed in Wool and Worsted manufacture ; and 682 ( 606 males and 76 females) as dealers in Textile Fabrics.

In the Australian Commonwealth and in New Zealand the majority of persons returned under the Textile Order were classified as dealers in Textile Fabrics (Drapers, \&c..). In the Australian Commonwealth 27,759 persons were returned as working and dealing in Textiles, and of these 24,606, or nearly 89 per cent., were returned as "Dealers." In New Zealand also, of the 7,895 persons returned as working and dealing in Textiles, 5,083 , or nearly two-thirds, were dealers in Textiles.

The Statistical Abstract shows that the amount of raw cotton imported into the United Kingdom during 1904 was 1,955 millions of lbs., of which 1,858 millions were from Foreiga Countries, and 97 millions from British Possessions; the principal Foreign sources of supply being the United States, which exported 1,491 millions of lbs. to the United Kingdom ; Egypt 325 millions, and Brazil 21 millions; the British Possessions in the East Indies exported 95 millions, and about 826,000 lbs. and $800,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. respectively were exported from the British West Indies (including Guiana), and from British West Africa.

The United Kingdom. in 1904 imported $\check{5} 67$ millions of lbs. of wool, and of this quantity $220 \frac{1}{2}$ millions were from Australia, 134 millions from New Zealand, and 65 millions from British South Africa.

Closely allied to the workers and dealers in Textile Fabrics are the persons Dress. working or dealing in Articles of Dress. This group includes the Tailors, Boot and Shoe makers, Dressmakers, Hairdrëssers and Wig makers, \&c. The proportions of males and females so employed, in the principal Colonies, \&c., were as follows :-


In the Indian Empire 2,521,987 persons (1,976,924 males and 545,063 females) were included under this Order. Of this number, 992,352 persons ( 829,579 males and 162,773 females), or about 40 per cent., were returned as Barbers; 865,453 persons ( 707,514 males and 357,939 females) were engaged in Boot, Shoe, and Sandal making ; and 559,309 persons ( 369,851 males and $189,4 \pm 8$ females) were employed as "Tailors, Milliners, Dressmakers and Darners."

Of the 10,158 persons ( 6,404 males and 3,754 females) in Ceylon, engaged in working and dealing in Dress, 6,125 ( 2,564 males and 3,561 females), or about 60 per cent., were returned as "Tailors, Milliners, Dressmakers and Darners"; 2,763 (2,732 males and 31 females) were employed as Barbers ; and 905 ( 895 males and 10 females) as "Shoe and Sandal makers."

In the Federated Malay States 5,318 persons ( 4,117 males and 1,201 females) were. returned under this Order, and of this number 2,748 ( 1,557 males and 1,191 females), or over 50 per cent., were returned as "Tailors, Dressmakers and Seamstresses"; 1,989 males were returned as "Barbers" ; and 567 males and 10 females as "Boot and Shoe makers."

In the Cape of Good Hope 11,150 persons ( 5,618 males and 5,532 females) were engaged in working: or dealing in Dress, and of this number 4,825 . ( 33 males and 4,792 females), or over 43 per cent., were returned as Milliners and Dressmakers or their Assistants ; 2,521 persons were returned as Tailors ; and 718 ( 710 males and 8 fenales) as Hairdressers and Barbers.

In the Australian Commonwealth, of the 99,874 persons ( 33,489 males and 66,385 femaies) included under this Order, 65,335 ( 8,876 males and 56,459 females), or about 65 per cent., were returned as "Clothing manufacturers, Tailors, and Dressmakers"; 19,117 ( 16,432 males and 2,685 females) were employed as "Boot, Shoe makers"; and 4,775 ( 4,634 males and 141 females) as Hairdressers.

In New Zealand 20,939 persons ( 7,484 males and 13,455 females). were enumerated as working and dealing in Dress, and of these, 13,062 (2,348 males and 10,714 females), or about 62 per cent., were returned as "Clothing manufacturers, Tailors, and Dressmakers"; 4,501 ( 3,756 males and 745 females) were employed in Boot and Shoe making ; and 725 ( 707 males and 18 females) as Hairdressers and Barbers.

We have now to deal with persons engaged in the manufacture of, or dealing in, Food, Tobacco, and Drink, or returned as providing Board and Lodging. The prodging. portions per cent. of the male and female populations so employed in the principal divisions of the Empire, were as follows :

|  |  |  |  |  | Proportion per cent. of |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Male <br> Population. | Female Population. |  |
|  | England and Wales ... | ... | ... | ... | $4 \cdot 9$ | 1.8 |  |
|  | Scotland ... ... ... |  | ... | ... | $4 \cdot 6 \cdots$ | $2 \cdot 3$ |  |
|  | Ireland . . ... ... | ... | .. | ... | $2 \cdot 5$ | $0 \cdot 9$ |  |
|  | Indian Empire ... ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |  |
|  | Ceylon ... ... ... | ... | ... | ... | $2 \cdot 3$ | 1.9 |  |
|  | Federated Malay States... | ... | ... | ... | $1 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 2$ |  |
|  | Cape of Good Hope ... | ... | ... | ... | $1 \cdot 0$ | 0.2 |  |
|  | Australian Commonwealth | ... | ... | ... | $5 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 8$ |  |
|  | New Zealand ... ... | ... | $\cdots$ |  | $4 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |  |

In the Indian Empire $6,861,947$ persons ( $3,841,454$ males and $3,020,493$ females) were returned under this Order, and of this number $6,206,636$ ( $3,337,864$ males and $2,868,772$ females), or about 90 per cent., were returned as working or dealing in Food, 163,609 persons were engaged in the manufacture of, or dealing in, Tobacco, 259,066 ( 233,901 males and 25,165 females) were employed in the manufacture of Spirituous Drinks, and 232,636 persons ( 159,601 males and 73,035 females) in dealing in Spirituous Drinks or in providing Board and Lodging. Of the persons returned as working and dealing in Food, $3,657,318$, or over 50 per cent., were engaged in the manufacture of, or dealing in, Vegetable Food. Of the 259,066 persons employed in the manufacture of Spirituous Drinks, 230,207 were returned as "Toddy Drawers."

There were 75,641 persons ( 43,734 males and 31,907 females) returned in Ceylon, under this Order. Of these, 57,181 ( 26,080 males and 31,101 females), or over twothirds, were returned as working and dealing in Food ; 6,213 (5,863 males and 350 females) as working or dealing in Tobacco; 8,760 ( 8,730 males and 30 females) as employed in the manufacture of Spirituous Drinks ; and 3,487 ( 3,061 males and 426 females) were returned as dealing in Spirituous Drinks, or in providing Board and Lodging.

In the Australian Commonwealth, 162,102 persons (111,293 males and 50,809 females) were returned as dealing or working in Food, Tobacco, Drink, \&c. Of this number, 90,993 ( 81,480 males and 9,513 females), or about 56 per cent., were returned as working and dealing in Food, There were 3,353 persons ( 2,452 males and 901 females) engaged in the manufacture of, or dealing in, Tobacco, and 63,988 (23,609 males and 40,379 females) employed in dealing in Spirituous Drinks, or in providing Board and Lodging.

In New Zealand, of the 27,881 persons ( 19,918 males and 7,963 females) returned under this Order, 16,302 ( 15,099 males and 1,203 females), or about 55 per cent., were engaged in working and dealing in Food, and 10,651 ( 3,924 males and 6,727 females) were returned as dealing in Spirituous Drinks, or in providing Board and Lodging.

The foregoing remarks indicate briefly some of the main facts to be gathered from a general survey of the Occupational Statistics as presented in the Census Returns. Want of uniformity in the several classifications and limitations of space preclude a more extended treatment of the subject, but those who desire to further study the occupations of the people in the various parts of the British Empire are referred to Table 6 in the Summary and to the detailed Occupational Table for each Colony.

## IX.-BIRTHPLACES.

Table 7 of the Summary shows the Birthplaces of the populations of the United Kingdom and of the principal Colonies, Dependencies, and Protectorates. This information is valuable in that it affords a rough means of measuring both the amount of emigration from the Mother Country and Foreign Countries into the several Colonies, and the amount of inter-migration in those Colonies.

Of a total of upwards of 354 millions of persons whose Birthplaces were returned, more than 348 millions were born in those parts of the Empire in which they were enumerated; the remaining six millions being either immigrants from other parts of the British Empire or from Foreign Countries. The origin of the migratory six millions may be thus expressed :-

|  | Natives of the United Kingdom |  |  | 2,786,650 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | ", Other British Countries |  |  | 1,467,275 |
| (3) | " European Foreign Countries |  |  | 594,249 |
| (4) | , Other Foreign Countries |  |  | 1,153,5 |

The following Table shows the Birtbplaces of the populations of the principal parts of the Empire for which the statistics are available :-

| Cotintry. |  |  | Born where Enomerated. |  | Born Elsewhere. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | British Empire. | Foreign Countries. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Unitea Kingdom. | Other Parts. |  | European. |  | Others,* |  |
|  |  |  | Number. | Proportion per cent. | Number. | Proportion per cent. | Number. | Proportion per cent. | Number. | Proportion per cent. | Number. | Proportion per cent. |
| England and Wales... |  |  |  |  | 31,269,203 | 96.13 | 779,166 | $2 \cdot 40$ | 136,092 | $0 \cdot 42$ | 283,785 | $0 \cdot 87$ | 69,597 | $0 \cdot 18$ |
| Scotland ... |  |  |  |  | 4, $4,085,755$ | 91.35 | 340,145 | $7 \cdot 61$ | 15,907 | $0 \cdot 36$ | 20,385 | 0.46 | 9,911 | $0 \cdot 22$ |
| Ireland ... |  |  | 4,326,947 | 97.04 | 107,078 | $2 \cdot 40$ | 8,061 | $0 \cdot 18$ | 6,048 | $0 \cdot 14$ | 10,641 | $0 \cdot 24$ |
| Islands. |  |  | 118,164 | 78.58 | 22,025 | $14 \cdot 65$ | 1,261 | $0 \cdot 84$ | 8,543 | $5 \cdot 68$ | -377 | $0 \cdot 25$ |
| Gibraltar |  |  | 14,777 | 53.82 | 7,698 | 28.03 | 1,008 | $3 \cdot 67$ | 2,835 | $10 \cdot 32$ | 1,142 | $4 \cdot 16$ |
| Malta (Civil Population) Cyprus |  |  | 177,994 | 96:35 | 1,890 | $1 \cdot 02$ | 292 | $0 \cdot 16$ | 2,814 | 1.52 | 1,752 | $0 \cdot 95$ |
|  |  |  | 234,516 | 98.94 | 135 | $0 \cdot 06$ | 66 | $0 \cdot 03$ | 2,023 | 0.85 | 282 | $0 \cdot 12$ |
| Inclian Empire <br> Ceylon <br> Hong Kong ... |  | . | 292,734 335 | 99.76 | 96,653 | $0 \cdot 03$ | 14,577 | 0.01 | 8,409 | $0 \cdot 00$ | 581.236 | $0 \cdot 20$ |
|  |  |  | 3,125,896 | 87.48 | 5,813 | $0 \cdot 16$ | 440,520 | 12:33 | 531 | 0.01 | 581:288 | $0 \cdot 02$ |
|  | .. |  | 4,062 | 1.70 | 1,948 | 0.82 | . 369 | $0 \cdot 16$ | 39 | 0.02 | 231,212 | 97-30 |
| Cape of Good Hope ... |  |  | 2,205,937 | 91.54 87.79 | 88,088 | 3.66 3.32 | 76,633 | 3.18 | 30,538 | $1 \cdot 27$ | 8,481 | $0 \cdot 35$ |
| Orange River Colony |  |  | 973,260 252447 | 87.79 | 36,824 | 3.32 4.78 | 91,854 | 8.28 88.07 | 5,732 | $0 \cdot 52$ | 1,032 | $0 \cdot 09$ |
|  |  |  | 252,447 | 65 82 | 18,490 | 4.78 0.11 | 108,679 59,988 | 28.07 15.95 | 2,696 454 | $0 \cdot 70$ | 4,802 | $1 \cdot 24$ |
| Seychelles Islands | , |  | 16,550 | 85.93 | 53 | $0 \cdot 28$ | 59,908 984 | 15.95 $5 \cdot 11$ | 111 | 0.12 0.58 | 5,276 1,560 | $1 \cdot 40$ $8 \cdot 10$ |
| Dominion of Canada <br> Newfoundland and Labrador |  |  | 4,671,815 | $87 \cdot 22$ | 390,019 | $7 \cdot 23$ | 15,864 | $0 \cdot 30$ | 127,128 | 237 | 151,660 | $2 \cdot 83$ |
|  |  |  | 214,738 | 97.78 | 1,951 | $0 \cdot 89$ | 2,102 | 0.96 | , | , | +816 | $0 \cdot 37$ |
|  |  |  | 14,885 | $73 \cdot 49$ | - $\dagger$ | - $\dagger$ | 4,257+ | 21.02† | 473 | $2 \cdot 34$ | 639 | $3 \cdot 15$ |
| Bermudas, or Somers Islands $\dagger$ Bahama Islands |  |  | 52,196 | $47 \cdot 13$ | 160 | $0 \cdot 30$ | 653 | 1.22 | 38 | $0 \cdot 07$ | 688 | $1 \cdot 28$ |
| Grenada St. Lucia | .. | ... | 57,886 | $91 \cdot 26$ | 140 | $0 \cdot 22$ | 4,777 | $7 \cdot 53$ | 72 | $0 \cdot 11$ | 557 | 0.88 |
|  |  | ... | 41,777 | 83.76 | +475 | $0 \cdot 95$ | 6,710 | 13.45 | 91 | $0 \cdot 18$ | 830 | 1.66 |
| Trinidad and Tobago |  | ... | 173,353 | $63 \cdot 31$ | 1,385 | $0 \cdot 51$ | 90,202 | 32.95 | 1,504 | $0 \cdot 55$ | 7,345 | $2 \cdot 68$ |
| British Honduras . |  | ... | 28,505 | 76•10 | 177 | $0 \cdot 47$ | 1,604 | $4 \cdot 28$ | 57 | $0 \cdot 15$ | 7,118 | 19.00 |
| New South Wales <br> Victoria <br> Queensland ... <br> South Australia <br> Western Australia <br> Tasmania <br> New Zealand |  | : $\cdot$ | 981,463 | 72.29 | 220,401 | $16 \cdot 23$ | 118,520 | $8 \cdot 73$ | 20,768 | 153 | 16,543 | 1-22 |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | 876,003 | $73 \cdot 23$ 59.19 | - 214,371 | $17 \cdot 92$ | 78,665 | 6.58 | 16,821 | $1 \cdot 41$ | 10,325 | $0 \cdot 86$ |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | 309,531 298,794 | $59 \cdot 19$ 76.70 | 126,159 | $24 \cdot 13$ $14 \cdot 60$ | 43,359 | $8 \cdot 89$ | 21,518 | $4 \cdot 11$ | 22,369 | $4 \cdot 28$ |
|  |  | ... | 298,794 57,821 | $76 \cdot 70$ $30 \cdot 57$ | 56,862 41,551 | 14.60 21.97 | 19,819 78,902 | $5 \cdot 09$ 41.71 | 9,309 | 2.39 | 4.737 | $1 \cdot 22$ |
|  |  | ... | 57,821 136,629 | 30.57 $79 \cdot 44$ | 41,501 | 21.97 | 78,902 13,139 | $41 \cdot 71$ 7.64 | 6,047 1,447 | $3 \cdot 20$ $0 \cdot 84$ | 4,822 | 2.55 0.56 |
|  |  | ... | 559,249 | $68 \cdot 59$ | 205,111 | $25 \cdot 15$ | 31,275 | $3 \cdot 84$ | 13,726 | $1 \cdot 68$ | 6,059 | 0.66 0.74 |

+ Natives of the United King ${ }^{*}$ Including Foreign Countries not stated

Dealing first with the persons who were enumerated where they were born, it will be observed that the populations containing the highest and lowest proportions respectively of Native-born were as follows :-


The places with the highest proportions of Natives are generally those that have not proved attractive to immigrants, and it is noticeable in these cases that, of the comparatively small numbers arriving from other parts, the majority come from neighbouring, rather than from remote Countries. Thus in Malta, of the 6,748 persons returned as born
elsewhere, 3,593 were from Italy and from the Afriean Countries bordering the Mediterranean; in Ireland the : 131,828 persons born elsewhere included 107,078 of English or Scotch birth; and in the Indian Empire as many as 445,949 were returned as born in Countries adjacent to India, or in the French and Portuguese Settlements in India, leaving only 254,926 that were born in more remote Countries.

Turning to those places where the native population forms a relatively small proportion of the total, it will be seen that Hong Kong occupies a unique position. Excluding the "New Territory" on the Mainland, and the Naval and Military establishments, no fewer than 230,038 persons, or 96.8 per cent. of the ontire population whose birthplaces are recorded, were returned as Chinese. The Hong Kong Report, however, in classifying the Chinese population, leaves it doubtful whether the several provinces of China referred to as the "native places" of the Chinese population were in all cases the actual birthplaces.

Western Australia is the most conspicuous example of a Colony where immigration Immihas been active during the last intercensal period, for it is stated in the Report for that Colony that in 1901 nearly 90 per cent. of the immigrant population had been resident there for less than 11 years. The distribution, by birthplace, of the total population shows that the $69 \cdot 4$ per cent. born outside Western Australia included 40.8 per cent. that were Natives of other parts of Australasia and 22.0 per cent. that were Natives of the United Kingdom ; the Australian-born immigrants included 39,491 persons from Victoria, 16,327 from South Australia, and 14,124 from New South Wales, the remaining Australasian Colonies furnishing only 7,197. Huropean Foreign Countries were returned as the birthplace of 6,047 persons or $3 \cdot 2$ per cent. ; of these, 1,522 were Natives of Germany, 1,494 of Sweden, Norway and Denmark, and 1,354 of Italy; Asia supplied 1,475 Chinese: 867 Japanese, and 769 Natives of India.

Queensland ranks next to Western Australia as regards the high proportion born In Queen outside the Colony, but the places of origin of its immigrant population are somewhat land. different ; only $7 \cdot 8$ per cent. of the total population came from other parts of Australia, against 40.8 in Western Australia. Natives of the United Kingdom amounted to 126,159 or $24 \cdot 1$ per cent. ; European Foreigners to 21,518 , or $4 \cdot 1$ per cent., including 13,166 Germans and 5,302 Natives of Sweden, Norway and Denmark; Pacific Islanders numbered 8,811 , or 1.7 per cent. ; and Chinese 8,472 , or $1 \cdot 6$ per cent.

In Trinidad and Tobago the high proportion of persons born outside the Colony is In Trinimainly due to the immigration of Indian Coolies, no fewer than 42,373 persons being dad. returned as natives of other Islands of the West Indies, and 47,677 as natives of the Indian Empire.

The distribution of the population born outside the limits of the Colonies in which they were enumerated presents some interesting features. First in numerical importance are the natives of the United Kingdom. Disregarding a few places such as Gibraltar, where the composition of the population is unduly affected by large numbers of soldiers or sailors, the following Colonies are among those containing the highest and lowest proportions of immigrants from the United Kingdom.


Aus-

Among the six States of the Australian Commonwealth the proportions ranged from 11.5 per cent, in Tasmania and 14.6 per cent. in South Australia, to 22.0 per cent. in Western Australia and $24 \cdot 1$ per cent. in Queensland.

In the Dominion of Canada the lowest proportions of Natives of the United Kingdom were $2 \cdot 4$ per cent. in Nova Scotia and $2 \cdot 6$ per cent. in Quebec, and the highest $13 \cdot 0$ per cent. in Manitoba and $17 \cdot 1$ per cent. in British Columbia.

Distributing the Natives of the three divisions of the United Kingdom that were 77,411 were enumerated in the Indian is found that, of the natives of England and Wales, and the Orenge River Colony ; 203,803 Emire ; 103,032 in the Cape of Good Hope, Natal Australia and New 7 coland Of the in the Dominion of Canada ; and 506,665 in in the Dominion of Canada ; and 227,609 inentioned South African Colonies ; 101,629 of Scotland numbered 9,325 in India, 27,508 in South Africa (Cape, Natal and Orange River Colony), 83,631 in the Dominion of Canada, and 149,611 in Australia and New Zealand. It will be noticed that, while persons of Irish birth in Canada and Australia considerably outnumber the natives of Scotland, the latter are more than twice as numerous as the former in South Africa.

The Birthplace statistics show that, in the last intercensal period, a considerable decline took place in the number of natives of the United Kingdom enumerated in the several Colonies. This decline is indirectly confirmed by the emigration Statistics furnished by the Board of Trade ; the average annual figures for the decennia 1881-1890 and 1891-1900 being as follows:-

| Average Annual Number of Emigrants from the United Kingdom. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | English. | Scotch. | Irish. | Foreigners. | Not stated. |  |
| $1881-90$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 355,566 | 154,897 | 27,510 | 73,448 | 95,334 |
| $1891-1900$ | $\ldots$ | 266,183 | 109,589 | 18,598 | 46,092 | 87,884 | 4,377 |

It will be seen from the above statement that, during the second decennium, there was a considerable decrease in the average number of Emigrants from each Division of the United Kingdom.

Having dealt with the natives of the United Kingdom enumerated in other parts of
blonial terigrants. the Empire, we come next to the migrants between one Colony and another. Among the Colonies with the highest and lowest proportions of these were the following : -


The actual number of immigrants from other parts of the Empire is greatest in Ceylon, where no fewer than 440,520 natives of other British Possessions were
enumerated. Of these, 440,105 were natives of India, chiefly of the Southern parts, many of whom find employment in the tea plantations of the Island. The second place, in point of numbers, is occupied by the Mother Country, upwards of 160,000 natives of the various Colonies having been enumerated in the United Kingdom. In New South Wales, of the 118,520 natives of other British Colonies, 113,000 were natives of other Australasian States ; and in the Orange River Colony nearly all of the 108,679 natives of other British Colonies had migrated from other parts of British South Africa, though it is not possible to distinguish between the White and the Native races. Similarly, in Western Australia the great majority had, as already stated, been drawn from the other States of the Australian Commonwealth.

In the other Colonies severally, viz.: St. Lucia, Mauritius, and Trinidad, showri above as containing comparatively large numbers of British-born immigrants other than Natives of the United Kingdom, the high proportions are due, in the case of Mauritius and Trinidad, to the organised immigration of Indian coolies, who furnish most of the labour for the sugar-growing industry of these Islands. Thus in the Colony of Mauritius, out of nearly 60,000 natives of other parts of the Empire, all but a few hundreds were Indian immigrants ; in Trinidad and Tobago the number was 47,677 out of 90,202 , the remainder, with the exception of 152 persons, coming from other British West Indian Islands. It may be observed that in Mauritius, where the immigration of Indian coolies has been going on for many years, the Indian population, including those of Indian parentage born in Mauritius, numbered 259,086, or more than four times the number of Indian Natives enumerated in the Island; whilst in Trinidad there were 38,714 persons born of Indian parents in addition to the 47,677 natives of India. The Indian element in St. Lucia has arisen from the former introduction of coolies to work on the sugar estates. It is now some years since such introduction ceased ; but the construction of military works in the Island by the Imperial Government has been responsible for a considerable influx of labour from neighbouring islands.

In Natal, although the proportion of natives from other parts of the Empire is less To Natal than in the instances just mentioned, being 8.3 per cent. of the total population, yet the number of Indians enumerated there is remarkably large. No fewer than 65,720 persons were returned as natives of India, and altogether 100,727 were stated to be of Indian nationality.

It might perhaps be inferred from the above numbers of Indian immigrants in some of the Colonies that the Indian native is of a migratory nature. Such is not the case, however, for, although nearly 700,000 persons born in India were enumerated in other parts of the British Empire where statistics of birth-places, were obtained, and a further 115,000 appear as "Tamils and other Natives of India" in the returns of "Nationality" relating to the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States, nevertheless this total bears but a small proportion to the total population of India, and, moreover, includes an appreciable number of persons of European descent. Thus it is expressly stated in the Indian Census Report that the natives of the country are an intensely home-loving people, and therefore, it is very seldom that the Hindu permanently severs his connection with his birthplace, and although he may go abroad in search of a better livelihood than he can obtain in his own country, his exile as a rule is only temporary. The Mohammedan is found to be almost equally reluctant to go very far from his ancestral home.

The emigration of natives of Ceylon is confined mainly to India where over 5,000 of Migratic them were enumerated ; to England and Wales with 2,514-many of them probably of of nativ European parentage ; and to Australasia with 719. In addition to these, the returns from of Ceyld the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States show some 1,200 persons described either as Sinhalese or as Jaffna Tamils.

Taking the South African Colonies as a whole, it appears that, although there was a considerable amount of migration among the individual Colonies in the group, the number of emigrants furnished to other parts of the Empire was not large. In England and Wales there were 11,717 natives of the South African Colonies, in Australia 1,441, in New Zealand 474, in the Indian Empire 329, in the Dominion of Canada 128, and in Mauritius 108 ; in all other parts their number was quite insignificant.
other rican psses-

The Protectorates in East and Central Africa were represented in the Indian Empire by 5,320 persons, mostly Somalis, and in Natal by $94 \bar{\pi}$. The West African Colonies contributed 989 natives to the population of England and Wales, the next highest number being found in Ascension Island where there were 129 Kroomen, natives of Sierra Leone, in the service of the Admiralty.

The distribution, over other parts of the Empire, of natives of British North America, was confined mainly to England and Wales, where there were 18,829, to Australia with 3,183 , to New Zealand with 1,544, and to the Cape, Natal, and Orange River Colonies with 897. Natives of the British West Indies, Honduras, and Guiana numbered 10,198 in England and Wales, and 1,363 in Australia and New Zealand.

The number of persons of Australian birth enumerated in England and Wales was 21,221 ; in the Cape of Good Hope there were 3,216 , in Natal 2,925, and in the Dominion of Canada 991 . It is New Zealand, however, which attracts the greatest number of Australians, as many as 25,769 natives of the Comononwealth being enumerated in that Colony: the numbers furnished by the six States respectively were:-Victoria 12,583, New South Wales 6,430, Tasmania 3,720, South Australia 1,575, Queensland 1,271, and Western Australia 190. This gain to the New Zealand population is, however, balanced almost exactly by the number of natives of that Colony enumerated in Australia. These amounted to $25 ., 788$, of whom 10,589 were living in New South Wales, 9,020 in Victoria, 2,704 in Western Australia, 1,571 in Queensland, 1,193 in Tasmania, and 711 in South Australia.

Within the Commonwealth there was a considerable amount of inter-migration, as may be seen from the subjoined statement :-

Natives of Australia enumerated in a State of the Commonwealth other than that in which they were born.

| Where born. |  | Where enumerated. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New South Wales. | Victoria. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Queens- } \\ & \text { land. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { South } \\ \text { Australia. } \end{gathered}$ | Western Australia. | Tasmania. |  |
| New South Wales | ... | - | 22,417 | 24,960 | 4,1 $\because 8$ | 14,124 | 2,075 | 67,604 |
| Victoria ... | $\cdots$ | 56,019 | - | 10,272 | 10,324 | 39,491 | 7,949 | 124,055 |
| Queensland ... | ... | 14,968 | 3,032 | - | 606 | 2,619 | 288 | 21,513 |
| South Australia ... | ... | 22,059 | 21,929 | 2,384 | - | 16,327 | 887 | 63,586 |
| Western Australia | ... | 887 | 1,468 | 199 | 956 | - | 96 | 3,606 |
| Tasmania ... | ... | 7,577 | 15,363 | 1,308 | 819 | 1,750 | - | 26,817 |
| Total | ... | 101,510 | 64,209 | 39,023 | 16.833 | 74,311 | 11,295 | 307,181 |

Comparison of the figures in the last column with those in the line at the foot of the statement-shows to what extent each State has gained or lost in population by movement within the Commonwealth. Thus Victoria was the greatest loser, with an adverse balance of 59,846 , for whilst 64,209 persons born elsewhere were enumerated in Victoria, 124,055 of its natives were enumerated in other States, and South Australia the next greatest with a loss of 46,753 ; on the other hand New South Wales gained 33,906, and Western Australia 70,705.

Having reviewed the Birthplace statistics of the population born within the British Empire and enumerated therein, there remains to be dealt with that section of the population enumerated within the Empire, but born in Foreign Countries.

Among the principal Colonies containing the highest and lowest proportions of Foreigners may be cited :-


The $1,747,843$ Foreigners enumerated within those parts of the Empire in which Birthplaces were returned, have for convenience been divided into two Classes-Natives of European Countries, and Natives of Non-European Countries, numbering respectively 594,249 and 1,153,594.

Dealing first with the Natives of Non-European Countries, an examination of NonTable 7 in the Summary shows that nearly 600,000 were enumerated in the Indian Europeans. Empire, more than 231,000 in Hong Kong, nearly 152,000 in the Dominion of Canada, and about 80,000 in the United Kingdom.

Natives of China numbered over 300,000 , and of these 230,038 were enumerated in Chinese. Hong Kong, 46,831 in the Indian Empire, 29,907 in the Australian Commonwealth, and 17,043 in the Dominion of Canada. It may be mentioned that full statistics of birthplaces are not published for the Straits Settlements, for the Federated Malay States, or for others of our Eastern possessions which give employment to large numbers of Chinese. Some of these States, however, publish particulars relating to nationality and in these Tables nearly 727,000 persons are stated to be of Chinese origin. Making a rough approximation, the number of Chinese living within the British Empire may be estimated at nearly $1 \frac{1}{4}$ millions.

Natives of the United States numbered over 190,000, of whom 127,899 were Natives of enumerated in the Dominion of Canada, 41,255 in England and Wales, and 7,448 in the United Australian Commonwealth.
states.
It will be of interest to quote the Birthplace statistics for the last three Censuses, on the one hand of Natives of the United States enumerated in Canada, and on the other band, of Natives of Canada enumerated in the United States; the figures are as follows :-

|  | Census Year. |  | Natives of <br> United States <br> Enumerated in <br> Canada. |  | Census Year. |  | Natives of <br> Canada <br> Enumerata in <br> United States. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1881 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 77,753 | 1880 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1891 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 80,915 | 1890 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1901 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 127,899 | 1900 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

It will be observed that the balance of migration between the two Countries, as judged by Birthplace statistics, was at the last Census in favour of the United States to the extent of over a million persons.

Of the 600,000 Natives of Non-European Countries resident in the Indian NonEmpire, 375,918 were natives of the adjacent Asiatic States or Colonies, including 243, 037 European from Nepal and 112,502 from Afghanistan ; and in addition to these there were 70,031 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Foreigners } \\ & \text { in India. }\end{aligned}$ Natives of the French and Portuguese Nettlements in India.

Distribution of 4 Natives of European Countries.

The distribution of the 594,249 Natives of European Foreign Countries who were enumerated in those parts of the Empire furnishing statistics of Birthplaces presents some interesting features; the following statement shows the principal parts of the Empire in which these European Foreigners were located, together with their Countries of Birth.

| 'Where Born. | - |  |  |  | Where Enumerated. |  |  | - ---- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 宫 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Russia (including Russian Poland). | 145,124 | 93,345 | ? | 2,028 | 27 | 572 | 13,927 | 31,231 | 3,358 | 484 | 152 |
| Sweden, Norway, Denmark | 62,956 | 18,127 |  | 519 | 39 | 423 | 4,137 | 18,388 | 16,147 | 4,947 | 229 |
| Holland ... ... ... | 12,741 | 8,752 |  | 79 | 22 | 456 | 2,289 | 385 | 594 | 116 | 48 |
| Belgium . $\therefore$ - $\because$ - | -9,85s | 6,459 |  | 145 | 41 | 255 | 147 | 2,280 | 357 | 117 | 54 |
| France ... | 56,568 | 31,446 |  | 1,349 | 8,114 | 1,351 | 1,158 | 7,944 | 3,599 | 610 | 997 |
| Germany ... ... ... | 149,140 | 65,990 | 20,385 | 1,057 | 180 | 1,696 | 10,045 | 27,300 | 38,355 | 4,180 | 407 |
| Austria and Hungary ... | 46,862 | 12,649 | . | 81 | 21 | 531 | 1,298 | 28,407 | 1,914 | 1,874 | 87 |
| Switzerland ... ... | 14,713 | 10,098, | . | 293 | 48 | 171 | 408 | 1,211 | 2,039 | 333 | 52 |
| Spain ... ... . ... | 8,323 | 4,279 |  | 104 | 22 | 182 | 238 | 270 | 519 | 59 | 2,650 |
| Italy | 42,008 | 22,751 |  | . 301 | 60 | 1,010 | 2,430 | 6,854 | 5,681 | 428 | 2,493 |
| Other and Unspecified $\cdot$ European Cointries. | 45,959 | 9,889 |  | 112 | 19 | 1,762 | 2,829 | 2,858 | 3,347 | 578 | 4,180 |
| Total .... ... | 594,219 | 283,785 | 20,385 | 6,048 | 8,543 | 8,409 | 38,966 | 127,128 | 75,910 | 13,726 | 11,349 |

It will be noticed that, of the total number of Europeans (including British Subjects and Naturalised British Subjects born in European Foreign Countries) nearly one-half were enumerated in England and Wales; their proportion to the total population was, however, quite nominal, being only 0.87 per cent. In Scotland the proportion to the total population was only 0.46 per cent. and in Ireland it was as low as $0 \cdot 14$ per cent. The Islands in the British Seas contained a relatively high proportion, due principally to persons of French birth enumerated in the Channel Islands.

In the Dominion of Canada 127,128 European Foreigners were enumerated, or $2 \cdot 37$ per cent. of the total population ; in the Australian Commonwealth there were 75,910, or 1.98 per cent. ; in New Zealand 13,726 or 1.68 per cent. ; and in the Cape of Good Hope, Natal and the Orange River Colony collectively 38,966, or less than 1 per cent. of the total population of those South African Colonies.

## Increase in

 intercensal period ofNatives of European Foreign Countries.

Owing to the absence of complete returns it is difficult to make an accurate comparison between the numbers of Natives of European Foreign Countries enumerated within the British Empire at the Censuses of 1891 and 1901. From the limited data available, however, it may be inferred that the numbers increased considerably in the decennium. In England and Wales the number rose from 194, 225 to 283,785, about half of the total increase being due to increased immigration of Natives of Russia ; in Scotland the number in 1901 was almost double that in 1891 ; and in Ireland, although the general population had declined; the Natives of European Countries had increased from 4,923 to 6,048 . The relatively insignificant proportion of European Foreigners in the Indian Empire showed an increase, the numbers being 6,917 and 8,409 in 1891 and 1901 respectively. In the Cape of Good Hope the numbers increased from 11,150 in 1891 to 30,160 in 1904 ; the Natives of Russia numbered 1,094 in 1891, and 12,296 in 1904; Natives of Italy increased from 290 to 2,018, and there were also large increases among the Natives of Scandinavia, the Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Greece. In Natal the number of European Foreigners increased from 2,269 to 5,732 in the intercensal period, the difference being mainly due to an influx of Natives of Scandinavia,
and, in a smaller degree, of those of Germany and Russia. In the Dominion of Canada the Natives of Russia rose from 9,917 to 31,231, and of Scandinavia from 7,897 to 18,388; there were also considerable increases in the numbers of Natives of France and Italy, but those of the German Empire actually declined to a slight extent. . The Commonwealth of Australia is exceptional in showing an actual decrease in the number of Luropean Foreigners in the decennium ; there were slight increases among the Natives of Russia, Austria, Spain, and Italy, but the Natives of all the other principal Foreign European Countries showed decreases; the diminution in the nnmber of Germans amounting to nearly 7,000 . In New Zealand there was a slight increase on the total, but no striking difference on the figures for any individual country, except Austria, the Natives of which country increased from 564 in 1891 to 1,874 in 1901.

Somewhat closely allied to the subject of Birthplace statistics is that of the distribution of Nationalities or Races. The scientific description of Races can hardly be brought within the scope of a Census Report, more especially as there appears to be no standard classification of the varieties of the human species, but some of the information under this heading in the Colonial Census Reports possesses considerable interest.

Broadly speaking, the 398 million persons residing within the British Empire may be divided into two classes-" Whites," numbering approximately 54 millions or 13.6 per cent. of the total population, and "Coloured" population numbering about 344 millions. of coloured population, over 295 millions were either Natives of races. India or descendants of Indian Emigrants, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ millions were Natives of Ceylon, and a further $2 \frac{1}{2}$ millions were Natives of other East Indian possessions. Natives of the West African Colonies numbered nearly 29 millions; the South African Colonies contained over $5 \frac{1}{2}$ millions of Coloured persons, other African possessions over 7 millions, and our West Indian possessions, about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ millions. The Coloured population enumerated in the Dominion of Canada numbered over 167,000, in the Australian Commonwealth 120,000, and in Polynesia and British New Guinea about 500,000 .

The following excerpts, respecting race distribution, taken from the Colonial Census $\cdot$ Racial Reports and Tables are well worthy of attention.

As regards India, the conclusions arrived at in the Article dealing with the subject In Indiat. of Caste, Tribe, and Race, are as follows :-
"There are seven main physical types in India, of which the Dravidian alone is, or may be, indigenous. The Indo-Aryan, the Mongoloid, and the Turko-Iranian types are in the main of foreign origin. The Aryo-Dravidian, the Mongolo-Dravidian, and the Scytho-Dravidian are composite types formed by crossing with the Dravidians.
"The dominant influence in the formation of these types was the physical seclusion of India, involving the consequence that the various invaders brought few women with them and took the women of the country to wife.
"To this rule the first wave of Indo-Aryans formed the sole exception for the reasons given in paragraphs 801 and 802.*
"The social grouping of the Indian people comprises both tribes and castes. We may distinguish three types of tribe, and seven types of caste.
"Both tribes and castes are sub-divided into endogamous, exogamous, and hypergamous groups.
"Of the exogamous groups a large number are totemistic. It is suggested that both totemism and exogamy are traceable to the general law of natural selection.

[^4]xlviii
Census of the British Empire, 1901.
"Castes can only be classified on the basis of social precedence. No scheme of elassification can be framed for the whole of India.
"The Indian theory of caste was probably derived from Persia. It has no foundation in fact, but is universally accepted in India.
"The origin of caste is from the nature of the case an insoluble problem. We can only frame more or less plausible conjectures, derived from the analogy of observed facts. The particular conjecture now put forward is based first upon the correspondence that can be traced between certain caste gradations and the variations of physical type ; secondly, on the development of mixed races from stocks of different colour ; and thirdly, on the influence of fiction." *

In Ceylon.
The Ceylon Report states, that of the $3,565,954$ persons (comprising the Civil Population) returned at the Census of $1901,2,330,807$, or $65 \cdot 3$ per cent., were Sinhalese ; 951,740, or 26.7 per cent., were Tamils; 228,034, or 6.4 per cent., were Moors: 23,482, or 0.7 per cent., were Burghers and Eurasians; 11,902, or 0.3 per cent., were Malays; 6,300 , or 0.2 per cent., were Europeans; 3,971 , or 0.1 per cent., were Veddas; and 9,718 , or 0.3 per cent., were of other races. According to its strict interpretation, the term "Moor," which means an inhabitant of Morocco, is misleading when' applied to the people of Ceylon who go by that name. The Portuguese gave to the Ceylon Mohammedan the name of his co-religionist of Morocco, and it is still used to designate all Mohammedans (other than Malays) born in Ceylon or in Southern India, and speaking Tamil as their mother tongue.

In the Federated Malay States the proportions of different Races in every 10,000 of the population in 1891 and 1901 were :-


During the decennium the Native Races increased by $34 \cdot 5$ per cent., while there was an increase of $83 \cdot 4$ per cent. among Chinese, and of 189.5 per cent. among Tamils, \&c.
[n the straits Set- the population in 1891 and in 1901 were:lements.

In the Straits Settlements the proportions of different Races in every 10,000 of


[^5]The great bulk of the White population of the Cape of Good Hope were born in the In the Colony. The main European stocks are the Dutch, dating from the settlement of original Cape of colonists in the 17th Century; the French, dating back to the arrival of the Huguenot Good refugees-variously estimated at from 180 to 300 persons-in 1688-9; the British, which Норе. received a distinct impetus on the landing of nearly 5,000 State-aided immigrants in Algoa Bay in 1820-1; and the German, which originated in the settlement of the Anglo-German Legion after the Crimean War, and of a detachment of Agricultural immigrants from Northern Germany. Inter-marriage is rapidly obliterating the line of distinction between all the Nationalities represented among the Colonial born. One of the most noticeable features in respect to Nationalities is the increase of the number of persons of Russian extraction, who now constitute the strongest of all the Foreign elements represented at the Cape.

The Bantu race is divided into the Fingo Tribe, and the Kafir and Bechuana Tribes. The total number of the Kafir and Bechuana Tribes was $1,424,787$ persons, and of these Tribes the Amaxosa and the Tembus were the largest, numbering 324,225 and 266,284 persons respectively.

According to the Canadian Census Tables, of the $5,371,315$ persons enumerated in In Canada. the Dominion, $1,260,899$, or 23.5 per cent., were of English origin ; 988,721, or 18.4 per cent., of Irish ; and 800,154 , or $14 \cdot 9$ per cent., of Scotch descent. Of those of English origin, $\mathbf{7} 01,413$ were resident in Ontario, 159,753 in Nova Scotia, and 114,710 in Quebec.

The majority of persons of Irish descent were enumerated in Ontario, no fewer than 624,332 residing there, while 114,842 were enumerated in Quebec and 83,384 in New Brunswick. The number of persons of Scotch descent was greatest in Ontario, 399,530 being there enumerated, while next in importance came Nova Scotia with 143,382, and Quebec with 60,068 .

Of other persons of European origin, $1,649,371$, or 30.7 per cent., of the total population of the Dominion were returned as of French descent, the majority of these, viz. : $1,322,115$ being resident in Quebee.

The number of persons returned as of German origin- was 310,501 , and next came the Dutch, Scandinavians, and Russians, numbering 33,845, 31,042, and 28,621 respectively.

In addition, there were enumerated 34,473 Half-breeds, 93,459 Indians, and 22,050 Chinese and Japanese. Of the Chinese and Japanese, 19,482, or over 80 per cent., were enumerated in British Columbia.

- In the Australian Commonwealth the aboriginal population numbered about 65,000 In Auspersons (including an estimate of 20,000 nomadic aborigines in Queensland). South tralasia. Australia contained the largest number of aborigines,- 27,123 , or over 40 per cent., being there enumerated ; and next in order came Queensland, Western Australia, New South Wales and Victoria with $26,670,6,212,4,287$ and 652 respectively. Of the New Zealand population, 43,143 ( 23,112 males and 20,031 females) were Maoris, equal to $5 \cdot 3$ per cent., of the total population. This total of 43,143 shows an increase on the Maori population enumerated in 1896 of 3,289 persons, or $8 \cdot 3$ per cent.


## X.-RELIGIONS.

It has often been suggested that a Religious Census should be taken in England. But the proposal to add a column to the Census Schedule, in which the people should state their Religion, has met with many objections, mainly on the ground that no one has the right to inquire as to a man's religious opinions, and that the objections from conscientious or other scruples to furnish information under this head would render the returns comparatively valueless.

That no insuperable difficulty is experienced in obtaining information as to the No insuReligious beliefs of the people in other parts of the Empire is shown by the fact that in perable 1901 a Religious Census was taken, with apparenvly a fair amount of success, in Ireland difficulty and in no fewer than 28 of our Colonies or Dependencies. In dealing with these Returns some difficulty has been experienced in classifying for comparative purposes the adherents

Dealing first with the 20 millions returned as professing the Christian religion, the numbers were distributed among the several Denominations as follows :-

| - | Persons. | - | Persons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Church of England Episcopalian | 4,045,527 | Salvation Army ... ... ... <br> Protestant (not otherwise de- | $\begin{array}{r} 79,583 \\ 141,047 \end{array}$ |
| Presbyterian ... ... ... | 2,068,921 | Protestant (not otherwise described). | 141,047 |
| Methodist ... ... ... ... | $\begin{array}{r}2,179,627 \\ 280,294 \\ \hline 702\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{\text { scribed). }}$ Christian(nototherwise described) | 158,461 |
| Baptist .. ... ... ... | 710,878 | Minor Christian Sects ... | 771,693 |
| Unitarian . . ... ... ... | 14,189 |  |  |
| Society of Friends, Quaker ... | 9,502 | Catholic, Greek Church, and | 9,390,305 |
| Lutheran ... | 442,036 | various Catholic Churches) |  |

If to these numbers we add the population of Great Britain ( 37 millions) and a further half million as representing the Christians in Colonies where no religious Census was taken, we arrive at a total of $57 \frac{1}{2}$ millions, which number may be taken as a rough estimate of the number of persons in the British Empire professing one form or other of the Christian religion.

The population returned under the category of non-Christian Religions numbered over 295 millions, who were distributed as follows :-


[^6]In addition to these, there were approximately 42 millions of persons belonging to one or other of the above non-Christian denominations, but living in Colonies where no Religious Census was taken ; making a very rough estimate it may be assumed that three-fourths of this number were Mohammedans, the greater part of the remaining fourth being distributed among the other non-Christian sects,

Assuming these estimates to be fair approximations, we may broadly speaking class Estimate about 395 millions of the population of the British Empire under the following five headings :-


It will be observed that in most of the American Colonies, nearly the whole of the Proporpopulation was returned as Christian. In Newfoundland and Labrador the entire tions in population was so returned, in the Dominion of Canada 98 per cent. of the population were described as Christian, and in the other American Colonies except Trinidad and Tobago the proportions of the population said to profess the Christian religion ranged from 96.2 per cent. in Bermuda to 99.6 in Grenada. In Trinidad and Tobago, the proportion was 70.6 per cent., 25.2 per cent. of the population being Hindu and 3.8 per cent. Mohammedan. In Australasia the proportions of the population returned as Christian varied from 88.3 per cent. in South Australia and 90.3 per cent. in Queensland to 96.6 in New South Wales, 96.7 in Victoria and 97.2 in Tasmania, the variations mainly depending on the differing proportions of Aborigines in the several States. In Malta and Gozo the proportion was 88.8 per cent. and in Cyprus it was $78 \cdot 3$ per cent., 21.6 per cent. of the population being described as Mohammedan. In the African Colonies, the highest proportion returned as Christian was in the Seychelles Islands ( $97 \cdot 1$ per cent.) and the lowest in Lagos Colony ( $25 \cdot 4$ per cent.), some of the other proportions being $26 \cdot 3$ in Gambia Colony, 32.8 in Mauritius, $49 \cdot 6$ in Natal (excluding natives), and 56.2 in Sierra Leone. In India and Ceylon the proportions were very low, viz., less than one per cent., but nevertheless in India the number of persons returned as Christian was nearly $3,000,000$ and in Ceylon it was over 350,000 .

Persons described as of the Jewish religion numbered nearly 20,000 in the Cape of Numbers Good Hope, 18,000 in India, 16,000 in the Dominion of Canada, and nearly 17,000 in of Jews. Australasia.

The Hindu religion was represented by $207,000,000$ persons in India, 828,000 in Hindus. Ceylon, 206,000 in Mauritius, \&c., 87,200 in Natal, and 69,000 in Trinidad and Tobago. Of the entire population of India, 70.4 per cent. were of the Hindu religion, $21 \cdot 2$ per cent. Mohammedan, $3 \cdot 2$ Buddhist, $3 \cdot 0$ Primitive Animistic and Pagan, and, as already stated, less than one per cent. Christian.

Persons returned as of the Mohammedan religion numbered in round figures Moham$62,400,000$ in India, 248,000 in Ceylon, 51,000 in Cyprus, 41,000 in Mauritius, \&c., medans. 23,000 in the Cape of Good Hope, 22,000 in Lagos Colony, 10,500 in Trinidad and Tobago, and over 10,000 in Natal.

Of persons professing Buddhism there were $9 \frac{1}{2}$ millions in India, $2,140,000$ in Ceylon Buddhist (see Note $e$, Table 8, p. 65), 10,400 in the Dominion of Canada, 3,300 in Mauritius and its Dependencies, and 7,500 in Australasia.

The followers of Confucius were represented in the Dominion of Canada and in the ConfuAustralasian Colonies by 5,000 and 11,200 persons respectively. The latter number does cians. not, however, include 8,000 persons of Chinese origin in Queensland who were classified as "Mohammedan or Pagan." Most of the Chinese in Hong Kong, the Straits Settlements, the Federated Malay States, and other East Indian Colonies, would doubtless also have come under this heading had a Census of Religions been taken in those Colonies. classed ; of this number nearly $1 \frac{1}{2}$ millions were in the Gold Coast Colony ; as it is stated that the mass of the people in that Colony still observe Fetish worship it is probable that the greater part of this number should be classed as Pagan.

As an example of some of the difficulties experienced in classifying a people by Religions, the following list of Sects, or terms by which some persons designate their Religious belief is appended :-

| Alexandrian. | Hoke. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Altruist. | Hylozoist. |
| Ambrosian. | Idealist. |
| Antinomian. | Millenial Dawnite. |
| Assembly. | Monotheist. |
| Astronomical. | Morrisonian. |
| Believer. | Mosaic. |
| Brotherhood. | Pelagian. |
| Calathumpian. | Re-Incarnationist. |
| Canopist. | Separatist. |
| Cosmosophist. | Sung Quong. |
| Eclectic. | Thesian. |
| Ethicist. | Tipon. |
| Taithist. | Universalist. |
| Gentile. |  |

In addition to the above forms of belief, many of which cannot be classified with certainty, either as Christian or as non-Christian, there are shown in the various Reports many Sects, which, although they may be assumed to denote some form of Christianity, are not easily assignable to any of the well-known denominations. The following may be quoted as examples of these minor Christian Sects :-

| Apostolic. | Faith of God. <br> Believer in Christ. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Children of God. | Fear and Admonition of the Lord. |
| Christian Catholic. | First Day Christians. |
| Christian Freethinker. | Follower of Christ. |
| Christian Israelite. | Forward Movement. |
| Christian Metaphysician. | Gathered to the Name of the Lord |
| Church of Christ. | Jesus Christ. |
| Church of God. | Hornerite. |
| Church of Zion. | Messiahist. |
| Conditional Immortalist. | Reformed. |
| Dipper. | Tolstoranian Christian. |
| Disciple. | Tunker. |
| Divine Scientist. | Union Church. |
| Esoteric Christian. | Zion Christian Catholic. |

## XI.-EDUCATION.

The information under this head obtained through the agency of a Census is, as a rule, of a restricted and simple character, all that is usually sought for being the number of persons who are either able, or unable, to read and write. Such particulars, even if
strictly accurate, express but imperfectly the measure of the educational status of a country. Many people refuse to acknowledge their inability to read and write: for example, it is stated in the Census Report for the Bahama Islands that "a large percentage of those who claimed to be able to read and write, signed their names by making their mark." Owing to variations in the methods of compilation it is somewhat difficult to compare the figures for the several parts of the Empire for which returns are available. An examination of the several reports shows that, speaking generally, children ander five years of age have been classed as nuable to read and write.

The following statement shows the proportions per cent. of the total population Proporreturned as able to read and write, in Ireland and in the few Colonies for which tions of statistics were obtained, arranged in order of relative degree of literacy :"Literat in the several

|  |  |  |  | Proportion per <br> cent.able to <br> read and write. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

In the six States of the Australian Commonwealth the proportions were 74.5 in In AusQueensland, $74 \cdot 6$ in South Australia, $77 \cdot 4$ in Tasmania, $78 \cdot 7$ in New South Wales, tralia. 78.8 in Western Australia, and 81.9 in Victoria.

In connection with these variations, it may be mentioned that, according to the ufficial "Statistical Account of Australia and New Zealand, 1902-3," "in Victoria compulsory attendance at school has been rigorously insisted upon, while in Queensland the principle of compulsion has been allowed to remain almost in abeyance, and in the other States it has been enforced with varying degrees of strictness." The number of children of school age who were not under instruction either at home or at school has been estimated to range from 4.5 per cent. in Queensland, and 6.1 per cent. in Victoria, to $9 \cdot 4$ per cent. in Tasmania and $13 \cdot 2$ per cent. in South Australia.

A retrospect of the diffusion of Education in Australia and New Zealand shows, as might be expected, considerable progress. Thus, in the year 1861, of the total population aged five years and upwards, only 70 per cent. were returned as able to read and write; at each succeeding Census the proportion has increased, and in 1901 it reached 91 per cent.

A similar improvement is also apparent in the educational condition of Ireland; In Irela for, of the population aged five years and upwards, 79 per cent. were returned in 1901 as able to read and write, while at the six preceding Censuses the proportions had been $28,33,41,49,59$, and 71 per cent. respectively. In Leinster the proportion in 1901 was 83 per cent., in Munster 81 per cent., in Ulster 79 per cent., and in Connaught 72 per cent.,-this relative order having been maintained since 1881, previous to which year the Ulster population was more proficient than that of Munster.

The comparatively high proportion shown for Lagos Colony in the foregoing In Lagos Table is due to the fact that it is calculated on the number of English-speaking persons, who numbered only 5,058 out of a total population of 41,847 in that part of the

Colony which was included in the enumeration. This result shows very little advance in education during the intercensal period, and it is stated in the Lagos Census Return that the figures are very disappointing.

The West Indian populations classified by education form but a very small proportion of the whole; thus, out of a total of $1,614,406$ in the British West Indies and Central America, these statistics were available for only 96,564 persons. In the Turks and Caicos Islands 2,459 persons out of 5,350 were returned as able to read and write ; in the Bahama Islands 19,975 out of 53,735 were so returned, but the unreliable nature of this return has been alluded to already; and in British Honduras 11,668 persons out of a total of 37,479 signified their ability to write their own name and have been assumed, therefore, to be able to read and write.

The figures for the three South African Colonies furnishing returns are not, as they stand, strictly comparable, owing to the exclusion of the Natives from the returns for Natal, and to the great difference between the proportions of Natives in the total populations of the Cape of Good Hope and the Orange River Colony respectively. The percentages of persons able to read and write, among the European or White population of these Colonies, were as follows:-Natal, 83 per cent., Cape of Good Hope, 75 per cent., and Orange River Colony, 74 per cent. It is shown in the Census Report for the Cape " that the proportion of illiterates of All Races was nearly 2 per cent. greater in 1904 than in 1865 , although it has been steadily decreasing for both the Europeans and the Coloured Races individually." This apparent contradiction is due "to the enormous disparity in numbers between the two Race Groups to day as compared with 1865, owing to the successive annexations of territories containing only a very small proportion of Europeans." The proportion of Europeans or Whites returned as able to read and write has risen from $60 \cdot 7$ per cent. in 1865 to $75 \cdot 0$ per cent. in 1904. Some light on the comparative progress in education made since the Census of 1891 by the six principal Race-Groups is afforded by the following interesting statement taken from the Cape Census Report:-

| Race-Group. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Increase per cent. of <br> those able to <br> Read and Write, <br> 1891-1904. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| European or White | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $6 \cdot 18$ |  |
| Malay $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $8 \cdot 80$ |
| Hottentot | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $3 \cdot 11$ |
| Fingo ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $7 \cdot 85$ |
| Kafir and Bechuana $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $2 \cdot 29$ | $8 \cdot 03$ |  |
| Mixed and Other | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |

The returns of education in Malta deal not only with the ability to read and write, but also with the numbers of persons possessing different degrees of proficiency in English and Italian. It appears that, of the population aged five years and upwards born in the Maltese Islands or of Maltese parentage, $20 \cdot 9$ per cent. were able to read and write, showing an increase of $3 \cdot 4$ per cent. over the number so returned in 1891. With regard to the English and Italian languages, the Maltese Report states that "if ability to speak, read, and write English or Italian is taken to represent the degree of culture distinguishing the educated classes from the mass of the people, it will be found that, out of the 158,767 Maltese aged five years and upwards, 18,372 could speak, read and write Italian, and 13,737 could speak, read and write English. Of these persons, 11,041 could speak, read, and write both languages, 2,196, English only, and 6,831, Italian only. There were, therefore, altogether 20,568 persons able to speak, read, or write English or Italian, or both languages, and this number, on the above assumption, may be taken to represent the educated classes of the population." Among the remainder, 22,208, or 16 per cent., possessed different degrees of literary knowledge.

The following statement shows the relative increase of proficiency in English and Increased in Italian during the intercensal period :-


Note, -The minus sign ( - ) signifies decrease.
Without regard to the various degrees of proficiency in these two languages, it may be stated briefly that, while the Maltese population aged five years and upwards increased by 12.8 per cent. during the intercensal period, the number of persons possessing some knowledge of English increased by 37.5 per cent., and those with no knowledge, by only 9.3 per cent. ; those possessing some knowledge of Italian rose by 7.5 per cent., and those having no knowledge, by $14 \cdot 3$ per cent. The Maltese Census Report also gives an analysis of the population aged five and under fifteen years, showing that over 50 per cent. of the children aged five and under ten years, and 70 per cent. of those aged ten and under fifteen years, were not attending schools.

In Ceylon the most noticeable feature of the educational figures is the very great Ceylon. disparity between the standard of literacy among males and among females, in contrast to the practical equality of the sexes in this respect in those places where such statistics relate principally to Europeans. Thus the proportion of males able to read and write was returned as $34 \cdot 7$ per cent., against $6 \cdot 9$ per cent. of females, the proportions for both sexes having shown substantial increases since 1881, and it is noteworthy that the advance is shared by people of all the principal races and religions. The proportions in 1901 for these various peoples were as follows :-


The very low proportion of persons in the Indian Empire returned as able to read India. and write, although doubtless mainly due to a real lack of education, is also to a slight extent due to the somewhat higher standard that was required there as compared with
some other parts of the Empire. Thns persons were not included "whose caligraphic attainments extend ouly to the scrawling of their own name," but in at least one Colony the ability to write one's own name was the only test applied.

The disparity between the sexes, already noticed in Ceylon, is equally marked in India, the proportions per cent. returned as literate being $9 \cdot 8$ for males and 0.7 for females, "but it is possible that there has been some understatement in respect of the latter sex, as among some classes of the population there is a prejudice against admitting that women are thus qualified." It appears also, from the age-distribution of those returned as literate, that "in spite of the instructions, the general tendency of the enumerators was to omit . . . . . persons who were still under instruction, even though they had passed beyond the preliminary stage of their education." Among the larger British Provinces, Burma has by far the greatest proportion of literates, no less than 37.8 per cent. of the males, and $4 \div 5$ per cent. of the females, being able to read and write. "This Province enjoys an elaborate system of indigenous free education which is imparted by the Buddhist Monk attached to the Monasteries, while the instruction of females is not hampered by the prejudices in favour of their seclusion, which so greatly impede progress in other parts of India." Next in order after Burma comes Madras with 11.9 per cent. of the males and 0.9 per cent. of the females able to read and write ; then follow Bombay, Bengal, Assam, the Punjab, the United Provinces, and the Central Provinces. The Native States as a whole had only 7.9 per cent. of male and 0.6 per cent. of female literates, but Cochin, Travancore and Baroda occupy a higher position than any British Province except Burma. The degree of literacy associated with the principal religions is shown in the following statement:-

| Religion. |  | Proportion per cent. able to Read and Write. |  |  | Religion. |  | Proportion per cent. able to Read and Write. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Parsi ... | ... | $64 \cdot 9$ | $75 \cdot 6$ | $53 \cdot 8$ | Sikh ... | $\ldots$ | 5.9 | $9 \cdot 8$ | 0.7 |
| Jain ... | ... | $25 \cdot 2$ | 47.0 | 1.8 | Hindu ... | ... | $5 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 4$ | 0.5 |
| Buddhist ... | .. | 22.0 | $40 \stackrel{ }{ }$ | 42 | Mohammedan | ... | 33 | 6.0 | $0: 3$ |
| Christian ... | $\cdots$ | $21 \cdot 1$ | $29 \cdot 1$ | $12 \cdot 5$ | Animistic... | ... | 11.4 | $0 \cdot 8$ | $10 \cdot 0$ |

As regards Christians, the figures result from a very high degree of literacy among the few Europeans and Eurasians, and from a much lower degree among the numerous Native converts, many of whom are recruited from among the most ignorant sections of the community, although among the Native Christians such statistics as are available show a larger proportion able to read and write than is generally the case in most of the Hindu castes. The Mohammedans also, like the Christians, include in their ranks a high proportion of converts from the lower grades of Hinduism.

An additional feature of the Indian statistics is a return of the number of persons " literate in English." Included in this category are 0.38 per cent. of the males, and 0.07 per cerit. of the females; the rate for males averaged 0.74 per cent. in the British Provinces, and only $0 \cdot 37$ per cent. in the Native States. Nearly one-sixth of the $1,125,231$ persons returned as "literate in English" were enumerated in the three Presidency Towns, the numbers being 87,370 in Calcutta, 54,058 in Bombay, and 43,705 in Madras.

## XII.-INFIRMITIES.

Table 10 in the Summary shows the numbers returned as (1) Blind, (2) Deaf and Dumb, (3) Lunatic, (4) Imbecile and Feeble-minded, and (5) Leprous, in those parts of the Empire for which returns are available. turns.

Concerning these infirmities it should be pointed out that the machinery of an ordinary Census is not adapted to furnish accurately the required statistics. As stated in
fixed standard what degree of impairment of sight, hearing, or mental capacity constitutes blindness, deafness or insanity; secondly there is the very general unwillingness of persons to admit as regards either themselves or their children the existence of any serious bodily or mental defect. Obriously these difficulties obtain, in greater or less degree, in the Colonies as well as in the Mother Country.

The following Table gives for certain parts of the Empire the proportions to total population of persons returned as suffering from the Physical infirmities named above :-

| Colonies, \&c. |  |  |  |  | Proportion per 10,000 of the population returned as * |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Blind. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deaf and } \\ & \text { Dumb. } \end{aligned}$ | Lunatic. | Imbecile and Feebleminded. | Leprous. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gibraltar ... | $\ldots$ |  |  | . | 12 | 11 | 17 | 7 | - |
| Malta ... | ... |  | ... | ... | 20 | 5 | 33 | 10 | 4 |
| Oyprus ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | 73 | 14 |  | 21 | 6 |
| Asta- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian Empire | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12 | 5 | 2 | - | 3 |
| Ceylon ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 10 | 7 | 3 | 2 | - |
| Africa- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cape of Gond H | pe |  | ... | $\ldots$ | 12 | 4 | 9 | 3 | 5 |
| Natal (Natives e | cepte |  | ... | ... | 3 | 3 | 16 | - |  |
| Orange River Co | ony |  | ... | ... | 10 | 4 | 6 | 4 | $0 \cdot 6$ |
| Gambia (Colony | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | 26 | 18 | 13 | 10 | 8 |
| Sierra Leone (C) | lony) | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 10 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 17 | 8 | (). 5 |
| St. Helena... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 6 | 6 | 13 | 4 | 2 |
| Mauritios and D | epend | encies | ... | ... | 16 | 5 | 17 | - | - |
| Seychelles Islan | s |  | ... | ... | 11 | 5 | 9 | - | - |
| america- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dominion of Ca | nada | ... | ... | ... | 6 | 11 | 31 | - | - |
| Newfoundland | nd L | brador | ... | ... | 10 | 8 | 16 | - | - |
| Bermudas ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6 | 3 | 22 | 8 | - |
| Bahama Islands | ... | . | ... | ... | 25 | 5 | 11 | 20 | $\square$ |
| Grenada ${ }_{\text {St Lucia }}$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 11 | 10 | 20 | 10 | 3 |
| St. Lucia ... Trinidad and T | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{24}{19}$ | 4 |  | 15 | 8 |
| Trinidad and T | bago | ... | ... | ... | 19 | 4 |  | - | - |
| British Hondura |  | ... | ... | ... | 16 | 11 |  | 24 | - |
| Autralasia- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Victoria ... | ... |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 3 |  | 41 | - |
| Queensland | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 5 | - | 1 - | - |
| Sonth Australia | ... | ... | ... | ... | 9 | 5 | 27 | 3 | - |
| Western Austra |  | ... | ... | .. | 4 | 2 | - | - | - |
| Tasmania ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 10 | 4 | 24 | . 1 | - |
| New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 5 | 3 | 35 | 1 | - |

* It should be pointed out that comparisons relating to the proportions of persons suffering from physical infirmities in the several parts of the Empire cannot be considered altogether trustworthy owing to differences in Census definitions, and variations in the sex and age constitution of the respective populations.

The proportions of the population suffering from these Infirmities vary greatly in The Blin different countries. With regard to the blind it will be seen that, taking the proportion in the United Kingdom as a standard, while there are some Colonies in which there are relatively to population fewer Blind persons than in the United Kingdom, there are twice as many in British Honduras and in Mauritius, between two and three tinies as many in Trinidad and Tobago and in Malta, three times as many in St. Lucia, the Bahama Islands and Gambia (Colony), and nine times as many in Cyprus. In Cyprus the excessive proportion may probably be due to misinterpretation of instructions by the enumerators, tending to the inclusion of many persons whose vision is defective.

In India there were at the last Census 12 blind males and 12 blind females in every 10,000 of each sex as compared with 8 males and 7 females in the United Kingdom. The Report states that "the number of Blind has decreased since 1891 in greater proportion than that of any other Infirmity. Although the relatively high mortality, amongst blind persons in the famine years had some share in the diminution recorded, a considerable part of this diminution was due to the greater activity of the Medical Establishments : for the total number of successful operations for cataract in the main Provinces of India was 146,295 during the decennium 1891-1900, compared with 68,236 in the previous ten years.

In Ceylon there were 12 blind males and 9 blind females in every 10,000 of each sex; the reasons assigned in the Report for this infirmity are "the more glaring atmosphere, the dirty surroundings of the lower classes, the presence of flies, the neglect and improper treatment of small-pox, ophthalmic diseases, and leprous and syphilitic taint, and, among women, bending over smoky fires, and confinement to dark unwholesome rooms."

As regards the Deaf and Durnb, the variation is not so marked, and in 19 of the Colonies the proportion to population is either the same as, or lower than, that in the United Kingdom. In the Dominion of Canada, Grenada, British Honduras, and Gibraltar, however, the proportion is twice as high, in Cyprus it is nearly three times as high, and in Gambia (Colony) nearly four times as high as in the United Kingdom.

In the Indian Report it is stated that "the extent to which deaf-dumbness may be acquired after birth is uncertain." The figures for the United Kingdom show that, out of more than 20,000 persons returned as "Deaf and Dumb," fewer than half were returned as so afflicted from childhood, but the smallness of this proportion is certainly due to inaccuracies in the Returns.

Discussing the causes of deaf-mutism, the Indian Report connects it with cretinism which has been assigned, with apparent reason, to the injurious properties of the water of certain rivers especially those which flow from the Himalayas. It is noted that deafmutism has no special predilection for persons of any individual religion or caste. The Mohammedans, in spite of their consanguineous marriages, are not more prone to the affliction than are the Hindus who eschew such connections.

Taking together the Lunatic and Imbecile or Feeble-minded, we find that in nearly all the Colonies the proportion is much below that in the United Kingdom. There the proportion is 43 per 10,000 population, and the proportions most nearly approaching this are 43 in Malta, 41 in Victoria, 36 in New Zealand, 32 in New South Wales, 31 in the Dominion of Canada, in the Bahama Islands, and in South Australia, 30 in the Bermudas and in Grenada, and 25 in Sierra Leone (Colony) and in Tasmania.*

In India the total number of the Insane was less by nearly 11 per cent. than it had been in 1891, when a decrease of more than 8 per cent. was registered as compared with 1881. The Report states that the conditions which may conceivably cause or predispose to insanity must fall under one or other of three heads, viz.-locality (including climate), social practices, physical ailments and race-and further, that the theory that consanguineous marriages have a tendency to produce mental unsoundness receives little support from the Census figures.

In Ceylon the number of persons of deranged intellect had fallen at each successive enumeration; the Report warns us however that, though mental diseases are now on the decline in Ceylon, a large proportion of the decrease in the figures is probably due to a difference in the interpretation and application of the rule on the subject.

According to the Census Statistics for England and Wales the proportion of the mentally deranged has been steadily increasing. It is held, hnwever, that the returns are unreliable because of the unsuitability of the ordinary Census machinery for the collection of such information. Similar ideas prevail in Queensland, for in the Report for that Colony it is stated that "as many persons objected to furnish particulars regarding such of their family as might be subject to idiocy, fits, \&c., it would be better to limit the inquiry to questions not likely to wound the sensibilities of those called upon to supply the information."

[^7]With regard to Leprosy, Dr. Clemow in his book on the Geography of Disease, says :- The "Some races appear to be more liable to become leprous than others, but such differeuces Leprous. may as often be ascribed to differences in mode of life and of exposure to the cause of the disease, as to true racial differences. All races can become subjects of the malady; but at the present day Europeans and the White Races generally seem to escape it much more readily than the Natives in countries where it is endemic-as for example China, India, and South Africa."

Returns of the number of persons suffering from this malady were obtained by ten of our Colonies, and it is to be regretted that among our Asiatic Dependencies, in all of which, with the exception of Wei Hai Wei, the disease is more or less prevalent, returns are available for India alone.

At the last Census 97,340 lepers were enumerated in the Indian Empire, 1,230 in the Cape of Good Hope, 135 in Cyprus, 80 in Malta, 39 in St. Lucia, 24 in the Orange River Colony, 20 in Grenada, 11 in Gambia (Colony), 4 in Sierra Leone (Colony), and one in St. Helena. In a few of the other Colonies, although the complete numbers of persons suffering from this malady were not ascertained, there were enumerated in Lepers' Asylums or Homes, 263 persons in Ceylon, 122 in Jamaica, 51 in Mauritius, and 38 in Queensland. In no place, however, did the proportion reach one per thousand of the total population. It will thus be seen that the disease is of very little numerical importance except in India. Of the 97,340 lepers recorded in India at the Census of 1901, no fewer than 72,403 were males, the great disparity between the sexes being, however, partly due to the omission of many of the female lepers. In the other Colonies for which returns are available, the male lepers were in excess of the fenale, but, with the exception of Malta, the disparity between the sexes was not so great as in India. It is gratifying to note that the efforts to cradicate this scourge in the Indian Empire are meeting with a certain amount of success. The proportion per 100,000 among the male population had decreased from 84 in 1881, and 68 in 1891, to 48 in 1901, and among females from 29 in 1881, and 23 in 1891, to 17 in 1901 . It appears from the Indian Census Report that "the Census of 1881 showed a considerable increase in the number of lepers in India, and some years later, when public attention was attracted to the subject by the death of Father Damien, who for 16 years had devoted himself to the relief of the Hawaiian lepers, these figures were taken as indicating a rapid spread of the disease, and a Leprosy Commission was appointed to visit India, and inquire into the etiology and dissemination of the disease, and the means by which it might be stamped out. This was in 1890 . The Census of 1891, which was taken while the Commission was still in India, showed a marked general decline in the number of lepers, and the Commission had no difficulty in disposing of the cry that had been raised that leprosy was an Imperial danger."

## CONCLUSION.

The difficulties encountered in the preparation of this report and of the annexed tables have been neither few in number nor trivial in kind : and the task of surmounting them has been rendered more arduous by reason of the insufficiency of the clerical staff available for the extra duty required of them.

For the assistance and information of those who may hereafter be entrusted with similar functions, we desire by way of conclusion to summarize the results of our experience, both in taking the last English Census and in dealing with the results of recent Census enumerations in other parts of the King's Dominions. To the following considerations, therefore, we desire respectfully to request your special attention.

In the first place, it is desirable that in all parts of the Empire a Census should be taken at regular intervals and, as far as practicable, at about the same time. Nevertheless it is not absolutely essential that the enumeration should everywhere be completed on the same day. Considerations of climate, as well as of religious and social differences, make it obvious that the date most convenient for Census taking in England may not be equally convenient for the process, say in India or in Australia. Agaiu, even in the less civilized countries the effort should be made to enumerate the population by, at any rate, a counting of heads: whilst in the more civilized countries considerations of expense should not be permitted to limit the amount of Census information which, on general grounds, it may be desirable to obtain.

Regarding the interval between the Census enumerations, it seems generally to be admitted that in no case should this exceed 10 years. In Countries where the movement of the population is restricted, and where the economic and industrial conditions are undisturbed, a decennial Census would probably suffice, but wherever a population possesses facilities for movement and undergoes constant economic change, a quinquennial Census is desirable.

To the Educational, Poor Law, Sanitary and other Authorities, severally, it is essential to know at frequently recurring intervals the exact populations of the areas they administer. But the chief reason for a quinquennial Census is that, assuming the complete registration of Births and Deaths, it affords the means of obtaining increased accuracy in the calculation of Vital Statistics; these depend in intercensal years upon estimates of population, which become less trustworthy as the period to which they refer becomes more remote from a Census enumeration. As the health of communities has undoubtedly improved wherever due attention has been paid to the teaching of Vital Statistics, it is to be hoped that the question of cost, which has been the principal obstacle to a quinquennial Census in the United Kingdom, will not in future prevent the taking of such a Census in all those parts of the Empire where it would be desirable.

A Copy of the Occupier's Schedule used at the Census of England and Wales (1901) is given on page 298, from which it will be seen that it was divided into 10 columns:(1) Name and Surname ; (2) Relation to Head of Family ; (3) Condition as to Marriage ; (4) Sex ; (5) Age last Birthday ; (6) Profession or Occupation; (7) If Employer, Worker, or Working on Own Account ; (8). If Working at Home ; (9) Where Born; (10) If Deaf and Dumb, Blind, Lunatic, Imbecile or Feeble-minded. The Schedule used in Wales contained an extra column (No. 11) Language Spoken. From time to time, variations from, and additions to, these inquiries have been suggested, but experience has shown the limitations of a system which depends on the occupier for answers to questions in the Schedule: those questions must be such that the least educated classes in the community can understand them.

It is better to ask for a moderate amount of information and to concentrate efforts on getting that amount with the greatest attainable accuracy, than to call for much information on many subjects, even though they may appear important to certain sections of the public.

It is much to be desired that, as far as local circumstances permit, the Census questions submitted in the several parts of the Empire should be uniform in character. This requirement does not necessarily mean uniformity in results, for a great deal depends on the interpretation of replies, on the classification and tabulation of statistics, and on the form in which they are presented in the Tables.

Most of the Colonial Returns furnish information as to the number of habitations or houses, while some discriminate among houses that are built of stone, brick, wood, metal, thatch, wattle and dab, mud, or bark. It may be said that in nearly all Countries the satisfactory definition of a house has troubled successive generations of Census Authorities.

In England and Wales the definition of "house" adopted for Census purposes has hitherto been :-"All the space within the external and party walls of a building." Acting on tbis definition, a block of residential flats or of industrial dwellings is regarded as a single house, quite irrespective of the number of separate occupiers. In view, therefore, of the rapid growth in all large Cities cf this class of building, it is certainly a point for serious consideration whether some modification should not be made in the present definition of "house."

Closely connected with the inquiry as to the number of houses is the proportion of persons to rooms. This information throws valuable light upon the problem of the housing of the people, while also affording a fair index of their Sanitary condition; it is therefore desirable that, wherever possible, these particulars should be included in the Colonial Returns.

The accurate enumeration of the population is of the first importance, as this forms the natural basis of all Vital Statistics.

The population, as ascertained by the Census, should include all persons who were alive at midnight on the date of the enumeration, adequate arrangements being made to enumerate travellers and vagrants, and also to ensure that such persons shall not be counted more than once; viz.: first at the place from which they may have started in the night, and again at the place at which they arrived in the morning. The numbers of the military population, and of the persons on board Naval and Mercantile ships lying in Ports, Harbours; Docks, and Rivers should be included in the total population, but they should also be shown separately, because it is necessary for some statistical purposes to include them with the general population, and for other statistical purposes to exclude them.

There is some difference of opinion among International Statisticians as to what should constitute the population of a district. The Dominion of Canada follows the example of some Foreign Countries in adopting the population de jure; that is to say, the population of a district is held to comprise all persons usually resident within its boundaries, including those temporarily absent, and excluding those only temporarily present. The English Census and all other Colonial Censuses, except that for Canada, adopt the population de facto, that is to say, the population of a district comprises all persons actually present within a given area on the Census night whether permanent or temporary residents.

Adverting to the classification of the population by Sexes, Ages, Condition as to Marriage, Birth-places, Religions, Education, and Infirmities, there should be no great difficulty in fixing a uniform standard for the tabulation of the results of the Census inquiries on these subjects.

## The Sexes should be distinguished in all population Tables.

While in the earlier periods of life the exact age is almost certain to be known, it is generally admitted that, among adult persons, a large proportion do not know their precise age and, as already stated, have a great tendency to return their ages as some exact multiple of ten. That many women purposely understate their ages is also common knowledge. It is doubtful, therefore, whether, unless the figures are adjusted by some process of graduation, the tabulation of adult ages for individual years possesses much Statistical value. For nearly all purposes it should be sufficient to tabulate the Adult ages in quinquennial periods, from which figures may be obtained for such purposes as the calculation of rates of mortality in decennial age periods, the quinquennial periods being so combined that the year which is a multiple of ten shall come in the middle of the period, e.g., 25-35, 35-45 and so on.

In some of the Colonies the ages of the population were not shown in relation to "civil condition"; but it is most desirable that these particulars should be tabulated in combination, thereby recording valuable Statistical data for the calculation of legitimate Birth-rates based on the number of married women of conceptive ages in the population, as well as for the calculation of Marriage-rates based on the section of the population in which Marriages take place, viz., the unmarried (of marriageable age) and the widowed.

In the Census Returns for England and Wales, New South Wales and Western Australia a Table is shown giving the Ages, in combination, of husbands and wives, and such information might usefully be given, where possible, in other Colonial Census publications.

As has already been stated the subject of Occupation is the most complicated of the Occupa Census inquiries. It has often been suggested that the example of the United States and tions. of some European Countries should be followed by supplementing the Census information with Returns obtained by detailed inquiry spread over a considerable time. It may be said, however, that the Census Schedule affords data of a reasonably reliable nature, which, if due care be taken in their classification, will give a view of the Occupational distribution of the population, tolerably true in its main lines, and sufficient for most of the practical purposes for which the statistics are used.

The English classification of Occupations is based on the systeminitiated by Dr. Farr in 1851, with changes, extensions and modifications of detail necessitated by modern industrial development. In 1901 the Occupations of the population were classified under

23 orders, divided into 77 sub-orders, these being again sub-divided into 382 Occupational headings. Perhaps it may not be out of place to reproduce here some of the main principles of the classification that were then adopted.

Persons engaged in more than one occupation were referred to the occupation which in each case appeared to be the most important ; or, if there was no difference in this respect, to the occupation first mentioned in the Return. Thus, a manufacturing trade was selected in preference to a selling trade. A Clergyman who was also a Schoolmaster was classed under the heading "Schoolmaster." Persons returned as "Pensioners" or as "Retired" from any specified profession or business (except Officers of the Army or Navy, Clergymen of the Established Church, and Medical Men) appear in the main Tables as simply "Pensioners" or "Retired." Inmates of Lunatic Asylums or of Workhouses, when returned as Insane and yet described by their former occupations, were-irrespective of age-classed as "Retired." Other Inmates of Workhouses, unless aged 60 years or upwards, and Patients in Hospitals and Prisoners of all ages, were classed under their stated occupations on the assumption that their ordinary work had been relinquished for a time only. Inmates of Workhouses aged 60 years and upwards, whose former occupations were returned, were dealt with as "Retired."

The numbers given under any heading included Apprentices, Assistants, Workmen, and Labourers, as well as Masters, except where special headings were provided for subordinates. Clerks were distinguished under separate headings as Civil Service Clerks, Law Clerks, Bank Clerks, Railway Clerks, Insurance Clerks, and Commercial Clerks; and Messengers, Porters, and Watchmen (not in Government or Railway service) formed together a heading by themselves.

In the several Colonial Censuses various systems for the classification of Occupations were adopted differing more or less in principle from the English system. A single instance is sufficient for illustration: in Australasia a Census Conference was held, and a scheme of Occupational Classification was adopted which, while securing uniformity throughout the several States of the Commonwealth, yet differed materially in principle from the English system. The main principle of the Australasian scheme was that all persons employed in direct connection with any of the industries, callings or pursuits specified therein, should be classed to such, whatever might be the capacity in which they were engaged, Clerks, Carmen, Engine Drivers, \&c., being thus included with other workers in the several industries; whereas, in the English Classffication, Clerks (other than Civil Service, Railway, Bank, and Insurance Clerks) were classified under the heading " Commercial Clerk," and Engine Drivers, Carmen, Carters and Carriers, Messengers, Porters and Watchmen were classified under specific headings. The Returns for India and Ceylon have the merit of distinguishing the number of persons of each sex who derive their subsistence from others following a particular occupation.

It will be obvious from the foregoing remarks that the uniform classification of Occupations throughout the several parts of the Empire presents considerable difficulties, more especially as any alteration of system impairs the value of the figures of previous Censuses for comparative purposes: it is to be hoped, however, that, kefore another Census of the Empire comes to be taken, an agreement as to uniformity of classification will be arrived at among the several Census Authorities.

It is important that there should be some means of accurately determining the amount of migration among different Countries. In the first place, an inquirer for such information would naturally refer to Returns of emigration and immigration, but unfortunately these statistics are generally found to be defective; the information furnished by the Census Returns as to the Birth-places of the population should give more precise data than at present, and should afford the means of tracing the effects of immigration from without, and of migration within, a Country.

The distribution by Birth-place of the enumerated natives of a Country should show the Birth-places in local sub-divisions, and the Country of Birth should be tabulated for persons enumerated within, but born without, that Country, distinguishing the Birthplaces of British Subjects, Naturalized British Subjects, and Foreign Subjects.
of As already stated, the information under this head, obtained through the agency endeavour to ascertain the of a very imperfect character, being limited to the endeavour to ascertain the number of persons who are either able, or unable, to
read and write. Even such returns are usually untrustworthy owing to the refusal of many people to acknowledge their ignorance, and probably also to differences of opinion among the several authorities as to what coustitutes ability to perform these elementary functions. If, however, this subject continues to form part of the Census inquiry it would appear desirable to supplement it by returns from the Educational Authorities, such as the proportion of Schools to population at school ages, and the proportion of children of school age who attend school. Indirect evidence of the spread of elementary Education in a Country can also be obtained from the proportions of persons who are able to sign the Marriage Register and of those who merely affix their marks.

In view of the comparative success that was obtained in taking a religious Census in Religion Ireland and in 28 of our Colonies, there seems to be no valid reason why a column for returns of religion should not be added to the Census Schedule for nearly all parts of the Empire. In some of the cases specified the return was optional, doubtless to meet the objections of those who regarded the question as too inquisitorial. It appears, however, that those who took advantage of this conscience clause were not very numerous; for instance, in Western Australia they amounted to somewhat less than $1 \frac{3}{4}$ per cent. of the total population.

In most parts of the Empire returns were obtained of the numbers of the Blind, Infirmithe Deaf and Dumb, the Lunatic, and the Leprous. It might have been expected that ties. these returns would furnish valuable information; but, except in so far as they emanate from public Institutions, they are untrustworthy, mainly owing to the unwillingness of persons to admit, either as regards themselves or their children, the existence of any serious bodily or mental defect.

In Ireland and in several of the Colonies returns of sickness were obtained, but there is an initial difficulty in defining sickness, and, further, it should be borne in mind that the incidence of sickness is considerably modified by conditions of climate, and that the amount of sickness in a community varies according to the time of year.

Appended to this Report is a Table, page 296, which shows in brief form the subjects of Census inquiry in each part of the Empire, the idea for which we have borrowed from an able paper by Reginald H. Hooker, Esq., M.A., entitled "Modes of Census-taking in the British Dominions," which was read before the Royal Statistical Society in January, 1894.

From what has been advanced it will clearly appear that, where several practically .independent authorities are concerned, the task of securing uniformity is by no means an easy one, especially as regards either :-
(1) The settlement of questions to be included in the Census Schedules; or
(2) The classification and tabulation of results.

We would suggest, therefore, for your favourable consideration, whether it might not be desirable to arrange for a Conference between the representatives of our Colonies and Dependencies and our own Census Authorities for the purpose of discussing the essential points of difference, and of arriving, if possible, at some agreement in regard to them. If this suggestion be adopted, the Conference should take place prior to the commencement of the preliminaries in connection with the taking of the Census of 1911.

In considering the subject, it must be borne in mind that the present is the first serious attempt that has been made by this Department to prepare anything like a full and comparative résumé of the results of the Census, as far as available, of the entire British Empire. We accordingly present this volume with considerable diffidence, whilst we venture to hope that, notwithstanding its many imperfections, it will at all events awaken renewed interest in Census Statistics, promote greater uniformity of action in the future, and create a fresh link of sympathy between the Census Authorities of the Mother Country and those of her Colonies and Dependencies.

We cannot conclude our Report without recording our high appreciation of the able, zealous, and unflagging services rendered by Mr. A. Mundy and Mr. A. Bellingham, our Secretaries, and also by Mr. T. A. Saunders, of our Statistical Branch, in the comprilation and arrangement of the voluminous tables and in the preparation of the report ; and we also desire to recognize our obligations to the Colonial Office for the cordial help which they have invariably accorded to us, when required, during the period of our labours.

> We have the honour to be,
> Sir,
> Your ciost obedient Servants,

> WILLIAM COSPATRICK DUNBAR, Registrar General. ALFRED CHARLES WATERS. JOHN TATHAM, M.D., F.R.C.P.

Alfred J. Mundy, Secretary.
Archer Bellingham, Assistant Secretary.
December, 1905.

TABLE 1.-AREA and POPULATION on or about 1st April, 1901.*

| [ _- | Area in Square Miles. | Population (enumerated or estimated), 1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BRITISH EMPIRE ... ... ... ... | 11,908,378 $\dagger$ | 398,401,704 $\dagger$ |
| UNITED KINGDOM ... ... ... ... | 121,089 | 41,458,721 |
| ISLE OF MAN AND CHANNEL ISLANDS | 303 | 150,370 |
| COLONIES, ${ }^{\circ}$ DEPENDENCIES, PROTECTORATES, \&C. | 11,786,986 $\dagger$ | $356,792,613 \dagger$ |
| COLONIES, DEPENDENCIES, PROTECTORATES, \&c. <br> In EUROPE ... ... . ... ... ... |  |  |
|  | 3,703 | 472,502 |
| In ASIA- |  |  |
| Indian Empire ... ... ... ... | 1,766,597 | 294,361,056 |
| Other Possessions in Asia ... ... | 148,000 | 6,208,808 |
| In AFRICA- |  |  |
| West Africa ... ... ... ... | 557,164 | 28,992,166 |
| South Africa ... ... ... ... | 1,626,692 | 6,674,527 |
| Other Possessions in Africa ... ... | 460,543 | 7,362,995 |
| In AMERICA- |  |  |
| North America ... ... ... ... | 3,908,327 | 5,613,260 |
| West Indies and Central America... | 19,578 | 1,614,406 |
| South America ... ... ... .. | 111,500 | 298,149 |
| In AUSTRALASIA- |  |  |
| australian Commonwealth ... ... | 2,972,918 | 3,836,154 |
| New Zealand ... ... ... ... | 104,471 | 816,214 |
| Other Possessions in Australasia ... | 107,493 | 542,376 |

[^8]Census of the British Empire， 1901.
TABLE 2－AREA；HOUSDS， 1901 ；POPULATION，enumerated or estimated， 1891 and 1901，and Increase or Decrease in Population， $1891-1901$.


|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \cdot \\ & \dot{0} \\ & + \end{aligned}$ |  | ¢ + + | ＋ 島 + |  | 1 | 通 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \quad \infty \\ & +1 \\ & +1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\infty}{\dot{-}}= \\ & ++ \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q } \\ & \text { 臨 } \\ & \text { H } \\ & \text { + } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  4式気 $1+1+1++++$ |  |
|  | $\dot{8}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { 芯 } \\ \underset{\sim}{c} \end{array}$ | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  <br>  북 |  |
|  |  | 范 |  |  | $\stackrel{0}{20}$ |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  옹아우N <br>  <br>  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \vec{Q} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \underset{7}{7} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ | 62 0 0 $\frac{0}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { ® }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 耇 } \\ \text { 苞 } \\ . \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 甙 } \\ & \text { O } \\ & \underset{\sim}{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathbb{N}}{\underset{\sim}{2}} \\ & \frac{\pi}{7} \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{\dot{8}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}}$ | ๓ |  |  |  |  | $111^{\infty}$ | 1 | 1 | ｜｜｜｜ | 11 | ｜｜1｜｜｜｜ | 11 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TO } \\ & \text { O2 } \\ & \text { Oi } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\text { and }}{\substack{\text { and }}}$ | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1111 | $11$ | 111111 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{9}{N}$ | I |  | 1 | 管 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { W }}$ |  | \％ | $\xrightarrow{\infty}$ |  | －10 | $\stackrel{\text { a }}{\text { a }}$ |  |  |  | 국둔 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \underset{8}{8} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\mathbf{0}} \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{i}{\infty} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | Nresio |  | 发 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ； $\begin{aligned} & \frac{4}{8} \\ & \frac{62}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |



Census of the British Empire, 1901.


| 11 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{9}{7} \\ & + \end{aligned}$ |  $++++++1+++$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 家总弟 } \\ & +1+ \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $11$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E0 } \\ & \text { 0. } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { OT } \\ & + \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  $++++++1+++$ |  |  |
| ；11 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 11 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  Nin |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 1111｜1 | 1 | 1111｜11111 | ¢ | 11111 |
| 11 | 111111 | 1 |  | ¢ | ｜1｜${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\text {\％}}$ |
| 11 | ｜｜｜｜｜ | 1 |  |  | $\|111\|^{\text {骨 }}$ |
| $2{ }^{8}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $15$ |  |
| Bot |  |  |  |  |  |
| ：： | ：：：：： |  | ：：：：：：：：：： | ！ | ：：：： |
| ： | ：：：：： |  | ：：：：：：：：： | ：： | ：：：：： |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Derived from the Colonial Office List．$\quad+$ Derived from the Statesman＇s Year Book．$\ddagger$ Derived from the Board of Trade Statistical Tables（Part XXVI．）．

EA ；HOUSES， 1901 ；POPULATION，enumerated or estimated， 1891 and 1901，and－Increase or Decrease in Population，1891－1901－cont
Note．－The figures，except those printed in italics which are wholly or partly estimated，are derived from Census Returns，with inclusion in the population，when possible，of Soldiers and of Sailors of
the Royal Navy and Merchant Service．

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area in } \\ & \text { Square } \\ & \text { Miles. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Houses． |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Population } \\ \text { (enumerated or estimated). } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Increase（ + ）or <br> Decrease（－）in Population 1891－1901． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1901. |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Inhabited． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { inhabited. } \end{gathered}$ | Building． | Persons． | Persons． | Males， | Females． | Numbers． | Per Cent． |
| Leeward Islands－ <br> AMERICA－continued． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Antigua ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 108＊＊ | 316 | － | － | － | 36，119 | 34，178 | 15，558 | 18，620 | －1，941 | －5．4 |
| Barbada     <br> Redonda $\ldots$. $\ldots$ $\ldots$. $\ldots$. | 62＊ | 13 | － | 二 | 二 | ${ }^{580}$ | ${ }^{775}$ | 303 | 472 | ＋ 195 | ＋ 33.6 |
| Montserrat $\cdots .$. $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\ldots$. <br>  $\ldots$ ...   | $322^{\frac{2}{2}}$ | 326 | 二 | 二 |  | 11，762 | 12，215 | 5，580 | 6，635 | －$\quad 102$ | － $\begin{array}{r}85.0 \\ +\quad 3.9\end{array}$ |
| St．Christopher（or St．Kitts）$a$ ．．． | ${ }^{68 *}$ | 438 | － |  |  | 30，876 | 29，782a | 12，977 | 16，805 | $\pm 1$ 1，094 | $\pm 3.5$ |
| Anguilla $\quad .$. | ${ }_{\text {35＊}}^{35^{*}}$ | 111 | 二 |  | 二 | 3，699 | 3，890 | 1，687 | 2，203 | ＋191 | ＋ 5.2 |
|  | ${ }_{588^{*}}^{50 *}$ | 255 85 | － | 二 | － | 13,087 4,639 | 12,774 4 4 | 5,605 2,264 2 | 7，169 | － 313 | － 2.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{133}^{133}$ | 477 | 11，996 | 486 | 232 | 53，209 | 63，438 | 29，986 | 33，452 | ＋10，229 | ＋ 19.2 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { St．Vincente } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { St．Lucia } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ | ${ }_{233}^{132 *}$ | 360 214 | － | 二 | 二 | 41,054 42,220 | ${ }_{49,883}^{47,548 c}$ | $\overline{23,821}$ | －26，062 | ＋6，494 | ＋ 15.8 $+\quad 18.2$ $+\quad 18$. |
| Barbados $c$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ${ }^{166^{*}}$ | 1，178 |  | － | 07 | 182，867 | 195，5880 | 88,200 | 107，388 | ＋12，721 | ＋ 70 |
| Trinidad ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1，754＊＊ | 145 | 36，889 | 1，806 | 607 | 200，028 | 255，148 | 135，820 | 119，328 | ＋55，120 |  |
| Tobago ．．． | 114＊ | 164 | 4，045 | 170 | 112 | 18，353 | 18，751 | 8,671 | 10，080 | ＋ 398 | +2.2 $+\quad 10$ |
| British Honduras ．．．．．．．．． | ${ }^{7,5682^{*}}$ |  | 9，042 | 二 | － | 31，471 | 37，479 | 19，140 | 18，339 | ＋6，008 |  |
| British Guiana $c$     <br> Falkland Islands $d$ ．．． ．．． ．．． .. | $\begin{gathered} 104,0000^{*} \\ \boldsymbol{5}, 500^{*} \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{27}^{3}$ |  |  | $-_{1}$ | 278,3280 1,789 | $\underset{\substack{295,896 c \\ 2,253}}{ }$ | 157,512 1,413 | 138,384 840 | $+\quad 17,568$ $+\quad 464$ | ＋ $+\quad 6 \cdot 3$ $+\quad 20.9$ |
| AUSTRALASLA ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 3，184，881 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 2 | － | － | － |  | 5194 r74 |  |  |  |  |
| Australian Commonwealthe．．． <br> New South Wales e（including Lord Howe Island．） | 2，972，918 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 745,176 \\ & 252,502 \end{aligned}$ | 38,22014,831 | 1，438 | $\mathbf{3 , 2 3 4 , 0 1 9 e}$$\mathbf{1 , 1 3 2 , 2 3 4 e}$ | $3,836,154 e$$1,359,133 e$ | $\overline{712,456}$ | $\checkmark 646,677$ | $+\quad 602,135$$+\quad 226,899$ | （18．6$+\quad 20.0$ |
|  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norfolk Island ．．．．．．．．． | ${ }_{8884}^{12}$ | 69 | －241，410 | 11，629 | －617 | 738$1,140,405 e$ | $\underset{1,201,341 e}{827 *}$ | 450603,883 | $\begin{array}{r} 377 \\ 597,458 \end{array}$ | ＋ 89 | ＋ $12 \cdot 1$ |
| Vietoria e ．．．．．． | 87，884 | 14. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}60,936 \\ +\quad 108,963 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}+\quad 6.3 \\ +\quad 26.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Queensland } e \\ \text { South Australia e } e & . . . \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ | ${ }^{668,497}$ | 0.7 0.4 | 98,73769,856 | 1,6706,640 | － | 414，303e | 523，266e | 280，092 $\ddagger$ | 223，174＋ |  |  |
| South Australia $e$ Western Australia $e$ | －903，690 ${ }^{975}$ | 0.4 0.2 |  |  | 358 201 | $344,220 e$ $56,562 e$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389,727 e \\ & 189,385 e \end{aligned}$ | 198,847 115,808 | ${ }_{7}^{190,880}$ | ＋45，607 | $+\quad 13 \cdot 2$ <br> $+\quad 241.5$ |
| Tasmania ．．．$\quad$ ．．． | 26，215 |  | 34，165 | 2,187 | 118 | 146，667 |  | 115,808 89,624 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {－73，577 } \\ \hline 82851\end{array}$ | $+\quad 133,933$ $+\quad 26,808$ | ＋ 2415 $+\quad 17.6$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 104,471 \\ 7,420+ \\ 11^{*} \\ 80,540+ \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 53 \\ 16 \\ 161 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $168,898$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,830 \\ \text { 二 } \end{gathered}$ | 865二$=$ | $\} \quad \begin{array}{c} 670,150 f \\ 121,180 \\ 300,000^{*} \end{array}\right\}$ | $\begin{gathered} 816,214 f \\ 112,292 \dagger \\ 117,866 \\ 2,208 \\ 350,000 \dagger \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 429,456 \\ \hline 65,818 \\ 1,056 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 386,758 \\ \hline \mathbf{5 2 , 0 4 8} \\ 1,202 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lr}+ & 146,064 \\ - & 1,066 \\ + & 50,000\end{array}$ | $+\quad 21.8$$-\quad 0.9$$+\quad 16.7$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



TABLE 3.-CHIEF CITIES and TOWNS; POPULATION 1891 and 1901, and INCREASE or DECREASE in POPULATION, 1891-1901.

Note.-In this Table the Capital or Principal City is given first, the other Towns being arranged for convenience in alphabetical order. In nearly all cases the populations relate to the areas as' constituted in 1901. For the populations of other Towns in the British Empire, see detailed tables for each Colony.

(a) United Kingdom.-The list of Towns in the United Kingdom contains all those with populations exceeding 200,000.
(b) Valletta.-The population is exclusive of the military.
(c) Nicosia.-The population in 1891 is inclusive of the inm
limits of the town. Excluding the prison the population in 1891 wos the prison, which in 1901 was not situated within the (d) India.-The list of Irdian Trison, the population in 1891 was 11,994.
(d) India.-The list of Irdian Towns contains all those with populations exceeding 200,000 in 1901. The populations
(Uantonments."
(e) Caloutta.-The populations given above are exclusive of those for the Suburbs of Cossipore and Chitpore, Manick-
toiiah, Gazden Reach, and Howrah ; including these suburbs the population was 882,116 in $1891,9 a d 1,106,738$ in 1901 .

TABLE 3.-CHIEF CITIES and TOWNS ; POPULATION 1891 and 1901, and INOREASE or DEGREASE in POPULATION, 1891-1901—continued.

(a) Colombo.-The popalation given is exclusive of the Military and Shipping.
(b) Singapore.-The figures are exclusive of those for the military and floating populations, and for the vagrants or wayfarers.
(c) George Town.-The figures are exclusive of those for the military and floating populations. In the Report on the Census of Penang it is stated that: "owing to the confusion which was made in 1891 returns between the Municipality and the North-East District (part of the population of the former being included in the latter) it is almost useless to compare the totals of the Municipality for this year, 1901, with those of 1891."
(d) Malacea.-The figures are exclusive of those for the floating population.
(e) Sandakan.-The figures include the popalation of the Bay in addition to that of the Town and Suburbs.
if ) Victoria.-The popnlation given for 1891 apparently excludes races other than European, American and Chinese.
(g) Bathurst.-TThe figures inolnde those for the floating population.
(g) Bathurst.-The figures inolnde those for the foating population.
(h) Freetown.-The figures inolude those for the military population. 1891 are strictly comparable with those for 1901.
(i) Gold Coast Colony.-It appears doabtful whether the figures for 1891 are strictly
(j) Lagos Island and Harbour. -The populations include persons on board vessels.
(h) Cape of Good Hope, Natal.-The fignres marked ${ }^{\text {a are }}$ the populations enumerated in 1904.
(7) Cape Town, East Loondon, Port Elizabeth.-The populations are inclusive of persons on board vessels.
$(m)$ Natal. -The figures are the total populations of all races enumerated in 1904. The figures for the European or White populations in 1891 and 1904 respectively, were :-


TABLE 3.-CHIEF CITIES and TOWNS; POPULATION 1891 and 1901, and INCREASE or DECREASE in POPULATION, 1891-1901-continued.

| Cities and Towns. |  |  |  | Population (enumerated or estimated). |  | Increase ( + ) or Decrease ( - ) in Population 1891-1901. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | Numbers. | Per Cent. |
| Orange River Colony aBloemfontein ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 3,319 | - 25,873 | - | - |
| Transfacia $a$ - <br> Pretoria $\qquad$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | - | * 38,519 | - | - |
| Johannesburg ... ... | ... | ... | .. | - | ${ }^{\text {s }} 155,642$ | - | - |
| MaUbitios- Port Louis $b$ ... ... ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 62,515 | 52,740 | - 9,775 | $-15.6$ |
| AMERICA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ... | ... | .. | 44,154 | 59,928 | $+15,774$ | $+35 \cdot 7$ |
| Halifax ... ... ... | ... | ... | ... | 38,437 | 40,832 | + $+\quad 2,395$ $+\quad 3,675$ | ( $+\quad 62$ $+\quad 7.5$ |
| Hamilton ... ... ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 48,959 $\mathbf{3 1 , 9 7 7}$ | 52,634 $\mathbf{3 7 , 9 8 1}$ | $+\quad 3,004$ $+\quad 6,004$ | + 18.8 |
| London $\quad .$. | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 219,616 | 267,730 | + 48,114 | +21.9 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Montreal } \\ \text { Quebec } & \ldots . & . . \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ | ... | .... | $\cdots$ | - 219,090 : | 68,840 | + 5,750 | +911 |
| Suebec (N.B.) $\quad \ldots \quad \ldots$ | .... | .... | $\ldots$ | 39,179 | 40,711 | + 1,532 | +3.9 $+\mathbf{3 . 8}$ |
| Toronto ... ... ... | ... | .. | $\cdots$ | 181,215 13,709 | 208,040 $\mathbf{2 6 , 1 3 3}$ | $+\quad 26,825$ $+\quad 12,424$ | +988 +906 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Vancouver } \\ \text { Winnipeg } & . . . & . . \\ \end{array}$ | .... | $\ldots$ | ... | 13,709 $\mathbf{2 5 , 6 3 9}$ | 42,340 | $+12,701$ $+16,7$ | +65.1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Newfoundrand- } \\ & \text { St. John's } d \text {... ... } \end{aligned}$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 25,738 | 39,594 | $+3,856$ | $+150$ |
| Jamaica- <br> Kingston and Port Royal e ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 48,504 | 57,000 | + 8,496 | +17\% |
| Leeward Islands-Antigua- <br> City of St. John | ... | ... | ... | 9,738 | 9,262 | - 476 | - 49 |
| Grenada- <br> St. George $f$... ... ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 4,919 | 5,188 | + 269 | + 5.5 |
| St. Lucia- <br> Castries | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 6,688 | 7,910 | + 1,222 | $+183$ |
| $\underset{\text { Port of Spain } g \text {... ... }}{\substack{\text { Trinidad- }}}$ | ... | ... | ... | 34,037 | 55,728 | + 21,691 | $+63 \cdot 7$ |
| $\begin{array}{cc}\text { British Honduras- } \\ \text { Belize } h & \text {... } \\ \text {... ... }\end{array}$ | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 6,972 | 9,113 | + 2,141 | $+30 \cdot 7$ |
| Britise Gotana- <br> Georgetown $i$ |  | ... | $\cdots$ | 53,176 | 48,192 | - 4,984 | $-9 \cdot 4$ |

(a) Orange River Colony and Transvaal.-The figures are exclnsive of those for the military. The estimated populationf, in 1896, of the towns in the Transvaal, were :-12,000 in Pretoria, and 102,714 in Johannesburg. The figures marked * are the populations enumerated in 1904
(b) Port Louis.-The populations include persons on board vessels, and those enumerated on the Flat, Gabriel, and Foquet Islands.
(c) Dominien of Canada.-The list of Canadian cities and towns contains all those with populations exceeding 25,000 in 1901.
(d) St. John's (Newfoundland).-The populations are approximate numbers within the municipal limits.
(e) Kingston and Port Royal.-The population for 1901 is an estimated number.
(f) Sl. George, Grenada.-The populations include persons on board vessels.
(g) Port of Spain.-The popnlations include persons on board vessels.
(h) Belize.-The figures for 1891 include those for the "Harbour, Fabers Road, etc.," which were separately ennmerated in 1901, and then contained 393 persons.
(i) Georgetown.- No Census having been taken in 1901, the population for that year has been estimated from the retnrns of births, deaths, and migration. Had the population of the City continued to increase at the same rate as between 1881 and 1891, the population in 1901 would have been 59,929 .

TABLE 3.-CHIEF CITIES and TOWNS; POPULATION 1891 and 1901, and INCREASE or DECREASE in POPULATION, 1891-1901—continued.

| Cities and Towns. |  |  |  |  |  | Population (enumerated or estimated). |  | Increase $(+$ ) or Decrease ( - ) in Population 1891-1901. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | Numbsrs. | Per Cent. |
| AUSTRALASIA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New South Wall Sydney b |  |  | ... | ... | ... | 387,434 | 487,932 | +100,498 | + 25.9 |
| Broken Hill ... <br> Newcastle $c$... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 19,789 \\ & 50,662 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27,500 \\ \mathbf{5 4 , 9 9 1} \end{array}$ | $+\quad 7,711$ $+\quad 4,329$ | + +390 +8.5 |
| Vrotoria $a-$ Melbourne $d$... | - -8 |  | ... | ... | ... | 490,896 | 496,079 | + 5,183 | + 1.1 |
| Ballarat Bendigo | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | -. | ... | 24,257 $\mathbf{2 6 , 7 7 4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,499 \\ & 30,774 \end{aligned}$ | $+\quad 1,242$ $+\quad 4,000$ | + $+\quad 5$ +14.9 |
| Queensland aBrisbane $e$... |  |  | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 101,554 | 119,428 | + 17,874 | $+17.6$ |
| South Australia <br> Adelaide $f$ |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 133,2052 | 162,261 | + 29,009 | + 21.8 |
| Port Adelaide |  |  |  | ... | ... | 17,140 | 20,089 | + 2,949 | + 17.2 |
| $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Western Austrai } \\ \text { Perth ... ... } \end{array}$ | a- |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 8,447 | 27,553 | +19,106 | + 226.2 |
| Tasmanta aHobart $g$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 24,905 | 24,654 | $\rightarrow 251$ | - 1.0 |
| New Zealand $h$ Wellington |  | ... | ... | ... | . | 37,441 | 43,638 | + 6,197 | + 16.6 |
| Auckland Dunedin | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,424 \\ & 22,815 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,213 \\ & 24,879 \end{aligned}$ | $+\quad 2,789$ $+\quad 2,664$ | $+\quad 8.9$ $+\quad 9.0$ |

(a) Australian Commonwealth. -The list of towns contains all those with populations exceeding 20,000 in 1901.
(b) Sydney.-The populations include those of the Suburbs, persons on board vessels, and the aboriginal population. The population within the Municipal City was 106,955 in 1891 and 111,255 in 1901.
(c) Newcastle. -The populations include persons on board vessels, but exclude aborigines.
(d) Melbourne.-The populations are for "Greater Melbourne", i.e., the area within a radius of 10 miles from the Melbourne Post Office ; the population in the City proper was 73,361 in 1891 and 68,374 in 1901.
(e) Brisbane. -The populations include those for the City, and Suburbs within a radius of 10 miles from the General

Post Office; the population of Brisbane Mnnicipality was 26,373 in 1891 and 28,953 in 1901.
(f) Adelaide. The popnlations include those for the City, and Suburbs within a radius of 10 miles from the General

Post Office! The population of the City of Adelaide was 37,837 in 1891 and 39,240 in 1901.
(g) Hobart. -The figures include the shipping population and the Half Castes.
(h) New Zealand. -The list of towns for New Zealand contains all those with populations exceeding 20,000 in 1901. The fignres for 1896 are given for comparison instead of those for 1891 . The populations are exclusive of Maoris and the Half Castes living with them, and also exclude the persons on vessels. The Suburbs of the three cbief Cities are not included; the following figures show the growth during the 10 years 1891 to 1901 in these Cities together with their Snbarbs :-

| - | 1891. | 1901. | Increase. | Increase per cent. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anckland and Suburbs .. $\because$ <br> Dunedin and Suburbs   <br> Wellington and Suburbs $\because$ $\because$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51,287 \\ & 45,869 \\ & 34,190 \end{aligned}$ | 67,226 56,390 49,344 | $\begin{gathered} 15,939 \\ 6,51 \\ \mathbf{6}, 5151 \end{gathered}$ | 31.1 14. 44.3 |  |

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available.

table 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Malta and Gozo.-The "Not stated" include (1) the garrison without the local troops, (2) the Roya Navy, excluding Maltese
employed on board $H$, M's ships, and (3) the merchant shipping, exclading crews of ghips registored in the port of Maita and present at the time.

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Cuwrus.-The "Not stated" are the British military popuIation.
recorded.
(c) Ceylon.-The 4,914 prisoners of war are not included.

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Straits Settlements.-The "Not stated" include the floating population, the military, and the vagrants. The population of the Cocos or Keeling Islands is returned in the following age-groups:-

| The population of the Cocos or Keeling Lslands is returned in the following age-groups:- |
| :--- |

TABLE 4.-AGES OF PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c. for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Natal-,The numbers given above relate to proups of ages differing slightily from those shown in the first column of the Table :
the exact groaping, as given in the Natal Census Report, appears in Table 5 , on page 164 .

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS; MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.


[^9]all the children in the garrison being connted as females.
19809

TABLE 4．－AGES of PERSONS，MALES，and FEMALES，in those Colonies，\＆c．， for which returns are available－continued．


[^10]TABLi 4-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Labrador -The sexes and ages of 1,377 persons were not stated.

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

.TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Brittsh Honduras.-The Ages have been grouped as "under 1 ", "1-8", " $6-11 ", " 11-15 " ;$ "15-21", "21-31", \&c., up to " 81 and upwards"
 (b) Falkland Istands.-The "Not Stated" comprise the offleers and men of a British man-of-war and-a small number of Italian and (c) New South Wales.-The "Not Stated" com and (3) Aborigines (1,073 Males and 760 Females).

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(a) Victoria.-The "Not Stated "compise (1) Children (under 15) f02 Males and 378 Females; and (2) Adulta (over 16) 2,082 Males and 1,383 Females. Where no data were availahle tor dividing the "Not Stated"into "under" and "over 15 " an estimate Was made. for (h) Queensland,-The no particulars as to either age or gex can he given ; (2) Children, 7 Males and 14 Females; and (3) Adulta, principally Pacife Islandera, 3,312 Males and 388 Females
(c) South Australia.-The "Not Stated" are all the Aborigines (full-bloofed and half-caste), of whom 6,505 are Children ( 2,848 Males and 2,657 Females), and 21,618 Adulta (11,577 Males and 10,041 Females) Detaijs rejating to "Adults" and "Children" were not always procurable, so the figures are partly estimated.

TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.


[^11]TABLE 4.-AGES of PERSONS, MALES, and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.


1146 Mr New Zealand. -The "Not Stated" in the Maori Population include 684 Males and 634 Females under 15 years of age and 1,146 Males and 1,225 Females above that age.
(b) F4jt Islands.-The "Not Stated " oomprise the Fijians, the Indians, Polynesians, and all others (except Whites and Half-castes) and are divided into the following classes:-

| Children. |  | Youths. |  | Adults. |  | Aged. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| 17,223 | 14,860 | 10,821 | 6,784 | 28,293 | 21,045 , | 7,207 | 7,682 | 63,644 | 50,371 |

The ages of the population of Rotuma are excluded from the Table; the coloured population comprised 735 children, 534 youths, 490 adulta, and 475 aged; the half-castes comprised 2 adults and 10 children ; while the ages of the 12 white persons were stated to range from 24 to 64 years.

GENERAL NOTE,-In many of the Colonies the particulars as to the ages of their populations are not given in sufficient detail to allow of their inclusion in the Table. All the information available will be found in the detailed Tables relating to the various allow of
Colonies.

TABLE 5.-CONDITION AS TO MARRIAGE.

TABLE 5.-CONDITION as to MARRIAGE, and AGES, of PERSONS, MALES


[^12]and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available.


TABLE 5.-CONDITION as to MARRIAGE, and AGES, of PERSONS, MALES


[^13]and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.


[^14]TABLE 5.-CONDITION as to MARRIAGE, and AGES of PERSONS, MALES

(a) Ascension Tsland.- The cendition as to marriage and the ages of 128 "Kromomen", moatly natives of Sierra Leene, are not stated.
(b) Grenada.-Above 35 years of age, the ages are tabratated in the groups $35-40,40-50,60-60,60$. 70 , and 70 years and upwards,
(c) St. Lucia.-Above 20 years of age, the ages are tabalated in decennial groups up to 60 years, all above that age being shown in
and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(d) Falkland Islands.-The condition as to marriage and the ages are not stated for the officers and men of a Britibh man-of-war, or for the kabourersimported ander contract for work on the Naval Coaling Depot, together numbering 210 persons. Above 20 years the (e) Victoria.-The condition as to marriage of 3,892 persons ( 2,854 males and $1,238^{\text {females) is not stated }}$

TABLE 5.-CONDITIONS as to MARRIAGE, and AGES, of PERSONS, MALES


[^15] marriage, and ages of the nomadic Aborigines, estimated at 20,000 , are not stated. Above 55 years of age the ages are tabulated in the groups $65-60,60-10,70-80$, and 80 years and upwards.
(e) Wouth Australia. The condition as to marriage and the ages of the Aborigines ( 97,123 persons) are not stated.
(e) Westerv Australia.-Ths condition as to marriage of 878 persons ( 543 males and 335 females) is not stated.
and FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

(d) Tasmania,-The condition as to marriage of 431 rersons ( 305 males and 126 females) is not stated,
(e) New Zealand.-The condition as to marriage of 1,388 persong ( 926 maleg and 462 females) is not stated; the condition as to marriage and the ages of 352 officers and men of the Royal Navy, and of the Maori population (23,11\% males and 20,031 lemales) are of the half-castes and of the coloured popalation, 115,419 persons ( 64,297 males and 51,122 females), are not stated

TABLE 5 (continued).-CONDITION as to MARRIAGE of PERSONS, MALES, and

(a) Straits Settlements.-The condition as to marriage was not returned as regards the female population.
(b) Lagos (Colony and Protectorate). The condition as to marriage was returned onlv in he Island and Harbour and in Ebute Mettu or Whites 17,756 male and 876 female natives enumerated on Householders' Schedules, and 1,491 male and 453 and 3,644 female Europeans Coloured Persnns.
(d) St. Helena.-The 1,858 persons whose condition as to marrisge was not returned include the military ( 1,537 persons) and the shipping pop (e) Mauritius and Dep classified as unmarried include Indisns who are mssried in Mauritius according to their own (2 313 persons) was not returned. The numbers legal.

FEMALES, in those Colonies, \&c., where ages are not shown in relation thereto.

(f) Newfoundland.- Only the married and widowed ars distinguishod in the returns; the numbers shown in the above Table as momarried are tharsiore obtainad by deducting from the total population those stated to be either married or widowed.
(g) Labrador $\rightarrow$ The $1,3 i 7$ persons whose condition as to marriage is shown as unspecified were enumerated in districts where such (g) Labrador-The 1,377 persans whose condition as to marriage is shown as unspecified were enumerat
particulars wers not obtined. The numbers shown as unmarried ars derived as in Newfouodland See notef.
(h) Bermudas or Somers Islands.-The condition as to marriage of 707 Foreign visitors, not included in the general population, was
ung cifled. ' Bahama Islands.-The numbers of marrisd persons only is stated in the return without regard to sex. The numbers of unmarried and widowed are not given.

TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES and FEMALES in those
Note.-In the English Census Volumes the occupations of the population are classified under 23 orders, which are divided space it is only possible in this Table to show the figures relating to occupations in the Colonies, \&c., under the orders the various arrangements adopter in the diffcrent Colonial Census Reports will be fonnd in the detailed tables for the strictly comparable with those included under the same headings in certain of the Colonies owing to several differences classification for the United Kingdom, Clerks (other than Civil Service, Railway, Bank, and Insurance Clerks) are Watchmen, are classified under special headings, whereas in the Australasian Returns, and possibly in those for some explanatory note, Table of Occupations for Australasia, page 272.

| Ogcupations. | United Kingdom. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Eogland and Wales. |  | Scotland. |  | Ireland. |  |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| Тотal ... ... ... <br> I. General or Local Government of the Country. <br> 1 and 2. National and Local Government ... | 15,728,613 | 16,799,230 | 2,173,755 | 2,298,348 | 2,200,040 | 2,258,735 |
|  | 171,687 | 26.500 | 19,194 | 2,203 | 30,268 | 4,013 |
| II. Defence of the Country. <br> 1. Army | 112,82255,416 | - | 6,401 | - | 25,321 | - |
| 2. Navy and Marines (Ashore and in Port) ... |  | - | 1,656 | - | 2,377 | - |
| ili. Professional Occupations and their Subordinate Sifrvices. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Clerical ... ... ... ... ... ... <br> 2. Legal | 50,909 55,064 50 | 11,507 367 | 7,149 $\mathbf{9 , 5 9 8}$ | 988 32 | 8,5074,424 | 8,42538 |
| 3. Medical $\begin{aligned} & \text {... } \\ & \text { 2. } \\ & \text { Megal } \\ & \text { ar }\end{aligned}$ | 35,043 | 68,984 | 4,300 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,445 \\ 17,374 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| 4. Teaching ... ... ... ... ... ... | 61,899 | 172,873 | 8,040 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 3 6 1} a \\ & 7,700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,093 \\ \mathbf{1 2 , 8 8 5} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 5,6,7, 8. Others ... ... ... ... ... | 108,703 | 140,911 | 11,489 | 17,192 4,192 | 5,066 | 1,931 |
| IV. Domestic Offices or Services. <br> 1. Domestic Indoor Service ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Domestic Outdoor Service <br> 3. Other Service- | $\begin{array}{r} 64,146 \\ 179,932 \end{array}$ | $1,330,783$ 36 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,089 \\ 18,888 \end{array}$ | 143,699 12 | 13,641 | 166,672 |
| Cooks (not described as Domestic) ... | $\begin{array}{r} 6,900 \\ 8,874 \\ 44,343 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,615 \\ 196,141 \\ 155,147 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 241 \\ 511 \\ 4,026 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 515 \\ 17,630 \\ 12,619 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 121 \\ 253 \\ 2,460 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 317 \\ 12,919 \\ 10,668 \end{array}$ |
| Laundry and Washing Service ... ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Others... ... ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V. Commercial Occupations. <br> 1. Merchants, Agents, and Accountants- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merchants, Salesmen, Buyers (commodity undefined). | 7,046 | 567 | 662 | 370 | 2,623 | 812 |
| Brokers, Agents, Factors ... ... ... Others ... | $\begin{aligned} & 41,108 \\ & 88,580 \end{aligned}$ | 1,279 660 | 4,43212,283 | $\begin{aligned} & 101 \\ & 138 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,391 \\ & 6,583 \end{aligned}$ | 94171 |
| 2. Commercial or Business ${ }^{\text {O }}$ Olerks $\ldots$... ... | -307,889 | -55,784 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Dealers in Money ... ... ... ... | $\begin{gathered} 31,049 \\ \mathbf{5 5 , 0 1 3} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 279 \\ 1,375 \end{array}$ | - ${ }^{38,5051}$ | 15,399 2 | 18,952 2.695 | 3,437 |
| 4. Insurance ... ... ... ... ... |  |  | 5,515 | 29 49 | 1,550 | 213 |
| VI. Convetance of Men, Goods, and Messages. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. On Railways ... ... ... ... ... | $\begin{aligned} & 351,911 \\ & 430,465 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,441 \\ & 1186 \end{aligned}$ | $42,815$ | 222 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,631 b \\ & 21,993 \end{aligned}$ | 96 |
| 2. On Roads... ... ... ${ }^{\text {3. On Seas, Rivers, and Canals ... } . . .}$... | $131,429$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,186 \\ 842 \end{array}$ | 20,423 | 93 128 |  | 86 |
| 4. In Docks, Harhours, and Lighthouses ... ... |  |  |  | 128 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,371 \\ 4,829 \end{array}$ | 44 |
| 5. In Storage, Porterage, and Messages- ... | 100,141 | 8 | 10,657 | 2 |  | 8 |
| Messengers, Porters, Watchmen (not descrihed as Railway or Government). | 180,496 | 4,991 | 19,248 | 4,745 | $11,586$ | 145 |
| Others ... ... ... ... ... ... | 54,558 | 10,357 | 8,262 | 2,887 | 2,388 | 119 |
| VII. Agriculture. <br> 1. On Farms, Woods, and Gardens ... ... | 1,071,040 | 57,564 | 169,130 | 40,581 |  |  |
| VIII. Fishing. |  | 51,064 |  |  | . 769,727 | 85.462 e |
| I. Fishing ... ... .. ... ... ... | 23,725 | 166 | 27,451 | 149 | 10,361 | 73 |
| Ix In and arout, and Dealing in the Products of, Mines and Quarries. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Mines ... ... ... ... ... .. | $\begin{array}{r} 711,180 \\ 88,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,409 \\ 697 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114,702 \\ 16,136 \end{array}$ | 1:292 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,966 \\ & 4,499 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 2. Quarries ... ... ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |
| X. Metals, Machines, Implements, and Conveyances. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Ships and Boats ... ... ... ... | $\begin{array}{r} 941,288 \\ 86,524 \\ 115,083 \\ 31,285 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56,323 \\ 113 \\ 3,395 \\ 3,185 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 155,488 \\ 34,527 \\ 7,216 \\ 5,003 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,331 \\ 129 \\ 63 \\ 1,073 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28,978 \\ 6,232 \\ 3,869 \\ 1,782 \end{gathered}$ | $102 d$218196 |
| 9. Vehicles... ... ... ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Dealcrs ... ... ... ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^16]Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available.
into 77 sub-orders, these being again sub-divided into 382 occupational headings (see Table 6a). Owing to limitations of and sub-ordere (with slight modifications) as used in the English classification. Further information presented according to tespeotive Colonies. The numbers engaged in certain occupations in the United Kingdom cannot always be considered as in the principles of classification for which it is not possible to make corrections in this table. For instance:-in the classified inder the heading "Commercial Clerk"; Engine Drivers, Carmen, Carters and Carriers, Messengers, Porters, and other Colonies, persons following such occupations are classified under the industry with which they are connected (see


* Excluding the Mulitary population of 130 persons.
$a$ Including the Garrison of 5,349 Officers and Mon.
b Including 448 Coal Labourers.
$c$ See note $a$, page 39. $\quad d$ Jncluding the Garrison of 9,224 Officers and Men.
$e$ Including 107 returned as Judge, Magistrate, Advocate. $f$ Including 3 Nursing Sisters of the Royal Navy.
g Inclnding 11 Schoolmistresses in the Garrison.
$\hbar$ Including 1,330 males and 18 females returned as Porters, Packers of Goods.
$i$ Including 35 male and 4 female Water Carriers.
$j$ Including 11,269 male and 1,593 female Labourers. some of whom would probably be General Labourers.
$h$ Including 393,315 males and 30,564 females classified as Civil Officers in the Service of Native and Foreign States.
$l$ Including those classed as Followers, as in Military Administrative Establishments, and as in Military Service Unspecified ; also those in the Service of Native and Foreign States.
$m$ Including 318,702 male and 255, 139 female Water Carriers.
In Including 294,136 males and 3,708 females returned as Clerks, Bailiffs, Petty Rent Collectors; the figures given in this Table do not represent the total number of Clerks, but only that proportion whioh is separately shown in the Indian Census Returns ; the remainder are distributed amongst the various trades with which they are connected.
o Exoluding Railway Labourers who are shown under the heading of Road, Canal, Railway Labourers in the Indian
Census Returns, this heading being included in Order 12, Sub-order 2 in this table.
p Inclnding 2,172,967 males and 343,642 females classified under Stock-Breeding and Dealing ; also 14,377,965 male and 6,151,933 female Rent Receivers, and $34,026,928$ male and $11,008,358$ female Rent Payers.


Colonies, \&c., for which returns are available-continued.

a Including 212 males deacribed as Carpenters and Shipwrights.
c Excluding Cabinet Makers, see note $b$.
$e$ Including 8 male and 5,497 female Lace Makers.
$f$ Including 1,354 males and 475 females described as Merchants, Dealers, and 434 male and 2 female Commercial Employés. $g$ Including 6,739 Female Spinners and Weavers (undefined)

- h Thcluding 27,638 males and 7,700 females retarned as Landowners.
$i$ Including 50,161 males and 16,316 females returned as Thatchers or Thatch Dealers. j Including Railway Labourers.
$\hbar$ Including 328,600 males and 330,552 females engaged in making and selling Baskets, Mats, Fans, \&c.
$l$ Including 561,302 males and 325,263 females engaged in the preparation and sale of Vegetable Oils for food.
$m$ Including $1,836,434$ males and 832,594 females returned as Cotton Weavers (hand industry); in some parts of India.
weavers in unspecified materials are included under this heading
$n$ Including 26,894 male and 17,086 female Flower Garland Makers and Sellers.
0 Including 212,393 male and 17,814 female Toddy Drawere.

TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES and FEMALES in those

$a$ Including 1,319 males and 6 females returned as Tom-tom beaters
$b$ Including 551,861 males and 255,598 females engaged in the cultivation of :-
Rice, 296,183 males, 95,762 females $. . . \quad . . . \quad$ Tea, 177,062 males, 135,589 females,
Cocoanuts, 53,988 males, 19,215 females ... ... Tobacco, 24,628 males, 5,032 females,
also 74,658 male and 30,952 female Labourers (otherwise unspecified), and 23,636 males and 12,078 females returned as Landed Proprietors (otherwise unspecified).
e Including 16,274 males and 2,250 females engaged in Mining and dealing in Plumbago.
d Including 5,148 male and 34 female workers in Iron and Hardware.
$e$ Exclusive of 1,307 Aborigines. sex not stated.
$f$ Described as Water Carriers.
$g$ Including 44,347 male and 24,821 female Rice Planters; and 3,449 males and 2,081 females returned as Atap Makers.
$h$ Including 155,571 males and 867 females engaged in Tin Mining.
$i$ Including 406 Police and Watchmen.
$j$ Inclnding 20 Police and Watchmen.

Colgnies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.

*The figures relate only to that part of the Colony (viz.: the Island and Harbour and Ebute Metta) in which the
population was ennmerated.
a The Floating Population ( 25,402 males and 14,598 females) and the Population of the New Territory ( 57,344 males
and 44,910 females), are not classified with regard to Occupations, and are therefore included in Order 23.
$b$ Including women and children in Military Establishments, $c$ Including women and children in Naval Establishm:ents.
d Inclnding 3,920 persons described as Miscellaneons under the head of Metals and Precious Stones.
$e$ Including $2 \overline{7} 9$ Carriers, Gambia Expedition. $\quad f$ Described as Fishermen and Native Seamen.
Including 334,742 males and 422,324 females retarnei as "Peasants."
g Dealers are also included under the other headings in this Order.
$j$ Engaged in dealing and working in Arms and Ammunition. $k$ See note $g$, page 43.
" "Postal Service" is included in Order VI. and not in Order I. $m$ Including Hospital Service.
$n$ Dealers are also included under the other headings in this Order.

TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES and FEMALES in those


[^17]Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.

** See note '*, pagé 41.
a Perions described as Earth Conlies.
${ }_{6}$ Including 175 males returned under the heading of Non-Domestic Entertainment.
c Including 9,938 males returned under the head of Indefinite means of subsistence, see also note a, page 41.
$d$ Incítuding 6,880 males and 924 females classed as Grumettas, Labourers, and House Servants ; also 3,018 males classed
as Mechanios ; also 2,030 males and 3,966 females classed as Miscellaneous.
$e$ Described as Dyors.
Including persons dealing in Carriages.
$h$ Including 2,550 males and 1 female described as engaged in Mechanical Pursuits, and 100 males described as engaged in Conveyance of Mon, Goods, and Animals.

Including the persons working at the now Mazsl's Poort Waterworks for Bloamfontein.
$l$ Inoluding 15,008 males and 14 females desoribed as Mechanics and Labourers (general or undefined).

TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES and FEMALES in those


Colonies, \&cc., for which Returns are available-continued.

a Inoluding 3,205 Labourers on Estates. e Cumprising males retnrned as Engaged in othe:: who cultivate land. See note $d$, page 47.
d Civil Population only. $e$ Described as Ship Carpenters.
$f$ Described as Seamen and Fishermen.
$g$ The sexes are not distinguished for the separate occupations included in Orders X to XIX; the numbers shown under
these headings comprise 2,963 males and 34 females retnrned under the general heading. "Mechanics and Handicraftsmen," and fnrther classified without regard to sex.
$h$ Described as Merchants, Agents and Dealers.
i Described as Boatmen and Fishermen.
$j$ Including 159 described as Druggists and Dispensers.
$k$ See note $u$, puge 47.
${ }_{l}{ }_{2}$ Including 159 described as Druggists and Dispensers. ${ }_{174}$ Lightermen and Stevedores, also see note $n$ on this page.
m See note $l$ on this page.
$n$ Described as Boatman, Fisherman.
$o$ Inclnding 179 desoribed as Tinsmiths and Plumbers.

TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES and FEMALES in those

$a$ Described as Carpenters, Joiners and Turners.
b Inoluding 2,925 male and 204 female Jobmen, 2,229 males described as Engineers and Mechanics, and 724 males as Clerks not Commercial.

Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.

b Dcscribed as Hat, Bag, and Mat Makers.
a Descrified a Carpenters, Joiners, Turners.
e Toctuditig fis Olerks not Commercial.
Comprigirg females returned as Engaged in Curing Fish. See note $a$, page 45.
$f$ Compising Meohanics, 3,111; Employed in Factories or Workshops, 626 ; and Othorwise Employed, 11,639
g Described as Hónée Oarpenters or Cabinet Makers. $\quad h$ Described as Marine Engineers or Engine Drivers. i Hersons clasisified as Traders and Clerks. $j$ Including Servants. $h$ Described as Mechanics and Handicraftemen. Descitida is Industrial. $\quad m$ Described as Indefinite and Non-productive. mabes described as Clerks and Shopmen.
0 melugut 41 males and 43 females described as Clerks and Described as Seamstreases.
$p$ Described as Labonrers and Porters, $\quad$ Including 723 persons returned as Traders and Clerks. $q$ Described as Seamstresses.
s Including Demestic Servants,
$t$ Pescribed a Meokianics and Handicraftsmen.



TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES a.nd FEMALES in those

$u$ The occupations of males only are given with the exception of 911 female Domestic Servants, and concequently the remainder of the female population has been included amongst the unspecified or unocoupied in Order 23.
$b$ See note $a$ on this page. $\quad c$ Inclnding 1,947 Woodcutters. $d$ See note $c$. page 50 .
$e$ The classification used in tabulating the occupations of the people in the Australian States and $N . w$ Zealand, is a purely economic one. It groups tog ther all persons, in whatever capacity engaged, who are more or less dependent for a livelihood on any one profession, trade, industry, or other pursuit; thus, the persons classed as Woollen Mancifacturers smbrace not only the Proprietors, Overseers, and Workers in Woollen Mills, but also the Cler ks, Labourers, arid Carters, and others employed in connection with the industry; the term Draper or Grocer embraces Principals, Assistants, Clerks, and others employed in or attached to drspery or grocery establishments. See Victoria Census Report, Part IX., nage 5.
$f$ See note $f$, page 50 . $g$ See note $h$ on this page.
$h$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
$i$ Including 11,637 Coal Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 5,406 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 6,231 Gold (Alluvial) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 810 Gold (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 6,672 Silver MLine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 1,977 Copper Mine Manager, Officer, Miner, Worker; 1,642 ITir' ( Alluvial) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 225 Tin (Lode) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker.
$j$ See note $f$, page 50 . $\quad k$ See note $l$, on this page. $\quad l$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
$m$ Including 10,520 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 9,068 Gold (Allavial) Mine Prop
$m$ Including 10,520 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 9,068 Gold (Allavial) Mine Proprietor, Mansger, Worker, 2,092 Gold (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 894 Silver Mine Proprietor, Manage; Worker;
6,162 Mine (Undefined) Proprietor, Manager, Workex 6,162 Mine (Undefined) Proprietor: Manager, Worker,

Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.

$a$ Excluding a number of Nomadic Aborigines (estimated at 20,000), for whom no returns of oecupations are obtainable. $b$ See note $b$, page 51. $\quad c$ See note $d$ on this page. $\quad d$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
e Including 9,458 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 2,956 Gold (Alluvial) Mine Proprietor, Manager
Worker ; 319 Gold (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker.
$f$ See note $b$, page 51 . $g$ See note $h$ on this page. $h$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
$i$ Tncluding 962 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 872 Gold (Alluvial) Mine Proprietor, Manager,
Worker; 153 Gold (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 2,642 Copper Mine Manager, Officer, Miner, Worker.
$j$ See note $b$, page 51 . $l$ See note $l$ on this page.: $l$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
$m$ Including 15,755 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor'; Manager, Worker ; 1,388 Gold (Alluvial) Mine Proprietor, Manager,
Worker; 848 Gold (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker.
$n$ See note $b$, page 51. . $\quad 0$ See note $p$ on this page. $\quad p$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
g Including 661 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 70 Gold (Alluvial) Mine Pruprietor, Manager,
Worker: 130 Gld (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 1,199 Tin Miners; 1,330 Silver Mine Proprietor
Manager, Worker ; 1,046 Copper Mine Manager, Officer, Miner, Worker.
$r$ See note b, page 51.
$s$ See note $t$ on this page. $\quad t$ Including Salesmen (undefined).
$u$ Inclading 4,306 Gold (Quartz) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker; 6,615 Gold (Alluvial) Mine Proprietor, Manager,
Worker ; 406 Gold (Undefined) Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 2,212 Coal Mine Proprietor, Manager, Worker ; 3,190 male and 2 female Kauri Gum Diggers, \&c.
$v$ Occupations of the White Population only are returned.
1000

TABLE 6.-OCCUPATIONS of MALES and FEMALES in those


[^18]Colonies, \&cc., for which Returns are available-continued.

$a$ Including Bottlers. b Individing Servants in Hotels, Inins, Coffee Houses, Restaurants, Boarding Houses, \&c.
n Including 727 Kangaroo Hunters, Rabbiters.
d Including 186 male and 1 female Kangaroo Hunters, Rabbiters.
,e Including Aborigines ( 14,425 males and 12,693 females) for whom no occupations are recorded.
$f$ Including 41 male and 1 female Kangaroo Hunters, Rabbiters.
$g$ Including 320 male and 2 female Kangaroo Hunters, Rabbiters. $\cdots \cdots$......... $h$ ncluding 936
i Including Maoris (23,112 males and 20,031 females) for whom no occupations are returned.

## TABLE 6a.-LIST of OCCUPATIONAL HEADINGS adopted in the CENSUS of ENGLAND and WALES, 1901.

Nort.-In classifying the people by their Occupations the following rules have been observed :-Persons returned as engaged in more than one occupation have been referred to the occupation which in each case appeared to be the most important; or, if there was no difference in A Clergyman who is also a Schoolmaster has been classed under the heading "Schoolmaster." Persons returned as "Pensioners" or as "Retrade" Aromergyman who is also a Schoolmaster has been classed under the heading "schoolmaster. Persons returmed as "Pensioners" or "Retired" (sec Order XXIII.) Inmates of Lunatic Asylums or ff Workhouses, when returned as Insane and yet described by their former occupations, have-irrespective of age-been classed as "Retired." Other Inmates of Workhouses, unless aged 60 years or upwards, and Patients in Hospitals, and Prisoners of all ages, have been classed noder their stated occupations on the assumption that their ordinary work has been relinquished for a time only. Inmates of Workhouses aged 60 years and upwards, whose former occupations were returned, have been deal with as Retired.
headiogs are provided for subordinates. Messengers, Errand Boys, Porters, and Watchmen are, however, shown under a separate heading and Clerks are classified as Civil Service Clerks, Bank Clerks, Railway Clerks, Insurance Clerks, or Commercial Clerks, acording to the particular service in which they are engaged.
In the list of Occupations the Male designations only are given for convenience, except where the occnpations are exclusively followed by Females.
I. General or Local Government of the Country.

1. National Gocernment. Civil Service (Officers and Cicrka) Civil Service (Messengers, ©c.).
2. Local Government.

Police.
unicipal, Parish, and other Local or County Oficers.
II. Defence of the Country.

> 1. $A r m y(a t$ Home) Officers (Effectiv

Army Officers (Effective and soldiers and Non-Commissioned Officers.
2. Navy and Marines (Ashore and in
Pori). Officers of the Navy and Marines (Effective and Retired
III. PRofessional Occupations AND THEIR SUBORDINATE

Clergymen 1. Clerical.
Roman Caiholic Priests Church). Ministers, Pricsts, of other religiou Modies.
Missionaries, Scripture Readers,
Monks, Nuns, Sisters of Charity."
Church, Chapel, Cemetery-
Officers, \&c.
Barristers, Solicitorg.
Barristers,
Law Clerks.
Physicians, 3. Medical. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surgeons, General }\end{aligned}$ Dractitioners.
Dentists (including Assistants).
Veteriniary Surgeons
Sıck- Nurses, Invalid Attendants. Subordinate Medical Service.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 4. Teaching. } \\
& \text { ters. Teache }
\end{aligned}
$$

Schoolmanters. Teachers, Profes-
sors, Lecturers.
Others concerncd in Teaching.
5. Literary and Scientific.

Authors, Editors, Journalists; Reporters, Shorthand Writers. Persons engaged in Scientific Pur-
suits Suits.
\& c .
6. Engineers and Surveyors.

Civil and Mining Engineers.
7. Art, Mfusic, Drama.

Painters, Eingravers, Sculptors (artists).
A rchitects.
Architects.
Musicians, Music Masters, Singers.
Actors. Art, Music, Theatre-Service, \&c.
8. Exhibitians, Games, \&ec Performers, Showmen ; Exhibition. Games-Service.

## IV. DOMESTIC OFFICES OK

 SERVICES.1. Domestic Indoor Service. Domestic Indoor Servants in Hotels, Lodging, and Eating
Other Domestic Indoor Servants.
IV. DOMESTIC OFFICES OR
2. Domesttc Outdoor Service. Domestic Coachmen, Grooms. Domestic Gardeners.
3. Other Service.

College, Club-Service.
Caretakers ; Office, Park, Ladge Gate, \&c., Keepers (not Govern(font).
Cooks (not Domestic).
Laundry and Washing Service. Others engaged in Service.
V. Commercial Occupations.

> 1. Merchants, Agents, and

Merchants (commodity undefined) Brokers, A gents, Factors Salesmen, Buyers (not otherwise Commercial
Accountants.
Auctioneers, Appraisers, Valuers,
House Agents House Agents.
Offcers of Commercial Oompany
2. Cammercial or Business Clerks, Commercial or Business Clerks.
3. Dealers in Money.

Bankers; Bank-ufficials. Clerks. Bill Discounters, Brokers, Finance
4. Insurance.
Life, Honse, Ship, \&c., InsuranceOfficials, Clerks, \&ic.
I. Convayance of Men, Goods, and Messages.

1. On Railways.

Railway Oftians or Clerks. Railway Guards.
Signalmen.
Pointsmen, Level Crossing Men. Ratelayers, Gangers, Packers. Contractors' Labonrers) Railway Porters and Servants.

## 2. On Raads.

Livery Stable Keepers; Coach, Cab-Proprietors.
oachmen Grooms (not Domestic) ; Cabmen.
Carmen, Carriers, Carters,
Waggoners (not Farm) Waggoners (not
Omnibus Service.
Tramway Service.
Others on Roads.
3. On Seas, Rivers, and Canals. Merchant Service; Seamen, Pilots;
Boatmen on Seas. Boatmen on Seas.
Bargemen, Lightermen, Watermen
avigation Service (on shore)
4. In Dacks, Harbours, and Light

Dock Labourers, Wharf Labourers Harborr, Dock, Wharf, Light-house-Officials and Servants.
5. In Storage, Porterage, and Warehousemen.
Coalheavers; Coal - Porters Labourers.
Messengers, Porters, Watchmen (not Railway or Government). Telegraph, Telephone-Service.

## VII. Agrioulture.

1. On Farms, Woods, and Gardens.

Farmers, Graziers., ters, or other Relatives assisting in the work of the Farm (so ratm Baili
lifts, F oremen.
Agricultural Lahourers, Farm Servants-distinguished as in charge of Cattle.
Agricultural Labourers, Farm Servants-distinguished as in Agricultural Labourers Farm Servants-not otherwise distinguished.
Woodmen.
Gardeners (not Domestic) ; Nurserymen, Seedsmen, Florists. Agricultural Machines - Proprietors, Attendants.
wers engaged in or connected with Agriculture.

## VIII. FISHING.

1. In Fishing.

Fishermen.
IX. In AND ABOUT, AND DEALMg IN THE PRODUCTS OF,

1. Mines.
Coal and Shale Mine-Hewers.

Coal and Shale Mine-Hewers.
Coal and Shale Mine-Other
Workers below ground.
Coai and Shale Mine-Workers
Coal and Shale Mine-Workers cobe Burners ${ }^{\text {abo }}$
Coke Burners, Patent Fuel Makers. Ironstone Miners.
Tin Miners.
Lead Miners.
Miners in other (or undeflned) Minerals.
Mine-Owners, Agents, Managers. Coal Coke-Mercha

2 Ouarriea
2. Quarries.

Stone-Quarriers, Catters,Dressers Slate-Quarriers, Workers.
Limeburners.
Clay, Sand, Gravel, Chalk-Labourers.
Qua Workers in Prodacts of
Dealers in Stone, Slate. \&c.
x. Metals, Machines, ImpleMENTS, AND CONVEYANCES.

1. Iron and Steel Manufacture Pig-Iron Manufacture (Blast FurPuddling Furnaces and Rolling Steel Smelting and Founding.
2. Manufacture of Other, Mixed Tinplate Manufacture
Copper Manufacture
Lead Manufacture.
Zinc Manufacture.
Brass, Eronze-Manufacture.
Manufacture of other or un-
specifled Metals.
3. Engincering, and Machine Mraktng. Patternmakers.
Millwrights.
ronfounders.
Brassiounders.
Blacksmiths, Strikers.
Brectors, Fitters, Turners.
Coppersmiths.
Metal Machinists.
Boiler Makers.
Mar or undefined Engine and
Machine Makers.
X. Metals, Machines, ImpleMENT:, AND CONVEYANCEScontinued.

Tool Makers.
4. Tools.

File Makers.
Cutlers and Scissors Makers.
Needle, Pin-Mukers.
Steel Pen Makers.
5. Types, Dles, Medals, Cains.

Die, Seal, Coin, Medal-Makers.

Gunsmiths, Gun Mrms.
Sword, Ba yonet-Makers, Cutler
7. Miscollaneous Metal Trades.

Naii Manufacture
Bolt, Nat, Rivet, screw, Staple-
Makers.
Anchor, Chain--Manufacture.
Stove, Grate, Range, Fire Iron-
Makers.
Bedstead Makers (Iron or Brass)
Iron Workers-Undefned or In-
determinable.
Wire-Drawers, Makers, Workers Weavers.
Lock, Key-Makers.
Lamp, Lantern, Candlestick-
Mamp, Lantern, Candlestick-
Mhikers Metal and Electro-Plate
White Metal and Electro-Plate
Ware Manufacturers;Pewterers
Tinplate Goods Makers.
Copper Workers.
Zinc Worlers Makers
Zinc Workers
Orass, Bronze-Workers.
Other Metal Workers.
Ship- Ships and Baats.
Ship--Platers, Rivetters, \&c.
Other Workers in Iron.
Shipwrights.
Other W orkers in Wood

- Tot

9. Vehicles.

Cycle and Motor Manufacture. Railway-Coach, Waggon Makers. Coach, Carriage-Makers. Wheelw rights.
Others in construction of Vehicles
10. Dealers.
Ironmongers ;
Hardware Other Dealers in Metals,
XI. Precious Metals, Jewels, WATCHEE, INSTRUMENTS, AND Games.

1. Precious Metals and Jewellery. Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Jewel-
Lapidaries and other Workers.
2. Watches and Scientific Instruments. Watchmakers, Clockmakers.
Scientific Instrument Makers; Opticians.
Electrical Apparatus Makers.
Weighing and Measuring Appara-
tus Makers. Surgical Instrument Makers
3. Musical Instruments.

Musical Instrument Makers.
4. Tackle for Sports and Games. Fishing Tackle, 'To ${ }^{\text {p, Game Ap- }}$
paratus-Makers.

5 Dealers.
Dealers in Precious Metals, Jewel-
lery, and Watches.

TABLE 6a.-LIST of OCCUPATIONAL HEADINGS adopted in the CENSUS of
ENGLAND and WALES, 1901-continued.
XII. BUILDING AND WORES OF Construction.

1. House Building \&c. Builders.
Builders' Labourers.
Carpenters, Joiners.
Bricklayers,
Bricklayers' Labourers,
Masons;
Masons' Labourers.
Plasterers.
Plasterers' Laboursrs.
Paparhangers, Whitewashers.
Painters, Decorators, Glaziers. Plumbers.
Locksmiths, Bellhangers.
2. Other Works of Construction, and

Railway, Canol, Harhour, \&c. Contractors
Navvies, Railway Contractors' Labourers.
Road - Contractors, Surveyors,
Paviours, Road Labourers.
XIII. WOOD, FURNITURE, FITtings, and Degorations.

1. Furniture, Fittings, and Decora-

Cabinet Materions.
Cabinet Makers.
French Polishe
House and Sh
Undertakers ; Fittings Makers.
Makers.
Wood Carvers; Carvers and Gillows.
Willow, Cane, Rush-Workers
Pealers Makers.
Furniture, \&e., Dealers.
2. Wood and Bark.

Sawyers. Makers.
Wooden Box, Packing Case-
 Coopers; Hoop-Makers, Bender Cork, Bark-Cutters,
-Timber, Wood, Cork, Bark-Merchants, Dealers.
XIV. BRICK, CEMENT, POTTERY, AND Glass.

1. Brick, Cenient, Pottery, and Glass. Brick, Plain Tile, Terra-CottaMakers.
Plaster, Cement-Manufacture.
Earthonware, China, Porcelain-
Sheet, Plate-Glass Manufacture.
Glass Bottle Manufacture.
Other W orkers in Glass Manufac-
Brick, Cement, Pottery, GlassDealers.
XV. Chemicals, Oil, Grease, SOAP, RESIN, \&C.
2. Colouring Matter

Dye, Paint, Ink, Blacking-Manu-
2. Explosives and Matehes.

Gunpowder, Guncotton, Explosive Substance-Manufacture. Cartridge, Fireworke, Explosive
Lucifer Match Manufacture.
XV. Ohemicals, Oil, Griase

SOAP, RESIN, \&C.-continued.
3. Salt, Drugs, and other Chemica?s nitt and Connpounds.
Manufacturing Chemists.
Alkali Manufacture.
Chemists, Druggists.
4. Oil, Grease, Soap, Resin, \&c. Candle, Grease-Manufacture Soap-Boilers, Makers. Manure Manufacture.
India Rubber, Gutita PerchaWorkers.
Waterproof Goods Makers.
Gline, Size, Varnish, \&c.-Makers.
Gline, Size, Varnish, \&c,-Makers. Other Dea

XVI SKINs, LEATHER, HAIR, and FEATHERS.

1. Skins and Leather.

Furriers, Skinners.
Tanners.
Curriers; Leather Goods Makers.
2. Saddlery and Harness.

Saddlers; Harness, Whip-Makers.
3. Hair and Feathers.

Brast, Broom-Makers; Hair, Bristle-Workers.
4. Dealer's in Skins, Leather, Hair, and F'eathers. Dcalers in Skins, Leather, Hair, and Feathers.

XVII, PapEr, Prints, Books, AND STATIONERY.

1. Paper and Stationery. Paper Mannfacturs.
Paper Stainers
Stationery Manufacture.
Paper Box, Paper' Bag-Makers Other Workers in Paper, \&c. Stationers, Law Stationers.

## 2. Prints and Books

Printers.
thographers; Copper and Steel Plate Printers.
Bookhinders.
Puhlishers, Booksellers.
Puhlishers, Booksellers.
Newspaper Agents, Nows Room
Keopers.

XVIHI, TEXTILE Fabrics.

1. Cotton and Flax.

Cotton-Card and Blowing Room Processes.
Cotton-Spinning Processes Cotton-Winding, Warping, \&c., Processes.
Cotton-Weaving Processes. Cotton-Workers in other processes, or undefned.
Fustian Manufacture.
Flax, Linen, Manufacture.

> 2. Wool and Worsted. S. Wrand Praceses.

Wool-Sorting Processes.
Wool-Combing Processes.
Wool and Worsted-Spinning Pro-
cesses.
Wool añ̃ Worsted-Weaving Pro-
cesses.
Wool and Worsted-Workers in other processes, or undeflned.
3. Sllk.
3. Silk.
Silk-Spinning Processes

Silk-Spinning Processes.
Sik_
Sikeaving Processes
Silk-Workars in other processes, or undefined.

XVILI. TEXTILE FABRICScontinued.
4. Hemp and other Fibrous

Hemp, Jute, Cocoa Fibre-Manufacture.
Rope, Twine, Cord-Makers
Mat Makers.
Carvas, Sailcloth, Sacking, Net, \&c.-Manufacture.

## 5. Mixed or Unspectfied Matertals.

 Hosiery Manufacture.Lace Manufacture.
Other Weavers of Mixed Cotton Other Weavers of Mixed Cotton Other Work.
Other of Mixed Cotton Wool,de.
Carpet, Rug, Felt, Manufacture. Ware, dc., Manufacture. Small Weavers (nndeflned).
Factory Hands ('lextile), un-
deflned. deflned
6. Bleaching, Printing, Dyeing, \&e. Textile Bleachers.
Textile Printers.
Textile Dyers.
Textile Calenderers, Finishers, \&c.

## 7. Dealers.

Drapers, Linen Drapers, Mercers.
Drapers, Linen Drapers, Mercers,
Other Dealers in Textile Fabrics.

## XIX. DRESS

Straw Plait Manufactur $\begin{aligned} & \text { I. Dress. }\end{aligned}$
Straw Plait ManufacturG.
Straw Hat, Bonnet, Manufacture. Felt Hat Mavufacture. Makers of other Hats, Caps, \&c.
Milliners.
Hat, Bonnet, Straw Plait, \&c., Dealers
Clothiers, Outfliters (Dealers). Dressmakers.
Staymakers.
Shirt Makers, Seamstresses.
Button Makers.
Glove Makers.
Hosiers, Haberdashers.
Bosiers, Haberdashers
Slipper Makers.
Patten, Clog - Makers.
Boot, Shoe, Patten, Clog-Dealers Boot, Shoe, Patten, Clog-
Artifial Flower Makers.
Wig Makers, Hairdressers.
Umbrella, Parasol, Stick-Makers.
Other Dealers in Dress.
XX. Food, Tobacco, Drink, and Lodging

Creamery Workers.
Milksellers, Dairymen.
Provision Curers.
Cheesemongers,
vision Deaters Slaughterers.
Butchers, Mcat Salesmen.
Fish Curers
Fishmongers, Poulterers, Game Dealers.
Millers: Cereal Food Manufacture Corn, Flour, Seed - Merchants,
Bread, Biscuit, Cake, \&c.-Makers. Bakers, Confectioners (Dealers).
Sugar Refiners.
Sugar Refiners.
Jam, Preserve, Sweat-Makers.
Chocolate, Cocoa-Makers.
Grocers; Tea, Coffee, ChocolateDealers.
Greengrocers, Fruiterers.
Ginger Beer, Mineral Manufacture.
Mnstard, Vinegar, Spice, Pickle, \& \& C-Makers.
Other Dealers in Food
2. Tobaceo,

Tobacconists.
XX. FOOD, TOBACCO, DRINK, AND LODGING-continued.
3. Makers of Spirituous Drinks, Maitsters.
Brewers.
Distillers ; Spirit Manufacture.
4. Board, Lodging, ond Dealing in Spirituous Drinks.
Coffee, Eating House-Keepers. Lodging, Bearding HouseInn, Hotel-Keepers; Publicans Inn, Hotel-Keepers; Pub

## Cellarmen.

${ }^{\text {Barmens }}$ Others In In, Hotel, Eating House-Service
Wine and Spirit Merchants, Agents.
XXI. Gas, WATER, AND EleoTRICITY SUPPLY, AND SANITARY SERVICE.

1. Gos, Water, Electricity,
Was
Works Service.

Gas Works Service.
Electricity Supply.
2. Sanitary Service. Drainage and Sanitary Service.
Scavengers, Crossing Sweepers.
XXII. Other, General, and UNDEFINED WORKERS AND DEALERS.

- 1. About Antmals.

Cattle, Sheep, Pig-Dealers, Salesmen.
Dog, Bird, Animal-Keepers, Knackers; Catsmeat Dealers.
2. Sundry Specified Industries, Tobacco Pipe, Snuff-Box, \&c. Bone, Horn, Ivory, Tortoise-shellWorkers.
Floor Cloth, Oil Cloth-Manufacture.
Japanners.
Chimney Sweepers.
Other Workers in Sundry In-
dustries,
Other Dealers in Sundry In dustries.
3. Makers and Dealers (General or General Shopkeepers, Dealers. Pawnbrokers.
Costermongers, Hawkers, Street sellers.
Contractors, Manufaoturers Managers, Superintendents (un deflned).
4. Mechanies and Lahourers (General General or Ondefined).
General Lahourers.
Engine Drivers, Stokers, Firemen (not Railway, Marine, or Agri cultural). Artizans,
(undefined)
Fantory Lahourers (undeflned).
Machinists, Machine Workers (undefined)
XXIII. WITHOUT SPECIFIED OCCUPATIONS OR UNOCCUPIED.

Retired from Business (not Army, Navy, Ohurch, Medicine)
Pensioners.
Others aged 10 years and upwards (including Students).

TABLe 7.-BIRTHPLACES of PERSONS, MALES and FEMALES,
Nore.-This Table should be read thus :-Of the $32,527,843$ persons enumerated in


- Natives of the Isle of Man and Channel Islands enumerated in Ireland, were classifled as natives of England and Wales.
in those Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available.
England and Wales, $31,269,203$ were born within its limits, 316,838 in Scotland, and so on.


TABLE 7.-BIRTHPLACES of PERSONS, MALES and FEMALES,
Note.-This Table should be read thus :-Of the $294,361,056$ persons enumerated in


[^19]in those Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.
the Indian Empire, 292,734,335 were born within its limits, 77,411 in England and Wales, and so on.


TABLE 7.-BIRTHPLACES of PERSONS, MALES and FEMALES,
NoTE.-This Table should be read thus :-Of the $5,371,315$ persons enumerated in

(a) The birtliplaces of the military and shipping population are not stated in the Table.
in those Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.
the Dominion of Cariada $4,671,815$ were born within its limits', 203,803 in England and Wales, and so on

(a) In parts of Labrador the birthplaces were not recorded. Persons born in Canada were not distinguished from those born in other 19809

TABLE 7.-BIRTHPLACES of PERSONS, MALES and FEMALES,
Note.-This. Table should be read thus :-Of the $1,359,133$ petsons ennmerated in

in those Colonies, \&c,; for which Returns are available-continued.
New South Wales, 981,463 were born within its limits, 129,739 in England and Wales, and so on.

(a) Falkland Islands.-The birthplaces of the Officers and Men of the Roynl Nary and of labourers imported for work at the Naval Caading Depot-are not etated in the Table
(b) New South Wales, Victoria.-In all the Staites of the Australian Commonwealth, except Western Australia, the full-blooded

Aborigines have been considered as horn in the State in which they were enumerated.

TABLE 7.-BIRTHPLACES of PERSONS, MALES and FEMALES,
Note.-This Table should be read thus :-Of the 523,266 persons enumerated in

(a) Qucensland.-The population includes an estimated number of 20,000 nomadic Aborigines; the numbers of males and females were not separately estimated, and are therefore, not included in the columns for Males and Females, See also note $b_{\text {, }}$ page 61 .
(b) South Austraiia and Wester Australta. Sec note b, page 61.
in those Colonies, \&c.. for which Returns are available-continued.
Qneensland, 309,531 were born within its limits, 68,689 in England and Wales, and so on.

(a) New Zealtand-Thennmbers ghown under the various European countries include the persons born in the Foreign possessions of


TABLE 8.-RELIGIONS of the POPULATION in those

(a) Ireland.-In the Irish Ceusus Report the religions are returned uvder four privcipal headinge, "Roman Catholic," ${ }^{\text {" }}$ " Protestant Episcopalian," "Presbyterian," aud "Methodist." "All other Deriominations," returned under 313 headings, ars classified as far as possible according to the arrangemeat adopted in the Table. "Presbyterian" includes Reformed Presbyterian ( 0,532 ), United Frie Church of Scotland (3,147), Nou-Subscribing Presbyterian (1,878), and smaler unmbers returned under in other headings. Minor Christian Socts then 250 persous. 4Pagan "-The 31 persous included under this headiug were returued as Idolaters "No Religion" inclades No Denomination (792), Freethinker (115), dc. "Indéfloite, Unspecifed, \&c.," iucludes Unspecififed (336), Unknown (953), Ivformatiou Refused (695), and Nomiaal (13).
and (b) Malta.-Under the heading "Indeflnite, Unspecifler, \&c.," are included 10,882 persons in the Garrisou, 11,694 in the Royal Navy, aud 572 ou merchant vessels, whose religions were not recorded,
The heading "Indefnite, Unspecified, \&c." comprises the British Mare jocluded 1,130 Maronites, 491 Gregorians, apd 26 Armenian Catholios. (d) Indian Empire.-Uuder the heading "Presbvterian" the Indian Cwose religions were not recorded.

229 Memhers of the Alliance Mission, aud 8 of the Reformed Dutch Churoh; the feport includes, 6, 25 Welsa Calvinistic Methodists, "Methodists," aud the two Iatter, with "Minor Christian Sects." Under the the first of these sects is included in the above Table with addition to members of the varions National Lutheran Churches perse heading "Lutheran" the Indian Qensus Report includes, in heading "Minor Christian Sects" are included Members of thr Les, persoos returued as Zwinglian aud Moravian ( 1,986 ), Undenominational, Nonconformist, \&c. ( 5,008 ), and many other sects whose number are small. Untler the heading " $V$ arious and Cic Churches"are inclnded Abyssinians (9), Armenians (1,053), Syrians (Jacobite and St. Thomas), and Chaldmau Christians (248741), ( heading "Hindu" are included 92,419 Vedic Theists (Arya Samaj), and 4,050 Eclectic Theista (Brahmo Vamaj). "Primitive Animistic donotes the primitive forms of belief found amoog the Juogle Tribes-the Mundas, Santals, Bhis, \&c. The number given in the Table uvder this heading, includes 127,011 persons estimated to be living in some of the wilder parts of Burma, where religion was not recorded; most $\cdot 1$ ' these persons were probably "Animists." Uuder " ludefinite, \&c," are included 2,889 pursons abowa' in the Inditu Census Report, among the nou-Christian population, under the healing "Mivor Religions, and Religions not returaed"; and 1,186 sect, $\varepsilon$ nd the remaioder were returned as Agnostics, Freethinkers, Theosophists, \&e.

Colonies, \&o., for which Returns are available.


* The flgurse in this column relate only to that part of the Colony of Lagos (viz., the Leland and Harbour and Fbute Metta), in which a Census was taken.,
(e) Ceylon.-"Chriotian"-The number shown in the Table under this neading consiste of chose portiong of the Military and Shipping population so described. The heading "Varions Catholic Chnrches" inclades persons describsd in the Ceylon Census Report as Independent Catholicg, They were formerly membsrs of the Goajege Mission, but wheo the separate existence of their Misaion of the Goanose Catholics. "Hindu", It appears from the Ceylon Consus Report (Vol. I, page 96) that many of the Tamils who should have been retnrned as "Hindu" appear in the returns as "Buddhist."
(f) Cape of Good Hope-Under the hoading "Minor Christian Sects" "are included 399,487 persons helonging to the Dutch Reformsd Church; and 6,209 to the Z, A. Gereformoerde Kerk. Under the heading "No Religion"are included 62 Atheists, 131 Freethinkers, and 8 Secularlets, the romainder being returned simply as of No Religion.
(a) Natal,-Under the heading "Minor Christian Secte" are included 11,340 persone belonging to the Dutch Reformed Ohurch. budahiets and Brahmine are not separately distinguished, and are therefore shown together under the former heading. The religions (h) Orainge River Colony, - Under the heading "Minor Chriatian Sects" are included 124,923 porsons bolonging to the Dutch Reformed Church, 5,507 to the "Reformed "Ohurch, and 3.483 to the Paris Evangelical Mission Society.
(i) Gold Coast. "Church of England "-The number included under this heading is estimated. "Methodist," "Lutheran," and "Roman Catholic"-The numbers under these headings were furnished hy the Authorities of the various Missiong, "Lutherans" onsist of 17,494 members of the Basol Mission and 1,31 of the North German Missian. Indenaite, Unspecified, \&c. -The return o religions other noncomplistiaps, the mass of the poople still observe fetish worship, while the Mohammedans are by far the most numerous of ( $f$ ) Basutoland, Under the hsading "Inder "Pegan," Maritius, "Luthèran"-Ths number ghown, under this heading inolndes 140 -Swedenborgians. The heading, "Indeflnite nopeciflod, \&c., jach idesthe Military population (2,313).
S Seychelles,-Those classified ge "Luthoran" include 5 Sw wodenhorgians. Under the heading "Other Non-Chrlatian Religiong"

TABLE 8.-RELIGIONS of the POPULATION in those

| Reliaious Denominations. | America. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dominion <br> Canada.a | Newfoundland and Labrador.b | Bermudas, or Somers Islanda. $c$ | Grenada. | St. Lucland | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trinidad } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Tobago. } e \end{gathered}$ <br> Tobago. | Falleland Islands.f |
| I. Christlian Religion .. .. .. .. | 5,271,792 | 220,884 | 20,167 | 63,188 | 48,702 | 198,885 | 1,074 |
| Ohurch of England, Episcopalian .. .. | 680,620 | 73,008 | 18,603 | 22,477 | 5,880 | 74,920 | 741 |
| Preabyterian .. .. .. .. .. | 842,442 | 1,497 | 700 | 580 | 90 | 6,859 | 87 |
| Methodist .. .. .. .. .. .. | 97,079a | 61,388 | 3,690 | 3,584 | 1,429 | 11,388 | - |
| Independent, Congregationalist | 28,293 | 954 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Baptist .. .: .. .. .. .. | 349,802a | - | - | - | 21 | 4,940 | 25 |
| Unitarian .. .. .. .. .. .. | 1,994 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Society of Frienda, Quaker .. .. .. | 4,100 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lutheran .. .. .. .. .. .. | 93,405a | - | - | - | - | - | 28 |
| Salvation Army .. .. .. .. .. | 10,308 | 6,594 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Protestant, not otherwise described.. .. | 11,612 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Christian, not otherwise descrihed .. .. | 6,800 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Minor Christian Sects .. .. .. .. | 70,001a | 1,654b | 1,029e | 105 | $190 d$ | 7,016e | 15 |
| Roman Catholic .. .. .. .. .. | 2,228,600 | 76,989 | 1,245 | 36,437 | 40,992 | 89,213 | 178 |
| Greek Church .. .. .. .. .. | 15,677 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Various Oatholic Ohurches .. .. | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| II. Non-Christian religions .. .. .. | 51,491 | - | - | 142 | 1,135 | 79,798 | - |
| Jewish .. .. .. .. .. .. | 16,401 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hindu .. .. .. .. .. .. | - | - | - | 95 | 973 | 68,906 | - |
| Mohammedan .. .. .. .. .. | 47 | - | - | 43 | 162 | 10,478 | - |
| Zoroastrian (Parsi) .. .. .. .. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sikh .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jain .. .. .. .. .. .. .. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Buddhist .. .. .. .. .. .. | 10,407 | - | - | - | - | 187 | - |
| Confucian .. .. .. .. .. | 5,115 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Pagan (including Primitive Animistic) .. | 15,107 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agnostic .. .. .. .. .. .. | 3,813a | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Deist .. .. .. .. .. .. | 78 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Non-Chriatian Religions .. .. | $723 a$ | - | - | 4 | - | 227 | - |
| III. No RELIGIONAtheist, Sceptic, \&c. | 4,810a | - | - | 2 | - | $\checkmark$ | 2 |
|  | 43,222 | - | $794{ }^{\text {c }}$ | 111 | 98 | 786 | 1,177 |
| total population .. .. .. | 5,371,315 | 220,984 | 20,961 | 62,438 | 49,883 | 273,889 | 8,253 |

(a) Doninion of Canada.-Under the heading "Methodist" are included 10, 103 Evangelicals. Under the heading "Baptist" are included Mennonites (31,797), and Tunkers (1,628). Under the heading "Lutheran" are included Swedenborgians (881). Under the heuding "Minor Christian Sects" are included Disciples ( 14,900 ), Doukhohors' ( 8,775 ), Adventists ( 8,068 ), Brethred (8,014), Mormons other sects. "Other Non-Christian Religions"-The numbers under this heading gre Spiritualists (616), gnd Theosophists (107). "Agnostic"In the Canadian Ceasus Report "Atheist, Sceptic, Freethinker," are also included under this heading; it is not possihle therefore to include them in the Table with others of "No Religion.
(b) Newfoundland and Labrador. - "Minor Christisn. Sects"-The numbera under this heading are Moravians (1,377), Reformed
Church of England (3) and "Bsptists and others" (174).

Denominations (965). The Christian Sects"-The numbers under this heading are Reformed Church of England (64), and Other
(d) St. Lucia.-"Minor Christians Sects"-The numbers under includes 707 foreign visitors.
(e) Trinidad and Tobago,-Under the headiag "Mumbers under this heading are Moraviana (130), and other Denominationa (60).
(f) Falkland Islands.-The Religious Census was purely vilun sects are included Moravians (6,321), and Other Denominations (e94). olected to mske no return.
(g) New South Wales.-Under the heading "Methodist", are included Bible Christians (2,248). Under the heading "Baptist", are included "Adventiat." Under the beading "Minor Christian Sects" are included Plymouth Brethren, Christian Brethren (2,133); Chrisigdelphians (1,197), Mormona (679), Irvingites (442), A ustralian Church (418), and smaller númlers of 67 other sects. Under the heading and 3966 who omitted to specify them; the abriginal population (4,287) is also included under this heading as their reistions mere not recorded.
(h) Victoria.-Under the heading "Baptist" are included Adventists. Under the heading "Proteatant" are included 250 children of parents of different Protestant deromingtions, whose religions were not stated. Under the heading "Minor Christian Secta" are inciuded Disciples of Olrist ( 10,682 ), Brethren, Chrigtiay Brethren (1,670), Seventh Day Adventists (1,088) Auatralian Ohnrch (964), Christadolphians (892), "Catholic Apostolic Church"-Irvingites (460), and smaller numbera of o4 other aecta, Under the heading Census Report includes qlaso Chinese of pure race who were originglly returned as of "No Religion," "Pagan," "Chinese Church"

Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available-continued.

or as "Religion" not stated." Under the heading "Other Non-Christian Religions" are included Spiritualists (913). Under the heading "No Heligion" are included No Denomination, No Sect (8,113), and Freethinker, Rationalist (2,042). Under the heading "Indefnite, Unspecified, \&c." are iocluded 10,827 persons who objected to state their religions.
$\therefore$ (i) Queensland.-Under the beading "Lutheran "are included Swedenborgians (208). Under the hesding "Minor Christian Sects" are included Apostolic (583), Catholic and Apostolic (379), Plymouth Brethren (574), Christadelphians (673), Christian Brethred (625) Church of Christ ( 1,784 ), Seventh Day Adventists (472), Undenominational (1,333), Brethren (377), and smaller numbers of 75 other sects. Mohammedan,"-in the densus Report for Queensland, Mohammedan and Pagan are shown together under one heading. "Indefite,
(j) South Auctralia.-Under the heading "Baptist" are included "Adventists." Under the heading "Indeflite. Unspecified, \&o." are included No Denomination or Unspecifled (5,418), the aborigines whose religions were not recorded (27,123), and 7,493 persons who objected to state their religions.
(k) Western Australia.-The numbers under the heading "Various Catholic Churches," are persons returned in the Ccnsus Report for Western Australia as Catholic (undeflned). Under the heading "No Religion" are included "No Denomination" (1,958), and Freethinker (1,326). Under the heading "Indefnite, Unepecifled, \&e." are included 3,071 porsons Who objected to state their religions. heading "Indefnite, Unspecifled, \&c." are included 2,900 persons who objected to etate their religions.
( $m$ ) New Zealand.-Under the heading "Minor Christian Sects" are included Brethren, Plymoutl. Brethren (7,484), Christadelphians (889), and Seventh Day Adventists (884). The numbere under the heading "Various Catbolic Churches" are persons returned in the Census Report for New Zealand as Catholic (Undeined). Under the heading "Other Non-Ohristian Religions" are included Spirituglists (499), Theosophibis "(189). Under the heading "No Religion" are included No Denomination (4,473). and Freethinker ( 2886 ). Under the heading "Indefnite, Unspecifled, \&c." are included the Manri popula
popalation (352), whose religions were not reoorded, and 18,295 persons who ohjected to state their religione.

## TABLE 9.-DEGREES of ELEMENTARY EDUCATION of the POPULATION in those Colonies, \&c., for which Returns are available.


(a) Ireland.-Children under five years of age, numbering 442,712, are all classed as "Illiterate," i.e., unable to read or write.
(b) Malta and Gozo.-The Tahle relates only to the Maltese population (i.e., born in the Maltese Islands or of Maltese parentage) aged five years and upwards.
(c) Indian Empive.-Only those able to both read and write are distinguished in the returns. Two fairly numerous groups are classed as "Illiterate," viz., "Those who, though unable to write, can spell out the words of a book, and those whose caligraphic attainments extend' only to the scrawling of their own name" (see Indian Censns Report, page 157). The 946,150 persons shown in the column "Not Stated" were enumerated in tracts where literacy was not recorded.
(d) Ceylon.-Only those able to read and write are distinguished in the returns.
(d) Lagos Colony. The total population shown refers to English speaking persons only.
(f) Bahama Islands.- The return appears to be imperfect, as it is stated that "a large percentage of those who claimed to be able to read and write, or write, signed their names hy making their mark." No explanation is given as to the preoise degree of literary knowledge possessed hy 111 persons returned as able to "Write only."
(g) Turlks and Caicos Islands. The returns show also 811 children "attending school," but it is not evident whether any or all of these are included in the columns Read and Write, or Read only.
(h) British Honduras. The questions in the Censua schedule relating to education were "Can Read?", "Can Write Name?"; the number in the second column represents the persons who answered both questions in the affirmative; the number in the third column those who replied negatively to the second question.
(i) New South Wales.-The numbers of Aborigines included in the Tahle are as follows:-

| - | Males. | Females. | - | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Able to read and write .. <br> Able to read only | $\begin{gathered} 142 \\ 21 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 108 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | Unable to read or write .. <br> Not stated | $\begin{gathered} \text { Y54 } \\ (149 \text { under } \\ 5 \text { yeara.) } \\ 1,334 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} 730 \\ (136 \mathrm{nader} \\ 5 \mathrm{year5.)} \\ 989 \end{array}\right)$ |

Children under five years of age, numbering 159,146, are all included in the column "Unable to Read or Write."
( $j$ ) Victoria.-The numbers of Aborigines included in the Table are as follows:-

| - | Males. | Females. | - | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Able to read and write } \\ \text { Able to read only } & . \\ . & \end{array}$ | ${ }_{8}^{207}$ | 170 13 | Unable to read or write Not stated or | ${ }^{119}$ | 94 8 |

Of the 131,986 children ander five years of age, 524 hetween three and five years of age were classified as able to read only; and all of the 79,834 children under three years were classified as unable to read.
and all of the 9,834 children under three years were classified as unable to read.
(\%) Queensland. -The numbers of Aborigines included in the Tahle are as follows :-

| - | Males. | Females. | - | Mrales. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Able to read and write Able to read only .. | 518 92 | 474 71 | Unable to read or write, or not otated. | 3,252 | 2,263 |

The Nomadic Aboriginea, estimated at 20,000 persons, are excluded from the Table. Of the 62,626 children under five jears of age, 184 aged three and upwards were returned as able to read only, and 1 was returned as able to read and write; and all of the 37,568 children under three years of age were classified as unable to read or write. Chinese and other coloured aliens unable to read English numbered 20,758, and are included in the column "Unable to Read or Write."
(l) South Australia.-The Aborigines are all included in the column "Not stated." The "Not stated" in the general copulation appear to have been distributed among the other columns. In the column "Able to Read and Write" are included 1,744 . Chinese who can read and write only their own language. Of the 40,077 children under five years of age, 61 were retrurned as able to read only and 40,016 ss unable to read.
( $m$ ) Western Australia. -The numhers of Aborigines included in the Table are as follows:-


Of the 24,377 children under six years of age, 415 aged three years and upwards were classified as able to read and write and 654 as able to read only; and all of tha 13,672 childrtn puder three years of aclassified as able to read and write. write Of the 1,569 Chinese 220 were returnd
(n) Iasmania.-All the children under five yeare of age numbering 20 gen, are clasified as unable to read
(o) New Zealand - The "Not stated" include Moris ( 43,13 ) and O

Education Tables in the New Zealand Census. It appears, however, that 385 Chines were returned as shown in the write Figlish, and 20 as able to read it. Of the write English, and 20 as able to read it. Of the 86,793 children under 5 years of age, 277 wcre olassified as able to read, and
86,448 as unable to read; while the degree of eduoation of the remaining 68 was unspecified.

Censúd of táe British Emipe， 1901.
TABLEE 10－The NUMBERS of the BLIND，DEAF and DUMB，LUNATICS， IMBECILES and FEEBLE－MINDED，LEPERS，and those SUFFERING from some other INFIRMITIES in those Colonies，\＆c．，for which Returns are available．

| $\therefore \quad-$ | Total Population． | Blind． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deaf } \\ \text { sad } \\ \text { Dumb. } \end{gathered}$ | Lunatics． | Imbeciles and Feeble－ Minded | Lepers． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Suffering } \\ \text { from } \\ \text { Other } \\ \text { Infirmities. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNITED KINGDOM． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| England and Wate ．Persons | $32,627,843$ $15,728,813$ | 25，317 13,136 | 18，246 | 83,772 37,583 | 48，882 | 二 | ${ }^{20,285}$ |
| Females | 18，799230 | 12，181 | 7 7，004 | 46，189 | 24，402 |  | 11，780 |
| Scotland b ．．．，．．．a ．． $\begin{aligned} & \text { Persons } \\ & \text { Males }\end{aligned}$ | 4，472，103 <br> 2173,765 | 3，253 | 2，838 | 13，688 | ${ }^{6,623}$ | － | 1，346 |
| －－．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2，298，348 | 1，587 | 1，228 | 7.400 | 3，377 |  | $\begin{array}{r}789 \\ \hline 87\end{array}$ |
| Ireland c ．．．．$\vdots . . . \quad$ Persons | 4，458，775 | 4，253 | 3，971 | 19，834 | 6，216 | － |  |
| Ireland c．．．．．．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | 2，200，040 | 2,133 | 2，200 | 10，213 | 2，946 | 二 | － |
| Ielo of Man and Channel Islands d $\quad . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persion } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Femal }\end{array}\right.$ | 150，370 | ${ }^{2} 180$ | $\stackrel{1}{1} 89$ | $\bigcirc 398$ | －296 |  | 119 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 70,576 \\ 70,794 \end{gathered}$ | 94 86 | － 62 | ． 158 | 150 146 | 二 | 180 59 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| －．EUROPE．．Persons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gibraltar ．．．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ | （17，460 | ${ }_{14}^{33}$ | － 17 | $\begin{array}{r}48 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 11 | 二 | 二 |
| Fema | $\begin{array}{r}11731 \\ 207890 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 418 | ${ }_{95}^{14}$ | 19 696 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 905 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | 114，040 | 221 | ${ }_{61}$ | ${ }^{6} 96$ | 106 | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 81 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{146}$ |
| Females | 93，850 | 197 | 44 | 321 | 99 | 19 | 61 |
| Oyprua f ．．．．．．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Pergions } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ | 237，152＊ | 1，732 | 323 | ．． 4 |  | 136 | － |
|  | ［115，956 | ${ }_{816}$ | 145 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian Empireg AbiA． $\mathrm{P}^{\text {Person }}$ | 293，472，006 | 354，104 | 153，168 | 66，205 | － | 97，340 |  |
| Indian Empireg $\quad . . \quad \therefore \quad: \quad \cdots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Malea } \\ \text { Femalce }\end{array}\right.$ | 149，465；729 | 180，762 | ${ }^{92,8565}$ | 41,317 | － | 72，403 |  |
|  | －${ }^{3,573,49}$ | 15，374 | $\stackrel{1}{2,578}$ | －933 | 584 |  |  |
| Ceylonh．，．．．．．．．i ．． Msles $_{\text {M }}$ | 1，903，359 | 2，269 | 1，542 | 602 | 42 d | － | － |
| F＇emales | 1，670，080 | 1，478 | 1，036 | 332 | 241 | － |  |
| AFRICA． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ＇ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cape of Good Hope i ．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Person } \\ \text { Msles }\end{array}\right.$ | 2，409，804 | － $\begin{array}{r}2,802 \\ 1,52 \\ 1\end{array}$ | 1，016 | 2，190 | 889 480 |  | 20，854 |
|  | 1，190，864 | 1，290 | 399 | 1886 | 349 | 603 | 7，781 |
| Natal（Natives excepted）$j \quad . \quad . \quad$ ．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Perao } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ | －204，713 | $\begin{array}{r}68 \\ -\quad 42 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{331}$ | － | － | 1512 374 |
| Nal $\quad \because \quad \cdots\left\{\frac{1}{\text { Females }}\right.$ | ${ }_{80} 8.848$ | －$\quad 46$ | ${ }_{22}$ | 115 |  |  | 138 |
|  | 887，315 |  | －166 | 244 | 168 |  | ${ }_{1}^{1,189}$ |
| Orange River Oolony $k \quad . \cdot \quad$ ir $\quad \cdot\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 210,095 \\ & 177,220 \end{aligned}$ |  | 101 | ． 162 | 104 64 | 15 | 1，199 |
| Gambla（Colony）．．．．．．．Persone | 13，456 |  | 24 | 18 | 14 | 11 | － |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41，856 | 39 | ${ }_{6}^{13}$ | ${ }_{80}^{130}$ | ${ }_{21}$ | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | $149 \cdot$ |
| $\underset{:}{\text { Sierra Leone（Onlony）}}$ l ．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Maleg } \\ \text { Females } \\ \text { Persons }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r}34,799 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 39 <br> 3 |  | 60 | $\frac{42}{2}$ | 1 | 161 |
|  | S， 3,287 |  | － |  |  | 1 | 11 |
|  | 1,913 | 2 |  | 5 |  | － | 6 |
| Mauritius and Dependencies $n$ ．．．． $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males } \\ & \text { Mal }\end{aligned}$ | 378，195 204，540 | 698 390 | 125 | 636 407 | 二 |  | ${ }_{6} 984$ |
| M ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Femsles | 173，655 | 199 | 66 |  | － | － | 377 |
| $\text { Seychelles Islandso .. .. .. .. }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Perbens } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females } \end{array}\right.$ | 19,288 9,825 | 22 14 | 10 6 | 17 | 二 | 二 | $\stackrel{35}{21}$ |
|  | 9，433 | 8 | 4 | 10 | － | － | 14 |
| AMERICA．Pereons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6，371，315 2，71，708 | $\xrightarrow{3,279} \mathbf{1 , 3 9 1}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}16,495 \\ 8,707 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | － | － | 二 |
|  | 2，829，607 | 1，388 | 2，843 | 7，788 | － | － |  |
| Newfoundlapd and Labrador $q$ ．．＂．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{225}$ | 175 100 | ${ }^{352}$ | 二 |  | 310 181 |
|  | 1006，726 | 129 | ．． 76 | 165 | － | － | 128 |

＊Includes 130 persons，sex not stated．
$\dagger$ Includes Labrador（ $\mathbf{3}, 947$ persons），where the Return as to ses was incomplete．
 columna relating to thoge inflrmities；those returned as dumb only（ 70 males and 598 femsles）sre included with the desf and dumb； and those raturned simply as deaf（ 7 ， 609 males and 10,808 femsiles）are included in the column hesded＂Other Infirmities．
－（b）Scotland－Persons suffering rom more than one infirmity（117 males and dil females）sre included in the several columns relating to those infrmities；those returned se dumb only（130 males and 81 females）are included with the deaf and dumb；and those returned aimply as deaf（ 442 msles and 676 females）are included in the column headed＂Other Infirmities．＂
（c）Ireland．－In sddisition to the 4,253 persons returned as totally blind， 577 msles and 640 females •were returned as partially blind andare excluded from the table．
（d）Isle of Man and Channel Islands．－Persons suffering from pore than one infirmity（ 9 males and 6 females）are included in the dumb columns relating to those infirmities；those returned as aumb only（ 13 males and 10 femaleg）are included with the deaf and （e）Mal those returned simply as deaf（as males and 53 females）are included io the column headed＂Other Infirmities．

 The column headed＂Lungitics＂relates to those clisssified in the Indian Census sis＂Insane＂glthough it is probable that the latter term was，in some cases，interpreted widely enough to include Imbeciles．Infirmities were not recorded in parts of Bsluchistan and psrte of Burma：the total population given in the table is exclusive of these areas．
（h）Cellon．－The flgures for the＂Deaf and Dumb＂rolate only to those persons congenitally afficted．The Census Returna do not show the number of Lepers in the Colony，hut it sppears that，at the date of the Census，there were 203 inmstes in the Leper Asylum． ＂（l）Cape of Good Hopd－In the column for＂Other Infirmities＂are included Epileptics（579 persons），Paralytice（1，198 persons），
（J）Natal．－In the column for＂Other Inflrmities＂are included 109 persons returned as Deaf， 131 as having＂Lost an Eyc，＂ 8183 having＂Loet \＆Limb，＂ 129 as Permanently Disabled， 35 as Epileptic， 16 as Paralytic， 4 as Temporarily Disabled，and 7 ss Deformed．The persone shown nuder the heading Lanatice were returned as＂Insane＂；there were，in addition to these， 175 Native Lunatice in the Government Aaylum．
（k）Orange Rluer Colony，－In the column for＂Other Infirmities＂are included 199 persons returned as Deaf， 424 as having＂Lost an Eye＂or being＂Blind of one Eye，＂ 213 as haring＂Lost a Limb，＂ 28 se suffering from Accident or Violence， 161 as Crippled（not Aceident $r$ Vlolence）， 256 as Epileptic，and 638 as Sick．
The figures in the column for＂Other Infirmities＂include pergons returned as Blind and Deaf（3），Incurable（100），Sick and Infirm in Body（150），Deaf（19），Cripple（19）；Paralytic（5），Tmbecile snd Paralytic（2），Dumb and Paralytic（1），Deaf and Imbecile（1）．
（m）S．Helena．－The fgures in the colum other Lairmities，relate to persons returaed as Cripples．
（n）Mrauritius and Dependenctes，－In the Mauritius Census Report the population is clasidifed as Blind，Dumb，Deaf，and Insane．In thls Table the Dumb are ehown as＂Deaf and Dumb＂；the Insane，as Lunatics；and the Deaf，in the column＂Other Infirmities．＂ giving such particulars．The Oensis Returne do not show the number of Lepers in the Colony but it appeare that，at the date of the Consus，there were 5 In Inimates in the Leper Asylum et Port Lonis．
（0）Seychelles 1slands：－The inflrmities sre olsseifled as．in Mauritlus．（See Note n．）
（ $p$ ）Dominion of Canada．－The figures in the column＂Lunatice＇relate to persons classifed ss of＂Unsound Mind．＂In the case of peroons sumfering from more than one infirmity the principal one only is given in the table．Thus，of those classified as Blind， 34 were of ungound mind， 18 were deaf and dnmb，and 1 was deaf sand dumb snd of unsound mind ；of those olaselfed sas Deaf and Durnb， 80 mere blind， 88 of unsound mind，and 4 blind and of unsound mind ：and of those clsssifled as of Unsound Mind， 18 were blind， 32 desf in（q）Newfoundland and Labrador．－The figures in the column

TABLE 10－The NUMBERS of the BLIND，DEAF and DUMB，LUNATICS， IMBECILES and FEEBLE－MINDED，LEPERS，and those SUFFERING from some other INFIRMITIES in those Colonies，\＆c．，for which Returns are a vailable－continued．

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline － \& Total Population． \& Blind． \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Deaf } \\
\text { and } \\
\text { Dumb. }
\end{gathered}
\] \& Lunatics． \& Imbeciles and Feeble． Minded． \& Lepers． \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Suffring } \\
\text { from } \\
\text { Other } \\
\text { InIrmities }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline AMERICA－continued． \& \& \& \& \& \& － \& － \\
\hline Berpuudas，or Somers Islands ．．．．\(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.\) \& \(\underset{\substack{10,707 \\ 9,547}}{ }\) \& 7
6 \& 3
4
4 \& \(\stackrel{24}{23}\) \& 14 \& \& \\
\hline Bahama Islasds ．．．．．．．．Persens \& 63，735 \& 135 \& 27 \& 69 \& 110 \& － \& － \\
\hline Grenada \(r\) ．．．．．．．．．．\(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.\) \& 63,438
29,986 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 68 \\
\& 30
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 61 \\
\& 30
\end{aligned}
\] \& 127 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
64 \\
3 \\
3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \(\stackrel{20}{13}\) \& 二 \\
\hline Grenadar ．．\({ }^{\text {a }}\) \& 33，452 \& 38 \& 31 \& 66 \& 31 \& \& － \\
\hline St．Lucia s ．．．．．．．．．．Persons \& 49，883 \& 122 \& 20 \& 40 \& 73 \& 39 \& 310 \\
\hline （Persons \& 273，899 \& 512 \& 114 \& 二 \& 二 \& 二 \& 二 \\
\hline Trinidad and Tobago ．．．．．．\(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.\) \& 144，491 \& \(\stackrel{267}{267}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 50 \\
\& 64
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& － \& \& 二 \\
\hline British Henduras t ．．．．．．．．Persons \& 37，479 \& 59 \& 42 \& \& \& － \& 54 \\
\hline AUSTRALASIA．\(u\) Perges \& \& \& \& \& \& － \& 18，088 \\
\hline New South Wales v ．．．．．．．．\(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persions } \\ \text { Maleg } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,364,846 \\
\& \hline 7144,005 \\
\& 644,84
\end{aligned}
\] \& 884
534
349 \& 189
201 \& 2，634 \& 二 \& 二 \&  \\
\hline （Persens \& 1，201，341 \& 1，082 \& \& \& \& － \& 20，400 \\
\hline  \&  \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,645 \\ \hline 678\end{array}\) \& \({ }_{198}^{212}\) \& \& \& 二 \& 12，562 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Queensland \(x\) ．．．．．．．．．．\(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.\) \& 498,129
\(27 \%\)
2903
290120 \& 209
95
114 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
249 \\
154 \\
\hline 85
\end{tabular} \& 二 \& 二 \& 二 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 4,620 \\
\& 3,040 \\
\& 1,585
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Females \& 221，125 \& 114 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline South Australia \({ }^{\text {a }}\)（ \({ }^{\text {Persons }}\) \& 362，64 \& \& \& 997
584 \& \({ }_{62} 108\) \& 二 \& 3,874

2
2 <br>
\hline South Australia y ．．${ }^{\text {y }}$ \& 184,422
18782 \& 130 \& 76 \& 413 \& 46 \& － \& 1，532 <br>
\hline （Persons \& \& \& \& － \& 二 \& － \& <br>

\hline Western Australiaz ．．．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ \& \[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
112875 \\
71,249
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 47 \\
& 34
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 20

10 \& － \& \& － \& 1，408 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& － \& <br>

\hline Tasmania at ．．．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ \& －89，624 \& 97 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 41 \\
& \hline 34
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 225

196 \& ${ }^{6} 13$ \& － \& ${ }_{1,120}$ <br>
\hline  \& 82，851 \& 76 \& \& \& \& － \& 1，120 <br>
\hline New Zealand $b b$ ．．．．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Fom }\end{array}\right.$ \& 773,071

406,344 \& $\begin{array}{r}390 \\ 249 \\ \hline 141\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}226 \\ 134 \\ \hline 02\end{array}$ \& | 2,675 |
| :--- |
| 1,599 | \& $\begin{array}{r}105 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& － \&  <br>

\hline Ne．．${ }^{\text {Females }}$ \& 366，727 \& 141 \& 92 \& 1，076 \& 47 \& － \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

＊Includes 707 persons，sex not stated．
（ $)$ Grenada．－This colony has the custody of the Lunatics of the neigbbouriag colonies of St．Viscent and St．Lucia．
（s）．Lucia．Persons returned as＂Deaf＂（66），and as suffering frem Yaws（70），are included is the column＂Other lnfirmities．＂ （Sec also nete＂$r$＂）
（ $t$ ）British Honduras．－Fifteen persens returned as deaf from birth are included as＂Deaf and Dumb＂； 54 other deaf persens are
（u）Australasiam＂The figures are exclusive of the Aborigisal populations in each State，except Ficteria，where the number of Aborigines is inconsiderable．The numbers shown in the several Roports as suffering from sickness or accident，and referred to in the fovident，however，that，as regards children，the requisite information has in many cases been omitted threugh a misunderstanding of the instruction on the Schedule．（See Report on Census of Western Australia，page 173．）
（v）New South Wales．－The flgures In the column＂Lunatics＂relate to persons classified as＂Insane．＂Porsons returned as suffering from Sickness（ 8,389 males and $5,12 \theta$ fomales），and from Accident（ 2,127 males and 443 females），are included is the column＂Other Inirmities．＂
（w）Tictoria．－Persons returned as suffering from Sickness（ 8,912 males and 8,278 females），Accidents（ 1,142 males and 608 females）， Eye－affections（ 519 males and 254 fomales），tpilepsy（ 239 males and 218 females），and Paralysis（ 750 males asd 480 females），are included in the column＂Other Infirmities．＂
Blind $\boldsymbol{x}$ Queensland．－The subjects of inquiry inte the inflrmities of the population related only to Sickness，Accident，Deaf－mutism，and Brindess．The numbers returned ander the first two headings were 2,62 males and 1,61 females，and 418 males and 66 females respectively，and are included in the colump＂Other Infirmities．＂The Census Returns de not show the number of Lapers in the Colony，but it appears that，at ths date of the Consus，thers wore 38 inmates in Leper Stations．
column＂Deaf and Dumb＂ars included 19 males and 14 females returned as Dumb obly．In the colamn
$\qquad$

| － |  |  |  | Males． | Females． | － | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sickness－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paralysis ．．．． | － | － | － | 167 | 104 |  | 293 | 67 |
| Epilepsy Other and undefned． | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 24 1,616 | 32 1,177 | Lameness，mutilation，deformity，\＆c． | 160 82 | 84 |
|  |  |  |  | 1，016 |  |  |  |  |

[^20] （aa）Tasmania．－In the colomn＂Other Infirmities＂ars included the following ：－

| － |  |  |  |  |  | Males． | Females． | － | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sickness |  | － |  | － | $\cdots$ | 618 | 509 | Epilepsy ．：．． | 5 | 9 |
| Accident | ． | ．． | ． | ．． | ． | 238 | 39 | Lamensss，dsformity， and $^{\text {ather }}$ ithfrni－ ities． | 763 | 563 |

（bb）Ncw Zealand．－The fgures are exclusive of Maoris．In the column＂Blind＂are included 7 males and 5 females returned as Blind and Deaf，but 48 males and 15 femalos returned as＂partially＂or nearly＂blind．＂are excluded．In the column＂Other In frmities＂


## CENSUS OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

Dates on which the Census was taken in the United Kingdom and in the Several Colonies, \&c.

Note.-Whenever the enumeration related to the numbers living at midnight on a particular day, the date given for the Census is that of the day following.

|  | Date of Census. | - | Date of Census. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom | * lst April, 1901 | Arrica-cont. |  |
| EUROPR- |  | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Seychelles-Islands ... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Socotra } & \text {.. } & \text {... } & \text {.. } \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 31st May, } 1901 \\ & \text { No Census } \end{aligned}$ |
| Gibraltar | 1st April, 1901 |  |  |
| Malta and Gozo ... ... ... | 1st April, 1901 |  |  |
| Cyprus ... ... ... ... | lst'April, 1901 | America- |  |
| ASIA- |  | Dominion of Canada ${ }^{\text {Newfoundland and Labrador }}$... | 1st April, 1901 December, 1901 |
| Indian Empire ... ... | lst Maroh, 1901 | Bermudas or Somers Islands |  |
| Ceylon $\quad . . . \quad .$. | 1st March, 1901 | West Indies- |  |
| Maldive Archipelago ... | No Census | Bahama Islands... ... ... | 15th April, 1901 |
| Straits Settlements ... | lst March, 1901 | Jamaica ... | No Census |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Fededrated Malay States } & \cdots \\ \text { Johore } \\ \text {.... }\end{array}$ | lst March, 1901 No Census | Cayman Lslands | No Census |
| State of North Borneo $\quad$... $\quad$... | 1901 | Leeward Islands- | thapril, 1901 |
| Branei ... ... ... | No Census | Antigua ... ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Labnan ... ... ... | 1901 | Barbuda ... ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Sarawak ... ... ... | No Census | Redonda ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Hong Kong ... ... ... | 21st January, 1901 | Montserrat ... ... ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Wei-Hai-Wei | 1st April, 1901 | St. Christopher or St. Kitts... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Africa- |  | Nevis $\quad . .$. | 1st April, 1901 |
| Gambia (Colony and Protectorate) | 1st April, 1901 | Virgin Islands and Tortola... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Sierra Leone- |  | Dominica ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Coloiny ... | 1901 | Windward Islands- |  |
| Proteotorate <br> Gold Coast (including \#̈shanti | No Census <br> 1st April, 1901 | Grenada and its Dependencies St. Vincent St.. | 8th April, 1901 <br> No Census |
| and Northern Territory). |  | St. Lucia | 8th April, 1901 |
| Lagos- |  | Barbados ... | No Census |
| Island and Harbour and Ebute Metta. | 1st April, 1901 | Trinidad and Tobago British Honduras ... ... | 22nd April, 1901 lst A pril, 1901 |
| Other parts of the Colony | No Censns | British Guiaua | No Census |
| Protectorate ... ... | No Census | Falkland Islande | 1st April, 1901 |
| Northern Nigeria ... ... ... | No Census |  |  |
| Southern Nigeria ... ... ... | No Census |  |  |
| Cape of Good Hope ... ... | 18th April, 1904 | Australasia - |  |
| Basntoland ...in . .an $\quad$... | 18th April; 1904 | The Commonwealth- |  |
| Orange River Colony | 18th April, 1904 | Norfolk Island $\quad$... | ${ }_{\text {1st Aprij; }}^{1901 *}$ |
| Transvaal and Swaziland | 18th April, 1904 | Victoria ... ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Bechnanaland Protectorate | 18th April, 1904 | Queensland ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Northern Rhodesia | No Census | South Australia... | 1st April, 1901 |
| Southern Rhodesia | 18th Apri1, 1904 | Western Australia | 1st April, 1901 |
| Brítish Central Africa ... | No Census | Tasmania | 1st April, 1901 |
| Zanzihar Ieland and Pemba Island | No Census | Other Possessions- |  |
| East Africa Protectorate ... | No Census | New Zealand $\quad$ Cook Islands and other De. | 1st April, 1901 |
| Uganda Protectorate ... | No Census | Cook Islands and other De- | No Census |
| Somaliland Protectorate ... | No Census | pendencies. |  |
| Ascension Island ... ... | 1st April, 1901 | Fiji Islands and Rotuma ... | 1st April, 1901 |
| St. Helena ... ... ... | 8th April, 1901 | British New Guinea ... ... | No Census |
| Tristan da Cunha ... ... ... | November, 1901 | Pacific and other Islands ... | No Census |
| Mauritius and Dependencies ... | 1st April, 1901 |  |  |

* No Census returns have been received for Norfolk Island, but it appears from the Colonial Office List that a Census was taken in 1901; the figures for area and population given in Table 2, page 6, are therefore derived from that publication.


## RESULTS OF THE CENSUSES IN THE SEVERAL COLONIES，\＆C．

## 1．GIBRALTAR．

Table 1．－Area；Population， 1901.

| Area in Square Miles． | Total Popula－ tion． | Residint Civil Population． |  |  | Military Poptlation． |  |  | Port and Harbour Popdlation．＊ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Persons， | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females， |
| 17 | 27，460 | 20，355 | 9，403 | 10，952 | 6，475 | 5，701 | 774 | $.630 *{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 625 | 5 |

＊The Crews of H．M．Ships at Gibraltar（except 120 men stationed there）were not included in the population．At ． the time of the Oensus 9 Battleships and 4 Cruisers were lying in the Bay．

Table 2．－Population＊at each Census， 1860 to 1901.

| 1860. | 1871. | $\ldots$ | 1881. | 1891. | $\cdots$ | 1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24,095 | $\vdots$ | 25,216 | 23,991 | 25,755 |  | 27,460 |

＊Including Civil，Military，and Port and Harbour Population．

Table 3．－Births and Deaths registered in the City and Terrjtory， 1882 to 1900.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Year．} \& Bibtas． \& Deaths． \& Excess of Births over Deaths（ + ） or of Deaths over Births（ - ）． \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Year．} \& Births， \& Diatris． \& $$
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Excess of Births } \\
\text { over Deaths } \\
\text { or of Deaths } \\
\text { over Births }(-)
\end{array}\right|
$$ <br>
\hline 1882 \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& 444 \& 556 \& － 112 \& 1892 ．．． \& \& 538 \& 443 \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 485 \& ${ }_{371}$ \& ＋ 14 \& 1893 ．．． \& ．．． \& 508 \& 369 \& ＋ 139 <br>
\hline 1884 \& ．．． \& ．．． \& 488 \& 369 \& ＋ 119 \& $1894 .$. \& ．． \& 482 \& 440 \& ＋ 42 <br>
\hline ${ }_{1886}^{1885}$ \& $\cdots$ \& $\cdots$ \& 4970 \& 534 \& $\pm 37$ \& $1895 .$. \& ．． \& 522 \& 410 \& ＋112 <br>
\hline ${ }_{1887}^{1886}$ \& \& $\ldots$ \& ${ }_{487}$ \& ${ }_{534}^{416}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { a } \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1896
1897

．．． \& $\ldots$ \& 541
530 \& 411 \& ＋ 130 <br>
\hline 1888 \& ．．． \& ．．． \& 516 \& 424 \& ＋ 92 \& $1898 . .$. \& $\ldots$ \& 501 \& 371 \& ＋ <br>
\hline 1889 \& ．．． \& ．．． \& 483 \& 454 \& \& $1899 .$. \& ．．． \& 525 \& 455 \& ＋ 70 <br>
\hline 1890
1891 \& ．．． \& ．．． \& $\stackrel{490}{1}$ \& ？${ }_{\text {？}}$ \& ＋${ }_{\text {？}}{ }^{34}$ \& 1900 ．．． \& ．．． \& 506 \& 487 \& ＋ 19 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 4．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons，Males and Females，of the Civil and Military Population， 1901.

| Ages． | Civil Population． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unmarried． |  |  | Married． |  |  | Widowed． |  |  |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | F＇emales． |
| Total ．．． | 12，577 | 5，977 | 6，600 | 6，073 | 3，101 | 2，972 | 1，705 | 325 ＇ | 1，380 |
| Under 5 years ．．． | 1，925 | 962 | 963 | － | 二 | － | － | － | － |
| $5-$ ..  <br> $10-$ .. .. | 1，717 | 9204 | 894 | 二 | 二 | － | － | － | － |
| $15-\quad .$. | 2，055 | 928 | 1，127 | － 24 | 5 | －19 | － 2 | 二 | $-{ }_{2}$ |
| 20－．．．．．． | 1，909 | 907 | 1，002 | 448 | 125 | 323 | ${ }_{13}^{2}$ | －2 | $\stackrel{11}{2}^{2}$ |
| 25－ | 1，677 | 821 | 856 | 1，802 | 836 | 966 | 113 | $\stackrel{2}{25}$ | 11 85 |
| $35-$ $45-$ | 661 417 | 310 169 | 351 | 1，771 | 942 | 889 | 110 240 | 25 37 | 85 203 |
| 45－$\quad .$. | 417 239 | 169 | 248 | 1，241 | 686 | 555 | 402 | 62 | 203 |
| 65－${ }^{55}$ and upwards ．．． | 239 179 | 101 49 | 138 130 | 568 219 | 356 | 212 | 416 | 82 | 334 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 151 | 68 | 522 | 117 | 405 |

## 1．GIBRALTAR－continued．

Table 4．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons，Males and Females，of the Civil and Military Population，1901－continued．

| Ages． | Military Population． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unmarried． |  |  | Married． |  |  | Widowed． |  |  |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Manes． | Females． |
| Totál ．．． | 5，488 | 5，138 | 350 | 978 | 554 | 424 | 9 ＂ | ${ }^{\ldots} . .9$ | － |
| Under 5 years ．．． | 397 | 200 | 197 | － | － | －． | － | － | － |
| $\begin{array}{ccc}5- & \ldots . . & . . \\ 10- & . . & . .\end{array}$ | 225 76 | 112 | 113 | － | 二 | － | － | $\dot{\square}$ | 二 |
| 15－．$\quad . .$. | 886 | 881 | 5 | 7 | － | 7 | 二 | － | － |
| 20－．．．－．．．．．．． | 2，370 | 2，369 | 1 | 99 | 23 | 76 | －． | $\cdots$ |  |
| 25－－．．．．．． | 1，457 | 1，4，57 | － | 616 | 355 | 261. | ． $4 .$. | 4 | － |
| 35－－．．．．．． | ． 71 | $\cdots 71$ | － | 228 | 158 | $70^{\circ}$ | $\cdots{ }^{-} \times$ | 4 | － |
| 45－．．．．．．． | 5 | ， 5 | ＇－ | 23 | 14 | 9 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 | － |
| $55-$ <br> 65 and upwards ．．． |  | 1 | 二 | 4 1 | 3 1 |  | 二 | － | － |

Table 5，－Birthplaces of Persons，Males and Females enumerated．．in the City and Territory，and in the Port and Harbour， 1901.

Note．－The Military Population is excluded from this Table．


Table 6．－Occupations of Males and Females of the Civil Population of the City and Territory， 1901.

| Occupations． | Males． | Females． | Occupations． | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ．．．．＂．．．． | 8，403 | 10，952 | Blacksmiths，Locksmiths，and Ap－ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 163 | 1 |
| Accountants ．．．$\quad . . \quad$ ．．．．．． | 19 |  | Boiler Makers ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 26 |  |
| Analysts and＇Analysts＇Assistants ．．． |  |  | Bookbinders ．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |
| Antiquarians $\ldots \ldots$ ．．．．... | 1 |  | Brokers $\ldots .$. Bumboatmen ．．． | $\begin{array}{r}\text {－} 19 \\ -19 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Architects and Builders $\quad \because$. | 18 |  | Bumboaimen Butchers |  |  |
|  | 1 | 二 | Butchers Candlemakers ．．． ．．． | 52 |  |
| Authors ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 |  | Canteen Managers and Assistants | 6 |  |
| Bakers and Bakers＇Assistants ．．． | 55 |  | Caretakers $\quad \cdots \quad . \quad . . \cdots$ |  |  |
| Bankers ．．．．．． | 7 | － | Carpenters and Shipwrights | 212 |  |
| Barbers ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 59 |  | Carriage Drivers ．．．．．． | 63 |  |
| Barmen... | 43 |  | Carriage Owners ．．．．．． | 18 | 4 |
| Barrack Wardons and Labourers ．．． | 12 | － | Oart Drivers－．．．：．．． | 22 |  |
|  | 11 | 二 |  |  |  |
| Bathkeepers ．．．．．．$\quad .$. |  |  | $\begin{array}{lllll} \hline \text { Cattle Drivets } & \ldots . & \ldots . & \ldots & \ldots . \\ \text { Canlkers } & \ldots . & \ldots & \cdots \end{array}$ | 11 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Billiard Markers }}$ |  | － | Oharwomen <br> （Continueä̈ on neaxt page．） |  | 32 |

1. GIBRALTAR-continued.

Table 6.-Ocoupations of Males and Females of the Civil Population of the CITY and TERRITORY, 1901-continued.

| Occupations. | Males. | Females. | Occopations. | Males. | Females, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chemista and Druggists, and Assistants ... | 30 | - | Inmates of - <br> Gavino's Asylum ... ... ... | 21 |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Cigar Makers } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text { O. }\end{array}$ | 19 | - 3 | Home of Little Sisters of the Poor | 27 | 34 |
| Civil Officials ... ... | 48 | 1 | Iron and Brass Founders ... ...; | 1 | - |
| Clergymen ... ... | 22 | - | Ironmongers and Ironmongers' |  |  |
| Clerks- |  |  | Assistants ... ... ... ... | 11 | - |
| Barristers' $^{\text {' }}$... ... ... | 11 |  | Labourers- |  |  |
| Commercial ... ... ... | 346 |  | Coal ... ... ... ... ... | 398 | - |
| Consular ... ${ }_{\text {War }}$ Department and Admiralty .... | 5 |  | General ... ... ... | 436 |  |
| War Department and Admiralty... Library ... ... ... .. | 26 2 | 1 | Masons ... ... ... | 60 |  |
| Of Works $\quad \cdots \quad . .$. | 12 |  | Land Agents a $\quad$ Id Collectors of Rents | 65 25 |  |
| Sanitary Commissioners' ... | 7 |  | Laundresses ... ... ... ... | - | 274 |
| Telephone ... ... ... | 8 |  | Laundry Superintendent ... | 1 |  |
| Coachbuilders ... ... .. | 3 |  | Librarians ... ... ... | 4 |  |
| Commission Agents ... ... ... | 28 | - | Light House Keepers ... ... ... | 3 | - |
| Cunfectioners and Sweet Vendors .. | 30 | 5 | Lithographers... ... ... ... | 4 |  |
| Consuls and Vice-Consuls ... ... | 19 | - | Little Sisters of the Poor ... ... |  | 11 |
| Contractors, Government and others | 30 | - | Livery Stable Keepers ... ... | ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| Coopers and Apprentices Couriers and Gvides | 8 | - | Living on their own Means .... ... | 149 | 440 |
| Crane Drivers ... ... ... | 82 8 |  | Lunatic Asylum Superintendent and | 6 |  |
| Dealers in- ... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Managers of Commercial Firms | 3 |  |
| Boots and Shoes | 13 | 4 | Mariners ... ... ... | 65 |  |
| Crockery ... ... | 5 |  | Market Inspectors | 4 |  |
| Forage ... ... | 3 | - | Masons, Bricklayers, and Stonecutters | 62 |  |
| Furniture | 4 | - | Matrons ... ... ... ... ... | - | 3 |
| Horses... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10 |  | Mattress Makers ... | 1 |  |
| Indian Goods ... | 16 | - | Medical Practitioners ... | 16 |  |
| Leather .... ... | 1 |  | Messmen ... ... ... ... | 3 |  |
| Moorish Curiosities ... ... ... | 13 | 4 | Merchants- |  |  |
| Musical Instruments and Music ... | 2 |  | Coal ... ... ... | 9 | - |
| Paints and Artists' Materials | 2 | 1 | Cork ... ... ... ... | 3 | - |
| Poultry and Eggs ... ... ... <br> Wines, Spirits and Beer | 39 | - | General ... ... ... | 97 | 1 |
| Dentists ... ... | 3 | 1 | Tobacco Wines and Spirits | 4 | 1 |
| Divers and Divers' Assistants | 35 | - | Midwives | 4 | 1 |
| Domestic Assistants- |  |  | Milk Vendors ... | 7 | 14 |
| Butlers, Footmen and Valets | 21 | - | Millers ... | 1 | - |
| Coachmen ... ... ... | 27 | - | Milliners and Milliners; Assistants ... |  | 55 |
| Cooks and Assistant Cooks | 56 | 231 | Miners ... ... ... ... ... | 30 | 6 |
| General | 17 | 99 | Missionaries and Scripture Readers ... | 19 | 4 |
| Governesses ... | 194 | 992 | Money Changers ... | 5 |  |
| Grooms ... ... ... | 116 |  | Musicians (Artistes, $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Professors, } \\ & \text { M, }\end{aligned}$ | 8 |  |
| Housekeepers ... ... | 116 | ${ }^{+} 1$ | Musicians (Artistes, Professors, and Teachers) | 6 |  |
| Maids ... | - | 169 | Not declared $\quad$... $\quad .$. | 6 | 15 |
| Nurses Wet-Narses |  | 55 | Notaries, Public .... | 1,326 | 6,233 |
| Wet-Nurses ... ${ }^{\text {Drapers and Drapers }}$, ${ }^{\text {Assistants }}$ |  |  | Nursees, Sickbed ... ... |  |  |
| Drapers and Drapers' Assietants | 84 | 39 | Office Keepers and Messengers | 77 | 27 |
| Draughtsmen $\quad \therefore . \quad$ Eating House Keepers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11 | 5 | Occasional Employment ... ... | 7 | 153 |
| Eating House Keepers ... | 10 | - | Painters and Glaziers ... ... ... | 79 | 153 |
| Editors of Newspapers | 2 | - | Pawnbrokers ... ... ... | 79 | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 5 |  | Pensioners ... | 29 |  |
| Engine Drivers, Cleaners and Greasers Engineers | 128 |  | Pianoforte Tuners .... ... | 1 |  |
| Engravers $\quad$... $\quad .$. | 90 | - | Photographers and Assistants .... | 18 | 1 |
| Farmers... $\quad .$. | 1 |  | Plumbers, Fitters, and Apprentices... | 156 | - |
| Farriers and Shoesmiths | 18 18 |  | Police, Revenue, and Sanitary Com- |  |  |
| Fishermen and Fish Vendors ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 57 |  | missioners Officers | 105 | - |
| Foremen- | 57 |  | Porters ... ... ... ... | 51 |  |
| Carpenters ... ... |  | - | Printers and Compositors .... ... | 34 |  |
| Coal Labourers ... ... | 39 | $\underline{-}$ | Professors of | 8 | - |
| Divers... ... | 8 | 二 | Languages ... |  |  |
| Drivers ... ... ... | 8 | - | $\begin{array}{lcc}\text { Languages } & . . \\ \text { Music ... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \end{array}$ | 10 |  |
| Imperial Government ... | 15 | 二 | Postmen and Sorters $\quad$... $\quad .$. | 5 | - |
| Labourers ... ... ... | 31 | - | Retired- Sorters ... | 7 |  |
| Mechanics ${ }^{\text {M }}$. | 12 | - | Chemists and Druggists ... | 1 |  |
| Tobacco Labourers . | 2 | - | Drapers ... ... ... | 1 |  |
| Quarry ... ... ... | 2 | - | Grocers ... ... ... | 2 |  |
| Others $\quad .$. | 2 | - | Mariners ... ... ... | 4 |  |
| Fruiterers ... ... | 17 | - | Merchants ... ... ... | 2 |  |
| Gatekeepers ... | 9 | 12 | Military Officers ... | 8 |  |
| Gangers ... ... ... | 24 | 1 | Riggers ... ... ... ... | 14 |  |
| Goatherds ... ... .. | 29 |  | Runners... $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rocket Instructor } \\ & \text {... ... }\end{aligned}$ | 2 |  |
| Greengrocers ... $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | 29 3 | 1 | Rocket Instructor Royal Navy- | 1 | - |
| Grocers and Grocers' Assistants ... | 180 | 74 | Officers |  |  |
| Haberdashers and Haberdashers' |  | 7 | $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Men } & \text {.. } & \text {... } & \text {.. } \\ \text { M }\end{array}$ | 14 |  |
| Hairdressers | 4 | - | Saddlers and Apprentices $\quad$... | 15 | - |
| Hatters ... | - | 1 | Sailmakers . ... ... ... .... | 1 |  |
| Hawkers ... ... ... | 17 | - | Sawyers ... ... ... ... | 6 |  |
| Health Guards... | 13 | 1 | Scavengers ... ... ... ... | 4 |  |
| Horse Trainers ... | 13 | - | Scholars and Students | 1,557 | 1,408 |
| Hotel and Lodging House Kecpers | - ${ }^{3}$ | -9 | School Professors and Teachers Sculptors | 31 | 105 |
| Huntsmen and Kennelsmen ... | 15 | 9 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Sculptors } & \text {.. } & \text {... } & \text {.. } \\ \text { Seamstresses }\end{array}$ | 1 |  |
| Ice Cream Vendors . | 3 |  |  | $-1$ | 389 |

## 1．GIBRALTAR－continued：

Table 6．－Ocoupations of Males and Females of the Civil Population of the City and Territory，1901－continued．


Table 7．－Tenements of fewer than Five Rooms distinguishing those occupied by various Numbers of Persons， 1901.


Table 8．－The Blind，the Deaf and Dumb，the Imbecile，and the Lunatic at Seven groups of Ages， 1901.

| －： |  | AGES．$\quad \cdot \cdot$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\text { All }}{\text { Ages．}}$ | Under 5 Years． | 5－15． | 15－20． | 20－25． | 25－45． | 45－65． | 65 and upwards． |
| Blind． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Persons ... } \\ & \text { Males .. } \\ & \text { Females ... } \end{aligned}$ | ．．． $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | 33 14 19 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 2 2 - | $\frac{1}{1}$ | 10 4 6 | 20 8 12 |
| Deaf and Dumb． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons ．．． | $\cdots$ | 31 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 10 | 7 |
| Males ．．． | $\cdots$ | 17 | $\stackrel{-1}{ }$ | 1 | $\frac{1}{1}$ | 2 | 4 | 7 | 3 |
| Imbeiles． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons ．．． |  | 20 | － | － | 1. | － | 11 | 5 | 3 |
| Males Fremales ．．．． | ．．． | 11. | 二 | － | 1 | － | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| Lunatio． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons ．． |  | 48 | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males ．．． | $\ldots$ | 29 ！ | 二 | － | 二 | －1 | 14 | 14 | 1 |
| Females ．．． | ．．． | 19 | － | － | － | 1 | 4 | 10 | 4 |

## 2. MALTESE ISLANDS.

Thable 1.-Area; Houses, 1901 ; Population, 1891 and 1901.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | POPO | N.** |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Area |  |  | 1891. |  | 1901. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Persons. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Malta and Gozo... |  |  | ... | 117* ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 37,135 | 14,774 | 177,457 | 207,890 | 114,040 | 93,850 |
| $\begin{array}{llll} \text { Malta } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Gozo } & \text {... } & \text {... } \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \cdot 6 \\ & 25.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32,541 \\ 4,594 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,548 \\ 2,226 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 158,493 \\ 18,964 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 187,887 \\ 20,003 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104,354 \\ 9,686 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83,533 \\ & 10,317 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Including Military, Naval and Merchant Shipping Population.

Table 2.-Civil, Military, Naval and Merchant Shipping Population, 1891 and 1901.

| - |  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | Increase. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civil Population <br> Garrison <br> Royal Navy ... <br> Mcrchant Shipping... | ... |  |  | ... | ... | 165,037 | 184,742 | 19,705 |
|  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 9,336 | 10,882 | 1,546 |
|  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2,576 | 11,694 | 9,118 |
|  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 508 | 572 | 64 |
|  |  | tal | ... | ... | ... | 177,457 | 207,890 | 30,433 |

Table 3.-Civil Population at each Census, 1842 to 1901.

|  |  |  |  | 1842. | 1851. | 1851. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 114,499 | 123,496 | 134,055 | 141,775 | 149,782 | 165,037 | 184,742 |
| Males | ... | ... | ... | 55,168 | 60,456 | 66,270 | 69,952 | 73,430 | 81,316 | 91,994 |
| Females | ... | ... | ... | 59,331 | 63,040 | 67,785 | 71,823 | 76,352 | 83,721 | 92,748 |

Table 4.-Civil Population enumerated in the Chief Towns at each Census, 1861 to 1901.

| Town. | Population. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| Valletta ... ... ... | 23,993 | 23,807 | 24,854 |  |  |
| Floriana* ... ... ... ... | 7,871 | 8,772 | 7,135 | 6,575 | 5,687 |
| Three Citiest (Senglea, Cospicua, Vittoriosa.) | 24,421 | 24,409 | 24,802 | 26,737 | 26,334 |
| Sliema ... ... ... ... | 324 | 1,600 | 3,685 | 6,376 | 10,507 |
| Hamrun ... ... ... | 1,555 | 2,064 | 3,235 | 6,121 | 10,393 |

[^21]Table 5.-Birtes, Deaths, and Marriages registered during the Intercensal Period, 1891-1901.

2. MALTESE ISLANDS—continued.

Table 6,-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1891 and 1901 (excluding Military, Naval, and Merchant Shipping Population).


Table 7.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901 (excluding the Military, Naval, and Merchant Shipping Population).

|  | All Aġes. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \text { 15. } \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 15- | 20- | 25- | 35- | 4a゙- | 55- | 65 and upwards. | Enspecified. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unmarried ... | $\begin{array}{cr}\text { P. } & \text { r } \\ \text { M. } \\ \text { F. } \\ \text { F } \\ \text { r }\end{array}$ | 62,95231,982 | $\underset{\substack{16,510 \\ 8,274}}{ }$ | 11,005 | ${ }_{5}^{\mathbf{5}, 572}$ | 5,0482,622 | 3,864 | $\xrightarrow{2,329} 1$ | 1,811 | 14793 |
|  |  |  |  | 6,263 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 30,970 | 8,236 | 4,742 | 4,220 | 2,426 | 1,900 | ${ }_{7}^{1,234}$ | $\stackrel{990}{ }$ | ${ }_{93}^{54}$ |
| Married | P. 61,982 <br> M. 30,758 |  | 94 | ${ }_{1}^{1,836}$ | ${ }_{7}{ }_{7}$ | ${ }^{7} 8,860$ | 6,702 | 4,059 | ${ }_{2}^{4,578}$ | 46 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { M. } & 30,758 \\ \mathrm{~F}: & 31,224 \\ & \end{array}$ | - | 566 | 3,125 | 8,977 | 8,082 | 5,907 | 3,034 | 1,486 | 47 |
| Widowed |  |  | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 40 | 409 | 1,004 | 1,751 | 2,354 | 3,931 |  |
|  |  | 二 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\stackrel{12}{28}$ | ${ }_{297}^{112}$ | 270 734 | 1,434 1,317 | r 1,740 | 1,319 $\mathbf{2 , 6 1 2}$ | ${ }_{22}^{7}$ |

Table 8.-Birthplaces of the Civil Population,* distinguishing Maltese, other British Subjectis and Foreigners.

$\stackrel{*}{*}$ Of the Total Popplation, including Military, Naval, and Merchant Shipping Populations, 180,529 persons were natives or of Maltese parentage, 24,516 were other British Sabjects, and 2,845 were Foreigners.
$\dagger$ These 681 males and $73 \dot{2}$ females were returned as follows :-
$\begin{array}{llllll}95 & \text { males and } 117 & \text { females born of } \\ 173 & " & 180 & \text { British Non-Maltese parents. } \\ 189 & " & 208 & \text { " } & \text { Foreign parents. } \\ 224 & " & 227 & " & \text { " } & \text { Non-Mialtese British Father and Maltese Mother. } \\ & & \text { Foreign Father and Maltese Mother. }\end{array}$

## 2．MALTESE ISLANDS－continued．

Table 8．－Birthplaces of the Civil Population，distinguishing Maltese，other British Subjects and Foreigners－continued．

| Where Born． | Totai． |  | Brimish Sobiecte． |  |  |  | Foreigners． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Maltese， |  | Others． |  |  |  |
|  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Femalea． |
| Other Parts． <br> Europe ：－ <br> Austria－Hungary．．．．．． |  |  | 1-2 | － 5 | 二 | － | 11 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
|  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | － | 1 |
| France | 17 | 52 |  | 11 | 1 | 2 | 16 | 39 |
| Germany ．．． | 17 | 16 | － | 4 | 2 | 2 | 15 | 12 |
| Greece－Ionian Islands ．．． | 131 | ： 124 | 107 | 110 | 3 | － 2 | ${ }_{20}^{21}$ | ${ }_{15}^{12}$ |
| Other Parts ．．． | 50 | － 46 | 29 | 30 | 3 | 1 | 20 743 | 15 $\cdots 674$ |
| Italy－Sicily $\quad \therefore \quad .$. | 776 | 725 | 30 | 49 | 3 3 | $\mathbf{2}$ 3 | 743 205 | $\begin{array}{r}\cdots 674 \\ \hline 302\end{array}$ |
| Ousia Per Parts ．．． | 217 |  | ${ }^{9}$ | 20 2 | $\underbrace{3}$ | $\stackrel{3}{-}$ | 205 2 | 302 4. |
| $\begin{array}{l:ccc}\text { Russia } \\ \text { Poland } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \end{array}$ | 2 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ -\quad 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 二 | －${ }^{2}$ | － | － | － | 1 |
| Switzerland | 3 | ． 6 | －8 | － | － 1 | － 3 | ${ }^{2}$ | 3 |
| －Spain ：${ }^{\text {Pax }}$ ，．．．．．． | 21 | －${ }^{9}$ | 8 | －${ }^{2}$ | $\ldots$ | －$\quad 11$ | 12 | $\underline{-}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Portugal } \\ \text { Sweden } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { der }\end{array}$ | 1 | ：$\quad 1$ | －2 | －1 | －1 | － | 1 | － |
| Denmark ．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ${ }^{1}$. | 1 | $\checkmark$ | － | － 1 | － | － |
| Turkey in Europe．．．．．． | 83 | － 76 | 44 | 50 | 1 |  | 38 | 23 |
| Asia ：－ |  | －${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turkey in Asia ．．． | 33 | $\cdots \quad 27$ |  | 12 | 1 | ${ }^{2}$ |  | $\cdots 13$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { China } \\ \text { Japan } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \end{array}$ | 2 2 | 二 |  | 二 | 二：－ |  | －2 |  |
| Africa ：－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egypt ．．．．．． | 226 | 224 | 202 | 205 | 7 | ， | 17 | 17 |
| Tripoli ．．．．．．．．． | 168 | 202 | 145 | 182 | 3 | 1 | 20 | 19 |
| Tunis ．．．．．． | 214 | 206 | 200 | 195 | － | 1 | 14 | 10 |
| Algeria ．．． Other Parts | 156 58 | 154 61 | 153 51 | 146 51 | 1 | 5 | 3 6 | 8 5 |
| America：－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 7 | 9 | 3 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Other Parts ．． | 20 | 8 | 11 | 7 | 8 | － | 1 | 1 |
| At Sea ．．．．．．．．． | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | － | 1 | － | － |
| Not Stated ．．．．．．：． | 22 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 12 | 5 | 2 |  |
| Total Civil Population ．．． | 91，994 | 92，748 | 89，227 | 89，889 | 1，594 | 1，669 | 1，173 | 1，190 |

Table 9．－Occupations of Males and Females，aged Five Years and upwards
（Civil Population）， 1901.

| Occopations， | Males． | Females． | Occupations． | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total aged 5 years and upwards （Occapied and Unoccupied） <br> Order 1. <br> Civil Service Officer，Clerk，Writer．．． <br> ＂＇，Messenger，Porter，\＆c．．．． <br> Land Pollice Officer Märine Police Officer ．．． <br> Sergesnt and Constable <br> Sergeant and Constablë <br> Obder 2. <br> 1．Ar$m y .(a)$ <br> Officer（R．M．A．and Permanent Staff of the R．M．R．）． <br> Non－Commissioned Officer（R．M．A． and Permanent Staff of the R．M．R．）． <br> Men（R．M．A．）．．． <br> Civilians employed with the Military <br> 2．Navy．（b） <br> H．M．＇s Dockyard，Victualling－yaṛd Officer，Clerk，Writer． <br> H．M．＇s Dockyard，Victualling－yard Messenger，Porter，Policeman，\＆c． <br> Obder 3. <br> －1．Merical Profession， <br> Roman Catholic Priest <br> Deacon | 80,849 <br> 234 <br> 215 <br> 35 <br> 434 <br> 17 <br> 169 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 30 <br>  <br> 70 <br> 70 <br> 860 <br> 227 <br> $\vdots$ | $\begin{array}{r}81,953 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Order 3－cont． <br> 1．Clerical Profession－cont． Roman Catholic Father <br> 3．Medioal Profession <br> Physician，Surgeon <br> Apothecary and Chemist <br> Phlebotomist，Veterinary Surgeon <br> Dentist <br> Midwife ．．． <br> Subordinate Medical Service：．．． <br> Professor，Teacher <br> 4．Teaching Body． <br> Schoolmaster，Assistant <br> Dame School Keeper ．．． | 249 <br> 151 <br> 140 <br> $=$ <br> $=$ <br> $=$ |  |

2. MALTESE ISLANDS-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of Males and Females, aged five years and Upwards
(Civil Population), 1901-continued.

2. MALTESE ISLANDS-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of Males and Females, aged five years and upwards
(Civil Population), 1901-continued.


## 2. MALTESE ISLANDS-continued.

Table 9.-OcGurations of Males and Females, aged five years and dpwards
(Civil Population), 1901-continued.


* Exclusive of 53 Mailes and 106 Females under five years.

Table 10-Abstract of Returns* showing approximately the Number of Maltese British Subjects residing in Countries bordering on the Mediterranean at or about the Time of the Censuses of 1891 and 1901.


* Furnished by H.M. Consuls.


## 2. MALTESE ISLANDS-conitnued.

Table 11.-The Blind, Deaf and Dumb; Idiotic or Imbecile, Lunatic, and Leprovs, at seven groups of ages, distinguishing those living in Charitable Institutions, and in the case of the Blind, and the Deaf and Dumb, those so afflicted from Birth, 1901.


Table 12.-Total Families; the number of rooms occupied by each family (exclusive of Institutions), and the number of persons to each family, 1901.

Note.-The Table should be read thus :-Of the 41,760 tenements enumerated in 1901, 6.794 were tenements of one raom each, 10,209 of two rooms each, and so on; and of the 6,794 tenements of one room, 1,787 were occupied by one person each, 1,575 by two persons each, and so on.

| Nnmber of Rooms to each Tenement. | Number of Persons to each Family. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number of Tenements of each class. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 10. | 11. | 12 or more. |  |
| 1 ... | 1,787 | 1,575 | 1,047 | 810 | 628 | 401 | 288 | 160 | 68 | 22 | 4 | 4 |  |
| 2 ... . | 892 | 2,050 | 1,788 | 1,573 | 1,372 | 1,107 | 737 | 382 | 214 | 63 | 24 | 7 | 10,209 |
| 3 ... . | 404 | 1,189 | 1,194 | 1,029 | 999 | 808 | 577 | 346 | 201 | 68 | 35 | 27 | 10,877 |
| 4 ... ... | 202 | 717 | 710 | 721 | 668 | 610 | 427 | 292 | 157 | 82 | 41 | 17 | 6,877 4,644 |
| 5 or more ... | 696 | 1,846 | 2,063 | 1,936 | 1,787 | 1,520 | 1,280 | 926 | 542 | 325 | 155 | 160 | 4,644 13,236 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Nnmber of } \\ \text { Tenements }\end{array}\right\}$ | 3,981 | 7,377 | 6,802 | 6,069 | 5,45ั | 4,446 | 3,309 | 2,106 | 1,182 | 560 | 259 | 215 | 41,760 |

2．MALTESE ISLANDS－continued．

Table 13．－Religions of the Civil Population， 1901.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Persons of all } \\ \text { Denominations. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Church of England. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\substack{\text { ® } \\ \stackrel{\omega}{5} \\ \hline}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 曾 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 俭 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 184，742 | 183，115 | 985 | 255 | 54 | 38 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 156 | 58 | 12 | 29 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 |

Table 14．－Education of the Maltese Popdlation．＊－Persons aged Five Years and Upwards able to Speak，Read，and Write Englisi and Italian，and those able to Read and Write Maltese， 1901.

| Total <br> Five years and upwards． |  |  |  | English． |  |  | Italian． |  |  | Maltese． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Speak． | Read． | Write． | Speak． | Read． | Write． | Read． | Write． |
| Persons | ．．． | ．．． | 158，767 | 18，922 | 20，336 | 17，053 | 21，027 | 27，805 | 23，724 | 37，474 | 26，706 |
| Males | ．．． | ．．． | 78，838 | 12，984 | 12，564 | 10，764 | 12，279 | 15，300 | 13，463 | 19，144 | 14，689 |
| Females | ．．． | ．．． | 79，929 | 5，938 | 7，772 | 6，289 | 8，748 | 12，505 | 10，261 | 18，330 | 12，017 |

＊Born in the Maltese Islands or of Maltese parentage．
Table 15．－Education of the Maltese Population aged Fite Years and Upwards．＊－ Degrees of Knowledge of English and Italian， 1901.
Note．－This Table read vertically shows the degrees of knowledge of Italian possessed by persons having a particular degree of knowledge of English，and read horizontally it shows the degrees of knowledge of English possessed by parsons having a particular degree of knowledge of Italian．

| Degree of Knowledgeof Italian． |  | Degree of Knowledge of Englisi． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No Knowledge． |  | Speak only． |  | Read＇only． |  | Speak and Read only． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Read } \\ & \text { and Write } \\ & \text { only. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Speak， Read，and Write． |  |
|  |  | Males． | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{Fe}- \\ \text { males. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Males． | $\mathrm{Fe}-$ males． | Males． | Fe－ males． | Males． | Fe － males． | Males． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Fe- } \\ \text { males. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Males． | Fe－ males． |
| No Knowledge ．．．．．． |  | － | － | 2，201 | 661 | 332 | 266 | 150 | 65 | 304 | 250 | 858 | 470 |
| Speak only ．．． |  | 372 | 401 | 749 | 120 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 6 | 7 | 10 | 41 | 11 |
| Read only $\quad \cdots$ ．．． |  | 691 | 1，174 | 66 | 18 | 486 | 438 | 72 | 31 | 36 | 30 | 92 | 38 |
| Speak and Read only ．．． | ．．． | 144 | ${ }^{352}$ | 42 | 14 | 30 | 45 | 132 | 75 | 9 | 5 | 37 | 24 |
| Read and Write only ．．． | ．．． | 1，042 | 1，388 | 95 | 33 | 125 | 163 | 32 | 13 | 1，009． | 827 | 463 | 162 |
| Speak，Read，and Write．．． |  | 2，095 | 2，766 | 272 | 76 | 264 | 279 | 158 | 92 | 396 | 433 | 7，512 | 4，029 |

＊Born in the Maltese Islands or of Maltese parentage．

## 3．CYPRUS．

Table 1．－Area；Houses，1901，and Population，1881，1891，and 1901.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Square } \\ \text { Miles. } \end{gathered}$ | Houses， 1901. |  |  | Population．＊ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inhabited． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { inhabited. } \end{gathered}$ | Bnilding． | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Persons． | Persons． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| 3，584 | 58，130 | 9，945 | 882 | 185，630 | 209，286 | 237，022 | 121，066 | 115，956 |

－Excluding the Military Population，which in 1891 and 1901 numbered 674 and 130 respectively．

## 3. CYPRUS-continued.

Table 2.-The Six Administrative Districts. Area; Houses, 1901, and Popolation, 1891 and 1901.

| Administrative Districts. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Square } \\ \text { Miles. } \end{gathered}$ | Houses, 1901. |  |  | Population. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1891. |  | 1901. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
|  | 817 | 11,960 | 1,339 | 222 | 41,423 | 48,508 | 25,035 | 23,473 |
| Kyrenia ... ... | 246 | 4,225 | 1,886 | 66 | 15,004 | 16,808 | 8,338 | 8,470 |
| Larnaca... | 365 | 6,071 | 683 | 55 | 23,760 | 26,073 | 13,308 | 12,765 |
| Limassol | 542 | 9,849 | 2,303 | 215 | 35,730 | 39,139 | 20,141 | 18,998 |
| Nicosia ... | 1,040 | 16,885 | 2,832 | 201 | 61,695 | 71,289 | 36,432 | 34,857. |
| Paphos ... ... | 574 | 9,140 | 1,902 | 123 | 31,674 | 35,205 | 17,812 | 17,393 |
| Total .. | 3,584 | 58,130 | 9,945 | 882 | 209,286 | 237,022 | 121,066 | 115,956 |

Table 3.-Chief Towns. Houses 1901, and Population 1881, 1891 and 1901.

| Towns. |  | Houses, 1901. |  |  | Popullation. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Persons, | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Famagusta | ... | 856 | 96 | 4 | 2,564 | 3,367 | 3,825 | 1,971. | 1,854. |
| Kırenia | $\cdots$ | 331 | 42 | 8 | 1,192 | 1,143* | 1,336 | 696 | 640 |
| Larnaca | . | 6,686 | 107 | 4 | 7,833 | 7,593 | 7,964 | 4,035 | 3,929 |
| Limassol | ... | 1,798 | 105 | 10 | 6,006 | 7,388 | 8,298 | 4,301 | 3,997 |
| Nicosia | -.. | 2,993 | 252 | 18 | 11,536 | 11,994* | 14,752 | 7,795 | 6,957 |
| Paphos |  | 702 | 79 | 4 | 2,204 | 2,801 | 3,134 | 1,644 | 1,490 |

* For purposes of comparison with 1901, the prison populations of Nicosia and Kyrenia in 1891 have been omitted, because the New Central Prison is outside the limits of the town of Nicosia, and prisoners from Kyrenia are now also lodged in the Central Prison.

Table 4.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1891 and 1901.

| Ages. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. |  | Males. |  | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. |
| All Ages ... |  |  |  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 209,286 | 237,022 | 106,838 | 121,066 | 102,448 | 115,956 |
| Under 5 years |  |  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | 27,488 | 31,38929,153 | 13,989 | 16,047 | 13,499 | 15,342 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 27,272. |  | 14,036 | 15,063 | 13,236 | 14,090 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 23,228 | 25,623 | 12,509 | 13,411 | 10,719 | 12,212 |
|  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 19,009 | 22,224 | 9,442 | 11,071 | 9,567 | 11,153 |
|  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 16,928 | 19,550 | 8,038 | 9,761 | 8,890 | 9,789 |
| 25- | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 16,685 | 18,955 | 8,156 | 9,238 | 8,529 | 9,717 |
| 30- | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 14.885 | 17,957 | 7,266 | 8,783 | 7,619 | 9,174 |
|  | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... |  | ... | 11,717 | 13,593 | 6,437 | 7,440 | 5,280 | 6,153 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12,648 | 13,382 | 6,104 | 6.667 | 6,544 | 6,715 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 8,324 | 9,520 | 4,564 | 5,149 | 3,760 | 4,371 |
|  | ... | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 9,819 | 10,891 | 4,746 | 5,158 | 5,073 | 6,733 |
|  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 5,035 | 6,006 | 3,013 | 3,377 | 2,022 | 2,629 |
|  | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | - | ... | ... | 7,096 | 8,785 | 3,704 | 4,466 | 3,392 | 4,319 |
|  | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2,622 | 3,653 | 1,599 | 2,308 | 1,023 | 1,345 |
|  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3,200 | 3,472 823 | 1,584 496 | 1,765 | 1,616 | 1,707 |
| $80-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1,626 | 1,312 | 775 | 608 | 851 | 704 |
| 85- | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | 222 | 230 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 119 |
| 90- | $\ldots$ | . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 366 | 300 | 173 | 126 | 193 | $\cdots 174$ |
|  | 100 and upwarls |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 57 | 69 | 33 | 40 | 24 | 29 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 145 | 135 | 63 | 44 | 82 | 91 |

## 3. CYPRUS-continued.

Table 5.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


Table 6.-Occupations of Males and Females, 1901.


Census of the British Empire, 1901.
3. CYPRUS—continued.

Table 6.-Ocoupations of Males and Females, 1901-continued.


Table 7.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

3. CYPRUS-continued.

Tablef 8.-Religions of the Population, 1891 and 1901.


Table 9.-The Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Insane and Leprous, at seven groups of ages, 1901.

| Agers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | All Ages. | Under <br> 5 years. | 5- | 15- | 20- | 25- | 45- | 65 and npwards. |
| Blind. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males ... Females ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 916 816 | 15 | 92 28 | 54 18 | 50 30 | 244 202 | 254 281 | 207 252 |
| Deaf and Dumb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males ... Females... | ... | $\cdots$ | 178 145 | 5 12 | 54 $\mathbf{3 2}$ | 25 27 | 16 | 44 38 | 28 18 | 6 4 |
| Ingane. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males ... } \\ & \text { Females ... } \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | .... | 303 187 | 3 1 | 20 18 | 33 13 | 42 <br> 24 | 120 83 | 58 38 | 27 10 |
| Leprous. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males ... Females ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 85 50 | $\square_{3}$ | 二 | 3 1 | 1 4 | 43 23 | 32 18 | 6 1 |

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE.

Table 1.-Area; Occupied Houses, and Population, 1901.


## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 2.-Occupied Houses and Population in Urban and Rural Districts, 1901.

| . |  |  |  |  | Occupied Houses. | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| India |  |  | ... | ... |  | 55,841,315 | 294,361,056 | 149,951,824 | 144,409,232 |
| Urban Distriots Rural Districts | .... |  | … | ... | $\begin{array}{r} 5,590,8599 . \\ \mathbf{5 0 , 2 5 0 , 4 5 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,244,221 \\ \mathbf{2 6 5 , 1 1 6 , 8 3 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,499,786 \\ 134,452,038 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,744,435 \\ 130,664,797 \end{array}$ |

Table 3.-Increase or Decrease in the Population of Provinces, States, and agencies during each Intergensal Period. 1872-1901.

Note,-The Census fignres of 1872,1881 and 1891 have, as far as possible, been adjusted for changes of jurisdiction so as to show the population at those dates of the various Provinces and States as now constituted.

a A Census was taken in Ajmer-Merwara in 1872, but the figures were condemned as incorrect, and those for a Census taken in 1876 are here used.
$b$ The population for 1901 includes the Aboriginal Tribes (1,882 Andamanese, and 6,310 Nicobarese) who were not enumerated previonsly.
c Assam includes, for the Census of 1901, the Native State of Manipur (population 284,465) and the Lushai Hills (population 82,434). The population for 1891 includes only part of that for the Lushai Hills (estimated at 43,631), and exclindes that for Manipur.
d The population here given relates to the year 1867.
$e$ The figures for 1891 and 1901 include those for Upper Burma.
$f$ The population here given relates to the year 1871.
$g$ Madras includes the five Laccadive Islands for the Census of 1901. The population given in the first column refers o the Census of 187 . adjustments are not carried further back, so the populations given for the previous Censnses are those actually enumerated.
$h$ The population here given relates to the year 1868 .
$h$ The population here given relates to the year 1868.
$i$ The population here given relates to the year 1869, when the first Census of Oudh was taken.
$j$ The population here given relates to the year 1875 .
$k$ The population here given relates to the year 1871.
States.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 4.-Number of. Persons to. a House and Number of Houses per Square Mile in Provinges, States, and Agencies, 1881, 1891, and 1901.

| Provimoe, State; and Agenot. | Average Number of Persons per House. |  |  | Average Number of Houses per Square Mile. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| India ... ... ... | 5.8 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $31 \cdot 7$ | $33 \cdot 9$ | $31 \cdot 6$ |
| Ajmer-Merwara ... ... ... ... | 7-2 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | . $23 \cdot 6$ | $37 \cdot 5$ | $39 \cdot 6$ |
|  | $5 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 6$ | 18.4 | $22 \cdot 8$ | $23 \cdot 1$ |
| Territories) ... ... ... ... ... | - | - | $4 \cdot 6$ | - | - | 2.3 |
| Bengal (inoluding States) .... ... | $6 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $59 \cdot 0$ | 73.0 | $79 \cdot 0$ |
| Berar ... ... ... ... ... | $5 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $26 \cdot 3$ | $33 \cdot 3$ | $32 \cdot 0$ |
| Bombay (including States) ¢ | 5.6 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $21 \cdot 1$ | $25 \cdot 6$ | 26.5 |
| Burma ... ... ... $\because$. | $5 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | 7.8 | $8 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 8$ |
| Central Provinces (inolnding States) | $4 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $23 \cdot 9$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | $21 \cdot 2$ |
| Coorg ... $\quad . .6$... $\quad .$. | 7.9 | $6 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | 14.0 | $17 \cdot 0$ | $19 \cdot 0$ |
| Madras (including States) ... ... ... | $5 \cdot 0$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $41 \cdot 0$ | $48 \cdot 0$ | $50 \cdot 0$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yonjab (including States) ... ... J <br> United Provinces of Agra and Oudh | 6.7 | 6.5 | $6 \cdot 2$ | $23 \cdot 6$ | $26 \cdot 4$ | $28 \cdot 8$ |
| United Provinces of Agra and Oudh (inclnding States) ... ... ... ... | $6 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | -5.5 | $62 \cdot 8$ | $74 \cdot 2$ | $78 \cdot 7$ |
| Baroda State ... ... ... ... ... | $4 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 0$ | $55 \cdot 9$ | $65 \cdot 5$ | 60.5 |
| Central India Agenoy ... | 5.5 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $22 \cdot 3$ | $25 \cdot 2$ | $21 \cdot 5$ |
| Hyderabad Staie ... ... | $5 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | $25 \cdot 9$ | $27 \cdot 6$ | $27 \cdot 6$ |
| Kashmir State ... ... ... ... .. | - | 6.0 | 6.0 | - | $6 \cdot 0$ | 6.0 |
| Cochin State ... ... ... ... ... | $4 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | 92:0 | $96 \cdot 1$ | $107 \cdot 1$ |
| Travancore State ... ... ... ... | $4 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $69 \cdot 5$ | $72 \cdot 8$ | $81 \cdot 9$ |
| Mypore State ... ... ... ... | $5 \cdot 7$ | 5.5 | $4 \cdot 9$ | $29 \cdot 6$ | $32 \cdot 0$ | $37 \cdot 7$ |
| .Rajputana Agency ... ... ... ... | 4.9 | 5-5 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | 16.7 | 14.9, |

Table 5.-Population of Towns at the Censuses of 1891 and 1901, having in 1901 a Population exceeding 50,000 Persons.


安號 population of Calcutta with its Suburbs (Howrah, Garden Reaoh, Cossipore and Chitpore, and Manicktollah)
whe i891, 882,116, and in 1901 it was $1,106,738$.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 6.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| AGES. |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL AGES ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 294,361,056 | 149,951,824 | 144,409,232 |
| Under 1 year | ... | ... | 7,950,636 | 3,980,086 | 3,970,450 |
| 1- .. | ... | ... | 4,943,707 | 2,428,882 | 2,514,825 |
| ${ }^{2-}$... | ... | ... | $8,375,234$ $8,485,852$ | $4,101,367$ $4,120,574$ | $4,273,867$ $4,365,278$ |
| $\begin{array}{lll}3- \\ 4- & . . \\ \end{array}$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $8,48,842$ $8,249,442$ | 4,104,865 | 4,144,577 |
| Under 5 years | ... | ... | 38,004,771 | 18,735,774 | 19,268,997 |
| 5- | ... | ... | 40,726,547 | 20,831,085 | 19,895,462 |
| 10- | ... | ... | 34,447,376 | 18,880,658 | 15,566,718 |
| 15- | ... | .. | 24,960,155 | 12,942,322 | 12,017,833 |
| $20-$... | ... | ... | 24,592,500 | 11,757,643 | 12,834,857 |
| $25-$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 26,008,461 | $13,133,437$ $12,672,440$ | 12,875, ${ }^{12,249}$ |
| 35- | ... | . | 17,116,957 | 9,093,537 | 8,023,420 |
| $40-$ | ... | ... | 19,070,557 | 9,686,923 | 9,383,634 |
| $45-$ |  |  | 10,411,514 | 5,532,217 | 4,879,297 |
| $50-$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 13,041,180 | $\checkmark 6,530,923$ | 6,510,257 |
| $55-$ 60 |  |  | 5,074,433 | $2,644,466$ $6,956,311$ | $2,429,967$ $\mathbf{7 , 9 9 4 , 9 5 0}$ |
| Unspecified*... ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1,033,773 | 5554,088 | 479,685 |

* Including 983,756 persons ( 530,971 males and 452,785 females) enumerated in tracts where ages were not recorded.

Table 7.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


* In addition, there were 983,756 persons ( 530,971 males and 452,785 females) enumerated in tracts where age and civil condition were not recorded

Table 8.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, in Provinces, and in States and Agencies, 1901.

| Ages and Condition as to Marriage. | Provinges. |  |  | States and Agencies. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Total <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { All } & \begin{cases}\text { Unmarried } & . . \\ \text { Ages. } \\ \text { Married } & \ldots \\ \text { Widowed } & \ldots\end{cases} \end{array}$ <br> Not enumerated by age and civil condition ... | 231,899,507 | 117,804,942 | 114,094,565 | 62,461,549 | 32,146,882 | 30,314,667 |
|  | $97,206,943$ $107,729,748$ | $57,984,516$ $53,558,338$ | $39,222,427$ $54,171,410$ | $25,816,099$ | $15,522,145$ $14,245,770$ |  |
|  | $107,729,748$ $\mathbf{2 6 , 4 8 1 , 5 6 0}$ | $53,558,338$ $5,998,111$ | $54,171,410$ $20,483,449$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 8 , 6 2 2 , 4 9 0} \\ \mathbf{7 , 5 2 0 , 4 6 0} \end{array}$ | $14,245,770$ $2,111,973$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,376,720 \\ 5,408,487 \end{array}$ |
|  | 481,256 | 263,977 | 217,279 | 502,500 | 266,994 | 235,506 |
|  | $30,734,087$ $30,430,473$ | $15,136,206$ $15,039,894$ | $15,597,881$ $15,390,579$ | $7,270,684$ <br> 7183 |  |  |
|  | -285,504 | $15,439,894$ 92,521 | $15,390,579$ 192,983 | $7,185,822$ 79,499 | $3,568,394$ $\mathbf{2 8 , 9 7 9}$ | $3,615,428$ 50,520 |
|  | 18,110 | 3,791 | 14,319 | 7,469 | 28,979 2,195 | 50,520 $\mathbf{5 , 1 6 8}$ |
| 5- $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Unmarried } \\ \text { Married } \\ \text { Widowed }\end{array}\right.$ | $32,508,452$ $30,131,128$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,595,846 \\ & 15,948 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,912,606 \\ & 14189597 \end{aligned}$ | $8,218,095$ | 4,235,239 | 3,982,856 |
|  | $30,131,128$ $2,277,969$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,948,531 \\ 621,844 \end{array}$ | $14,182,597$ $1,656,125$ | $7,673,865$ 510,824 | 4,086,540 | 3,587,325 |
|  | 99,355 | 25,471 | 73,884 |  | 11,492 | 373,617 <br> 21,914 |

## .4. INDIAN EMPIRE—continued.

Table 8.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, in Provinces, and in States and Agencies, 1901-continued.


Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901.

| Occupations. | Total supported. | agtual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
| INDIA. | *294,188,046 | 95,709,280 | 43,046,902 | 2,850,584 | 472,630 | 155,431,864 |
| A.-COTERENMENT. | 5,608,185 | 2,105,044 | 102,390 | 269,084 | 8,863 | 3,400,761 |
| I.-Administration. | 3,814,495 | 1,307,999 | 70,973 | 205,756 | 8,088 | 2,435,523 |
| 1. Civil Service of the State. <br> 1. The: Viceroy, the heads of Local | 1,225,901 | 424,672 | 843 | 32,318 | 129 | 800,386 |
| Governments, Administrations and Agencies and their families | 406 | 26 | - | 1 | - | 380 |
| 2. Officers of Government and their families | 58,031 | 15,564 | 4 | 1,883 | - | 42,463 |
| 3. Clerks, Inspectors, \&c. and their families | 382,719 | 108,573 | 140 | 8,994 | 7 | 274,006 |
| 4. Constables, messengers, warders, and unspecified | 784,745 | 300,509 | 699 | 21,440 | 122 | 483,637 |
| 2. Service of Local and Municipal Bodies. | 273,518 | 95,932 | 12,175 | 5,178 | 471 | 16ă,411 |
| 5. Inspecting and supervising officials... | 90,023 | 27,629 | 10,668 | 1,718 | 373 | 51,726 |
| 6. Clerical establishment ... ... | 63,107 | 20,575 47728 | 135 1,372 | 1,047 2,413 | 16 82 | 42,397 71,288 |
| 7. Menials other than scavengers ... | 120,388 | 47,728 | 1,372 | 2,413 | 82 | 71,288 |
| 3. Village Service. | 2,315,076 | 787,395 | 67,955 | 168,260 | 7,488 | 1,469,726 |
| 8. Headmen, not shown as agriculturists | 291,149 | 40,231 | 4,050 | 32,420 | 649 | 196,868 |
| 9. Accountants, not shown as agriculturists |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 26,182 \\ 109,658 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 798 \\ \mathbf{6 , 0 4 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 289,140 \\ & 983,718 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10. Watchmen and other village ${ }_{\text {a }}$ servants | $1,605,118$ | $572,851$ | $43,549$ | 109,658 | $6,041$ | 983,718 |

[^22]
## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Ocoupations. | Total supported. | Actual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexea. |
| II.-Defenoe. | 396,055 | 238,193 | 455 | 31,922 | 37 | 157,407 |
| 4. Army. | 391,735 | 234,550 | 455 | 31,889 | 35 | 156,730 |
| 11. Military Officers ${ }^{\text {12. Non-Commisioned }}$ - ${ }^{\text {affers }}$ | 14,152 | 5,989 | - | 532 | - | 8,163 |
| $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { 12. Non - Commissioned Officers and } \\ \text { Privates } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ | 198,042 | 127,980 | - | 17,281 | - | 70,062 |
| 13. Followers $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad . .$. | 194,031 | 20,217 | 412 | 1,202 | 3 | 13,402 |
| 14. Military administrative establishments... ... ... ... ... | 52,719 | 31,640 | 36 | 5,695 | - | 21,043 |
| 15. Military Police, \& \% . $\quad .$. | 29,409 | 18,355 |  | 5662 | 27. | 11,0:4 |
| 16. Military service unspecified ... ... | 63,382 | 30,369 | 7 | 6,567 | 5 | 33,00i |
| 5. Navy and Marine. | 4,320 | 3,643 | - | 33 | 2 | 677 |
| 17. Naval Officers ... ... ... ... | 414 | 310 | - | - | - | 104 |
| 18. Naval engineers, warrant officers, and seamen ... ... ... ... | 3,308 | 2,996 | - | 23 | 2 | 312 |
| 19. Naval administrative staff ... ... | 598 | , 337 | - | 10 | - ${ }^{2}$ | 261 |
| III.-Service of Native and Foreign States. | 1,397,635 | 558,852 | 30,962 | 31,406 | 738. | 807,821 |
| 6. Civil Officers. | 1,043,872 | 393,315 | 30,564 | 24,734 | 735 | 619,993 |
| 20. Thiefs and officers ... ... | 70,487 | 20,345 | 421 | 1,517 | 62 | 49,721 |
| 21. Cleriral establishments ... ... | 122,708 | 41,846 | 248 | 1,227 | 3 | 80,614 |
| 22: Menials and unspecified ... ... | 850,677 | 331,124 | 29,895. | 21,990 | 670. | 489,658 |
| 7. Military. | 353,763. | 165,537 | 398 | 6,672 | 3 | 187,828 |
| 23. Officers ... ... ... ... .. | 23,297 | 9,640 | 1 | 575 | 1 | 13,656 |
| 24. Privates, \&c. ... ... ... ... | 330,466 | 155,897 | 397 | 6,097 | 2 | 174,172 |
| B.-PASTURE AND AGRICULTURE. | 195,668,362 | 63,026,365 | 27,867,210 | 325,451 | 69,818 | 104,774,787 |
| IV.-Provision and Care of Antmals. | 3,976,631 | 2,199,278 | 346,579 | 80,761 | 15,857 | 1,430,774 |
| 8. Stock Breeding and Dealing. | 3,904,659 | 2,173,337 | 343,652 | 84,442 | 15,785 | 1,387,680 |
| 25. Horse, mule, and ass breeders, dealers, and attendants | 26,982 | 12,152 | 1,374 | 292 | 14 | 13,456 |
| 26. Cattle breeders and dealers, and commissariat farm establishment | 3599,063 | 153,079 | 26,417 | 7,875 | 1,123 | 179,567 |
| 27. Herdsmen ... ... ... ... | 2,215,791 | 1,439,088 | 193,209 | 34,227 | 4,987 | 583,494 |
| 28. Elephant catchers and dealers ... | 997 | - 370 | 10 | 35 | 1 | -617 |
| 29. Camel breeders, dealers, and attendants | 47,118 | 20,319 | 1,090 | 951 | 1 285 | 617 25,209 |
| 30. Sheep and goat breeders and dealers | 358,933 | 145,113 | 24,003 | 12,460 | 2,106 | 25,209 189,817 |
| 31. Shepherds and goatherds ... ... <br> 32. Pig hreeders and dealers, and swine | 850,253 | 387,520 | 88,470 | 27,658 | 6,844 | 374,263 |
| herds ... ... ... ... ... | 45,532 | 15,691 | 8,579 | 944 | 425 | 21,257 |
| 9. Training and Care of Animals. | 71,962 | 25,941 | 2,927 | 1,319 | 72 |  |
| 33. Veterinary surgeons, farriers, \&c. ... | 29,068 | 9,656 | +120 | 1471 | 3 | 19,292 |
| 34. Horse and elephant trainers, \&c. ... | 27,496 | 11,445 | 82 | 678. | 3 | 19,292 |
| 35. Vermin and animal catchers ... | 15,240 | 4,798 | 2,719 | 168 | 66 | 7,723 |
| 35a.Dog fanciers ... ... ... .. | ${ }^{158}$ | 42 | 2,719 | 1 | 66 | 7,723 110 |
| V.-Agrioultore. | 191,691,731 | 60,827,087 | 27,520,631. | 239,6:0 | 53,961 | 103,344,013 |
| 10. Land-holders and Tenants. <br> 36. Rent receivers... | $152,684,248$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48,404,893 \\ & 14,477065 \end{aligned}$ | $17,160,291$ | 49,486 | 9,599 | 87,119,064 |
| 36. Rent receivers... 3... Rent payers .... | $145,810,673$ $106,873,575$ | $14,377,965$ $34,026,928$ | $6,151,933$ | 10,506 | 2,095 | 25,280,775 |
| 3., Rent payers ... ... ... ... | 106,873,575 | 34,026,928 | 11,008,358 | 38,980 | 7,504 | 61,838,289 |
| 11. Agricultural Labourers. <br> 38. Farm servants | 35,408,838 | 11,201,280 |  | 128,229 | 37,900 | 14,420,710 |
| 38. Farm servants ... ... ... ... | 4,196,697 29,32,985 | $1,995,767$ $8,673,314$ | 500,585 | +33,241 | 3,015 | 1,700,345 |
| 40. Taungya or jhum cultivators ... $\ldots$ | 29,325,985 $1,886,156$ | $1,678,314$. 527,199 | $8,954,149$ $\mathbf{3 3 2 , 1 1 4}$ | -94,988 | 34,885 | $11,693,522$ $1,026,843$ |
|  | 2,628,620 | 867,683 | 561,167 | 20,611 | 5,668 | 1,199,770 |
| managers and superior staff | 42 | 17 | - | - | - | 25 |
| 42. Cinchona plantations ; labourers and other subordinates ... | 965 | 415 | 191 | - | - | 25 |
| 43. Coffee plantations; owners, mana- |  | 415 | 191 | 5 | - | 359 |
| 44. Coffee plantations ; labourers and | 7,070 | 1,951 | 653 | - | - | 4,466 |
| other subordinates... | 99,084 | 49,995 | 30,146 | 2 | - | 18,943 |
| 45. Indigo factories ; owners, managers and superior staff ... | 2,060 | 893 | 42 | 121 | 4 | 18,943 |
| 46. Indigo factories ; labourers and other subordinates... |  |  |  | 121 | 4 | 1,125: |
| Ue... ... ... ... | 13,723 | 5,499 | 1,815 | 926 | 428 | 6,409 |

35a. Returned only in Bengal.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.


## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Occupations. |  | actual Workerg. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Total. |  | Partially Agricultariet. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Malee. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
| 18. Provision of Vegetable Food-cont. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 87. Flour mills: owners, managers, and superior staff | 1,461 | 536 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 907 |
| 88. Flour mills: operatives and other subordinates... | 4,414 | 2,004 | 190 | 21 39 | $\underline{-}$ | 2,120 |
| 89. Oil mills : owners, managers, and | 4,314 |  | 150 | 39 | T | 2,120 |
| 90. Superior staff $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 3,980 | 1,110 | 653 | 40 | 12 | 2,217 |
| 90. Oil mills : operatives and other subordinates | 8,353 | 3,330 | 758 | 38 | 7 | 4,265 |
| 91. Rice mills : owners, managers, and superior staff | 5,8112 | 2,237 | 387 | 58 52 | - | 2,488 |
| 92. Rice mills: operatives and other snbordinates.. | 5,112 50,633 | 2,237 37,534 | 387 2,518 | 52 2,342 | 61 | 2,488 10,681 |
| snbordinates... <br> 93. Sugar factories: owners, managers, | 50,633 | 37,534 | 2,518 | 2,342 | 61 | 10,681 |
| 94. Sugar superior staff ... | 12,631 | 4,082 | 131 | 542 | 12 | 8,318 |
| 94. Sugar factories : operatives and other subordinates... | 41,971 | 22,683 | 1,222 | 1,403 | 234 | 18,066 |
| 95. Bakers ... ... ... ... ... | 87,775 | 28,231 | 10,366 | 1,432 | 73 | 49,178 |
| 96. Flour grinders... ... ... ... | 617,569 | 35,671 | 360,047 | 1,692 | 1,742 | 221,851 |
| 97. Grain and pulse dealers ... ... | 2,264,481 | 737,193 | 217,476 | 49,134. | . 5,181 | 1,309,812 |
| 98. Grain parchers:.. ... ... ... | 762,484 | 187,554 | 260,841 | 27,398. | .8,490 | 314,089 |
| 99. Makers and sellers of sugar, molasses, and gur by hand | 162,915 | 40,713 | 50,386 | $3.667^{\circ}$ | 1,870 | 71,816 |
| 100. Oil pressers | 1,055,933 | 342.693 | 167,635 | 57,515 | 11,702 | 545,605 |
| 101. Oil sellers ... ... ... | 740,766 | 214,169 | 156;217 | 28,496 | 6,529 | 370,380 |
| 101a.Dealers in copra ... ... | 9,070 | 2,767 | 98 | 47 |  | 6,205 |
| 102. Rice pounders and huskers... | 901,349 | 55,520 | 558,972 | 1,996 | 4,356 | 286,857 |
| 103. Sweetmeat makers ... ... | 145,021 | 49,521 | 12,629 | 1,995 | 205 | 82,871 |
| 105. Vegetable and fruit sellers... ... | 458,720 | 131,422 | 90,849 | 5,320 | 1,039 | 236,449 |
| 106. Miscellaneous ... ... ... | 630,676 | 190,565 | 245,820 $\mathbf{9 6 , 0 7 9}$ | 14,954. | 1,080 $\mathbf{2 , 0 7 1}$ | 393,821 344,032 |
| 19. Provision of Drink, Condiments and Stimulants. | 3,975,545 | 1,278,900 | 429,620 | 102,864 | 12,666 | 2.267,025 |
| 107. Aërated water factories: owners, managers and superior staff | 5,449 | 4,247 | 144 | 8 | 1 | 1,058 |
| 108. Aërated water factories : workmen and other subordinates ... | 3,645 | 1,615 | 134 | 8 | + | 1,058 1,896 |
| 109. Braweries : owners, managers and | 3,645 | 1,615 | 134 | 8 | $\cdots$ | 1,896 |
| superior staff | 797 | 202 | 132 | 5 | 1 | 463 |
| 110. Breweries : workmen and other subordinates | 988 | 512 | 40 | 15 | - | 436 |
| 111. Distilleries : owners, managers and superior staff | 1,293 | 649 | 24 | 15 | - | 436 |
| 112. Distilleries: operatives and other | 1,293 | 649 | 24 | 141 | 14 | 620 |
| 113. Opium factories : $\begin{gathered}\text { subordinates } \\ \text { managers } \\ \text { and }\end{gathered}$ | 6,437 | 2,725 | 735 | 117 | 11 | 2,977 |
| 114. $\begin{gathered}\text { superior staff } \\ \text { dium factories }\end{gathered}$ | 345 | 132 | 3 | 9 | - | 210 |
| 114. Opium factories: workmen and other subordinates | 2,405 | 938 | 9 | 63 | - | , 46 |
| 115. Ice factories: owners, managers |  |  |  |  | - | , 468 |
| 116. Ice factories : workmen and other | 654 | 132 | 14 | 1 | - | 508 |
| 117 subordinates ... ... ... | 2,522 | 1,042 | 35 | 4 |  |  |
| 117. Salt stores: owners, managers and superior staf | 1,523 | 1,042 | 35 | 4 | - | 1,446 |
| superior staff ... ... ... <br> 118. Salt stores: workmen and other | 1,323 | 579 | 32 | 75 | 2 | 712 |
| subordinates <br> 119. Tobacco factories: owners, managers | 18,394 | 7,133 | 2,222 | 481 | 48 | 9,039 |
| 119. Tobacco factories : owners, managers and superior staff ... | 108 | 36 | 19 | 2 |  |  |
| 120. Tobacco factories: workmen and other subordinates .... ... |  | 457 | 118 | 2 | - | ${ }^{63}$ |
| 121. Water-works: managers ${ }^{\text {and }}$ su- | 1,142 | 457 | 118 | 3 | 3 | 567 |
| perior staff ... | 823 | 194 | 112 | 1 | - | 517 |
| 122. Water sordinates workmen and other | 7,987 | 3,375 |  |  |  |  |
| 123. Cardamom, betel-leaf, and areca- |  | 3,375 | 1,650 | 56 | 1 | 2,962 |
| 124. Grocers and general condiment | 550,241 | 165,905 | 83,281 | 15,433 | 2,732 | 301,055 |
|  | 1,587,255 | 510,486 |  |  |  |  |
| 125. Opium, bhang, ganja, \&c., proparers | 1,68,209 | 5,471 1,871 | 155,865 296 | 36,426 12 | 3,509 | 920,904 |
| 126. Opium, bhang, ganja, \&ce, sellers ... | 31,336 | 11,848 | 856 | -12 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ -\quad 72 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,332 18,632 |
| 127. Salt makers ... ${ }^{\text {128. Salt sellers }}$...... | 25,387 | ' 9 9,386 | 3,604 | 1,015 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \times 72 \\ \times 70 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18,632 |
| 128. Salt sellers ... ... ... ... | 205,159 |  | 35,558 | 4,515 | 70 747 | 106,406 |
| 129. Tobacco and snuff manufacturers... | 65,188 | $\therefore \quad 19,799$ | 10,679 | 593 | 414 | 106,406 .34 .710 |
| 130. Tobacco and snuff sellars ... 131. Toddy drawers ... | 296,395 | -89,796 | 42,705 | 4,619 | 664 | 163,894 |
| 132. Toddy sellers... $\quad$... $\quad .$. | 618,078 293,545 | - $\begin{array}{r}212,393 \\ \hline .85,981\end{array}$ | 17,814 | 22,021 | 598 | 388,371 |
| 133. Wine and spirit distillers ... | 293,545 45,394 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 85,981 } \\ 17,420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 47,311 | 9,198 | 2,163 | 160,253 |
| 134. Wine and spirit sellers | -154,373 | - 82,420 | 6,420 | 2,349 | 400 | 21,554 |
| 134a. Sellers of tea and coffee | 154,373 1,236 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { F2,047 } \\ \hline 542\end{array}$ | 15,200 | 4,344 | 1,146 | 87,126 |
| 135. Mizcellaneous... ... ... | -4,266 |  |  | 4 | - | 634 |
| 13. Mincole ... | 43,647 | 14,263 | 4,548 | 711 | 66 | 24,836 |

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continüed.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

$137 a$ aind $b$. Keturned only in Sengat.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Ocoupations of the Populatron, 1901-continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Occupaitions.} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Total supported.} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Actuaj Wore ers.} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Dependents.} \\
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Total.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Partially Agriculturist.} \& \\
\hline \& \& Males. \& Females. \& Males. \& Females. \& Both Sexes, \\
\hline 171. 25. Carts, Carriages, \&c.--cont. \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 172. Cart and carriage sellers ... \& 6,061 \& 1,908 \& 611 \& 122 \& 2 \& 14,234
3,542 \\
\hline 173. Painters of carriages, \&c. .... \& 8.839 \& 3,179 \& 283 \& 95 \& \& 3,542
5,377 \\
\hline 174. Palki, dandi, 'ricksha makers and sellers 174a.Cycle repairers and sellers ... \& 1
2,514
23 \& 622
13 \& 64
64 \& 52 \& \(\cdots 1\) \& 1,07
1,829
10 \\
\hline 26. Ships and Boats. \& 45,328 \& 14,897 \& 400 \& 1,4.13 \& 19 \& 30,031 \\
\hline 175. Shipwrights, boat-builders, \&c. . \(\because\) \& 42,940 \& 13,977 \& 346 \& 1,388 \& 17 \& 28,618 \\
\hline  \& 1,059 \& 373 \& 12 \& 17 \& - .. \& 28,614
.674 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
177. Ship chandlers and marine store dealers \\
178. Ship and boat painters ... \(\cdots\)
\end{tabular} \& 449
880 \& 174
378 \& \(\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 4
4 \& 2 \& 240
499 \\
\hline XI.-Supplementary Requirements. \& 1,231,671 \& 417,208 \& 123,807 \& .30,406 \& 3,935 \& 690,650 \\
\hline 179."Paper mills.-Paper. \& . 34,873 \& 13,777 \& - 2,110 \& 202 \& - 16 \& 18,986 \\
\hline 179. Paper mills : owners, managers, and superior staff \& - 119 \& 55 \& - \(\mathbf{2}^{\text {, }}\) \& - \& \(-1\) \& 62 \\
\hline 180. Paper mills: operatives and other subordinates \& 5,840 \& 3,500 \& 495 \& 42 \& 1 \& 1,845 \\
\hline 181. Paper makers and selleres, and palm leaf binders \& 10,422 \& \& \& \& 10 \& 1,865 \\
\hline 182. Stationers .... \(\quad .\). \& 18,492 \& 3,364
\(\mathbf{6 , 8 6 8}\) \& 806
807 \& 62
98 \& 10
5 \& 6,262
10,817 \\
\hline 28. Booka and Prints. \& 114,910 \& 43,935 \& 686 \& 711 \& 28 \& 70,289 \\
\hline 183. Printing presses: owners, managers, and superior etaff \& 6,009 \& 1,740 \& 30 \& 48 \& 5 \& \\
\hline 184. Printing presses: workmen and \& \& \& \& 48 \& \({ }^{5}\) \& 4,239 \\
\hline other subordinates \& 59,323 \& 23,152 \& 218 \& 301 \& 2 \& 35,903 \\
\hline  \& 7,343 \& 3,210 \& 85 \& \& 16 \& 4,048 \\
\hline 186. Book-binders ... ...
187. Book-sellers, book-agents, and puo. \& 25,089 \& 10,000 \& 96 \& 184 \& 16 \& 14,993 \\
\hline 187. Book-sellers, book-agents, and publishers \& 14,440 \& 4,902 \& 203 \& 124 \& 1 \& 9,335 \\
\hline 188. Newspaper proprietors, mänagers, and sellers ... \& 976 \& 333 \& 20
10 \& 124
4 \& 1 \& 1,380
633 \\
\hline 189. Print and picture dealers '... \& 1,730 \& 333
598 \& 10 \& 4
20 \& - \({ }^{4}\) \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
633 \\
1,088
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 29. Watches, Clooks, and Scientific Instruments! \& 15,455- \& \%,341 \& 81 \& 78 \& 2 \& 10,033 \\
\hline 190. Watch and cloek makers ... ... \& 9,852 \& 3,307 \& 49 \& 50 \& - \& \\
\hline 191. Watch and clock sellers and opticians \& 4,925 \& 1,759 \& 25 \& 26 \& - \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
6,496 \\
3,141
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 192. Photographic apparatus dealers ... \& 287 \& 113 \& 5 \& 1
1 \& - \& 3,141 \\
\hline 193. Other scientific instrument makers, menders, and sellers. \& 391 \& 162 \& \(\cdot \cdot\)

$\cdot$
$\cdot$ \& 1 \& - \& 169
227 <br>
\hline 10 30. Carving and Engraving. \& 60,790 \& 22,351 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 194. Wood and ebony carvers ... ... \& 5,037 \& 1,787 \& 4,510. 76 \& 1,226 \& 67
1 \& 33,929
$\mathbf{3 , 1 7 4}$ <br>
\hline 19.j. Ivory carvers ... ... ... \& 2,917 \& 949 \& 37 \& 52 \& 1 \& 3,174 <br>
\hline 196. Cotton-stamp makers and sellers ... \& 3,418 \& 1,108 \& 32.5 \& 52 \& 31 \& 1,985 <br>
\hline 197. Turners nnd lacquerers. ... ... \& 35,933 \& 11,613 \& 2,713 \& 176 \& 16 \& 21,607 <br>
\hline 198. Die-sinkers and seal, \&c., engravers \& 4,427 \& 1,752 \& 36 \& 42 \& 1 \& - 2 2,639 <br>

\hline | 199. Type founders |
| :--- |
| 200. Mica, flint and talc workers and | \& 679 \& 271 \& 14 \& \& - 1 \& 2,699

394 <br>
\hline  \& 6,366 \& 3,863 \& 1,249 \& 747 \& 4 \& <br>
\hline 201. Mosaic and alabaster workers and sellers. ... ... ... ... \& 2,013 \& 1,008 \& 1,210
60 \& 48
43 \& 13 \& 1,254
945 <br>

\hline | 31. Toys and Curiosities. |
| :--- |
| 202. Toy, kite and cage makers and | \& 45,084 \& 14,502 \& 2,914 \& .. 268 \& 22 \& 27.668 <br>

\hline  \& 17,521 \& \& \& \& \& 27,968 <br>
\hline 203. Hukka-stem makers and seliders .... \& 20,981 \& 6,944 \& 1,973
495 \& 70
170 \& 7 \& 9,834 <br>
\hline 204. Papier-mache workers and sellers \& 1,009 \& 6,347 \& 111 \& 170
13 \& 7
8 \& 13,542 <br>
\hline 205. Curiosity dealers ... ... ... \& 5,573 \& 1,497 \& 335 \& 15 \& 8 \& 551
3,741 <br>
\hline 32. Music and Musical Instruments. 206. Music and masical instrument \& 12,064 \& 4,468 \& 704 \& 196 \& 13 \& 6,892 <br>
\hline  \& 9,387 \& 3,551 \& 508 \& 173 \& 12 \& 5,328 <br>
\hline sellers ... ... .. \& 2,677 \& 917 \& 196 \& 23 \& 1 \& 1,564 <br>
\hline 33. Bangles, Necklaces, Beads, Sacred Threade, dc. \& 548829 \& 173,421 \& 100,661 \& 13,138 \& 3,275 \& 274,747 <br>
\hline 208. Makers of bangles, other than glass. \& 83,489 \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline 209. Sellers of bangles, other than glasi 214. Makers of glase bangles \& 68,840 \& 21,317 \& 14,328 \& 1,938 \& $\begin{array}{r}371 \\ 428 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& | 41,564 |
| :--- |
| 36,171 | <br>

\hline 210. Makers of glass bangles
211. Sellers of glass bangless \& 75,443 \& 24,211 \& 13,707 \& 2,280 \& $\begin{array}{r}8.811 \\ \hline \quad\end{array}$ \& -37,525 <br>
\hline 211. Sollers of glass bangles \& 112,821 \& 34,826 \& 21,178 \& 2,309 \& 523 \& 56,817 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## 4．INDIAN EMPIRE－continued．

Table 9．－Occupations of the Population，1901－continued．

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Occupations．} \& \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Actual Workers．} \& \multirow{2}{*}{Dapendents，} <br>
\hline \& Total supported． \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Total．} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Partially Agriculturist．} \& <br>
\hline \& \& Males． \& Females．${ }^{\text {＇}}$ \& Males． \& Females． \& Both Sexes． <br>
\hline 33．Bangles，Necklaces，Beads，Sacred Threads，\＆c．－－cont．． \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 212．Imitation and pewter jewellery \& 11，002 \& 4，068 \& 1，296 \& 263 \& 84 \& 5，638 <br>
\hline 213．Sellers of －imitation and pewter jewellery \& 9，674 \& 3，560 \& 863 \& 158 \& 62 \& 5，251 <br>
\hline 214 Rosary，bead，and necklace makers \& 46，884 \& 15，065 \& 9，937 \& 929 \& 191 \& 21，882 <br>
\hline ［ 215．Rosary，bead，and necklace sellers \& 30，089 \& 9，015 \& 5，322 \& 255 \& 73 \& 15，752 <br>
\hline 216．Flower garland makers and sellers \& 87，050 \& 26，894 \& 17，086 \& 2，545 \& 540 \& 43，070 <br>
\hline 217．Makers and sellers of spangles，lin－ gams，and sacred threads \& 23，537 \& 6，868 \& 5，592 \& 457 \& 192 \& 11，077 <br>
\hline 34．Furniture． \& 17，813 \& 5，791 \& 466 \& 112 \& 2 \& 11，⿹勹龴ิ6 <br>
\hline 218．Furnitnre factories ：owners，mana－ gers，and superior staff \& 87 \& 38 \& 7 \& － \& － \& 42 <br>
\hline 219．Furniture factories ：operatives and other subordinates \& 546 \& 226 \& 21 \& 4 \& － \& 299 <br>
\hline 220．Furniture makers ：hand industry \& 8，434 \& 2，640 \& 159 \& 54 \& 2 \& 5，635 <br>
\hline 221．Furniture sellers ．．．．．．．．． \& 8，746 \& 2，887 \& 279 \& 54 \& － \& 5，580 <br>
\hline 35．Harness． \& 15，561 \& 5，5จั4 \& 924 \& 150 \& 34 \& 9，083 <br>
\hline 222．Harness（not leather）makers and sellers \& 4，179 \& 1，428 \& 281 \& 21 \& 2 \& 2，470 <br>
\hline 223．Saddlecloth makers，embroiderers， and sellers ．．． \& 7，633 \& 2，697 \& 444 \& 52 \& 32 \& 4，492 <br>
\hline 224．Whip，goad，and walking stick，\＆c．， makers \& 3，749 \& 1，429 \& 199 \& 77 \& － \& 2，121 <br>
\hline 36．Tools and machinery． \& 316，736 \& 109，781 \& 8，816 \& 13，731 \& 408 \& 198，139 <br>
\hline 225．Machinery and Engineering work－ shops：owners，managers，and snperior staff \& 574 \& 241 \& － \& － \& － \& 333. <br>
\hline 226．Machinery and Engineering work－ shops ：operatives and other subordinates． \& 21，289 \& 9，281 \& 36 \& 212 \& － \& 11，972 <br>
\hline 227．Knife and tool makers ．．．．．． \& 7，183 \& 2，820 \& 293 \& 202 \& 2 \& 4，070 <br>
\hline 228．Knife and tool sellers ．．．．．． \& 5，594 \& 1，847 \& 510 \& 55 \& 9 \& 3，237 <br>
\hline 229．Knife and tool grinders ．．．．．．．． \& 13，684 \& 4，911 \& 789 \& 99 \& 11 \& 7，984： <br>
\hline 230．Plough and agricultural implement makers \& 216，931 \& 71，247 \& 4，513 \& 12，341 \& 359 \& 141，171． <br>
\hline 231．Looms and loom－comb makers and sellers \& 21，512 \& 7，683 \& 2，ă60 \& 380 \& 26 \& 11，269 <br>
\hline 232．Mechanics other than railway me－ chanics ．．．．．．．．．．．． \& 25，502 \& 10，237 \& 47 \& 384 \& － \& 15：218 <br>
\hline 233．Machinery dealers，\＆c．．．．．．． \& 25，502

1,019 \& 10，248 \& 59 \& 2 \& 1 \& 712 <br>
\hline 234．Sugar press makers ．．．．．．．．． \& 3，448 \& 1，266 \& 9 \& 56 \& － \& 2，173 <br>
\hline 37．Arms and Ammunition． \& 49，556 \& 18，287 \& 1，935 \& 594 \& 68 \& 29，334 <br>
\hline 235，Arms and ammunition factories ： superior staff \& 235 \& 121 \& － \& 1 \& － \& 114 <br>
\hline 236．Arms and ammunition factories； operatives and other subordinates \& 2，720 \& 1，064 \& 3 \& 4 \& － \& 1，653 <br>
\hline 237．Arsenals ：superior staft $\ldots$ ．．．$\ldots$ \& 161 \& ${ }^{7} 7$ \& － \& 1 \& － \& 86 <br>
\hline 238．Arsenals：operatives and other subordinates ．．．．．．．．． \& 4，219 \& 1，784 \& $\bar{\square}$ \& 58 \& － \& 2，430 <br>
\hline 239．Gunpowder factories：managers and superior staff ．．． \& 80 \& 27 \& 4 \& － \& － \& 49 <br>
\hline 240．Gunpowder factories：operatives and other subordinates ．．．．．． \& 2，033 \& 971 \& 1 \& － \& － \& 1，061 <br>
\hline 241．Gnn－carriage factories：managers and superior staff ．．． \& 215 \& 87 \& － \& 1 \& － \& 128 <br>
\hline 242．Gun－carriage factories：workmen and other snbordinates－．．． \& 3，066 \& 1，124 \& 25 \& 9 \& － \& 1，917 <br>
\hline 243．Gnn－makers，menders，and sellers \& 2，957 \& 1，162 \& 25 \& 16 \& － \& 1，770 <br>
\hline 244．Ammunition，gunpow＇der，and fire－ work makers \& 18，112 \& 6，356 \& 1，032 \& 309 \& 34 \& 10724 <br>
\hline 245．Ammnnition，gunpowder，and fire－ work sellers \& 10，932 \& 3，652 \& 541 \& 139 \& 32 \& 6739 <br>
\hline 246．Makers of swords，spears，and other weapons \& －3，343 \& 1，346 \& 182 \& 37 \& 1 \& 1815 <br>

\hline | 247．Sellers of swords，spears，and outher |
| :--- |
| weapons | \& 1，483 \& 518 \& 117 \& 19 \& 1 \& 848 <br>

\hline XII Textile Fabrics and Dregs． \& 11，214，158 \& 3，507，767 \& 2，210，543 \& 243，937 \& 60，064 \& 5，495 848 <br>
\hline 38．Wool and Furr． \& 393，848 \& 119，920 \& 77，574 \& 7，728． \& 4，375 \& 196.354 <br>
\hline 248．Carpet weavers－．．．．．．．． \& 20，420 \& 7，688 \& 911
239 \& ． 366 \& 98 \& 11，821 <br>
\hline \& 28，387 \& 12，248 \& ${ }^{239}$ \& 323 \& \& 15，900 <br>
\hline 250．Felt and pashm workers ．．．．．． \& 13，063 \& 5，217 \& 1，630． \& 46 \& 14 \& 6，216 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901—continued.


## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Tablee 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Occupations. | Total supported. | agtual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
| 41. Jute, Hemp, Flax, Coir, \&c.-cont. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 288. Rope works: operatives and other subordinates ... ... ... | 4,361 | 2,000 | 678 | 32 | 10 | 1,683 |
| 289. Dealers in raw fibres... ... ... | 49,322 | 15,807 | 7,142 | 642 | 48 | 26,373 |
| 290. Rope, sacking, and net makers ... | 344.176 | 74,614 | 109,080 | 3,737 | 2,155 | 110,482 |
| 291. Rope, sacking, and net seilers ... | 64,614 | 17,121 | 18,538 | 544 | $\stackrel{475}{ }$ | 28,955 |
| 292. Fibre matting and bag makers ... | 32,738 | 9,394 | 9,746 | 616 | 143 | 13,598 |
| 293. Fibre matting and bag sellers ... | 9,594 | 2,897 | 1,735 | 70 | 38 | 4,962 |
| 42. Dress. | 2,069,332 | 676,516 | 243;662 | 40,745 | 5,511 | 1,149,154 |
| 294. Clothing agencies: managers and superior staff ... ... ... | 14,671 | 4,855 | 658 | 126 | 5 | 9,158 |
| 295. Clothing agencies : operatives and other subordinates | 14,071 8,433 | 2,85 | 665 | 73 | 3 | 4,901 |
| 296. Hosiery factories: owners managers, and superior stafi | 8,438 486 | 2,867 181 | 27 | 3 | 3 | 278 |
| 297. Hosiery factories: operatives and other subordinates | 191 | 44 | 6 | 4 | - | 141 |
| 298. Umbrella factories: owners, managers, and superior staff | 696 | 276 | 134 | 2 | 1 | 285 |
| 299. Umbrella factories: operatives and other subordinates | 1,345 | 520 | 157 |  | 11 | ${ }^{668}$ |
| 300. Umbrella sellers ... ... ... | 8,426 | 2,979 | 1,323 | 41 | 11 | 4,124 |
| 300a. Umbrella repairers ... ... ... | 2,310 | 986 | 11 | 28 | - | 1,313 |
| 301. Embroiderers and lace and maslin makers | 49,289 | 14,380 | 9,787 | 110 | 201 | 25,122 |
| 302. Hat, cap, and turban makers, binders and sellers | 33,051 | 10,853 | 4,976 | 179 | 71 | 17,222 |
| 303. Hosiers and haberdashers ... ... | 40,892 | 12,882 | 4,291 | 409 | $\begin{array}{r}71 \\ 550 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 23,719 |
| 304. Piece-goods dealers ... ... ... | 744,007 | 247,308 | 28,656 | 14,502 | 550 15 | 468,043 11,335 |
| 305. Makers of shoes (not leather) ... | 23,382 | 8,534 | 3,513 | 64 | 15 | 11,335 |
| 306. Tailors, milliners, dress makers, and darners | 1,142 153 | 369,851 | 189,458 | 25,204 | 4,580 | 582,844 |
| XIII.-Metals and Precious | 3,710,804 | 1,281,163 | 112,727 | 138,055 | 7,189 | 2,315,914 |
| Stones. <br> 43. Gold, Silver, and Precious Stones. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43. Gold, Silver, and Precious Stones. 307. Mints : managers and superior staff | 1,768,597 213 | 600,931 81 | 33,671 | 50,753. 1 | 1,706 | 1,133,999 |
| 308. Mints: operatives and other subordinates ... ... ... ... | 1,736 | 657 | 155 | 31 | 1 | 924 |
| 309. Gold mines : owners, managers, and superior staff | 220 | 59 | 22 | - | 1 | 139 |
| 310. Gold mines: operatives and other <br> snbordinates | 12,526 | 4,782 | 535 | 928 | 1 | 7,209 |
| 310a.Gold washers ... ${ }^{\text {snbordinates }}$... | 12,018 | -162 | 257 |  | - | 199 |
| 311. Jade miners ... ... ... ... | 702 | 369 | 47 | 45 | - | 286 |
| 311a.Diamond miners ... | 569 | 300 | 129 |  |  | 140 |
| 312. Goldsmiths' dust-washers .. ... | 47,156 | 15,855 | 1,755 | 1,160 | 59 | 29,546 |
| 312a.Washing river sand for gold ... | 683 | 172 | 231 | 37 | 22 | $\begin{array}{r}280 \\ 1854 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 313. Enamellers ... ... ... ... | 3,121 | 1,196 | 71 | 4 | - | 1,854 3,641 |
| 314. Electro-platers and gilders ... ... | 5,898 | 2.203 1,283 | 54 356 | 80 13 | - 1 | 3,641 |
| 315. Dealers in plate and platewear ... | 3,275 | 1,283 | 356 | 13 | 1 | 1,036 |
| 316. Gold and silver wire drawers, and braid makers | 66,090 | 23,111 | 2;065 | 872 | 19 | 40,914 |
| 317. Workers in gold, silver, and precious stones | 1,512,249 | 513,318 | 26,480 | 45,899 | 1,544 | 973,451 |
| 318. Dealers in gold, silver, and precious | 111,213 | 36,708 | 2,434 | 1,675 | 49 | 72,071 |
| 319. Pearl divers ... $\begin{aligned} & \text { stones } \\ & \text { ar }\end{aligned}$ | 111,213 | -675 | ${ }^{2} 77$ | 1,67 | 8 | 1,576 |
| 44. Brass, Copper, and Bell-Metal. | 390,226 | 131,142 | 14,603 | 6,561 | 372 | 244,481 |
| 320. Brass foundries : owners, managers, and superior staff ... | 1,696 | 569 | 127 | 76 | 43 | 1,000 |
| 321. Brass foundries: operatives and other subordinates | 3,396 | 1,237 | 61 | 65 | - | 2,098 |
| 322. Brass, copper, and bell-metal workers | 261,622 | 89,009 | 9,761 | 4,521 | 195 | 162,852 |
| 323. Brass, copper, and bell-mstal sellers | 123,258 | 40,227 | 4,654 | 1,898 1 | 134 | 78,377 154 |
| 323a.Aluminium workers and sellers $\quad \cdots$ | -254 | 100 |  | 1 |  | 154 |
| 45. Tin, Zinc, Quicksilver, and Lead. | 76,098 | 27,055 | 2,981 | 543 | 64 | 46,062 |
| 324. Workers in tin, zinc, quicksilver, |  |  |  | 444 | 59 | 36,508 |
| and lead <br> 325. Sellers of tin, zinc, and lead goods | 60,742 15,356 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,585 \\ 5,470 \end{array}$ | 2,649 | 99 | 5 | -9,554 |
| 46. Iron and Steel. | 1,475,883 | 522,035 | 61,472 | 80,208 | E,047 | 892,376 |
| 326. Iron foundries : owners, managers, and snperior staff ... | 5,403 | 1,730 | 383 | 2 | - | 3,270 |
| 327. Iron foundries: operatives and other subordinates |  |  |  | 107 | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}4,373 \\ \hline 812,305\end{array}$ |
| other subordinates <br> 328 Workers in iron and hardware ... | 1,335,256 | 470,661 | 51,390 | 73,328 | 4,427 | 813,305 |
| 328. Workers in iron and hardware ... 329. Sellers of iron and hardwar | 127,074 | 46,002 | 9,644 | 6,771 | 612 | 71,428 |

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Poptlation, 1901-continued.

| Occupations. | Total supported. | agtual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Fomales. | Both Sexes. |
| XIV.-Glass, Earthen, and Stone Ware. | 2,143,167 | 705,744 | 337,688 | 103,320 | 26,602 | 1,099,735 |
| 47. Glass and China Ware. | 17,942 | 5,767 | 983 | 86 | 6 | 11,192 |
| 330. Glass factories: owners, managers, and superior staff ... | 40 | 17 | 4 | 2 | - | 19 |
| 331. Glass factories : opgratives and other subordinates | 79 | 29 | 4 | - | - | 46 |
| 332. Makers of glass and china ware, other than bangles | 2,709 | 949 | 139 | 1 | 2 | 1:621 |
| 333. Sellers of glass and cbina ware, other than bangles | 15,114 | 4,772 | 836 | 83 | 4 | 9,506 |
| 48. Earthen and Stone Ware. | 2,125,225 | 699,977 | 336,705 | 103,234 | 26,596 | 1,088,543 |
| 334. Pottery works : owniers, managers. and superior staff | 670 | 289 | 40 | 14 | - | 341 |
| 335. Pottgry works : operatives and other subordinates | 611 | 329 | 48 | 39 | - | 234 |
| 336. Potters and pot and pipe-bowl makers ... ... ... ... | 1,815,721 | 602,892 | 281,126 | 91,816 | 24,040 | 931,703 2,796 |
| 336a.Image makers $\ldots$... $\quad .$. | 1,815,652 | 1,758 80,734 | 98 48,871 | 104 10,651 |  | 2,796 132,443 |
| 337. Sellers of pottery ware ... ... | 262,048 | 80,734 | 48,871 | 10,651 | 2,366 |  |
| 338. Grindstone and millstone makers and menders | 33,575 | 11,230 |  | 537 73 | 144 46 | 16,994 4,032 |
| 339. Grindstone and millstone sellers ... | 7,948 | 2,745 | 1,171 | 73 | 46 | 4,032 |
| XY.-Wood, Cane, and Leaves, \&c. | 3,790,492 | 1,288 655 | 433,363 | 137,510 | 12,908 | 2,068,474 |
| 49. Wood and Bamboos. | 2,499,531 | 918.573 | 60,970 | 117,195 | 4,079 | 1,519,988 |
| 340. Carpentry works: owners, managers, and superior staff | 6,358 | 2,230 | 41 | 168 | 1 | 4,087 |
| 341. Carpentry works: operatives and other subordinates: | 6,465 | 2,630 | 321 | 85 | 2 | 3,514 |
| 342 Saw mills : owners, managers, and superior staff | 1,299 | 505 | 22 | 12 | - | ${ }^{772}$ |
| 343. Saw mills: workmen and other sabordinates | 10,573 | 6,413 | 279 | ${ }_{4}^{420}$ | 2 | 3,881 |
| 344. Carpenters $\quad . .0$ | 2,048,881 | 751,679 | 33,391 | 106,965 | 3,163 | 1,263,811 |
| 345. Dealers in timber and bamboos ... | 159,421 | 51,288 | 19,633 | 3,958 | 291 620 | 88,500 155,423 |
| 346. Wood cutters and sawyers ... ... | 266,534 | 103,828 | 7,283 | 5,587 | 620 | 155,423 |
| 50. Cane work, Matting, and Leaves, \&c. | 1,290,961 | 370,082 | 372,393 | 20,315 | 8,829 | 548,486 |
| 347. Baskets, mats, fans, screens, brooms, \&c., makers and sellers | 1,148,724 | 328,600 | 330,552 | 17,671 | 7,925 | 489,572 |
| 348. Comb and toothstick makers and sellers | 34,444 | 12,410 | 5,080 | 460 | 88 | 16,954 |
| 349. Leaf-plate makers aud sellers ... | 98,540 | 26,12; | 35,697 | 1,994 | 808 | 36,718 |
| 349a. Pith and bark collectors, workers and sellers ... | 6,617 | 2,003 | 625 | 181 | 6 | 3,989 |
| $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { 349b. Palmyra-leaf umbrella makers and } \\ \text { sellers } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 2,636 | 944 | 439 | 9 | 2 | 1,253 |
| XVI.-Drugs, Gums, DYEs, \&c. | 455,763 | 151,832 | 64,103 | 9,171 | 2.094 | 239,828 |
| 51. Gums, Wax, Resins, and similar Forest Produce. | 98,483 | 33,171 | 24,372 | 1,040 | 271 | 40,940 |
| 350. Cutch factories : owners, managers, and superior staff .... | 249 | 82 | 6 | 1 | - | 161 |
| 351. Outch factories: operatives and other subordinates | 10 | 7 | - | - | - | 3 |
| 352. Lac factories: ownyrs, managers. and superior staff .... | 1,278 | 162 | 96 | 2 | - | 1,020 |
| 353. Lac factories : operadives and other subordinates | 10,628 | 4,136 | 2,255 | 146 | 13 | 4,237 |
| 354. Camphor, gum, and India-rubber collectors | 2,211 | 809 | 356 | 20 | 2 | 1,046 |
| 355. Camphor, gum, and India-rubber | 3,702 | 1,434 | 756 | 30 | 1 | 1,512 |
| 356. Catechu preparers .. ... ... | 12,568 | 4,372 | 2,276 | 137 | 8 | 5,920 |
| 357. Catechu sellers ... ... ... | 2,591 | 871 | 409 | 21 | 7 | 1,311 |
| 358. Lac collectors... ... ... ... | 6,697 | 2,312 | 924 | 89 | 10 | 3,461 |
| 359. Lac sellers ... ... ... ... | 10,435 | 3,310 | 1,685 | 275 | 41 | 5,440 |
| 360. Wax, honey, and forest prodnce collectors and sellirs | 48,114 | 15,676 | 15,609 | 319 | 189 | 16,829 |

336a. Returned only in Bengal.
349a. Returned only in Bengal.
3497. Returned only in Travancore.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Occupations. | Total supported. | Actual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52. Drugs, Dyes, Pigments, \&c. | 337,280 | -118,661 | 39,731 | 8,131 | - 1,823 | 198,888 |
| 361. Chemical factories : owners, managers and superior staff | 94 | 30 | 1 | - | - | 63 |
| 362. Chemical factories : operatives and other subordinates ... ... | 157 | 52 |  | - | - | 105 |
| 363. Soap factories: owners, managers, and superior staff ... | 176 | 61 | 3 | 3 | - | 112 |
| 364. Soap factories : operatives and other subordinates ... ... ... | 1,616 | 597 | 85 | $\overline{5}$ | 16 | 934 |
| 365. Saltpetre refiners ... ... ... | 51,223 | 16,333 | 9,510 | 2,610 | 1,257 | 25,380 |
| 366. Saltpetre sellers ... ... ... | 12,694 | 3,942 | 2,012 | 201 | 53 | 6,740 |
| 367. Dye works : owners, managers, and superior staff | 4,496 | 1,240 | 604 | 74 | 7 | 2,652 |
| 368. Dye works: operatives and other subordinates | ¢,366 | 1,828 | 304 | 20 | 1 | 3,234 |
| 369. Chemists and druggists ... ... | 77,353 | 29,015 | 2,315 | 1,169 | 50 | 46,023 |
| 370. Borax refiners ... ... ... | 248 | 140 | 1 | 1 | - | 102 |
| 371. Borax sellers ... ... ... .. | 1,240 | 814 | 68 | 238 | - | 358 |
| 372. Soap sellers ... ... ... ... | 6,451 | 2,303 | 397 | 75 | 5 | 3,751 |
| 373. Antimony preparers and sellers ... | 4,055 | 1:251 | 214 | 73 | 1 | 2,590. |
| 374. Madder, saffron, and logwood, \&c., workers and dealers ... ... | 11,330 | 3,715 | 1,068 | 339 | 32 | 6,547 |
| 375. Ink makers and sellers ... ... | 3,530 | 1,228 | 326 | 70 | 14 | 1,976 |
| 376. Perf ume, incense, and sandal-wood preparers | 7,208 | 2,378 | 871 | 229 | 30 | 3,959 |
| 377. Perfume, incense, and sandal-wood sellers | 33,339 | 10,925 | 2,561 | 670 | 34 | 19,853 |
| 378. Persons obcupied with miscellaneous drugs | 28,655 | 9,126 | . 3,348 | 517 | 68 | 16,181 |
| 379. Person occupied with miscellineous dyes ... | 108,049 | 33,678 | 16,043 | 1,537 | 255 | 58,328 |
| XVII,-Leather, \&C. | 3,241,935 | I,149,243 | 251,956 | 104,606 | 15,635 | 1,840,736 |
| 53. Leather, Horn, and Bones, | 3,241,935 | 1,149,243 | 251,956 | 104,606 | 15,635 | 1,840,736 |
| 380. Bone mills: owners, managers, and superior staff | 152 | 43 | 5 | - | - | 104 |
| 381. Bone mills: operatives and other suhordinates | 1,441 | 1,022 | 12 | 18 | - | 407 |
| 382. Brush factories: owners, managers, and superior staff ... | 39 | 18 | 3 | - | - | 18 |
| 383. Brush factories: operatives and other subordinates | 259 | 83 | 4 | - | - | 172 |
| 384. Tanneries and leather factories: owners, managers, and superior staff ... | 675 | 310 | 32 | 18 | - | 333 |
| 385. Tanneries and leather factories: operatives a and other subordinates | 20,223 | 7,638 | 948 | 602 | 29 | 11,637 |
| 336. Leather dyers... | 169,885 | 60,194 698980 | $\begin{array}{r}20,670 \\ \hline 154\end{array}$ | 6,154 | $\stackrel{2,024}{9}$ | 89,021 |
| 387. Shoe, boot, and sandäl-makers .. | 1,957,291 | 698,980 | 154,426 | 68,046 | 9,624 | 1,103,885 |
| 388. Tanners and curriers ... ... | -586,068 | 202,864 | 50,385 | 17,653 | 3,016 | 332,819 |
| 389. Sellers of minufactured leather goods | 84,420 | 30,549 | 4,037 | 2,291 | 196 | 49,834 |
| 390. Sellers and workers of hides, horns, bristles and bones ... | 251,000 | 88,168 | 11,656 | 6,954 | 340 | 151,176 |
| 390a.Sellers of ivory $\ldots$... $\ldots$... | 279 | 185 |  | -. | - |  |
| 391. Water bag, well bag, bucket and ghee-pot makers | 170,203 | 59,189 | 9,777 | 2,870 | 406 | 101,237 |
| E.-COMMERCE, TRANSPORT, STORAGE. | 7,726,040 | 2,865,135 | 299,803 | 183,749 | 8,765 | 4,2061,102 |
| XVIII.-Соmmerce. - | 4,197,771 | 1,380,654 | 222,998 | 96,765 | 6,724 | 2,594,119 |
| 54. Money and Securities. | 1,200,998 | 357,184 | 62,298 | 41,876 | 2,271 | 781.516 |
| 392. Bankers, money-lenders, \&c. ... | 1,006,309 | 291,041 | 59,375 | 39,315 | 2,158 | 656.893 |
| 393. Insurance agents and under-writers | 8,141 | 2,800 20 | 122 | 43 | 1 | 5,219 |
| 394. Money-changers and testers | 91,351 | 30,787 | 2,537 | 1,072 | 61 | 58,027 |
| 395. Bank-clerks, cashiers, bill-collectors, accountants, \&c. | 95,197 | 33,556 | 264 | 1,446 | 51 | 61,377 |
| 55. General Merchandise. | 744,704 | 236,379 | 53,797 | 14,077 | 1,968 | 454,528 |
| 396. General merchants ... ... ... | 486,297 | 151,969 | 42,076 | 9,042 | 1,608 | 292,252 |
| 397. Merchants, managers, accountants, clerks, assistants, \&c. | 258,407 | 84,410 | 11,721 | 5,035 | 360 | 162,276 |

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Oogupations. | Total supported, | Aotual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agricnlturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
| 56. Dealing unspecified. | 1,839,958 | 645,452 | 101,608 | 34,639 | 2,310 | 1,092,898 |
| 398. Shopkeepers, otherwise unspecified 398a. Dealers in miscellaneous articles | 1,231,797 | 407,685 | 87,627 | 27,119 | 1,914 | 736,485 |
| (monohári dohán) ... ... ... | 53,742 | 16,693 | 3,543 | 803 | 54 | 33,506 |
| 399. Shopkeepers, clerks, salesmen, \&c., 400. Shopkepers | 201,723 | 75,386 | 1:035 | 2,681 | 44 | 125,302 |
| 400. Shopkeepers' and money-lenders' servants | 239,659 | 104,477 | 5,275 | 3,057 | 214 | 129,907 |
| 401. Pedlars, hawkers, \&c. ... ... | 113,037 | 41,211 | 4,128 | 979 | 84 | 67,698 |
| 67. Middlemen, Brokers, and Agents ... | 412,111 | 141,639 | 5,295 | 6,173 | 175 | 265,177 |
| 402. Brokers and agents ... ... ... | 219,300 | 75,097 | 1,384 | 1,487 | 19 | 142,819 |
| 403. Auctioneers, auditors, actuaries, notaries public, \&c. | 2,843 | 1,144 | 1,884 | 15 | - | 18,819 1,692 |
| 404. Farmers of pounds, tolls, ferries, markets, \&c. | 13,864 | 4,871 | 215 | 388 | 11 | 8,778 |
| 405. Farmers of liquor, opium, \&c. <br> 406. Contractors for labour, emigration | 15,594 | 4,449 | 246 | 537 | 13 | 10,899 |
| agents, \&c. ... <br> 406a.Road, railway, and district board | 18,091 | 7,428 | 913 | 359 | 21 | 9,750 |
|  | 1,415 | 626 | - | 36 | - | 789 |
| 407. Contractors, otherwiee unspecified 408. Clerks and servants emplozed by | 121,897 | 40,472 | 2,383 | 2,930 | 103 | 79,042 |
| 408. Clerks and servants employed by middlemen .. ... ... ... | 19,107 | 7,552 | 147 | 421 | 8 | 11,408 |
| XIX.-Transport and Storage. | 3,528,269 | 1,484,481 | 76,805 | 86,984 | 2,041 | 1,966,983 |
| 58.-Railway.* | 503,993 | 207,815 | 3,325 | 8,335 | 199 | 292,853 |
| 409. Agents, directors, managers, and their assistants | 1,095 | 425 | - | 10 | - | 670 |
| 410. Other administrative officials ... | 3,394 | 1,486 | - | 10 | - | 1,908 |
| 411. Clerical staff on railways <br> 412 Station masters and... .. | 68,762 | 23,030 | 104 | 593 | 2 | 45,628 |
| 412. Station masters and assistants, inspectors, overseers, \&c. | 32,766 | 9,892 | 27 | 354 | - |  |
| 413. Guards, drivers firemen, \&c. $\ldots$ | 47,006 | 17,200 |  | 501 | 19 | 29,797 |
| 414. Pointsmen, shunters, porters, signallers, \&c.... <br> 414 a.Railway mechauics $\cdots$ (fitters, | 163,927 | 73,281 | 1,137. | 3,417 | 137 | 89,509 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Rainway mechauics (fitters, } \\ \text { platelayers, \&c.) } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 4,990 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 415. Railways, service nnspecified $\quad .$. | 182,053 | 80,257 | -2,048 | 3,376 | 41 | 2,746 99,748 |
| 59. Road. | 1,605,529 | 663,476 | 27,614 | 39,769 | 1,006 | 914,439 |
| 416. Tramway, mail carriage, \&c., managers, contractors, \&c. <br> 417. Cart owners and drivers, carting | 3,781 | 1,256 | 11 | 49 | 2 | 2,514 |
| art own agents, \&c. ... ... ... ... | 608.248 | 264,125 |  |  |  |  |
| 418. Livery stable-keepers, \&c. ... <br> 419. Drivers, stable boys, \&c., not private | 40,827 | 16,480 | 10,689 402 | 16,826 826 | 291 | 333,434 $\mathbf{3 3 , 9 4 5}$ |
|  | 120,512 | 63,223 | 850 | 1,820 | 214 |  |
| 420. Palki, \&c., bearers, and owners ... | 265,558 | 117,565 | 962 | 10,946 | 107 | -66,439 |
| 421. Pack bullock owners, drivers, \&c.... | 145,105 | - 56,948 | 10,361 | 10,946 3,357 | 107 247 | 147,031 77,796 |
| 422. Pack camel, elephant, mule, \&c., owners, and drivers | 421,498 | 153,879 | 4,339 | 5,946 | 116 | 7,796 263,280 |
| 60. Water. | 786,945 | 377,498 | 7,677 | 29,395 | 338 | 401,770 |
| 423. Ship owners and agents ... ... | 3,425 | 1,651 |  |  |  |  |
| 424. Shipping clerks, supercargocs, and | 3,425 | 1,651 | 25 | 221 | 1 | 1,749 |
| 425 stevedores ... ... ... ... | 7,620 | 2,910 | 121 | 161 |  |  |
| 425. Boat and barge owners, \&c. ... 426. Dockyards : owners, managers, and | 33,670 | 13,666 | 667 | 623 | 11 | 19,337 |
| 426. Dockyards : owners, managers, and superior staff | 497 | 199 | 3 | - |  |  |
| 427. Dockyards : workmen and other |  |  | 3 | - | - | 295 |
| subordinates | 13,140 | 8,448 | 164 | 144 | 1 |  |
| 428. Ships' officers, engineers, mariners and firemen | 119,881 |  | 304 | 144 4.536 | 1 | 4,528 |
| 429. Boat and barge men ${ }^{\text {..... }}$... | 559,675 | 274,710 | 304 6,231 | 4,536 22948 | 23 | 63,616 |
| 430. Pilots ... | 10,077 | - 4,442 | 6,231 |  | $-^{297}$ | 278,734 5,632 |
| 431. Lock-keepers, \&c., and canal service 432. Harhour worke: harbour service, | 33,181 | 4,442 $\mathbf{1 3 , 2 2 9}$ | ${ }_{91}^{3}$ | 300 431 | - 3 | 5,632 19,861 |
| and divers ... ... ... ... | 5,779 | 2,282 | 68 | 31 | - | 3,429 |

[^23]
## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Ocodpations. | Total supported. | Actual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Messages. | 155,374 | 58,446 | 172 | 2,958 | 5 | 96,756 |
| 433. Post office : officers and superior staff ... | 21,562 | 7,158 | 9 | 467 | 4 | 14,395 |
| 434. Post office : clerks, messengers, runners and other subordinates | 112,371 | 43,043 | 117 | 2,302 | 1 | 69,211 |
| 435. Telegraph : ofticers and superior staff ... | 3,613 | 1,197 | 24 | 40 | - | 2,392 |
| 436. Telegraph : clerks, signallers, messengers, and other subordinates | 16,877 | 6,714 | 13 | 145 | - | 10,150 |
| 437. Telephone: managers and superior staff ... | 192 | 65 | 1 | 1 | - | 126 |
| 438. Telephone : clerks, operators, and other subordinates | 759 | 269 | 8 | 3 | - | 482 |
| 62. Storage and weighing. | 476,428 | 177,246 | 38,017 | 6,527 | 493 | 261,165 |
| 439. Warehouse : owners, managers, and saperior staff | 3,801 | 1,337 | 35 | 109 | - | -2,429 |
| 440. Warehouse: workmen and other subordinates ... ... ... | 11,799 | - .5,158 | 452 | 188 | 2 | 6,189 |
| 441. Porters ... ... ... | 358,605 | 132,540 | 36,108 | 3,991 | 381 | 189,957 |
| 442. Weighmen and measurers ... ... | 91,571 | 32,918 | 1,088 | 1,982 | 106 | 57,565 |
| 443. Watchmen employed at stores ... | 10,652 | \%,293 | 334 | 257 | 4. | 5,025 |
| F.-PROFESSIONS. | 5,056,135 | 1,744,456 | 336,402 | 167,757 | 11,472 | 2,975,277 |
| XX.-Leabned and Artistic | 4,928,092 | 1,694,513 | 326,691 | 165,712 | 11,288 | 2,906,888 |
| 63. Religion. | 2,728,812 | 971,869 | 178,656 | 112,557 | 7,331 | 1,578,287 |
| 444. Priests, ministers, \&c. | 1,338,216 | 453,382 | 52,608 | 63,593 | 3,747 | 832,226 |
| 445. Catechists, readers, church, and mission service, \&c. | 136,273 | 43,089 | 4,174 | 3,923 | 203 | 89,010 |
| 446. Religious mendicants, inmates of monasteries, convents. \&c. | 691,820 | 278,752 | 97,686 | 12,473 | 1,486 | 315,382 |
| 447. Church, temple, burial, or burningground service, piigrim conductors, undertakers, \&c. | 431,893 | 154,308 | 19,790 | 27,830 | 1,644 | 257,795 |
| 448. Circumcisors ... ... ... ... | 6,713 | 2,153 | 115 | 163 | 20 | 4,445 |
| 449. Astrologers, diviners, horoscopemakers, \&c. <br> 4:0. Almanac-makers and sellers | 122,819 1,078 | 39,722 463 | 4,280 3 | 4,544 31 | 231 | 78,817 612 |
| 64. Education. | 497,509 | 180,523 | 11,979 | 13,694 | 165' | 305,007 |
| $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { 451. Administrative } \\ \text { officials } & \text { and } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ | 6,932 | 2,148 | ${ }_{176}^{36}$ | 137 | ${ }_{153}^{1}$ | 4,748 284,195 |
| 452. Principals, professors, and $\quad \cdots \quad \begin{aligned} \text { orachers }\end{aligned}$ | 464,091 | 168,773 | 11,123 | 13,234 | 153 | 284,195 |
| 453. Clerks and servants connected with education ... ... ... ... | 26,486 | 9,602 | 820 | 323 | 11 | 16,064 |
|  | 199,834 | 73,183 | 1,403 | 3,135 | 28 | 125,248 |
| 454. Authors, editors, jorrnalists, \&c. ... | -3,176 | 1,308 | 10 | 56 | - | 1,858 |
| 455. Reporters, shorthand writers, \&c. ... | 765 | 249 | 10 | 6 | - | 506 |
| 456. Writers (unspecified) and private | 170,164 | 62,282 | 691 | 2,707 | 20 | 107,191 |
| 457. Public scribes and copyists ${ }^{\text {cler }}$.... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 16,295 | 5,968 | 151 | 296 | 2 | 10,176 |
| 458. Service in libraries and literary institutions ... ... ... | 9,434 | 3,376 | 541 | 70 | 6 | 5,517 |
|  |  |  | 315 | 9,493 | 27 | 202,754 |
| 66. Law. 459. | 279,646 92,516 | 76,577 20,210 | $\stackrel{3}{29}$ | 3,537 | 20 | 72,277 |
| 459. Barrieters, advocates, and pleaders | 92,516 1,678 | 20,210 | 56 |  | - | 1,163 |
| 460. Solicitors and attorneys ... ... | +4,681 | 11,807 |  | 1,661 | - | 35,824 |
| 461. Law agents, mukhtiars, 8c. 462 Kazis ... ... ... | -19,561 | 6,128 | - 143 | , 504 | 2 | 13,290 |
|  | 19,201 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 463. Articled clerks ... ... ... ... |  |  | 5 62 | 2,041 $\mathbf{9 7 3}$ | $\pm$ | 36,586 30,887 |
| 464. Petition-writers, toute, \&cc.... ... | 45.828 18,516 | 14,879 5,769 | 62 20 | 973 771 | 1 | 30,887 12,727 |
| 465. Stamp-vendors $\quad .$. | 18,516 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67. Medicine. | 520,044 | 133,477 | 70,644 | 9:115 | 1,428 | 315,923 |
| 466. Administrative and inspecting staff (when not returned under general |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (when not returned... | 6,190 | 1,770 | 27 | 113 | - | 4,393 |
| 467. Practitioners with diploma, licence, |  |  |  | 630 | 23 | 30,582 |
| or certificate 468. Practitioners without diploma ... | 43,263 $\mathbf{3 1 9 , 2 3 5}$ | 99,882 | 6,485 | 7,447 | 302 | 212,868 |
| 468. Practitioners without diploma ... 469. Dentists | 31,460 | ${ }^{4} 44$ | 100 | 10 | - | 916 |

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| Ocoupations. | Total supported. | actual Workers. |  |  |  | Dependents. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. |  | Partially Agriculturist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
| 67. Medicine-cont. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 J .0 Oculrsts ... ... ... | 3,292 | 928 | 79 | 67 | - | 2,285 |
| 471. Vaccinators ... ... ... ... | 13,325 | 4,475 | 192 | 221 | 1 | 8,658 |
| 472. Midwives ... ... ... ... | 88,806 | 910 | 58,724 | 82 | 1,082 | 29,172 |
| 473. Compounders, matrons, nurses, and hospital asylum and dispensary service ... ... ... ... | 44,473 | 13,846 | 3,578 | 545 | 20 | 27,049 |
| 68. Engineering and Survey. | 100,700 | 36,645 | 255 | 2,589 | 1 | 63,800 |
| 474. Administrative and inspecting staff | 7,895 | 2,207 | 4 | 312 | - | 5,684 |
| 475. Civil engineers and architects ... 476. Topographical, archæological and | 8,820 | 3,071 | 5 | 39 | 1 | 5,744 |
| revenue surveyors... | 13,939 | 5,745 | 1 | 639 | - | 8,193 |
| 477. Draughtsmen and operators in survey offices, overseers, ìc.... | 23,224 | 7,539 | 8 | 326 | -- | 15,677 |
| 478. Clerks, \&c., in offices of the above... | 46,822 | 18,083 | 237 | 1,273 | - | 28,502 |
| 69. Natural Science. | 1,332 | 524 | 24 | 23 | 1 | 784 |
| 479. Astronomers and meteorologists and establishments | 369 | 144 | - | 12 | - | 225 |
| 480. Botanists, naturalists, and officers of scientific institutions... | 391 | 128 | 10 | - | - | 253 |
| 481. Metallurgista... <br> 482. Persons occupied with other | 68 | 29 | - | 1 | - | 39 |
| branches of science ... ... | 504 | 223 | 14 | 10 | 1 | 267 |
| 70. Pictorial Art and Scalpture. | 38,160 | 12,304 | 4,517 | 277 | 87 | 21,339 |
| 483. Painters, superintendents of schools of art, \&c. ... | 17,490 | 6,443 | 727 | 166 | 12 | 10,320 |
| 484. Sculptors ... ... ... ... | 6,517 | 2,559 | 268 | 44 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r}10,320 \\ 3,690 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 485. Photographers ... ... ... | 4,515 | 1,637 | 51 | 33 |  | 2,827 |
| 486. Tattooers ... ... ... ... | 9,638 | 1,665 | 3,471 | 34 | 71 | 4,502 |
| 71. Music, Acting, Dancing, \&c. | 562,055 | 209,411 | 58,898 | 14,829 | 2,220 | 293,746 |
| 487. Music composers and teachers 488. Bandmasters and players (not mili. | 7,593 | 3,019 | 443 | 178 | 9 | 4,131 |
| tary) ... ... ... ... | 266,512 | 104,371 | 4,596 | 8,876 | 299 |  |
| 489. Piano-tuners ... <br> 490. Actors, singers and dancers, and | 3,420 | 1,076 | 185 | 11 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}12,159 \\ \hline 2,51\end{array}$ |
| their accompanists ... ... | 284,530 | 100,945 | 53,674 | 5,764 | 1,911 | 129911 |
| XXI.-Sport. | 128,043 | 49,943 | 9,711 | 2,045 | 184 | 68,389 |
| 72. Sport. | 42,469 | 16,142 | 2,449 | 677 | 45 | 23,878 |
| 491. Racecourse service, trainers, bookmakers, jockeys, \&c. <br> 491 a. Instructor in bicycles | 2,782 | 1,102 | 168 | 32 | 1 | 1,512 |
| 491a. Shetructor in bicycles ${ }^{\text {492, }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$... |  |  |  | - ${ }_{06}$ | - |  |
| 493. Huntsmen, whippers-in ... ... | 8,428 | 12,017 | 2,222 | 567 78 | 44 | 17,019 5,347 |
| 73. Games and Exhibitions. | 85,574 | 33,801 | 7,262 | 1,368 | 139 | 44,511 |
| 494. Owners and managers of places of public entertainment | 577 | 268 | 12 | 2 | - | 297 |
| 495. Persons engaged in service of places of public entertainment ... | 4,722 | 1,875 | 462 |  |  |  |
| 496. Exhibitors of trained animals ... | 9,383 | 1,875 | 462 727 | 78 52 | 6 4 | 2,385 4,770 |
| 497. Circus owners, managers, \&c. ... <br> 498. Conjurors, buffoons, reciters, for- | 1,462 | ${ }^{681}$ | 171 | 52 21 | 4 | 4,770 610 |
| tune-tellers, \&c. <br> 499. Tumblers, acrobais, $\boldsymbol{w}$ restlers $\ldots$ | 30,762 | 11,373 | 2,569 | 591 | 56 | 16,820 |
| fessional cricketers, \&c. ... | 38,668 | 15,718 | 3,321 | 624 | 73 | 19,629 |

491a. Returned only in Bombay.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE—continued.

Table 9.-OcCupations of the Population, 1901-continued.

| OCOUPATION | Total supported. | 1 ActuAl Workers, |  |  |  | Dependerits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total, |  | Partially Agricultarist. |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Both Sexes. |
| G.-UNSKILLED LABOUR NOT | 18,690,294 | 6,015,061 | 4,247,628 | 219,119 | 71,594 | 8,427,605 |
| XXIL,-EARTHWork añd Genebal Labour. | 17,953,261 | 5,803,321 | 4,043,577 | 211,015 | 68,592 | 8,106,363 |
| 74. Earthwork, \&c. | 1,012,235 | 406,105 | 202,197 | 23,803 | 6,955 | 403,933 |
| 500. Well sinkers ... ... ... ... | 40,086 | 14,864 | 5,607 | 600 | 141 | 19,615 |
| 501. Tank diggers and excavators : ... | 396,658 | 131,019 | 102,085 | 10,392 | 4,550 | 163,554 |
| 502. Road, canal, and railway labourers | 628,559 | 243,531 | 85,126 | 11,889 | 2,162 | 199,902 |
| 503. Miners (nnspecitied) ... ... | 42,344 | 14,762 | 8,021 | 815 | 64 | 19,561 |
| 503a.Mica miners ... ... ... ... | 4,588 | 1,929 | 1,358 | 107 | 38 | 1,301 |
| 76. General Labour. | 16,941,026 | 5,397,216 | 3,841,380 | 187,212 | 61,637 | 7,702,430 |
| 504. General labour ... ... ... | 16,941,026 | 5,397,216 | 3,841,380 | 187,212 | 61,637 | 7,702,430 |
| XXIII-LIndefinite and Disreput. able Occupations. | 737,033 | 211,740 | 204,051 | 8,104 | 3,002 | S21,242 |
| 76. Indefinite ${ }_{\text {r }}$ | 545,411 | 204,974 | 85,248 | 7,821 | 1,363 | 255,189 |
| 505. Uncertain or not returned ... ... | 297,691 | 103,250 | 69,523 | 3,290 | 1,179 | 124,818 |
| 505a.Service in unspecified factories ... | 31,986 | 16,127 | 3,442 | 91 | ${ }^{7}$ | 12,417 |
| 505b.Service unspecified (chákari) ... | 215,834 | 85,597 | 12,283 | 4,440 | 177 | 117,954 |
| 77. Disreputable. | 191,622 | 6,766 | 118,803 | 283 | 1,639 | 66,063 |
| 506. Prostitutes, including saquins and neauchis ... ... | 175,284 | 457 | 116,888 | 115 | 1,583 | 57,939 |
| 507. Procurers, pimps, \&c. ... ... | 8,197 | 3,495 | 1,270 | 65 |  | 3,432 |
| 508. Receivers of stolen goods ... ... | 1,525 | 215 | 224 | 4 <br> 9 | 49 | 1,086 |
| 509. Witches, wizards, cow poisoners, \&c. | 6,616 | 2,599 | 421 | 99 | 7 | 3,596 |
| H,-MEANS OF SUBSISTENCE INDEPENDENT OF OCCUPATION. | 6,001 608 | 1,890,268 | 929,959. | 84,556 | 16,215 | 2,181,381 |
| XXIV.-Inderendent. | 5,001,608 | 1,890,268 | 929,959 | 84,556 | 16,215 | 2,181,381 |
| 78. Property and Alms. | 4,490,151 | 1,643,758 | 907,031 | 69,508 | 15,586 | 1,939,362 |
| 510. House rent, shares, and other property, not being land | 147,256 | 37,598 | 27,241 | 1,538 | 481 | 82,417 |
| 611. Allowances from patrons or relatives :.. ... ... ... ... | 77,286 | 16,479 | 11,183 | 1,232 | 114 | 49,624 |
| 512. Educational or other endowments, scholarships, \&c. | 43,368 | 17,202 | 7,971 | 323 | 11 | 18,195 |
| 513. Mendicancy (not in connexion with a religious order) ... ... ... | 4,222,241 | 1,572,479 | 860,636 | 66,415 | 14,980 | 1,789,126 ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| 79. At the State Expense. | 511,457 | 246,510 | 22,928 | 15,048 | 629 | 242,019 |
|  | 117,638 | 32,582 | 2,912 | 3,566 | 62 | 82,144 |
| 515. Pension, military services ... ... | 127,292 | 35,776 | 7,340 | 7,713 | 430 | 84,176 |
| 516. Pension, unspecified... ... ... | 109,538 | 32,541 | 6,359 | 3,050 | 143 | 71,638 |
| 517. Inmates of asylums, \&c. ... ... | 8,166 | 4,993 | 1,252 | 53 | 1 | 1,921 |
| 518. Prisoners under trial ... ... | 11,385 | 10,693 | 616 | 16 | - | 788 |
| 619. Prisoners for debt ... ... ... | 6,576 | 4,518 | 770 | - | - | 288 |
| 520. Prisoners, convicted or in reformatories, \&c. ... <br> 520a,Famine relief workers | $\begin{array}{r} 130,792 \\ 1,070 \end{array}$ | 125,146 261 | 4,361 318 | -650 | 3 | 1,285 491 |

603a. Returned only in Madras
$505 a$ and $b$. Returned only in Bengald
520a. Returned only in Bombay.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 10.-Birthpláces óf Persons, Maleis and Females, 1901.

| Wheke Born.' | Popdlation. |  |  | Where Born. | Poptlation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Total Population | 204,361,056 | 149,951,824 | 144,409,232 | Born in European Coun- |  |  |  |
| Born in India. ... ... | 292,804,366 | 149,042,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 143,762,366 \\ & 149,954504 \end{aligned}$ |  | 255 1 | 199 1 | 56 |
| Provinces States and Agencies.... | 248,822,327 | $126,467,823$ $22,522,568$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 122,354,504 \\ 21,370,302 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Bulgaria ... <br> Cyprus  | 44 | $44$ | - |
| Indïa (unspecified) .... | - 19,138 | $\therefore \quad 12,005$ | , ' 7,133! | Denmark ... | 132 | 102 | 30 |
| French and Portuguese |  |  |  | Europe (unspecified) | 460 | -259 | 201 |
| Settlements | 70,031 | 39,604 | 30,427 | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { France... } \\ \text { Germany } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 1,696 | 1,255 | 441 |
|  |  |  |  | Gibraltar ... ... | 83 | 58 | 25 |
| 唯 <br> cent to India | 375,918 | 225;183 | 150,735 | Greece ... ... ... | 226 | 193 |  |
| Afghanistan ... ... | 112,502 | 74,968 | 37,534 | Holland ... | 456 | 445 | 41 |
| Bhotan : ... ... | 2,660 | 1,676 | 984 | Iceland ... | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| Ceylon $\ldots$ | 5,273 | 3,236 | 2,037 | Italy ... ... ... | 1,010 | 826 | 184 |
| French Indo-China ... |  | 13 | - $\quad 20$ | Malta .:. ... ... | 100 | 63. | 7 |
| Maldives ... . | 50 | 42 | 8 | Norway und Sweden | 277 | 232 | 45 |
| Nepal ... ... ... | 243,037 | 137,055 | 105,982 | Portugal ... - | 202 | 168 | 34 |
| Siam ... ... ... | 3,455 | 2,106 | 1,349 | Roumania $\quad .$. | 13 | 14 4 4 4 | 99 |
| Straits Settlements |  |  |  | Russia in Europe Spain ... ... a | 525 <br> 182 | 426 | - $\quad 99$ |
| $\begin{array}{cc}\text { and Malaya... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Thibet... } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 1,666 $\mathbf{3 , 0 2 0}$ | 1,180 $\mathbf{2 , 1 7 0}$ | $\begin{array}{r}486 \\ \hline 850 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Spain | 182 | 118 | $\square$ $\square$ |
| Thibet ... ... ... | 3,020 |  | 850 | Turkey in Europe: $\quad .$. | 201 | 140 | - 61 |
| Frontier (Yaghistan, |  |  |  | Born in Africa ..., . ... | 8,293 | 5,190 | 3,097 |
| Waziristan, \&c.) ... | 3,406 | 2,011 | 1,395 | Abyssinia,. .... ... | 131 | 64 | 67 |
| Turkestan ... ... | 816 | 726 | 90 | Africa (unspecified)... | 1,848 | 1,097 | 751 |
| Born in other Asiatic |  |  |  | Cape of Good Hope ... | 74 | 25 | 49 |
| Countries ... . | 139,221 | 101,858 | 37,363 | East Africa ... . | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| Arabia... ... | 33,013 | 23,885 | 9,128 | Egypt ..... ... .. ... | 152 | 85 | 67 |
| Armenia | 21 | 17 | 4 | - Mauritius ... | 440 | 250 | 190 |
| Asia (unspecified) | 46,302 | 28,384 | 17,918 | Mozambique ... | 32 | 27 | 5 |
| Bagdad ... .. | 17 | 15 | 2 | Natal ... ... | 184 | 82 | 102 |
| Borneo ... .. | 10 |  | 3 | Somaliland ... | 5,201 | 3,427 | 1,774 |
| China ... ... ... | 46,831 | 41,046 | 5,785 | South Africa ... | 71 | 35 | ${ }^{36}$ |
| Hong Kong ... ... | 146 | 132 | 14 | St. Helona ... ... | 39 | 32 | 7 |
| Japan ... ... ... | 353 | 189 | 164 | West Africa ... ... | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| Java and Sumatra ... | 83 | 50 | 33 | Zanzibar ... ... | 105 | 63 | 42 |
| Manilla $\quad .$. | 5 | 5 | - | Born in America... ... | 2,069 | 1,196 | 873 |
| Mongolia (Tartary) ... | 15 | 11 |  | America (unspecified) | 1,242 | 682 | 560 |
| Persia ... ... ... | 11,660 | 7,558 | 4,102 | British Guiana | 38 | 14 | 24 |
| Philippine Islands ... | 97 | 96 | 1 | Canada $\quad .$. | 264 | 191 | 73 |
| Russia in Asia ... | 47 | 25 | 22. | Central America . . | 2 | 2 | - |
| Turkey in Asia ... | 621 | 438. | 183 | Newfoundland ... | 6 | 4 |  |
| Born in European Coun- |  |  |  | North America ; ... | 99 | 1 | 3 13 |
| tries ... ... .. | 104,583 | 87,992. | 16,591, | South America . ... | $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ 353 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}16 \\ 185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13 168 |
| England and Wales . Scotland | 77,411 9,325 | $\begin{array}{r}66,206 \\ 7,877 \\ \hline,\end{array}$ | 11,205: | United States ${ }_{\text {West Indies }}$... | 353 131 | 185 | 168 30 |
| Ireland $\quad . .$. | 9,682 | 7,731 | 1,951 | Born in Australasia | 846 | 392 | 254 |
| Channel Islands and |  |  |  | Australia ... | 567 | 346 | 221 |
| Isle of Man | 47 | 38 ; | 9 | New Zealand ... | 70 | 40 | 30 |
| United Kingdom (un- | 188 | 138 |  | Tasmania ... ... | 9 114 | 6 76 | 38 38 |
| Austria-Hungary $\quad .$. | 531 | 426 | $10 \overline{ }$ | Not returned* $\quad$... $\quad . .$. | 925,846 | 487,931 | 437,915. |

* "‘Birthplace not returned' includes (a) 36,796 persons in various parts of Indis who omitted to return their birthplace ; (b) 762,039 persons in the Tribal Areas and Agency Tracts of Baluchistan and 127,011 persons in the wilder parts of Burma, where birthplace was not recorded at all."
Table 11.-Bfrthplaces of the Population in Provinoes and States and Agencies, 1901.

|  | Total Population. | Total Borin within the Province, State, Agency. | Born Elstwhere.' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Birth- <br> place not tarned. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In other Parts of India. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { In } \\ \text { Countries } \\ \text { adjacent } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { India. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | In other Asiatic Countries | $\begin{gathered} \text { In } \\ \text { European } \\ \text { Oountries } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { Africa. }}{\mathrm{In}}$ | $\underset{\text { Amerrica. }}{\text { In }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Austral- } \\ \text { asia. }}}{\text { In }}$ | At Sea. |  |
| INDIA .. .. . | 294,381,068 | 285,888,539 | 7,115,627 | 376,918 | 139,221 | 104,883 | 8,293 | 2,069 | 646 | 114 | 420,846 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Andamans and Nicobars | 24,619 | 10,430 | 13,955 | ${ }_{69} 13$ | ${ }_{8}^{16}$ | 199 | 1 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | 7 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | - |
| Assam. ${ }^{\text {Baluchistan }}$ " (Districts | 8,126,343' | 5,350,499 | 750,811 | 23,410 | 191 | 1,340 |  | 49 |  | ${ }_{8}$ | 2 |
| and Administered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 78,493,410 | 77,578,252 | 34,733 728,743 | 169,543 | 3,688 | ${ }_{1}^{2,858}$ | 170 | 9 370 | 195 | 33 | 259,539 |
|  | 2,754, ${ }^{2}$ | 2,315,941 | 487,449 | ${ }^{164104}$ | - 24 | 1130 |  | 24 | 2 |  |  |
| Bombay* .. .. .. | 20,468,209 | 24,609,410 | 770,091 | 13,104 | 31,406 | 18,823 | 7007 | 340 | 10 | - | 18,018 |
| Burma .. | 10,490,834 | 9,888,124 | 415,953 | 8,924 | 43,792 | 8,329 | 58 | 211 | 48 | 13 | $127,1611 \dagger$ |
| Central Provinces* $\quad \because$ | 11,873,029 | 11,412,335 | 456,132 | 533 |  |  |  |  | 14 | 4 | - |
| Coorg - Madras* | $\begin{array}{r} 180,607 \\ 38,633,349 \end{array}$ | 38,374,528 | 54,960 245,837 | 17 4,346 | $66{ }^{4}$ | 6, 113 | 2 872 | ${ }_{212}^{2}$ | 92 | $\frac{11}{11}$ |  |
| $\underset{\text { Punjab (inoluding North }}{ }$ | 26,880,217 | 26,081,780 | 620,875 | 88,349 | 53,350 | 0,81 |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Provinces of Agra |  |  |  |  |  | 22,228 | 87 | 273 | 92 | 15 | 3,170 |
| and Oudh ${ }^{*}$.. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 48,493,879 | 47,797,023 | 615,535 | 48,233 | 445 | 16,770 | 146 | 425 | 125 | 12 | 15,265 |
| States or Agencies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baluchistan Agency $\quad$ Baroda State |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | 502,500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Baroda State } \\ & \text { Oentral India Agency } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,952,092 \\ & 8,68,781 \end{aligned}$ | 1,779,761 | 172,598 668,525 | 199 268 | - 59 | 33 3,368 | ${ }_{1}^{23}$ | ${ }_{12}^{2}$ | $\overline{8}$ | 3 | - 17 |
| Cochin State ${ }^{\text {coser }}$ | 8181,025 | 761,971 | 49,987 | 20 |  | 3, 313 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 8 | ${ }_{1}$ |  |
| Hyderabad 8tate .. .. | 11,141,142 | 10,815,945 | 312,314 | 1,580 | 5,489 | 5,829 | 16 | 19 | - | - | - |
| Mysore State $\quad \because \quad \because \quad \ddot{ }$ | 6,539,399 | 5,233,020 | 303,675 | -151 | 67 | 2,306 | 888888 | 27 | ${ }_{16}^{2}$ | $\overline{3}$ | 116 |
|  | $9,739,301$ $2,952,157$ | 9,488,855 $2,897,246$ | 233,718 54,200 | 371 372 | $\begin{array}{r}88 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 278 292 | 16 4 | 9 | 8 8 4 | 1 | 38 |

[^24]Census of the British Empire, 1901.

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 12.inkeligions of the Population, 1901.

| Province, State and AGENCY. <br> ज以... : | cmber of Person |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sikh. | Jain. | $\underset{\substack{\text { Budd. } \\ \text { hist. }}}{ }$ | Parsi. | Mohammedan. | Christian. $b$ | Jewish. | $\underset{\text { Animis }}{\text { tic }}$ | Minor Religions not stated. |
| INDI | 7,147,026 | 2,195,339 | 1,334,148 | 9,476,759 | 94,180 | 82,458,077 | 2,923,241 | 18,228 | 8,584,1 | 29,4 |
| ajmer-Merwara ${ }_{\text {Provinces. }}$ | $158,801,288$ 380,819 | 1,574,579 | 478,700 18922 | 9,411,449 | 79,942 | 53,804,517 | 1,904,264 | 15,848 | 5,899,194 | 129,728 |
| Andamana and Nicobars $\quad \because \quad \because$ |  | 370 |  | 1,860 |  |  | ${ }^{3,788}$ |  | 8,198̇ |  |
|  | 3,429,459 | 505 | 1;787 | 8,911 | ${ }^{2}$ | 1,581,317 | 35,989 | 1 | 1,088,334 | 17 |
| tered Territorics) ... .. .. | 21,897 | 2,847 |  |  | 166 | 279,154 | 4,028 | 48 |  |  |
| Bengal Berar | 48,740,681 |  | 719457 | 210,828 |  | 25,265;342 | 876, 125 | 1,939 | 2,242,770 | 228 |
| Bombay (P̈resideney) $\because \quad \because$ | 14,200,047 | 1,122 | 227,696 | 547. | $\begin{array}{r} 53,009 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 212,040 \\ 3,760,775 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,375 \\ 208,930 \end{array}$ | 12,928 | $\begin{array}{r} 129,964 \\ 69,930 \end{array}$ | 2,177 |
|  | $13,446,070$ <br> $\substack{151,252 \\ 2,725}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,051 \\ - \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,609 \\ & 921 \\ & 98 R \end{aligned}$ | 75 | 78,681 2,000 3,08 | $1,280,105$ <br> $2,464,489$ | 197,184 | -9,441 <br> 88 <br> 3069 | ${ }^{69,930}$ | \% 1748 |
| Burma .. .. | 280,484 | 6,596 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contral Provinces $\quad . . \quad$.. | 8,171,92 | 477 | 47,308 |  | 969 | 295;291 | -24,809 | 127 | 1,335,573 |  |
| Moorg Madras $\quad \ddot{O} \quad \ddot{\square}$ | 34,048,097 |  | 27,431 | 243 | $\stackrel{41}{ }$ | 13,654 2487 | ${ }^{3,683}$ |  | 641730 |  |
| North-West Frontier Province ... | -134,252 | 28,091 | ${ }^{37}$ |  | 46 | 1,957,777 | 5,273 |  | $\stackrel{641,730}{ }$ |  |
| Puniab United Provinces of A $\ddot{\text { ara }}$ | 7,874,413 | 1,517,019 | 42,745 | 4,182 | 445 | 10,825,898 | 65,811 |  | - | 12 |
| Oudh .. .. .. .. | 40,757,137 | 15,318 | 84,401 | 788 | 578 | 8,731,034 | i02,468 | 54 |  |  |
| Agra | $\begin{aligned} & 29,644,428 \\ & 11,112,709 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,872 \\ 2,447 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 82,247 \\ 2,154 \end{gathered}$ | $698$ | $\begin{aligned} & 450 \\ & 188 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,027,188 \\ & 770 \Omega 846 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90,795 \\ & 11,674 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | 二 | $-{ }^{2}$ |
| STATES AND Agencies. | $\begin{array}{r} 48,545,738 \\ 18,281 \end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{855,448}$ |  | 14,248 | 8,683,560 | 108,877 | 2,380 | 2,684,954 |  |
| Baroda State $\cdot$ | 1,548,992 |  | 3,290 |  | 8,409 | 185, 014 | 7,691 |  | 176,250 |  |
| Bengal States $\ldots$. $\quad \because \quad \because$ | ${ }^{2,949,812}$ | ${ }_{4} 12$ |  | $\underline{27,265}$ | 81 | 230,074 | 3,241 | 9 | 537,698 |  |
| Central India Agency | 6,883,348 | 2,004 | 112,998 |  | 1,002 | 528,833 | 8,114 | 24 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,415 \\ & 992,458 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Gwalior State | 2,484,207 | 25 | 54,024 |  | 23 | 171,520 | 866 |  | 282,336 |  |
| Central Provinces States .. | 1,573,83 |  |  |  |  | 12,011 | 782 |  |  |  |
| Hyderabad State <br> Kashmir State. | -889,073 | ${ }^{4}$ | 442 |  | ${ }^{1,463}$ | 1,155,750 | 22,996 |  | 65,315 |  |
| Madras States .: $\quad .$. | 2,978,374 | 25,88 |  | ,047 |  | 265,580 | 910,409 | 1,288 | 32,175 |  |
| Cochin State .. <br> Travancore State | $\begin{array}{r} \dot{5} 54,255 \\ 2,035,615 \end{array}$ | 15 | ${ }_{1}^{5}$ | 287 | 7 | $\begin{array}{r} 54,492 \\ 190,566 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 198,299 \\ & 697,387 \end{aligned}$ | 1,137 151 | $\underset{28,189}{3897}$ | 5 |
| Mysore State .. | 5,099,177 |  |  |  |  | 289,697 | 50,059 |  |  | - |
| Punjab, States ... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,470,058 | 580,877 | -7,238 | 2,758 | 32 | 1,357,847. | 780 |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Rajprtana Agency }}^{\text {United Provinces States }}$ S | -8,090,269 | ${ }_{1}^{2,054}$ | . 181 |  | 339 | - ${ }^{9424,6856}$ | ,840 |  | 30,043 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.-Population returned at four groups of ages as "İlilterate," "Literate," and "Literate in English," 1901.
Note.-The term "Literate" relates only to those who are able to read and write (see note on page 68). The "Literate in English " are also included with the "Literate."

|  | India. |  |  | Provinges. |  |  | Staters and Agenotes. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females.' |
| Total Population | 294,361,056 | 149,851,824 | 144,409,232 | 231,899,507 | 117,804,942 | 114,094,565 | 62,461,549 | 32,146,882 | 30,314,667 |
| - All $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Illiterate } \\ \text { Literate } \\ \text { L }\end{array}\right.$ | 277,728,485 | $134,759,026$ $14,690,080$ | $142,876,459$ 996,341 | $\begin{array}{r} 218,428,549 \\ 13,027,308 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 105,362,159 \\ 12,200,059 \end{array}$ | $113,066,390$ $-827,249$ | $59,299,986$ $: 2,659,113$ | $29,389,867$ $2,490,021$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,910,069 \\ 169,092 \end{array}$ |
| Ages $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Literate } \\ \text { Literate in Ënglish }\end{array}\right.$ | $15,688,421$ $1,125,231$ | $14,690,080$ $1,021,319$ | $\begin{aligned} & 996,341 \\ & 103,912 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,027,308 \\ 99 \overline{0}, 190 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,200,059 \\ 903,922 \end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 81,268 }\end{array}$ | - $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 , 0 4 1}$ | 2,117,397 | 12,644: |
| Under $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Illiterate } \\ \text { Literate }\end{array}\right.$ | $78,117,103$ 613,888 | $39,086,282$ 530,393 | $39,080,821$ 83,405 | $\stackrel{62,731,207}{-511,005}$ | 31,290,708 | 31,440,499 $. .69,845$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15 ; 385,896 \\ 102,883 \end{array}$ | $7,745,574$ 89,233 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,840,322 \\ 13,650 \end{array}$ |
| 10 years $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Literate } \\ \text { Literate in English }\end{array}\right.$ | 37,783 | 27,806 | 9,957 | 34,094 | . 25,205 | ... 8,889 | .3,669 | 2,601 | 1,068 |
| Illiterate .. . | 32,689,985 | 17,281,530 | 15,408,435 | $25,419,103$ | 13,386,023 | -12,033,080 |  | 3,895,507 | 3,375,355 |
| 10 \{ Literate in English | $1,757,270$ $\mathbf{1 3 1 , 7 3 5}$ | $1,599,046$ 117,189 | $\begin{array}{r} 158,224 \\ 14,546 \end{array}$ | $1,481,653$ 118,088 | $\begin{array}{r}1,330,867 \\ 105 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}130,786 \\ 12,488\end{array}$ | -295,617 | 288,179 11,849 | 27,438 1,798 |
| (Illiteraite .. .. | 23,082,470 | 11,228,351 | 11,854,119 | 17,870,078 | 8,591;924 | 9,278,154 | 5,212,392 | 2,838,427 | 2,575,965 |
| 15. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Literate } \\ \text { Literate in English }\end{array}\right.$ | 1,877,566 | 1,13,907 | $163,6 \overline{9}$ 15,783 | 1,541,577 | 1,408;489 | - 135,088 - 13,758 | 335,989 22,682 | 307,418 20,657 | 28,571 2,025 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. and (Illiterate | 143,787,132 | 67,177,543 | 76,809,589 | 112,362,608 | 52,068,291 | 60,294,317 | 31,424,524 | 15,109,252 | 18,315,272 |
|  | 11,436,976. | 10,846,125 | 590,851 | 0,512,411 | 9,0\%0;986 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { [ } \\ \cdots \\ \cdots \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $1 ; 994,585$ 90,041 | - 1,820,139 | 99,426: |
| Literate in Eng | 770,011 |  |  |  |  | - 55,83 |  |  | , ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | 51,815 | 28,320 | -23,495 | 45,553 | 25,213 | 20,340 | 0,262 | 3,107 | 3,155 |
| Age un- specifled | 721 |  | 112 | 662 | '557 | $\cdots \quad 105$ | 59 | 52 |  |
| specifled (Literate in English | 142 |  | 41 | 140 |  |  | $\cdots 2$ | '2 | $!$ - |
| Nat enumerated by Education | 946,150 | 509,718 | 436,432 | 443,650 | 242,724 | $\cdots{ }^{\cdots}$ 200,926 | '502,500 | 266,994 | 235̄,506 |

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 14.-Population clabsified according to Language spoken, 1901.


Note.-The distribution of the population by lingnistic families is based on the classification framed by Dr. G. A. Grierson, C.I.E., Ph.D., in charge of the Linguistic Survey.

Table 15.-General Statement of Languages spoken in Provinces, and States and Agencies, 1901.


## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued:

Table 16.-Males and Females returned as Insane, Deaf and Dumb, Blind, and Leprous in Provinces and States and Agencies, 1901.

| Provinge, StateAGENOX. | Total Population." |  | Tosane. |  | Deaf and Dumb. |  | Blind. |  | Leprous. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females, | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males, | Females. |
| INDIA.* <br> Provinces. ${ }^{*}$ <br> Ajmer-Merwara. <br> Andamans and Nicobars Assam Baluthistan $\ddot{\text { indistricts }}$ änd $A \ddot{a}$ ministered Territories) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ${ }^{\text {Boggal }}$ <br>  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 41,317 \\ 36,297 \\ 60 \\ 140 \\ 1,479 \\ 1,797 \\ 13.242 \\ \hline 195 \\ 2,627 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,888 \\ 21,918 \\ 10 \\ 10,2 \\ 1,931 \\ 8,882 \\ 8,135 \\ 1,275 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 92,665 \\ 79,716 \\ 73 \\ 7,781 \\ 2,731 \\ 31,384 \\ \hline 6.167 \\ 4,270 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 24,937 \\ 21,543 \\ \hline 8 \\ 1,150 \\ 1,41 \\ 8,428 \\ 1,682 \\ 1,602 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | $1,8,89$ <br> 74 <br> 4 | 869 404 48 2 | 3,194 1,069 7 | $\xrightarrow{2,140} \begin{array}{r}\text { \%77 } \\ 3\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 6,675 \\ i, 290 \\ 1,53 \end{gathered}$ | 4,087 <br> 7 <br> 1 |  |
| Central Provinces <br> Coorg. <br> Madras <br> North-West Frontior Providce Punjab <br> United Provinces"of Agra and Oudh |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,209 \\ & \hline, 876 \\ & \hline 8,876 \\ & 4,257 \\ & \hline, 412 \\ & 5,137 \\ & 4,642 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,308 \\ \hline 400 \\ 166 \\ 2,959 \\ 2,194 \\ 2,637 \\ 2,207 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,731 \\ \begin{array}{r} 1,640 \\ 59 \\ 13,88 \\ 1,109 \\ 1,829 \\ 11,829 \end{array} \\ 1,372 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,112 \\ 1,980 \\ 10,650 \\ 10,698 \\ 6,990 \\ 6,996 \\ 6,986 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,566 \\ & 7,060 \\ & 7,0,55 \\ & 17,599 \\ & 34,578 \\ & 34,589 \\ & 41,92 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,2,50 \\ \hline 1,49 \\ 3,332 \\ 3,35 \\ 831 \\ 8,489 \\ 2,489 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Lora } \\ \text { Oudh } \\ & : . & .: & .: & .\end{array}$ | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{18,068,785 \\ 6,56,757}}$ |  |  | ${ }^{1,582}$ 688 | $\underbrace{\text {, }}_{\substack{7,768 \\ 3,688}}$ | 4, 4.1200 | $\underset{\substack{27,7888 \\ 13,524}}{ }$ | ${ }_{\substack{26,047 \\ 15,12}}$ |  | $\xrightarrow{7,883}$ 6, |
| States and Agencies.* <br> Baluchistan Agency: <br> Bareda Stato <br> Bengal States <br> Central India Agenc Central Proviaces States Hyderabad State.. <br> Madras States |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2,970 \\ -88 \\ -882 \\ 380 \\ 307 \\ 300 \\ 560 \\ 560 \\ 500 \\ 336 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cochin State $\ddot{\text { Travancore Stotet }}$ :. $\quad .:$ | $\begin{gathered} 105,2000 \\ 1,490,1,150 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{1,460,992}{140,895}$ | 110 292 | ${ }_{211}^{911}$ | ${ }_{468}^{319}$ | ${ }_{381}^{298}$ | ${ }_{629}^{456}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 437 \\ & 4297 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 108 <br> 405 |
| Mysore State Punjab States . United Proviaces States |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 601 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 52 \\ 592 \\ 591 \\ 42 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,335 \\ & \hline, 307 \\ & \hline 1,100 \\ & \hline 238 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | (1838 | $\begin{array}{r}209 \\ 418 \\ 159 \\ 82 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |

- The infirmities of the population were not recorded in part of Baluchistan (Districts and Administered Territories), in part of Burma, or in Baluchistan Agency; the total population shown in the flrst columns of the Table is, therefore, exclusive of the numbers ennmerated in thase Araas.
${ }_{2}^{2}, 402$ femalea) were aliso recorded in this Stante as anticted whith elephantiasle.

Table 17.-Males and Females returned as Insane, Deaf and Dumb, Blind and Leprous, at several Age Groups.

| Ages. | Total Population. |  | Insane. |  | Deaf and D́umb. |  | Blind. |  | Leprous. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females |
| Total .. .. | 149,485,729* | 143,986,2779 | 41,317 | 4,888 | 92,655 | 80,513 | 180,762 | 342 | 72,403 | 24,937 |
| Under $^{1} 1$ Year $\quad .$. |  | S $3,0,974,400$ | 42 37 38 | $\stackrel{23}{35}$ | 198 139 | ${ }_{84}^{124}$ | 838 673 67 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 32 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | + | ( | $\begin{gathered} 89 \\ 208 \\ 208 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73 \\ & \hline 140 \\ & \hline 240 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 4267 \\ \hline 1.367 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,196 \\ & 1,396 \\ & 1,436 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 729 \\ 1.086 \\ 1.089 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 55 \\ \hline 80 \\ 182 \end{gathered}$ | \% ${ }^{68} 8$ |
| Under 5 Years .. | 18,735,774 | 19,288,997 | 619 | 488 | 3,796 | 2,942 | 5,468 | 3,661 | ${ }^{338}$ | 250 |
|  | 20,831,0 | 19,895, |  |  |  | 9,361 | 10,574 | ${ }_{8}^{8,667}$ |  |  |
| 100 |  | - 1. |  |  |  | ${ }^{\frac{1}{2} 3,37}$ | ${ }^{12,387}$ | 7,108 | come | - |
| ${ }_{26}^{20} 0 .: \ddot{:}$ | - $11,757,73643$ | - $12,834,885$ | - ${ }_{\text {4,2,23 }}$ | +2,519 | - | ${ }_{6}^{6,906}$ | ${ }^{120,681}$ | $\xrightarrow[\substack{7,938 \\ \text { ? } \\ \hline 1004}]{ }$ | -4,207 | - |
|  | ${ }^{12}$ | 12,299,131 | ${ }_{5}^{5} .0088$ | 2,744 | ${ }_{7}^{7,945}$ | cier | ${ }^{12,575}$ | ${ }_{81,107}^{17,107}$ | 8,887 | 2, |
| ${ }^{35} 0.0$ | - ${ }_{\text {g, } 68889393}$ | ${ }_{8}^{8,383,834}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | cose | 5,370 | ${ }_{3}^{3,5688}$ | 13,619 | 24:245 |  | 3,218 |
| ${ }_{50}^{45} 40 . \ddot{\square}$ | - 5.5332 .217 | 4,680,297 |  | ${ }^{1,654}{ }^{1,335}$ | ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{\substack{2,16 \\ 3,16}}$ | 2,401 |  | - 17.038 | 8.5980, |  |
| ${ }_{55}^{50} \quad \ddot{:}$ |  | 2,429967 | ${ }_{1}$, | 1,698 | 1,2989 | ,901 | 6,187 | 8,434 | ci, |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 7,994,950 \\ 68,730 \uparrow \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2,472. | 2, 2106 | ${ }^{4,151} 19$ | 3,303 38 | ${ }^{49,897}$ | -61,703 | ${ }^{8,121 .}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,112 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ |

*These totals are exclusive of 488,085 males and 422,955 females snumerated in parts of Balnchistan and parts of Burma, where age and $\operatorname{tnf}$ frmitios were not recorded
and $\Delta$ dministered Territories), and parts of the Pupjab and North-West Frontier Provinces, whore age was not recorded

## 4. INDIAN EMPIRE-continued.

Table 18.-Distribution of the Population in the Chief Castes, 1901.

| Caste. |  | Number of Persons. | Caste. |  |  | Nnmber of Persons. | Caste. |  | Number of Persons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,907,687 | Mali ... |  | 1,915,792 |
| Ahir ... . ... | ... | $9,806,475$ 1026505 | Jolaha |  |  | 1,260,191 | Mappilla |  | 1,925,178 |
| Arain... ... | ... | $1,026,505$ $1,353,291$ | Kachhi | ... | $\ldots$ | 1,970,825 | Maratha | ... | 5,009,024 |
| Babhan | ... | $1,353,291$ $1,042,550$ | Kaha ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 2,694,329 | Meo ... | ... | 989,039 |
| Bagdi | - | 1,042,550 | Kalwar | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 843,252 | Mochi... | .. | 1,007,812 |
| Balija Balnch | $\cdots$ | 1,036,502 | Kamma |  | ... | 975,374 | Namasudra | ... | 2,031,725 |
| Bania | ... | 2,898,126 | Kammalan | ... | ... | 1,263,861 | Napit (Hajjam) | .-. | 2,968,722 |
| Barhai | ... | 1,133,126 | Kandu |  | $\cdots$ | 667,903 $3.070,206$ | Nayar |  | 1,807,371 |
| Bhangi | ... | 1656,586 | Kapu ... | .. | ... | 3,727,286 | Oraon... | $\ldots$ | 614,501 |
| Bkil - | ... | $1,198,843$ $14,893,258$ | Karen Kayasth | ... | . | 3,149,331 | Palli ... | ... | 2,572,269 |
| Brahman | $\cdots$ | $14,893,258$ $6,511,703$ | Kayasth | ... | . | 1,110,767 | Panika |  | 684,746 |
| Burmese | ... | $6,511,703$ $11,137,362$ | Khandait |  | ... | 1,720,322 | Paraiyan ... | ... | 2,258;611 |
| Chuhra | $\cdots$ | 1,329,418 | Khattri | $\ldots$ | ... | 1,030,078 | Pasi ... | $\cdots$ | 1,408,392 |
| Dhangar | ... | 1,327,050 | Koeri ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 1,784,041 | Pathan |  | 2,408,654 |
| Danuk | ... | 870,557 | Koli ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,574, $\mathbf{6 8 6 , 3 1 2}$ | Rajbausi |  | 9,712,156 |
| Dhobi | ... | 2,016,914 | Komati | ... | .... | 686,312 $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 4 , 6 7 8}$ | Saiad ... |  | 1,339,734 |
| Dom ... | $\cdots$ | 977,026 $1,258,185$ | Kori ... | .... | ... | 1,204,3,38 | Santal |  | 1,907,871 |
| Dosadh | .... | 1,258,185 | Kumbar | ... | $\ldots$ | 3,704,576 | Shanan | ... | 759,351 |
| Gakiria | ... | 1,272,419 | Kurmi |  | ... | 3,873,560 | Shekh | $\ldots$ | 28,708,706 |
| Gola ... | ... | 1,387,472 | Kurumban | ... | $\ldots$ | 851,914 | Sonar | $\ldots$ | 263,070 |
| Gond ... | ... | 2,286,913 | Lingait | ... | ... | 2,612,346 | Sunri... | $\cdots$ | 724,766 970,160 |
| Gujar | ... | 2,103,023 | Lodha | ... | ... | $1,663,354$ $2,342,257$ | Tanti ... | ... | 970,160 754,485 |
| Holeya | $\cdots$ | 770,899 | Lohar | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,342,257 $1,281,252$ | Teli and Tili ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\cdots$ | 754,485 $4,025,660$ |
| Illuvan | ... | 791,147 | Madiga | . | .. | $1,281,252$ $2,928,666$ | Vakkaliga .. |  | 4,025,660 $1,392,375$ |
| Jat $\therefore \cdots$. | ... | 7,086,098 | Mahar |  | $\ldots$ | 2,928,666 $\mathbf{1}, 863,908$ | Vellala ... |  | 2,464,908 |
| Jogi and Jugi | ... | 703,073 | Mal |  | ... |  |  |  |  |

## 5. CEYLON.

Note.-The Maldive Archipelago is not included within the scope of the Census of Ceylon. The population of these Islands is estimated at about 30,000 .

Table 1.-Area; Occupied Houses, Fámilies, and Population, 1901.

| Area in Square Miles. | Occupied Houses. | Families or Separate Occupiers. | Population.* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 25,332 | 598,076 | 664,311 | 3,578,333 | 1,908,273. | 1,670,060 |

* Including the Military population, 3,136 males and 224 females, the shipping population, 4,011 males and 94 females, and the Prisoners of War, 4,914 males.

Table 2.-Occupied Houses and Population; distinguishing the Civil Population* at each Census, 1871 to 1901; Increase Per centr. of Occupied Houses and of Civil Population in each Intercensal Period.


* "The divil Population is the population exclusive of the military, the shipping population, and the prisoners of war.


## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 3. L-Princtpal Towns : Area; Occupied Hóvese, and Crvil Population*, 1901.


* See note *, Table 2.

Table 4.-Births, Deaths, and Marriages, Registered in the Years 1881-1900; excess of Births over Deaths, Excess of Indian Immfgrants over Emigrants and Estimated Popolation in the Middle of Each Year 1881-1900 inclusive.

| : | Year. |  | Births. | Deaths. | Marriages. | Excess of Births over Deaths. | Excess of Indian Immigrants over Emigrents.* | Estimated Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1881 | ... |  | 74,794 | 75,012 | 12,087 | - 218 | $\div 9,353$ | 2,755,558 |
| 1882 | ... ... |  | 74,042 | 54,672 | 13,214. | 19,370 | - 6,913 | 2,773,389 |
| 1883 1884 | ... | .. | 82,240 87407 | 53,680 62,398 | 15,890 13,75 | 28,560 25,009 | $\begin{array}{r}-13,758 \\ \hline 4,308\end{array}$ | - ${ }_{2}^{2,781,711}$ |
| 1885 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 79,234 | 81,908 | 10,723 | -2,674 | - 1,069 | 2,815,166 |
| 1886 | ... ... | . | 76,836. | 67,041 | 20,214 | 9,795 | - 5,343 | 2,830,359 |
| 1887 | ... ... | ... | 93,223 | 68,496 | 17,171 | 24,727. | 17,539 | 2,855,216 |
| 1888 | .. ... | .. | 92,289 | 76,724 | 14,638 | 15,563 | 26,782 | 2,901,262 |
| 1889 1890 | .. -.. | ... | 81,465- | 83,845 | 12,791 | -2,380 | 9,116 | , ,938,977 |
| 1891 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{96,493}$ | 68,600 | 15,708 | 26,506 | 38,107 | -, 3 , 080,579 |
| 1892 |  | ... | ${ }_{93,233}$ | 84,937 | 16,683. | 8,296 ... | 48,856 | 3,088,405 |
| 1893 | ... | ... | 97,800 | 92,422 | 17,327. | 5,378 | 18,495 | 3,121,093 |
| 1894 | $\cdots$ | ... | 104,301 | 87.784 | 22,783 | 16,517 | 18,964 | 3,144,561 |
| ${ }_{1896}^{1895}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 101,480 | 88,301 | 30,691 | 13,179 | 42,938 | 3,193,821 |
| 1897 | ... | $\ldots$ | 125,019 | ${ }_{78,538}$ | ${ }_{21,819}$ | ${ }_{46,481}^{24,56}$ | -43,862 | $\xrightarrow[3,315,768]{ }$ |
| 1898 | ... .. |  | 131,620 | 90,256 | 24,254 | 41,364 | 31,158 | 3,395,619 |
| 1899 | .f. |  | 132,190 | 104,983 | 32,494 | 27,207 | -13,236 | 3,429,745 |
| 1900 | $\because$ | ... | 136,051 | 100,873 | 28,192 | 35,178, | 95,058 | 3,520,574 |

* The minus sign (一) signifies that deaths exceeded births, and that Emigrants exceeded Immigrantŝ.

Table 5.-Ages and Condition as to Marriage of thé Civil Population,* 1901.

| Ages. | Total. |  | Unmarried. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Not stated. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Fcmales. |
| All Ages... | 1,896,212 | 1,669;742 | 1,226,886 | 905,510 | 608,126 | 692,011 | 61,089 | 172,079 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 111 | 142 |
| Under 1 year... | 98,938 | 93,986 | 98,936 | 93,986 |  |  |  | - | 2 | - |
| 1- ... | 61,172 | 58,326 | 61,171 | + 58,325 | - | - | - | - | 1 |  |
| 2- ... | 61,951 | 58,862 | 61,900 | - 58,861 | 1 - | - | - | - | 1 |  |
| 3- ... | 55,697 | 51,756 | 55,696 | + 51,756 | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| $4-$ | 50,936 | 47,152 | 50,936 | 47,151 | - | - | - | - |  | 1. |
| Total under 5 | 328,694 | 310,082 | 328,689 | 310,079 | - | - | - | - | 5 | 3 |
| 5- | 263,878 | 240,142 | 263,845 | 239,522 | 28 | 605 | - | 14 | a | 1 |
| 10- | 201,635 | 161,448 | 201,133 | 151,810 | 495 | 9,356 | 4 | 279 | 3 | 3 |
| 15- | 179,793 | 206,184 | 167,206 | 99,193 | 12,238 | 103,738 | 339 | 3,240 | 10 | 13 |
| 20- $\quad .$. | 182,746 | 173,733 | 115,050 | 36,402 | 65,747 | 130,615 | 1,936 | 6,699 | 13 | 17. |
| 25- | 194,663 | 171,178 | 67,541 | 20,900 | 122,427 | 130,856 | 4,682 | 14,405 | 13 | 17 |
| 30- ... | 121,017 | 82,179 | 26,052 | 9,678 | 90,855 | - 60,954 | 4,100 | 11,542 | 10 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |
| 35- ... | : 126,098 | 101,195 | 20,103 | 11,575 | 99,337 | 65,309 | ${ }^{6,649}$ | 24,296 | 9 | 15 |
| 40- ... | - 68,080 | 48,548 | 8,935 | 4,901 | 54,427 | 28,353 | 4,706 | 15,275 | 12 | 19 |
| $45-$ | : 68,536 | 69,974 | 8,835 | 7,035 | 53,005 | 33,251 | 6,691 | 29,678 | 5 | 10 |
| $50-$ <br> $55-$ <br> 1. | 41,914 | 27,443 | 4,975 7,242 | 2,344 3,718 | 31,849 43,160 | 11,777 10,902 | 5,087 10,602 | 13,311 24,377 | 3 4 4 | 11 9 |
| $\cdots \frac{65-}{60}$ and $\cdots$ | - 61 | 39,045 $\mathbf{3 8 , 4 9 5}$ | 7,166 | ... 3,278 | 34,504 | 6,253 | 16,280 | 28,953 | 7 | î |
| Not stated ... | 193 | 135 | 114 | 75 | 54 | 42 | 13 | 10 | 12 | 8 |

## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 6.-Ogctpations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and "Dependents" (Civil Population)," 1901.


[^25]
## 5. CEYLON--continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and "Dependents" (Civil Population), 1901-continued.


## 5．CEYLON－continued．

Table 6．－Occupations of Males and Females，distinguishing＂Earnars＂and ＂Dependents＂（Civil Population），1901－continued．

| Occupations． |  |  | Total． |  | Earners． |  | Dependents， |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel and forage－ Coal contractors Coal labourers ．．． Coal owners $\qquad$ Charcoal burners Firewood sellers Grass sellers ．．． Straw sellers ．．． |  |  | 269 | 146 | 191 | 3 | 78 | 143 |
|  | $\ldots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ |  | 37 1,174 87 166 2,385 974 384 | 18 <br> 633 <br> 66 <br> 126 <br> 2,853 <br> $\cdots 1,112$ <br> 327 | 21 908 49 79 1,225 600 209 | -15 $-\quad 24$ 1,207 542 58 | 16 266 38 87 1,160 374 175 | 18 618 66 102 1,646 570 269 |
|  |  |  | 5，207 | 5，135 | 3，091 | 1，846 | 2，116 | 3，289 |
| Building materials－ <br> Brick，tile makers <br> Brick，tile sellers <br> Limestone pickers <br> Limestone sellers <br> Lime burners ．．． <br> Lime sellers <br> Stone workers ．．． | $\begin{gathered} * * \\ \bullet * \\ \bullet * * \\ \bullet * * \end{gathered}$ |  | 4,515 579 161 60 674 815 2,269 | $\begin{array}{r}3,011 \\ 487 \\ \\ 89 \\ \\ 55 \\ 479 \\ \cdots \quad 979 \\ \hline 1,597 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,777 276 106 23 370 443 1,338 | $\begin{array}{r}64 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ -\quad 47 \\ 405 \\ 112 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,738 303 55 37 304 372 931 | 2,947 481 87 55 432 574 1,485 |
| Artificers |  |  | 9，073 | 6，697 | 5，333 | 636 | 3，740 | 6，061 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Building contractors } & . . \\ \text { Masons } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Thatchers } & \text { ．．} \\ \text { Whitewashers } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．}\end{array}$ |  | $\cdots$  <br> $\cdots$ $\cdots$ <br> $\cdots$ $\cdots$ <br> $\cdots$ $\cdots$ <br> ..  | 248 14,717 25 98 | 210 $10,136$. 13. 90. | 126 9,069 18 49 | 1 11 2 4 | 122 5,648 7 49 | 209 10,125 11 86 |
| Vehicles and Vessels． <br> Tramway plant－ <br> Tramway factories，operatives，and other subordinates ．．． |  |  | 15，088 | 10，449 | 9，262 | 18 | 5，826 | 10，431 |
|  |  |  | 270 | 162 | 198 | － | 72 | 162 |
| Carts，carriages，\＆c．－ Carriage builders Carriage sellers．．． |  |  | 118 14 | 105 4 | 65 7 | 二 | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 105 4 |
| Ships and boats－ <br> Shipbuilders，boatbuilders ．．． <br> Ship chandlers and marine store dealers ．．． |  |  | 132 | 109 | 72 | － | 60 | 109 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 69 \end{aligned}$ | 29 29 | 二 | 15 28 | 31 69 |
| Supplementary Requirements，． <br> Paper－ <br> Palm－leaf binders <br> Stationers ．．．．．． |  |  | 101 | 100 | 58 | － | 43 | 100 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | － 18 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 二 | － 7 | － 18 |
| Books and prints－ <br> Bookbinders <br> Booksellera <br> Printers，compositors ．．．． <br> Watches，clocks，and scientific instruments－ Watch and clock makers，repairers ．．． Watch and clock sellers Other scientific instrument makers，$\cdots$ menders Other scientific instrument sellers ．．． |  |  | 25 | 18 | 18 | － | 7 | 18 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 366 \\ 401 \\ 1,230 \end{array}$ | 267 218 874 | 224 257 807 | 3 <br> 2 <br> 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 142 \\ & 144 \\ & 423 \end{aligned}$ | 264 216 870 |
|  |  |  | 1，997 | 1，359 | 1，288 | 9 | 709 | 1，350 |
|  |  |  | 379 12 14 5 | 322 2 12 10 | 222 11 8 3 | $-^{21}$ | 157 1 6 2 | 301 2 12 10 |
|  |  |  | 410 | 346 | 244 | 21 | 166 | 325 |
|  |  |  | 35 $-\quad 4$ $-\quad 8$ 21 | 22 1 5 3 16 | 23 $-\quad 3$ $-\quad 5$ 13 | 二 | 12 1 $-\quad 3$ 8 | 22 1 5 3 16 |
|  |  |  | 68 | 47 | 44 | － | 24 | 47 |

## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and
"Dependents " (Civil Population), 1901-continued.


## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and "Dependents" (Civil Population), 1901-continued.


## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and "Dependents" (Civil Population), 1901-continued.


## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 6.-Oćcupations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and
"DEPENDENTS" (Civil Population), 1901-continued.


## 5. CEYLON-continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of Males and Females, distinguishing "Earners" and
"Dependents" (Civil Population), 1901--continued.

|  | Total. |  | Earners. |  | Dependents. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15,340 | 9,159 | 11,771 | 3,197 | 3,569 | 5,962 |
| General labourers ... ... ... | 55,572 | 43,255 | 37,493 | 10,753 | 18,079 | 32,502 |
| Indefinite and Disreputable Occupations. Indefinite- <br> Uncertain or not returned | 1,115 | 1,104 | 723 | 401 | 392 | 703 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccc} \text { : Disreputanie- } \\ \text { Gamblers } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Prostitutes } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \end{array}$ | 4 4 | - 63 | 4 | - ${ }_{46}$ | 4 | 7 |
|  | 8 | 53 | - 4 | 46 | 4 | 7 |
| H-Means of Subsintence independent of Ocoúpation. <br> Independent. <br> Property and alms- <br> Beggars ... <br> House rent, shares, and other property not being land <br> ... ... <br> Mendicants <br> ... ... $\quad .$. | 4,573 263 54 | 4,354 403 31 | 3,338 130 42 | 2,508 139 11 | 1,240 133 12 | 1,846 264 20 |
|  | 4,895 | 4,788 | 3,510 | 2,658 | 1,385 | 2,130 |
| Juvenile offenders <br> Pensioners <br> Prisoners whose previous occupations have not been specified | 5 105 135 2,111 | -104 12 2,129 | 5 41 7 1,248 | $-\quad$ 42 1 393 | - 64 128 863 | -62 11 1,736 |
|  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,369 | 2,256 | 1,310 | 442 | 1,059 | 1,814 |

Table 7.-Birthplaces of the Civil Population,* 1901.

5. CEYLON-continued.
Table 8.--Religions of the several Rages among the Civil Population."

| Racis. | Religions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{\text { All }}{\text { Religions. }}$ | Christians. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Buddhists. | Hindus. | Mohammedans. | Others. |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Christians. }}{\text { All }}$ | Roman Catholic. | Church of England. | Presbyterian. | Wesleyan Methodist. | Baptist. | Congregationalist. | Salvation Army. | Independent Catholic. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Other } \\ \text { Christians } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  |
| All Races '... ... ... | 3,565,954 | 349,239 | 287,419 | 32,514 | 3,337 | 14,991 | 3,309 | 2,446 | 1,011 | 1,718 | 2,494 | 2,141,404 | 826,826 | 246,118 | 2,367 |
| Europeans ... ... ... | 6,300 | 6,226 | 787 | 3,973 | ${ }_{466}$ | 341 | 134 | $2 \pm$ | 21 | 12 | 498 | 19 | 2 | 1 | 52 |
| Burghers and Eurasians ... | 23,482 | 23,306 | 10,464 | 7,297 | 2,588 | 2,021 | 383 | 11 | 33 | 93 | 416 | 140 | 7 | 4 | 25 |
| Low Country Sinhalese ... | 1,458,320 | 203,687 | 178,405 | 12,807 | 124 | 9,322 | 2,336 | 11 | 212 | 48 | 422 | 1,254,300 | 127 | 169 | 37 |
| Kandyan Sinhalese ... ... | 872,487 | 5,151 | 2,921 | 1,132 | 4 | 175 | 184 | - | 697 | 5 | 33 | 866,888 | 332 | 104 | 12 |
| Tamils ... ... ... ... | 951,740 | 109,230 | 93,646 | 7,039 | 138 | 3,072 | 285 | 2,386 | 44 | 1,558 | 1,062 | 18,048 | 822,595 | 1,750 | 117 |
| Moors ... ... ... ... | 228,034 | 13 | 10 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 27 | 20 | 227,961 | 13 |
| Malays ... .... ... ... | 11,902 | 26 | 23 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | - | 11,855 | 2 |
| Veddahs $\quad . .$. | 3,971 | 76 | 23 | 38 | - | 14 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 463 | 1,439 | - | 1,993 |
| Others ... ... ... ... | 9,718 | 1,524 | 1,140 | 226 | 17 | 44 | 17 | 14 | 3 | 2 | 61 | 1,500 | 2,304 | 4274 | 116 |

[^26]

5．CEYLON－continued．
Table 9．－Numbers and Proportions of the several Races among the Civil Population＊able to Read and Write，and the Numbers abie to Read and Write ENGLIsh，distinguishing Males and Females．

| 1 <br> Races． |  |  |  | Total <br> Civil Population．＊ |  | Able to Read and Write． |  |  |  | Able to Read and Write English．$\dagger$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Numbers． |  | Proportions per cent． |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Males， | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
| All Races | ．．． | －．． | ．．． | 1，896，212 | 1，669，742 | 657，615 | 115，581 | 34.7 | 6.9 | 57，403 | 18，734 |
| Europeans |  |  |  | 3，852 | 2，448 | 3，466 | 2，087 | $89 \cdot 9$ | $85 \cdot 2$ | ．3，423 | 2，050 |
| Burghers and Eurasians |  |  | ．．． | 11，681 | 11，801 | 8，206 | 7，760 | $70 \cdot 2$ | $65 \cdot 7$ | 7，677 | 7，272 |
| Low Country Sinhalese |  |  | ．．． | 759，834 | 698，486 | 309，759 | 77，385 | $40 \cdot 8$ | $11 \cdot 1$ | 25，603 | 6，602 |
| Kandyan Sinhalese |  | ．．． | ．．． | 458，179 | 414，308 | 140，849 | 6，730 | 30.7 | 1.6 | 2，131 | 337 |
| TamilsMoorsM | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 520，409 | 431，331 | 146，665 | 17，749 | 28.2 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 13，913 | 2，222 |
|  | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 126，798 | 101，236 | 42，649 | 2，539 | 33.2 | ${ }^{2} 5$ | 1，715 | 40 |
| Malays ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 6，418 | 5，484 | 3，430 | 884 | $53 \cdot 4$ | 16.1 | 2，151 | 84 |
|  | ．．．＇ | ．．． | － | 2，028． | 1，943 | 73． | 3 | 366 | 0.0 16.4 | ${ }^{1}$ | 1 |
| Others ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 7，013 | 2，705 | 3，118 | 444 | $44 \%$ | 16.4 | 789 | 127 |

＊See note＊＊Table 2.
Note，Of the military population（ 3,360 persons）， 2,909 were able to read and write ；of the Read and Write．＂ Note．－Of the military population（ 3,360 persons）， 2,909 were able to read and write ；of these 2,340 were Europeans
bnt 95 of whom were able to read and write English． all but 95 of whom were able to read and write English．

Of the shipping popnlation（ 4,105 persons）， 2,468 were able to read and write；and of these 636 were able to read and write English．

Of the 4,914 Prisoners of War， 4,907 were able to read and write；and of these 1,364 were able to read and write： English．

Table 10．－The Blind，Deaf－Mute，Insane，and Idiotic，Males and Females，at various groups of ages，1901．＊

|  | Ages． |  |  |  | Blind． |  | Deaf－Mute． |  | Insane． |  | Idiotic． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females： | Males． | Females． |
| All Ages ． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，269 | 1，478 | 1，542 | 1，036 | 601 | 332 | 423 | 141 |
| Under 1 year | ．．． | ．．． | ．． | ．．． | 30 | 33 | 2 | 4 | － | － | － | － |
| 1－．．．．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 28 | 20 | 18 | 10. | 1 | 二 |  | 二 |
| 3－．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．．． | ． | 36 | 19 | 29 | 17 | 2 | － | － 3 | 二 |
| 4－．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 43 | 30 | 47 | 23 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Total nuder 5 | $\cdot$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 170 | 119 | 117 | 77 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| 5－．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 207 | 137 | 200 | 148 | 21 | 11 | 17 | 5 |
| 10－．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 195 | 121 | 186 | 129 |  | 12 | 43 | 12 |
| 15－．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 237 | 186 | 241 | 159 | － 85 | 37 | 86 | 20 |
| 20－．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 212 | 138 | 161 | 122 | 88 | 34 | 57 | 19 |
| $25 . . .$. | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 219 | 149 | 193 | 123 | 101 | 58 | －63 | 24 |
| 30－．．．．．． | － | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 163 | 83 | 110 | 63 | 64 | 43 | ＋37 | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 35－．．．$\quad .$. | ， | ．．． | ．．． | ． | 212 | 98 | 118 | 67 | －67 | 46 | ＋46 | 22 |
| 40－．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 118 | 76 100 | 59 61 | 37 38 | $\begin{array}{r}-34 \\ \hline 37\end{array}$ | 14 30 | － 26 | 5 |
| 45－．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | －＊ | ．．．． | 163 64 | 100 48 | 61 | 38 23 | $\stackrel{37}{25}$ | 14 17 | 16 +10 | 13 |
| 55－．．．$\quad .$. | ．．． | ．．． | \＃． | $\ldots$ | － 131 | 96 | 23 | 23 | 17 | 13 | 11 | 5 |
| 60 and over | ．．． | ．．． | I． | ．．． | 178 | 127 | 31 | 27 | 23 | 16 | 6 | 4 |
| Not stated．． | ．．． | ．．． | － | ．．＂ | － | － | － | － | － | $\cdots$ |  |  |

＊See note（ 4 ），page 69.

## 6．STRAITS SETTLEMENTS．

Table 1．－Area；Population， 1891 and 1901.


[^27]
## 6. STRAITS SETTLEMENTS-continued.

Table 2.-Number of Houses and Resident Population (exclusive of Christmas and Cocos Islands), 1901.

| Settlement. |  |  |  |  | Houses. |  |  | Resident Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | Total. | Persons. | Males. | Females, |
| Straits Settlements |  |  | $\cdots$ | ... | 94,518 | 5,978 | 100,496 | 556,887 | 364,079 | 192,808 |
| Settlement of P | enang | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 48,567 | 3,595 | 52,162 | 246,598 | 155,250 83,612 | 91,348 43,708 |
| Penang Isl | and | ... |  | .. | 20,137 | 1,720 | 21,857 29,305 | 1115,185 | 89,041 | 46,144 |
| Province W | ellesley | ... |  | $\cdots$ | 27,607 823 | 1,098 | 1,000 | 4,093 | 2,597 | 1,498 |
| Malacea (a) $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | . | 19,164 | 1,107 | 20,271 | 94,153 | 50,251 | 43,902 |
| Singapore (b) | ... | ... |  | ... | 26,787 | 1,276 | 28,063 | 216,136 | 158,578 | 57,658 |

(a) Excluding 895 vagrants and wayfarers.
(b) Excluding $1 ; 245$ military and 673 vagrants and wayfarers.

Table 3.-Resident Population in Town and Country Districts, 1901.

(a) Excluding 895 vagrants and wayfarers.
(b) Excluding 1245 military and 673 vagrants and wayfarers.

Table 4.—Ages of the Resident Population,* 1901.

| AgEs. | STRAITS SETTLEMENTS. |  |  | Penang Settlement. |  |  |  |  |  | Malmeca. |  | Singapore. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Penang Island. $(a)$ |  | Province Wellesley. (b) |  | Dindings, $(\mathrm{c})$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Mmes. | Females. | ales. Females. |  | Males. | Females |
| All Ages | 556,805 | 363,803 | 102,802 | 83,237 | 43.702 | 69,120 | 46,144 | 2,617 | 1,498 | 50,251 | 43,902 | 158,578 | 57,558 |
| Under 1 year.. | 9,878 | 4,994 | 4,884 | 510 | $5{ }^{51}$ | 1,773 | 1,705 | 57 | 51 | 1,700 | 1,838 | 954 | $988{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 1- . . | 39,837 | 20,207 | 19,630 | 4,274 | 4,127 | 4,426 | 4,477 | 221 | 207 | 5,894 | 5,693 | 5,392 | 5,126 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}5- \\ 10- & \because & \cdots\end{array}$ | 52,027 41,903 | 26,883 | 25,144 $\mathbf{1 9} 738$ | 5,652 | 5,552 | 6,746 5,350 | 6,287 4,938 | 272 168 | 241 136 | 7,265 | 6,743 4,535 | 6,948 7,031 | 6,341 |
| 15- $\quad .$. | 54,711 | 32,518 | 22,193 | 7,041 | 4,689 | 3,957 | 4,174 | 189 | 162 | 4,414 | 8,705 | 16,917 | 7,583 |
| 20- $\quad . \quad$. | 149,374 | 106,350 | 43,024 | 22,670 | 9,330 | 14,336 | 9,500 | 577 | 291 | 10,095 | 8,508 | 58,642 | 15,397 |
| $30-\quad \because \quad . \quad$. | 109,182 | 81,382 | 27,790 | 19,282 | 6,582 | 15,293 | 6,873 | 534 | 167 | 8,708 | 5,67t | 37,685 | 8,494 |
| 40- .. .. | 56,609 | 41,431 | 15,178 | 10,717 | 3,916 | 9,327 | 3,765 | 324 | 117 | 4,435 | 2,785 | 16,828 | 4,595 |
| 50- | 26,137 | 17,736 | 8,389 | 4,833 | 2,260 | 4,417 | 2,071 | 182 | 66 | 2,133 | 1,566 | 6,093 | 2.386 |
| $60-$ $70-$ | 11,276 4.023 | 7,101 | 4,175 | 1,992 | 1,173 | $\begin{array}{r}2,313 \\ \hline 833\end{array}$ | 1.330 724 | 64 <br> 34 | 28 28 | 969 319 | 707 248 | 1,783 +432 | 967 306 |
| 80 and upwards | 1,848 | , 818 | '830 | 193 | 193 | 389 | 450 | 15 | 8 | 108 | 82 | 113 | 98 |

* Christmas Island and Cocos Islands are not included in the Table. In the former Island there were 1 male and 5 females under 15 and 694 males and 4 females over 15 years of age. The population of the Cocos Islands was divided into age groups as follows:-

|  |  |  | Under <br> 5 years. | $\begin{gathered} \text { 5-10 } \\ \text { уеагя. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10-15 \\ & \text { y ears. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15-20 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 20 years and upwards. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Persons } & \text {.. } & \text {. } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females } & \text { O. } & \text {. } \\ \end{array}$ |  |  | 126 | 80 | 65 | 62 |  |  |
|  |  |  | +49 | 43 | 25 | 31 | 156 | 304 |
|  |  |  | 77 | 37 | 40 | 31 | 158 | 341 |

(a) Not including 375 males and 8 females whose ages are not given in the returns.

Including a floating popnlation of 79 males.

## 6. STRAITS SETTLEMENTS-continued.

Table 5.-Males Returned as Married, distinguishing the Principal Nationalities or Races.

| Settlement. | Nationality or Race. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Nationalities. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Europeans and Americans. | Eurasians. | Chinese, | Malays and other Natives of the Archipelago. | Tamils and other Natives of India. | Other Nationalities |
| Straits Settlements* | 117,057 | 670 | 1,099 | 56,868 | 41,465 | 15,722 | 1,233 |
| Settlement of Penaung :- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Penang Island ... | 29,351 | 161 | 234 | 16.160 | 6,437 | 5,817 | 542 |
| Province Wellesley | 21,934 | 24 | 58 | 3,330 | 13,694 | 4,657 | 171 |
| Dindings ... ... | 1,277 | 1 | - | 186 | 1,011 | 72 | 7 |
| Malacca ... ... | 15,904 | 11 | 270 | 2,931 | 12,340 | 335 | 17 |
| Singapore ... ... | 48,591 | 473 | 537 | 34,261 | 7,983 | 4,841 | 496 |

* ExcInsive of Christmas and Cocos Islands.

Table 6.-Rades or Nationalities of Persons, Males, and Females at the Censuses of 1891 and 1901.

(a) Inoluding, in 1891, 350 Cocos Islanders ( 165 males and 185 females) and 181 Bantamese, \&c. (104 males and 77 females) and, in. 1901 , 574 Cocos Islanders ( 256 males and 318 females), and 68 Bantamese ( 45 males and 23 females). 1

## 6. STRAITS SETTLEMENTS-continued.

Table 7.-Nationalities of the Male Resident Population at 12 Groups of Ages.

| Nationality. | Males. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ages. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | All Ages. | Under 1 year. | 1- | $5-$ | 10- | 16- | 20- | 30- | 40- | 60- | 60- | 70- | $\begin{gathered} 80 \text { and } \\ \text { uparde } \end{gathered}$ |
| The Straits Settlements (exclusive of Chrietmas Ieland and Cocos Islands). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europeane and Americans | 2,363 | 43 | 147 | 142 | 100 | 162 | 664 | 587 | 346 | 124 | 40 | 5 | 3 |
| Eurasians .. .. .. . | 3,644 | 136 | 445 | 520 | 456 | 387 | 800 | 491 | 328 | 171 | 77 | 27 | 8 |
| Chinese .. .. .. .. .. | 209,149 | 602 | 5,766 | 7,674 | 8,470 | 18,849 | 72,119 | 53,821 | 26,847 | 10,884 | 3,426 | 732 | 159 |
| Malaye and other Natives of the | 106,058 | 3,784 | 12,393 | 16,471 | 10,627 | 9,258 | 18,872 | 15,786 | 9,179 | 4,890 | 2,958 | 1,263 | 579 |
| Archipelago. ${ }_{\text {Amils and other }}$ Natives of India | 40,232 | 384 | 1,288 | 1,847 | 2,311 | 3,820 | 13,560 | 10,270 | 4,483 | 1,529 | 543 | 166 | 61 |
| Other Nationalities .. .. .. | 2,357 | 45 | 168 | 229 | 201 | 242 | 635 | 437 | 268 | 140 | 59 | 23 | 10 |
| Grand Total .. .. . .. | 363,803 | 4,994 | 20,207 | 28,883 | 22,165 | 32,518 | 106,350 | 81,392 | 41,431 | 17,738 | 7,101 | 2,208 | 818 |
| Penang Istand. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europeans and Americans . .. | 469 | 1 | 46 | 30 | 17 | 26 | 121 | 116 | 68 | 32 | 11 | 1 | - |
| Eurasians .. .. .. | 758 | 15 | 87 | 119 | 113 | 83 | 113 | 93 | 66 | 40 | 19 | 7 | 1 |
| Chinese .. .. .. .. .. | 50,590 | 71 | 1,791 | 2,318 | 2.447 | 4,073 | 14,870 | 12,971 | 7,297 | 3,342 | 1,118 | 242 | 60 |
| Malaye and other Natives of the | 16,767 | 380 | 1,865 | 2,478 | 1,831 | 1,360 | 2,984 | 2,472 | 1,579. | 844 | 598 | 260 | 118 |
| Tamile and other Natives of India | 14,056 | 40 | 437 | 645 | 938 | 1,448 | 4,463 | 3,502 | 1,628 | 837 | 227 | 70 | 23 |
| Other Nationalities .. .. .. | 599 | 3 | 48 | 62 | 59 | 51 | 119 | 108 | 81 | 38 | 19 | 8 | 3 |
| Total (a).. .. .. .. | 83,237 | 510 | 4,274 | 5,652 | 5,405 | 7,041 | 22,670 | 19,262 | 10,717 | 4,933 | 1,992 | 588 | 193 |
| Province Wellesley. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europeans and Americans.. .. | 119 | -2 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 38 | 29 | $\stackrel{22}{2}$ | 4 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Euraians .. .. .. .. | 167 | 5 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 14 | 30 | 26 | 17 | 9 | 5 | - | - |
| Chinese .. .. .. .. .. | 21,735 | 58 | 425 | 673 | 643 | 714 | 5,323 | 6,529 | 4,394 | 2,023 | 781 | 139 | 33 |
| Malaye and other Natives of the | 34,369 | 1,449 | 3,428 | 5,331 | 4,025 | 2,614 | 5,170 | 4,890 | 3,258 | 1,907 | 1,321 | 641 | 335 |
| Tamils and other Natives of India | 12,288 | 245 | 514 | 669 | 606 | 579 | 3,723 | 3,670 | 1,598 | 435 | 184 | 48 | 19 |
| Other Nationalities .. .. | 442 | 14 | 32 | 49 | 46 | 32 | 84 | 79 | 40 | 39 | 21 | 4 | 2 |
| Total (b).. .. .. | 69,120 | 1,773 | 4,426 | 6,746 | 5,350 | 3,957. | 14,368 | 15,223 | 9,327 | 4,417 | 2,313 | 833 | 389 |
| Dindines. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europeans and A mericans.. .. | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |  | - | - | - | - |
| Eurasiang .. .. .. | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 2. | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Chinese .. .. .. .. .. | 850 | 3 | 11 | 19 | 21 | 30 | 243 | 259 | 169 | 69 | 20 | 6 | - |
| Malays and other Natives of the | 1,509 | 54 | 210 | 245 | 140 | 134 | 231 | 201 | 128 | 83 | 42 | 27 | 14 |
| Tamils and other Natives of India | 247 | - | - | 8 | 6 | 25 | 101 | 71 | 24 | 9 | 2 | - | 1 |
| Other Nationalities .. | 6 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Total (c).. .. | 2,617 | 57 | 221 | 272 | 168 | 189 | 577 | 534 | 324 | 162 | 64 | 34 | 15 |
| malacca. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europeans and Americans .. | 36 | 1 | 4 | 1 | - | - | 13 | 9 | 8 | 2 | - | - | - |
| Eurasians .. .. .. .. | 748 | 39 | 111 | 100 | 81 | 35 | 84 | 121 | 93 | 45 | 25 | 10 | 4 |
| Chinese .. .. .. .. .. | 14,477 | 88 | 436 | 644 | 702 | 1,415 | 4,704 | 3,669 | 1,717 | 712 | 271 | 96 | 23 |
| Malays and cther Natives of the Archipelago. | 34,058 | 1,561 | 5,306 | 6,474 | 3,370 | 2,880 | 4,993 | 4,681 | 2,510 | 1,339 | 658 | 210 | 78 |
| Tamils and other Natives of India | 887 | 10 | 34 | 40 | 55 | 79 | 290 | 221 | 104 | 34 | 15 | 3 | 2 |
| Other Nationalities .. .. .. | 45 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 2 | - | 1 |
| Total .. .. | 50,251 | 1,700 | 5,894 | 7,265 | 4,211 | 4,414 | 10,095 | 8,708 | 4,435 | 2,133 | 969 | 319 | 108 |
| Singapore. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europeans and Americans .. | 1,737 | 39 | 91 | 107 | 73 | 132 | 494 | 431 | 250 | 86 | 28 | 3 | 3 |
| Eurastans .. .. .. .. | 1,970 | 77 | 226 | 281 | 242 | 255 | 371 | 251 | 151 | 77 | 28 | 10 | 1 |
| Chinese .. .. .. .. .. | 121,497. | 382 | 3,103 | 4,020 | 4,657 | . 12,417 | 46,979 | 30,383 | 13,270 | 4,738 | 1,238 | 249 | 53 |
| Malays and other Natives of the Archipelago. | 19,355 | 340 | 1,584 | 1,943 | 1,261 | $\cdots 2,270$ | 5,494 | 3,542 | 1,704 | 717 | 339 | 125 | 36 |
| Tamils and other Natives of India | 12,754 | 89 | 303 | 485 | 706 | 1,689 | 4,983 | 2,806 | 1,113 | 414 | 115 | 35 | 18 |
| Other Nationalities .. .. .. | 1,265 | 27 | 85 | 112 | 92 | 154 | 321 | 242 | 140 | 61 | 17 | 10 | 4 |
| Total .. .. .... | 158,578 | 954 | 5,342 | 6.948 | 7,031 | 16,917 | 58,642 | 37,665 | 18,628 | 8,093 | 1,783 | 432 | 113 |

## 6. STRAITS SETTLEMENTS-continued.

Table 8.-Nationalities of the Female Resident Population at 12 Groups of Ages.

(a) Not inclading 0 whose nationality was not stated.

## 6．STRAITS SETTLEMENTS－continued．

Table 9．－Nationalities of Europeans and Americans，distinguishing the Resident and Floating Populations，＊ 1901.

| Nationality． |  |  |  |  | Persons． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Settlemint of Penang． |  |  |  | Singapore．$\dagger$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Penang Island． |  | Province Wellesley． |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Resident Population． | Floating Population． | Resident Population． | Floating Population． | Resident Population． | Floating Popolation． |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Austrians ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 17 | － | － | － | 49 | － |
| Belgians ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1 | 二 | － | － | 22 | － |
| Bohemians ．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | $\overline{65}$ | $\overline{102}$ | $\overline{138}$ | 二 | 111 | $\overline{30}$ |
| British Canadians ．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | ．．．． | 651 | 102 | 138 | － | 1,870 10 | $306 \ddagger$ |
| Danes | $\ldots$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2 | － | 1 | － | 9 | 30 |
| Dutch | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 51 | 24 | 1 | － | 171 | 3 |
| French ．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 46 | － | 19 | － | 99 | 7 |
| Germans ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 41 | 二 | 2 | － | 236 | 71 |
| Greeks ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  | 二 | － | － | 6 | 4 |
| Hungarians．．． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | －1 | 14 | 二 | 二 | 4 27 | － 30 |
| Italians ${ }_{\text {Norwegians．．．}}$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1 2 | 14 | 二 | 二 | 11 | 30 10 |
| Poles ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | － | － | － | － | 6 | － |
| Portuguese ．．． | －．． | －．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1 | － | 3 | － | 95 | － |
| Roumanians | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2 | － | － | － | 14 | － |
| Russians ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 7 | － | － | － | 44 | 2 |
| Spaniards |  | ．．． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 二 | 二 | － | 27 | － |
| Swiss | ．．． | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | － | 二 | 1 | － | 33 | － |
| Turks ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 7 | － | － | － | 31 | － |
|  | Total |  | ．．． | ．．． | 850 | 143 | 165 | － | 2，861 | 468 |

＊The nationalities of the two Europesns and Americans enumerated in the Dindings，and of the 64 constituting the European and American resident population of Malacca，were not stated；the floating population of the latter place includes 20 Enropeans，all of whom were British．
$\dagger$ Excludes the British military population of 495.
$\ddagger$ Includes H．M．S．＂Algerine＂96，and H．M．S．＂Pigmy＂ 67.

## 7．FEDERATED MALAY STATES．

Table 1．－Area；Houses，1901，and Population， 1891 and 1901.

＊Including 1，397 Aborigines，for whom the sexes were not stated．

## 7. FEDERATED MALAY STATES-continued.

Table 2.-Population, 1891 and 1901, enumerated in each Distriot of the States of the Federation.


* Excluding the floating population, consisting of 846 males and 63 females in 1901 ; in 1891 the floating popnlation was not stated.
$\dagger$ Including 1,397 Aboriginies, for whom the sexes were not stated.
Table 3.-Population, 1891 and 1901, enumerated in the Chief Towns.

| State. |  | Town. |  | Population. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |
| Perak ... | ... | Tpoh ... $\quad . .$.TaipingKuala Lumpur | $\cdots$ | 3,184 | 12,791 |
|  |  |  | . | 13,304 | 13,331 |
| SelangorNegriSembilan | ... |  | ... | 19,020 | 32,381 |
|  | ... | Seremban ... | - | - | 4,765 |
| Pahang... ... | ... | Kuala Lipis ... |  | - | 1,142 |

Table 4.-Ages of the Population in the several States; Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

|  | All Ages. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ 1 \\ \text { year. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 1- | 2- | 3- | 4- | 5- | 10- | 15- | 20 years and upwards |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federated Malay $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { States ... } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ | 670,042 | 4.918 | 8,979 | 12,391 | 12,800 | 12,311 | 48,873 | 31,205 | 39,828 | 498,737 |
|  | 483,452 | 2,446 | 4,494 | 6,207 | 6,364 | 6.094 | 24,970 | 16,695 | 23,391 | 392.791 |
|  | 186,590 | 2,472 | 4,485 | 6,184 | 6,436 | 6,217 | 23,903 | 14.510 | 16,437 | 105,946 |
| $\begin{aligned} \text { Perak (a) } & \cdots\end{aligned}$ | 329,665 | 2,308 | 3,741 | 5,361 | 6,000 | 5,350 | 21,947 | 15,453 | 16,377 | 253,128 |
|  | 239,556 | 1,163 | 1,829 | 2,685 | 3,037 | 2,617 | 11,116 | 8,165 | 9,353 | 199,591 |
|  | 90,109 | 1,145 | 1,912 | 2,676 | 2,963 | 2,733 | 10,831 | 7,288 | 7,024 | 53,537 |
|  | 167,576 | 715 | 1,199 | 2,023 | 2,002 | 1,979 | 7,965 | 5,443 | 11,189 | 135,061 |
| Selangor (b) $\quad . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Female }\end{array}\right.$ | 135,664 | 345 | 590 | 1,011 | 965 | 1,003 | 4,147 | 3,041 | 7,839 | 116,723 |
|  | 31,912 | 370 | 609 | 1,012 | 1,037 | 976 | 3,818 | 2,402 | 3,350 | 18,338 |
| Negri Sembilan(c) $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Fen }\end{array}\right.$ | 96,028 | 739 | 1,716 | 2,408 | 2,376 | 2,448 | 10,059 | 5,174 | 6,785 | 64,323 |
|  | 64,565 | 372 | 886 | 1,234 | 1,171 | 1,231 | 5,104 | 3,853 | 3,635 | 48,079 |
| - ${ }^{\text {Females... }}$ | 31,463 | 367 | 830 | 1,174 | 1,205 | 1,217 | 4,955 | 2,321 | 3,150 | 16,244 |
| Pahang (d) $\quad \cdots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons... } \\ \text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ | 76,773 | 1,156 | 2,323 | 2,599 | 2,422 | 2,534 | 8,902 | 5,135 | 5,477 | 46,225 |
|  | 43,667 | 566 | 1,189 | 1,277 | 1,191 | 1,243 | 4,603 | 2,636 | 2,564 | 28,398 |
|  | 33,106 | 590 | 1,134 | 1,322 | 1,231 | 1.291 | 4,299 | 2,499 | 2,913 | 17,827 |

(a) The figures include those for the floating population ( 1,338 males and 32 females).
(b) The figures are exclusive of those for the floating population and prisoners ( 1,213 nersons).
(c) The figures include those for the floating population ( 50 males ).
(d) The figures are exclusive of those for the aborigines ( 7,340 persons).

## 7. FEDERATED MALAY STATES-continued.

Table 5.-Ages of the Population of various Races; Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

|  |  | All Ages. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ 1 \\ \text { year. } \end{gathered}$ | 1- | 2- | 3- | 4- | $5-$ | 10- | 15- | 20 years and upwards. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Races | ... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ | 670,042 | 4,918 | 8,979 | 12,391 | 12,800 | 12,311 | 48.873 | 31,205 | 39,828 | 498,737 |
|  |  | 483,452 | 2,446 | 4,494 | 6,207 | 6,361 | 6,094 | 24,970 | 16,695 | 23,391 | 392,791 |
|  |  | 186,590 | 2,472 | 4,485 | 6,184 | 6,436 | 6,217 | 23,903 | 14,510 | 16,437 | 105,946 |
| Europeans Americans | and $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text {.. } \\ \text { liemales.. }\end{array}\right.$ | 1,435 | 38 | 30 | 30 | 28 | 14 | 63 | 40 | 49 | 1,143 |
|  |  | 1,024 | 17 | 15 | 12 | 13 | 3 | 33 | [. $\quad 27$ | 28 | 876 |
|  |  | 411 | 21 | 15 | 18 | 15 | 11 | 30 | ${ }^{-\ldots * 13}$ | 21 | 267 |
| Eurasians | . $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females... } \\ \text { Persons ... }\end{array}\right.$ | 1,522 | 40 | 51 | 66 | 65 | 53 | 185 | 146 | 139 | 797 |
|  |  | 857 | 17 | 32 | 31 | 28 | 19 | 84 | 84 | 64 | 498 |
|  |  | 665 | 23 | 19 | 25 | 27 | 34 | 101 | 62 | 75 | 299 |
| Chinese ... |  | 300,633 | 159 | 406 | 1,335 | 1,248 | 1.160 | 5,017 | 3,998 | 9,983 | 277,327 |
|  | $\ldots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males .... } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ | 273,475 | 72 | 203 | 699 | 638 | 604 | 2,484 | 2,181 | 8,071 | 258,523 |
|  |  | 27,158 | 87 | 203 | 636 | 610 | 556 | 2,533 | 1,817 | 1,912 | 18,804 |
| Other Races | $\ldots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ | 366,452 | 4,681 | 8,492 | 10,970 | 11,469 | 11,084 | 43,608 | 27,021 | 29,657 | 219,470 |
|  |  | 208,096 | 2,340 | 4,244 | 5,465 | 6,685 | 5,468 | 22,369 | 14,403 | 15,228 | 132,894 |
|  |  | 158,356 | 2,341 | 4,248 | 5,505 | 6,784 | \%,616 | 21:289 | 12,618 | 14,429 | 86,576 |

NoTe.-The figures are exclusive of those for the floating population and prisoners ( 1,213 persons) in the State of Selangor, and of the aborigines ( 7,340 persons) in the State of vahang.

Table 6.-Occupations of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Occupation. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Occupation. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Popdlation... | 678,595* | 487,690 | 189,508 | 3. Commercial Class-cont. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Shop Assistants ... ... ... | 3,325 | 3,325 |  |
| 1. Professio | 21,360 | 20,434 | 926 | Timber Dealers ... ... ... | 57 <br> 36 <br> 8 | 57 29 | 7 |
| Actors, Artists, Musicians, \&c. ... | 1,231 | 1,133 | 98 | Tin-ore Dealers ... ... ... | 228 | 226 | 2 |
| Auctioneers ... ... ... |  |  | - | Vegetable Sellers ... ... ... | -755 | 677 | 78 |
| Chemists and Druggists... | 401 | 397 | 4 | Revenue Farmers... ... | - 80 | 80 |  |
| Clerks, \&c.... $\quad .$. | 3,660 | 3,659 | 1 | Others not specified above ... | 1,396 | 1,392 | 4 |
| Engineers, Architects, and Surveyors | 116 | 116 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ministers and Missionaries | 31 | 20 | 11 | 4. Agricultural Class. | 155,082 | 104,923 | 50,159 |
| Native Priests ... ... | 457 | 457 | - | Gambier and Pepper Planters ... | 187 | 171 | 16 |
| $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Phyeicians, Surgeons, and Den- } \\ \text { tists } & \ldots & \ldots . & \ldots \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ | 502 | 486 | 16 | Planters, Managers, Overseers of Estates ... | 4,744 | 4,597 | 147 |
| Schoolmasters and School- |  |  |  | Gardeners ... | 45,364 | 28,011 | 17,353 |
| mistresses. ... ... | 507 | 468 | 39 | Labourers ... | 13.004 | 11,119 | 1,885 |
| School Children ... ... | 5,767 | 5,106 | 661 | Paddy Planters ... ... | 69,168 | 44,347 | 24,821, |
| Midwives ... | 37 | 48 | 37 | Others not specified above | 22,615 | 16,678 | 6,937 |
| Telegraphists | 48 | 48 | - | (Kampong Holders.) |  |  |  |
| Lawyers ... Soldiers | 7 601 | 7 601 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government Civil Service | 3,892 | 3,880 | 12 | 6. Industrial Class. | 264,595 | 253,956 | 10,639 |
| Watchmen | 1,695 | 1,695 | - | Atap Makers ... ... ... | -,530 | 3,449 | 2,081 |
| Police ... | 2,022 | 2,022 |  | Bakers and Millers ... ... | -324 | 319 | ${ }^{2,08}$ |
| Others not specified above | 381 | 334 | 47. | Barbers ... | 1,989 | 1,989 |  |
| 2. Domestic Class. | 7,190 | 66,25 | 120,932 | Blacksmiths | 1,102 | 1,102 |  |
| Women ... ... | 185,379 |  | 55,379 | Boakbinders | 1,773 | 1,773 |  |
| Children ... ... | 123,791 | 59,673 | 64.118 | Beancurd Makers ... | 308 | 300 | 8 |
| Domestic Servants | 8,020 | 6,585 | 1,435 | Brick Makers | 258 | 258 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Boot and Shoe Makers | 577 | 567 | 10 |
| 3. Commercial | 28,02 | 27,25 | 771 | Carpenters ${ }^{\text {Carriage }}$ Builders and $\ldots$ Cart- | 4,104 | 4,104 | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { oarding } \text { and Lodging } \\ & \text { Kepers ... } . . . \end{aligned}$ | 131 | 128 | 3 | Carriage wrights ... ... and ... Cart- | 98 | 98 |  |
| Butchers and Pork Sellers | 858 | $8 \overline{0} 0$ | 8 | Cart and Hackney Carriage |  |  |  |
| Cake Sellers ... ... ... | 1,500 | 1,324 | 176 | Drivers ... ... ... ... | 8,335 | 8,335 |  |
| 'Ricksha; Cart, and Hackney |  |  |  | Cattle Keepers and Milk Sellers | 667 | ,637 | 30 |
| Carriage Owners ... ... | 188 | 180 | 8 | Cigar Makers ... ... ... | 38 | 27 | 11 |
| Charcoal Burners ... ... | 1,436 | 1,432 | 4 | Candle Makers ... ... ... | 3 | 3 |  |
| Eating-house Keepers ... | 774 | 720 | 54 | Coffin Makers | 49 | 49 |  |
| Fishmongers , ... | 652 | 638 | 14 | Confectioners ... ... ... | 81 | 70 | 11 |
| Farm Employés ... | 139 | 139 | 14 | Contractors and Builders ... | 1,798 | 1,797 | 1 |
| Fruit Sellers | 327 | 313 | 14. | Engineers and Machinists | 386 | -386 |  |
| Grass Sellers ... | 140 | 138 |  | Tin Washers .. | 907 | 390 | 517 |
| Hawkers ... ... ... | 3,813 | 3,722 |  | Engine Drivers and Firemen | 1,192 | 1,142 |  |
| Hotel and Tavern, Keepers ${ }_{\text {Merchants, Agents, }}$ | 234 | 219 | - 15 | Farriers and Shoeing Smiths | 135 | 135 |  |
| Merchants, Agents, and Brokers Money-changers ... ... ... | 2,882 186 | 2,848 |  | Firewood Sellers ... | 223 | 223 |  |
| Money-changers Money-lenders ... ... | 186 160 | 186 | - | Fishermen ... . ... ... ... | 6,548 | 6,519 | 29 |
| Money-lenders Opium Shopkeepers | 160 1.396 | 1,350 | - 41 | Harness Makers and Saddlers ... |  |  |  |
| Pawnbrokers ... | ${ }^{9} 9$ | 97 | 4 | Labourers ... ... ... ... | 1,012 | 1,009 |  |
| Poulterers ... ... | 121 | 112 |  | Lime Burners | $\begin{array}{r}1,012 \\ \hline 276\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,099 \\ \mathbf{3 8} \\ \hline 174\end{array}$ |  |
| Ship Chandlers,' Shopkeepers, and General Dealers ... | 6,972 | 6,766 |  | Masons and Bricklayers... ... | 1,432 | 1,432 |  |
| Spirit Shopkeepers ... ... | 145 | 6,144 |  | Mat, Kajang, and Basket Makers Miners, Tin ... ... ... | 1,415 156,438 | 1,279 155,671 | 36 867 |

[^28]
## 7. FEDERATED MALAY STATES-continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of Persons. Males and Females, 1901-continued.

| Occupation. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Occupation. | Persons. | Males, | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. Industrial Class-cont. |  |  |  | 5. Industrial Class-cont. |  |  |  |
| Miners, Gold ... ... ... | 1,342 | 1,342 | - | Tin Smelters ... | 915 | 915 | - |
| Painters ... ... ... ... | 240 | 240 | 二 | Tinsmiths and Braziers | 217 | 217 | - |
| Paper Lantern Makers . | 5 |  | - | Toddy Drawers* ... | 43 | 43 | - |
| Pig Dealers | 1,295 | 1,206 | 89 | Umbrella Makers | 4 | 4 |  |
| Potters ... | 60 | 55 | 5 | Washermen | 426 | 389 | 37 |
| Printers ... ... | ${ }^{9} 9$ | 9 | - | Watchmakers | 103 | 103 | - |
| 'Ricksha Pullers ... | 1,916 | 1,916 |  | Shop Assistants ... ... | 2,536 | 2,536 | - |
| Rattan Workers . | 1,021 | 815 | 206 | Water Carriers ... ... | 306 | 305 | 1 |
| Sawyers ... ... | 2,444 | 2,444 | - | Weavers ... ... ... | 83 | 4 | 79 |
| Seamen $\quad .$. | 371 | 371 | - | Wood Cutters ... ... | 6,410 | 6,326 | 84 |
| Ship and Boat Builders and | 56 | 56 |  | Wood and Ivory Carvers | 17 190 | 17 190 |  |
| Glass Cutters $\quad .$. | ${ }_{63}^{56}$ | 57 | 6 | Wood Haulers ... ... | 190 |  |  |
| Stome Catters ... ... | 390 | 346 | 44 | Others not specified above | 1,072 | 1,036 | 36 |
| Sngar Boilers ... ... ... | 189 | 183 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| Tailors, Dressmakers, and Seamstresses ... ... ... ... | 2,748 | 1,557 | 1,191 | 6. Unclassified. | 20,943 | 14,862 | 6,081 |

Table 7.-Nationalities and Races in the several States, 1901.


* Including 58,495 described as Pahang Malays and 7,076 as Foreign Malays.

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## 8. STATE OF JOHORE.

-No Census was taken in this State. The area is estimated to be 9,000 square miles, and the popnlation 200,000 .

## 9. STATE OF NORTH BORNEO.

Table 1.-Number, Age, and Sex of the Population enumerated in the several Districts, 1901.

| - |  | AGE. |  | SEx. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Adults. | Children of <br> 15 Years and under. | Males. | Females. |  |
| State of North Borneo ... | ... | 68,407 | 36,120 | 59,936 | 44,591 | 104,527 |
| Sandakan Town, Suburbs, and Bay | ... | 7,124 | 2,417 | 6,131 | 3,410 | 9,541 |
| Kinabatangan ... ... ... | ... | 5,720 | 1,842 | 4,703 | 2,859 | 7,562 |
| East Coast ... ... ... | ... | 4,612 | 1,582 | 3,804 | 2,390 | - 6,194 |
| Labuk and Sugut ... ... ... | ... | 7,605 | 5,165 | 7,605 | 5,165 | 12,770 |
| Kudat ... ... ... ... | ... | 11,355 | , 4,961 | 9,796 | 6,520 | 16,316 |
| West Coast ... ... ... . .. | -•• | 21,906 | 13,905 | 19,284 | 16,527*' | 35,811 |
| Kaningau and Tambnnan... , ... |  | 10,085 | 6,248 | 8,613 | 7,720 | 16,333 |

Table 2.-Nationality, Age, and Sex of Persons enumerated in the whole Territory, 1901,


Census of tee British Empire，1901．
9．STATE OF NORTH BORNEO－continued
Table 3．－Oocupations and Nationalities of the Population， 1901.

| TrenoI | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 感 } \\ & \text { ? } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| uotyednopo on | 8 $\stackrel{\circ}{8}$ $=$ |  |  |
| харип рпг <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ®ig } \\ & \underset{\sim}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | 8 |  | ｜｜｜｜｜｜l｜｜｜｜ |
| －sхәрех岩 | 合 |  | －107，｜｜ |
| －सхә耳вшәочS | \％ | 11\％11 | \｜\｜\｜\｜\｜l｜ |
| －9quratas | 吕 | $11^{\infty}$ | $\cdots \infty$ |
|  | 8 | ＊ず11 | $\cdots 1 \mid 1$ |
| ＊sefurs | $\stackrel{8}{\square}$ | $11 \stackrel{\text { 号1 }}{\text { l }} 1111{ }^{\infty 0}$ | $11^{\infty} 1111111+11$ |
| －struossmejoxd | 8 | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | $101\|\cdot\|\left\|\left\|-\left\|m^{\infty}\right\|\right\|\right.$ |
|  | 䢕 | $\left.1!111\right\|^{\text {co }}$ 㐌点 |  |
|  | \％ |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{3}{7}$ | m11111111 | $111111\|1\| 1 \mid 11$ |
| －вәхориети | $\stackrel{\square}{4}$ | 11 | － |
| ＊saxnoqbit |  |  |  |
|  | ¢ | $11811 \mid 15$ | 10 |
|  рие sq7！ | 号 | 11 号111－1004 | $\left.1^{\text {N }} 11\|1\| 1\right\|^{++1} \mid 1$ |
|  | 会 | $11^{\infty \times 1} 11^{\text {a }} 1^{\text {¢\％}}$ |  |
| ＇รәฺчоча | \％ | 11去11101寺 | ｜11｜1｜｜11｜1｜ |
| ＇งหхәтด | \％ |  |  |
|  | ¢ | \％eal｜1｜1｜1 | ｜｜111｜｜1｜11 |
|  | 法 |  | ＊ $11111^{\text {a }} 1^{\text {ont }} 1^{\text {T }}$ |
|  | ® | ｜1 \％｜1｜｜｜ | 111｜11！小｜l｜l｜ |
|  | O | 1181111111 | $-111101111111$ |
| －sieqreg | 8 | 1181111111 | 1111111.111111 |
|  | \％ |  | 111111．11．1111 |
|  | 筞 | $11\left\|\|1\|^{\text {m }}\right.$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \mathrm{N} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\mathrm{~N}}: \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

11. LABUAN.
Age, Sex, Nationality, and Occupations of the Population, 1901.


## 12. SARAWAK.

No Census was taken in this Territory. The area is estimated to be 50,000 square miles, and the population 500,000 .

## 13. HONG KONG.

Table 1.-Population at each Census, 1857 to 1901 (including Shipping and Military).


* The population for 1901 is exclusive of that in the New Territory. The 7,640 and 5,597 persons in Military and Naval Establishments respectively are not included in the figures for males and females, as the sexes of this part of the population were not distinguished in the returns.

Table 2.-Houses and Popdlation endmerated in the New Territory, 1901.

| Ages |  |  |  | Population. |  |  | Houses. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Occupied. | Unoccupied. |
| All Ages ... | ... | ... | ... | 102,254 | 57,344 | 44,910 | 22.121 | 3,463 |
| Under 16 years ... <br> 16 years and upwards | ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 31,967 70,287 | - 17,540 39,804 | 14,427 30,483 | 二 | 二 |

Table 3.-Civil Popdlation of different Nationalities; Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


13．HONG KONG－continued．

Table 4．－Ages of the Civil Population ；Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

| Ages， | Non－Chinese Resident Population． |  |  | Non－Chinese Shipping Population． |  |  | Chinese Population． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males， | Females． |
| All Ages ．．． | 8，431 | 4，904 | 3，527 | 1，001 | 992 | 9 | 274，543 | 200，327 | 74，216 |
| Under 1 year | 198 | 99 | 99 | － | － | － | 367 | 202 | 165 |
| 1－5 | － 7178. | 361 | 356 | － | － | 二 | 12,025 14,915 | 5,965 $\mathbf{7 , 2 4 1}$ | 6,060 7,674 |
| 5－10 | 669 | 324 259 | 345 294 | 1 | 1 | － | 14,915 17.731 | 7，241 $\mathbf{9 , 7 3 3}$ | 7,674 7,998 |
| $10-15$ $15-20$ | 553 702 | 259 332 | 294 370 | ${ }_{63}^{1}$ | ${ }_{62}^{1}$ | －1 | 17,731 $\mathbf{3 1 , 3 7 2}$ | 9，733 $\mathbf{2 4 , 7 7 1}$ $\mathbf{3 2 , 5 1}$ | 7,998 6,601 |
| 10－25 ．．． | 1，113 | 658 | 455 | 205 | 204 | 1 | 40，424 | 32，555 | 7，869 |
| 25－30 | 1，256 | 813 | 443 | 251 | 249 | 2 | 39，711 | 32，047 | 7，664 |
| 30－35 | 981 | 625 | 356 | 185 | 183 | 2 | 31，170 | 23，900 | 7，270 |
| 35－40 $\quad . .$. | 665 | 439 | 226 | 99 | 99 | － | 23，364 | 18，240 | 5，124 |
| 40－45 $\quad$ ．．． | 474 | 329 | 145 | 84 | 83 | 1 | 20，051 | 15，126 | ${ }_{4}^{4,925}$ |
| 45－50 ．．．．．． | 298 | 186 | 112 | 56 | 55 | 1 | 12，731 | 9，353 | 3，378 |
| $50-55$ ．．． | 297 | 165 | 132 | 35 | 34 | 1 | 11，085 | 7，598 | 3，487． |
| 55－60 ．． | 183 | 104 | 79 | 9 | 9 | － | 6，022 | 4，089 | 1，933 |
| 60－65 | 119 | 72 | 47 | 9 | 9 | － | 4，295 | 2，599 | 1，696 |
| 65－70 | 66 | 36 | 30 | － | － | － | 1，654 | 949 | 705 |
| 70－75 ．． | 33 | 21 | 12 | － | － | － | 967 368 | 481 173 | 486 195 1 |
| $75-80$ ．．．．．． | 12 | 8 | 4 |  |  | 二 | 368 250 | 173 96 | 195 154 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}80-85 \\ 85-90 & . . . & \ldots \\ 80\end{array}$ | 6 1 | － 1 | 5 1 | － | 二 | 二 | 250 57 | 96 22 | 154 35 |
| $85-95$ <br> $90-95$ <br> .. | 1 | 1 | 1 | － | － | － | 27 | 14 | 13 |
| 95 yrs．and upwards | －87 | － | － 16 | 4 | 4 | 二 | 4 5,953 | 4 5,169 |  |
| Age not stated ．．． | 87 | 71 | 16 | 4 | 4 | － | 5，953 | 5，169 | 784 |

Table 5．－Birthplaces of the Population，Fersons，Males and Females，distinguishing those of British origin，the Portuguese，and the Chinese， 1901.

13. HONG KONG-continued.

Table 5.-Birthplades of the Population, Persons, Males, and Females, distinguishing those of British origin, the Portuguese, and the Chinese, 1901-continued.

| Wherre: Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Where Born. | Persons. | Males | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Portuguese Popdlation. |  |  |  | Chinese Land Population. |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,956 | 875 | 1,081 | Total $\ldots$....... | 232,865* | 173,873* | 58,992* |
| Australia | 1 | 1 | - |  | 229,907 | 172,603 2 | 57,304 |
| China ... ... . | 60 | 28 | 32 | Annam ... | 22 | 10 | 12 |
| Goa $\quad . . . \quad$..... | 4 | 4 | - | British Subject ... ... | 53 | 24 | 29 |
| Hong Kong .... ... | 1,097 | 515 | 582 | Corea ... ... ... | 4 | 4 | - |
| India $\quad .$. ... .. | 1 | 1 | - | Formosa ... ... ... | 20 | 9 | 11 |
| Japan -.. ... . | 9 | 4 | 5 | Germany ... ... ... | 1 | - | 1 |
| Loanda ... ! ... .. | 1 | - | 1 | Hong Kong ... ... | 2,391 | 1,082 | 1,309 |
| Macao ... | 750 | 301 | 449 | India ... ... ... | 16 | 13 | 3 |
| The Philippine Islands ... | 4 | 3 | 1 | Japan ... ... ... | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Portngal ... ${ }^{\text {Pr }}$ | 10 | 9 | 1 | Luzon ... . ... ... | 1 | 1 | 186 |
| Siam | 5 | 3 | 2 | Macao ... ... ... | 283 | 97 | 186 |
| Spain . ... : ... ... | 3 | 1 | 2 | Mongolia ... ... ... | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Straits Settlements ... | 7 | 4 | 3 | Portuguese Subject ... | 13 | 4 | 9 |
| Timor $\begin{aligned} & \text { Onited States of America }\end{aligned}$ | 1 | 1 | $-1$ | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Siam } \\ \text { Singapore ... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \end{array}$ | 4 22 | 10 | 4 12 |
| Not stated | 2 | - | 2 | Not stated... . ... ... | 120 | 11. | 109 |

* The Chinese Land Popnlation is given in Table 3 as 233,263 persons ( 173,745 males and 59,518 females).

Table 6.-European and American Population, according to Race.


Table 7.-Non-Chinese other than Europeans, Americans, and Edrastans, according to Race.

| Race. |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males, . | ... Females. .. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALI | AOES | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 2,710 | 1,942... | $\cdots$ | .. 768 |
| Africans |  | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 21 | $14^{\cdots}$ |  | 7 |
| Arabians ... |  | ... | ... | ... | 9 | 3 |  | ${ }^{6}$ |
| Asiatics (not d | ed) | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |
| Creoles .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |  | - |
| Egyptians ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | - 1 | 1 1,203 |  |  |
| Indians ... | ... | .... | ... | ... | 1,548 -702 | 1,203 421 |  | 345 281 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Japanese } & \text {... } \\ \text { Malays } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | ... | -... | ... | ... | 94 | + 51 |  | 39 |
| Persians ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 16 | 12 |  | 4 |
| Philippine Isla |  | ... | ... | ... | 278 | 208 |  | 70 |
| Siamese ... |  | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 二 |  | 1 |
| South Sea Islan |  | ... | ... | ... | 1 |  |  | - |
| Turks Indians | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ${ }_{12}^{2}$ | 2 9 |  | 3 |
| West Indians Not Stated ... | ... |  | ... | -." | 23 | 13 |  | 10 |

13. HONG KONG-continued.

Table 8.-Occupations of the Non-Chinese Portion of the Community, 1901.

| Occupation. |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Chinese. | Occupation. |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Chinese. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tota | ... | -.. | -.. | ... | .. | 4,861* | Jeweller... <br> Jockey ... <br> Joiner | ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Accountant ... ... |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |  | ... | ... | -. |  | ... |  |
| Actor ... | . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 10 | Landowner | ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | 2 |
| Agent ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 15 | Law ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 30 |
| Architect | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | 20 | Librarian | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 |
| Artificer ... <br> Artist |  | $\ldots$ | ... | .... | ... | 1 | Lithographer | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | 4 |
| Auctioneer | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | Manager |  | ... |  |  | ... | 36 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mannlacturer ... |  |  |  |  | ... | 1 |
| Banking ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 41 | Marine Surveyor |  |  |  |  | ... | 3 |
| Baker ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 |  |  | ... | ... |  |  | 2 |
| Barber ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 29 | Mechanic | -.. | ... | ... |  | ... | 2 |
| Blacksmith |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | Medicine... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 26 |
| Boarding Master |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | Mercantile Marine |  | ... | $\cdots$ |  | ... | 175 |
| Book-seller and Stationer |  |  | .... | ... | ... | 4 | Milliner ... <br> Miner <br> Moulder ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| Book-keeperBrewer ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 12 |  | ... | .... | ... | ... | , | 2 |
|  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | Musician | ... | ... | ... | ... | .. | 9 |
| Brewer ... Broker ... |  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Builder ... | ... |  | ... | ... | ... | 4 | Optician... <br> Organist... | $\cdots$ | - | ... | ... |  | 1 |
| Carpenter ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | ... |  |  | ... | ... | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 45 |
| Cement Burne | ... |  | ... |  |  | 6 | Overseer ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 45 |
| Chemist ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 27 | Painter ... | ... |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| Circus | ... | ... | ... |  | . | 4 | Pensioner <br> Photography | ... | ... | $\cdots$ |  |  | 14 |
| Clerk ... |  |  | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 770 |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 9 |
| Clook and Watchmaker |  |  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 25 | Pianist ... Piano Tuner | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| Commerce | .... | ... | ... |  | ... |  |  | ... | ... |  |  |  | 4 |
| Confectioner |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | Piano Tuner <br> Plumber | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| Uontractor | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 11 4 | 'The Press Printer | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 16 |
| Coppersmith | .... | ... | ... | ... |  | 2 | Publican... |  | .... |  | ... | ... | 16 7 |
| Cotton ... Curio Dealer |  | ... | ... |  | ... | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91 |
|  | ... | ... | -. | ... | ... |  | Retigion ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |  |
| Customs ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 10 | Scientist... <br> Secretary | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 1212 |
| Dairy . | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | 17 |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | . |  |
| Docks .- | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7 | Ship Builder | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | . | 6 |
| Domestic Serva |  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 109 | Shipwright | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  | ${ }_{16}$ |
| Draper ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 9 | Shop Employé | .... | ... | .... | $\cdots$ |  | 16 6 |
| Draughtsman | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 9 | Shop Keeper | .... | ... | ... | .... | . | 6 30 |
| Dressmaker | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 15 | Smith ... | ... | ... | .... | ... |  | 1 |
| Eating House | Keepe | .. | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Soda Water | ... | .. | ... |  | . | 2 |
| Electricity. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12 | Stevedore | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 1 |
| Engine Driver | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Storeman | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  | ${ }_{56}^{21}$ |
| Engineer... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 140 | Sugar Refineri | .. | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |  | ${ }^{56}$ |
| Engineer, Civil | ... |  | - | ... | ... | 23 6 | Surveyor... |  | ... | .... | ... |  | 38 9 |
| Engineer, Mec | anic |  | ... |  | ... | 6 | Surveyor... | -.. | .. | ... | ... |  | 9 |
| Engraver | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | Tallyman | ... | .. | ... |  |  | 25 |
| Fakir ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 1 | Teacher ... | ... | .. | .... | ... |  | 21 |
| Fireman ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | , | Telegraph | ... | .. | ... |  |  | 11 |
| Fisherman | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Time Keeper | ... | .. | ... | ... |  | 4 |
| Fitter ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 9 | Tinman ... | ... | .. | ... | . |  |  |
| Foreman... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 16 | Undertaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ... | ... |  |  |  | 5 | Underwriter | ... | .. | ... | ... |  | 2 |
| Godowns |  | -.. | ... | ... | ... | 8 | Violinist |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government S | rvice | ... | ... | ... | ... | 558 | Visitor ... | ... |  |  | .... |  | 24 |
| Gunsmith | . |  | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Vocalist ... | ... | .. | ... | ... |  | 1 |
| Hawker ... |  |  |  | ... | ... |  | Waiter ... |  | .. | $\ldots$ | ... |  | 1 |
| Hotels, Boardi | g H | es, |  | ... | ... | 29 | Wàtchman Wharfinger | .... | ... | ... | .... |  | 202 7 |
| Insurance |  |  |  | ... | ... | 12 | Occnpations u | defi |  |  |  |  | 79 |
| Interpreter | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | ... | 1 | Occupations n | sta |  | ... |  |  | 789 |

* The Non-Chinese population is given in Table 3 as 9,432 persons ( 5,896 males and 3,536 females).


## 13. HONG KONG-continued.

Table 9.-Ocgupations of the Chinese Land Population, 1901.


## 13. HONG KONG-continued.

Table 9.-Occupations of the Chinese Land Population, 1901-continued.


## 14. WEI HAI WEI.

Table 1.-Civil, Military, and Naval Populations; Persons, Males and Females, distinguishing the various Races and, where possible, Adults and Children, 1901.


[^29]
## 14. WEI HAI WEI-continued.

Table 2.-Total Population; Persons, Males and Females, distinguishing Europeans, Chinese, Indians, and Japanese.

| - |  |  |  |  |  | Europeans (including British). | Chinese.* | Indians. | Japanese. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons <br> Males ... <br> Females | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 522 | 128,870 | 1,381 | 19 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 496 | 66,694 | 1,381 | 15 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | . | 26 | 62,176 | - | 4 |

* Note.-With regard to the native population on the Mainland, the rough estimate of their numbers has been arrived at aby the following method:-

Registers have been designed to show the number of families in each of the 330 villages, and the number of males and females in each family. These Registers have been issued to village headmen, and complete returns have been received for 50 villages in different parts of the Territory. From these returns it has been estimated that the


## 15. GAMBIA.

Note.-The Tables from 1 to 9 inclusive relate to Gambia Colony only. Tables 10 and 11 relate to the Protectorate. It appears that the Census returns have been regarded as incorrect, and in 1903 official estimates were made according to which the area of the Colony and Protectorate is 3,061 square miles, and the population 163,718.

Table 1.-Area; Houses, 1901 ; and Population, 1891 and 1901.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ \text { in } \begin{array}{c} \text { Sqnare } \\ \text { Miles. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |  | Houses. |  |  |  |  |  | Population. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gccupied. |  |  |  | Unoccupied. | Building. | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  | Stone. | Frame. | Wattle. | Mud. |  |  | Persons. | Perzons. | Males. | Females. |
| 69 ... | $\cdot$ | 169 | 483 | 2,548 | 37 | 79 | 28 | 14,266 | 13,4.56 | 7,383 | 6.073 |

Table 2.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, at each Census, 1851 to 1901.

| Census Year. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1851 ... | - | . | ... | ... | ... | 6,939 | 3,985 | 2,954 |
| 1871 ... | ... |  | ... | ... | ... | 14,190 | 7,306 | 6,884 |
| 1881 ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 14.150 | 7,215 | 6,935 |
| 1891 ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 14,266 | 6,576 | 7,690 |
| 1901 ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 13,456 | 7,383 | 6,073 |

Table 3.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, enumerated in the Several Localities, 1901.

|  | Locality. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 13,456 | 7,383 | 6,073 |  |
|  | Bathurst | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 8,807 | 4,911 | 3,896 |  |
|  | British Kommbo | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1,641 | 823 | 818 |  |
| - | Ceded Mile ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 2,211 | 1,184 | 1,027 |  |
|  | McCarthy Island | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 797 |  |  |  |

Table 4.-ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

15. GAMBIA-continued.

Table 5.-Condition as to Marriage of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Married. |  |  | Single. |  |  | Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| $\mathbf{3 , 6 9 1}$ | 1,753 | 1,938 | 9,765 | 5,630 | 4,135 | 13,456 | 7,383 | 6,073 |

Table 6.-Nationalities and Tribal Divisions of the Population, 1901.

| Nationality or Tribe. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Nationalty or Tribe. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Popdlation |  |  |  | ... | ... | 13,456 | Jesha ... <br> Jolahs ... | ... | $\ldots$ | -* | $\ldots$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 1,131 \\ 4,484 \end{array}$ |
| British ... |  |  |  |  |  |  | Joloffs ... |  |  | ... | $\ldots$ |  |  |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... |  |  | Jor Jor... Kaboonka | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\begin{array}{r} 484 \\ 15 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | ... |  |  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 35 |
| German | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | 51 | Kaboonka Kakanja | ... | ... | ... | ... .. |  | 17 |
| Italian ... |  |  |  | ... | ... | - ${ }^{3}$ | Krabba |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... ... |  | 8 |
| Portuguese, 0 | Cape | erde | ... | ... | ... | 57 | Kroomen | ... | -.. | ... | ... ... |  | 41 |
| Spanish | ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | 3 |  | ... | ... |  | ... | $\ldots$ | 48 |
| Swiss ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | . | 5 | Limba ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 15 |
| Chinese... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Mandingo | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,416 \\ 113 \end{array}$ |
| Hindu ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 81 | ManjagoMansaunkah |  | ... | ... | ... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 113 \\ 10 \end{array}$ |
| Jewish ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 |  |  | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Syrian ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 14 | Maroon... Mendi .. | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |
| Nova Scotia Descendants |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | Moco <br> Monrovians <br> Nyominka | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 14713 |
| West Indians | s ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |  |  | .... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Aku ... |  |  |  | ... | ... | 91820 | PopoPoalo.... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | $\cdots \quad \cdots$ |  | 14518 |
| Arab ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... ... |  |  |
| Attam ... | ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | Rippa ${ }_{\text {Saloum }}^{\text {Saloum }}$ |  | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Atonga... | . | ... | ... |  | ... | 449 |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Bambara | -.. | . | ... | ... | ... | 81 | Serrakulie |  |  | ... | .... .. |  | 23 |
| Bassa ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | , | 12 | Settler ... ... |  | ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  |  |
| Congoes | $\ldots$ | .... | ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 18 | ${ }^{\text {Sherbro }}$ Serere ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... ... |  | 1,01611 |
| Caramanties | s ... |  | ... | ... | ... | 10 | Sin Sin... <br> Sоово0 ... | ... |  |  | ... | ... |  |
| Ebce ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 352 |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 114 |
| Egba ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 15 | Tilibunka |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | . | $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ 263 \end{gathered}$ |
| Fantee ... | ... | -.. | ... | ... | ... | 12 378 |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... |  |
| Fulah ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 378 20 | Tukulore Turanka |  |  |  |  |  | 129 |
| Hausa ... | ... | ... |  |  | ... | 20 6 | Wassloonka | $\ldots$ | .... | .. | ... | ... | 1139 |
| Igbagura | ... | ... |  |  | ... | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yaos ... } \\ & \text { Yuruba ... } \end{aligned}$ | ... |  | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |  |
| ljebu ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 11 |  |  |  | ... | ... |  | 164 38 |

Table 7.-Colour and Religion of the Population, 1901.

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oolour- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 13,137 | 7,150 | 5,987 |  |
| White . | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 198 | 186 | 12 |  |
| Mulatto . | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 121 | 47 | 74 |  |
| Religion- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Christian ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3,540 | 1,767 |  |  |
| Mohammedan | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7,707 | 4,176 | 3,531 |  |
| Pagan ... | ... |  |  |  | ... | 2,209 | 1,440 | 769 |  |

15. GAMBIA-continued.

Table 8.-Occupations of the Population, 1901.

| Occupation. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Persons. } \end{aligned}$ | Occupation. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Persons. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population ... |  |  |  |  | ... | 13,456 | Interpreters | ... | ... | ... |  |  | 3 |
| Agricultural Labourers |  |  |  |  |  | 122 | Laundresses | ... |  |  |  |  | 886 1,001 |
| Arabic Teacher |  | .. | .. | ... | ... | 8 | Lime Burners |  |  |  |  |  | 1,3 |
| Auctioneers | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Masons ... |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | 94 |
| Bakers ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 15 | Merchants |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| Barristers at Law |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Midwives |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Blacksmiths ... |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 39 | Military Office |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| Bootmakers |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 32 | Ministers of R | ligi |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| Brokers ... ... | .... | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 8 | Mohammedan | Pries |  | - | ... | ... | 33 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 20 | Naval Officers | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 26 |
| Canoemen | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 44 | Painters... | $\cdots$ |  | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 11 |
| Carpenters' | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 256 | Potters ... | $\ldots$ | ... | . | .... |  | 1 |
| Carriers, Gambia Expedition... |  |  |  | ... | ... | 279 | Rope Makers | ... | $\ldots$ |  | . | . | 4 |
| Catechists Civil Servants | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7 | Sailors ... | . |  |  | ... |  | 307 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 197 | School Teacher |  |  | . | ... |  | 45 |
| Clerks ... ... |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 99 | Seamstresses | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | . | 269 |
| Clock Repairers |  | $\ldots$ | ... | . | $\cdots$ | 1 | Servants... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 234 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 152 2 | Shepherds | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6 |
| Druggists . | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | Sbopkeepers |  | ... | $\cdots$ | -. | $\cdot$ | 57 |
| Drummers | .. | ... | ... | . | ... | 6 | Soldiers ... | ... | . | . | . | .. | 367 |
| Dyers ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 36 | Solicitors | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | 1 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 14 | Stokers ... |  | ... | .. | ... | ... | 64 |
| Farmers ... Fetish Priests | . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2,988 | 'railors ... |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 106 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | Traders ... | $\cdots$ | ... | . | ... | . | 1,076 |
| Fishermen | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | ... | 82 | Watchmen | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | . | - | 12 |
| Gold and Silversmiths |  |  |  | ... | ... | 43 | Weavers... |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  | . $\cdot$ | 57 |
| Grooms ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 6 | School Childre |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | . | 1,789 |
| Hairdressers | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3 | Infants ... |  | ... | ... |  | ... | 176 |
| Herdsmen | . | .-. | ... | ... | ... | 42 | No Occupation |  | ... |  | ... | $\cdots$ | 2,261 |

Table 9.-Number of Persons returned as Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Imbecile, Idiotic, Lunatic, and Leprous, 1901.

| Infirmity. |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Persons. } \end{aligned}$ | Infirmity. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 102 | Imberile... |  | .. | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 7 |
| Blind |  |  |  | ... | 35 | Lunatic.... | $\ldots$ | .... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 18 |
| Deaf and Dumb | . | ... | - | ... | 24 | Leprous ... | ... | ... |  | ... | $\ldots$ | 11 |

Table 10.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, in the Protectorate, 1901.


Table 11.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, in the Protectorate, 1901.

| Ages. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Fernales. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Ages | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | 76,948 | 36,052 | 40,396 |  |
| Under 15 years | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 32,791 | 16,230 | 16,561 |  |
| Over 15 years |  |  |  |  | ... | 44,157 | 20,322 | 23,835 |  |

16. SIERRA LEONE.

Note.-Tables 1 and 3 to 8 relate to Sierra Leone Colony only. Table 2 relates to the Protectorate.
Table 1.—Area; Houses, 1901, and Population, 1891 and 1901, of the Colony of SIERRA Leone.

| Area in Square Miles. | Houses. $\dagger$ |  |  |  | Population. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Stone. | Frame. | Wattle. | 1891. $\ddagger$ | , | 1901. $\ddagger$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 4,000* ... ... ... | 15,350 | 275 | 7,5ธ1 | 7,524 | 74,835 | 76,655 | 41,856 | 34,799 |

* Derived from the Board of Trade Statistical Tables (Part XXVI.).
$\dagger$ Of the total houses. 941 were returned as uninhabited and 281 as building.
$\ddagger$ The area included in the Colony at the Census of 1901 was not identical with that over which the Census was taken in 1891 .

Table 2.-Area; Houses, and Population, of the Protectorate, 1901.


Table 4.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

16. SIERRA LEONE-continued.

Table 5.-Nationalities and Tribal Divisions of the Population, 1891 and 1901.


Table 6.-Religions of the Popolation, 1891 and 1901.

| Religions. |  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  | 74,835 | 76,655 |
| Episcopalians <br> Presbyterians Wesleyan Methodists American or African Methodists |  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 20,547 | 22,365 |
|  |  | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 30 | 589* |
|  |  | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 13,066 | 14,263 |
|  |  | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 5,294 | 2,856 |
| Baptists ... $\quad .$. |  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | 187 | 238 |
|  |  | .. | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 1,666 | 1,940 |
| Roman Catholics | ... ... |  |  | ... |  |  |  |
|  | Total Christians |  |  | ... | ... | 41,361 | 43,045 |
| Jews Mohammedans Pagans ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 7 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7,396 | 9,504 |
|  | ... ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | 26,074 | 24,099 |

* In the instructions to Enumerators the letter "P." was given as an abbreviation for the word Presbyterian, but there is no doubt tinat in many cases this letter has been nsed mistakenly as an abbreviation for the word "Pagan." Hence many persons who are probably Pagans have been retiurned as Presbyterians.

Table 7.-Occupations of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Occupations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total Population |  |  | ... | ... | ... | 76,655 | 41,856 | 34,799 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,545 | 2,469 | 76 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 178 | 165 | 13 |
| Merchants and Merchants' Clerks <br> Traders and Hawkers <br> Farmers, Farm Labourers, and Market People |  |  |  |  |  | ... | ... | 686 | 585 | 101 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ... | ... | ... | 13,115 | 2,419 | 10,696 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ... | ... | ... | 13,249 | 8,705 | 4,544 |
| Grumettas, Labourers, and House Servants... |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 7,804 | ${ }^{6,880}$ | 924 |
| Fishermen and Native | Sean |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 2,623 3,018 | 2,623 | - |
|  | .... |  | ... | ... |  | ... | . | -415 | 3,294 | 121 |
| Miscellaneous $\dagger$... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,996 | 2,030 | 3,966 |
| Transient Traders, and | Stra | gers | -.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1,558 | 1,104 | 454 |
| School ChildrenInfants$\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 13,853 | 7,338 | 6,515 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4,331 | 2,069 | 2,262 |
| No occupation | *-. | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7,284 | 2,157 | 5,127 |

[^30]
## 16. SIERRA LEONE-continued.

Table 8,-'The Number of Persons, Males and Females, suffering from Variods Infirmities. 1901.


## 17. GOLD COAST.

Table 1.-Comparative Statement of the Population of the Census Districts, 1891 and 1901.


* For Attabubu only.
$\dagger$ These additions have been made in order to obtain an arproximately accurate account of the total population.
Table 2.-Persons, Males and Females in the Census Districts of the Gold Coast Colony, 1901 (exclusive of Ashants and the Northern Territories).

| Distriot. |  |  |  |  | Persous. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | ... | ... | ... | 895,350 | 412,729 | 482,621 |  |
| Accra | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 143,141. | 65,805 | 77,336 |  |
| Ada Axim | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 46,487 | 22,647 | 23,840 |  |
| Axim ${ }^{\text {Cape Coast }}$ | .. | ... | ... | ... | 18,130 100,282 | 9,303 47704 | 8,827 |  |
| Dixcove ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 100,282 11,725 | 47,704 $\mathbf{5}, 878$ | 52,578 |  |
| Kwitta ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 174,724 | 76,992 | 97,232 |  |
| Prampram | ... | ... | ... | ... | 13,404 | 6,592 | 6,812 |  |
| Saltpond ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 57,820 | 23,915 | 33,905 |  |
| Sekondi ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 22,600 | 11,998 | 10,602 |  |
| Wassaw ... | $\ldots$ | ... | .... | $\cdots$ | 163,997 | 75,242 | 88,755 |  |
| Winneba... | ... | ... |  | ... | 62,937 | 37,379 $\mathbf{2 9 , 2 7 4}$ | 43,224 $\mathbf{3 3 , 6 6 3}$ | * |

1\%. GOLD COAST-continued.

Table 3.-Population enumerated in the Ceief Towns, 1901.

|  | Towns. |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | European Population.* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accra ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aburi... | ... | -.. | ... | ... | 14,842 | 6,891 | 7,951 | 96 |  |
| Ada ... | ...- | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 10,393 1,776 | 6,140 | 5,248 | 9 |  |
| Ajira ... | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 1,776 | 923 | 853 | 16 |  |
| Akropong | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 368 | 178 | 190 | - |  |
| Akusi ... | ... | - | ... | ... | 9,013 | 3,582 | 5,431 | 8 |  |
| Anamaihn | ... | - | . | $\ldots$ | 1,442 | 930 | 512 | 12 |  |
| Apam ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 3,296 | 1,465 | 1,831 | - |  |
| Atwabu | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | 4,476 | 2,231 | 2,244 | - |  |
| Axim ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 3,500 | 1,700 | 1,800 | - |  |
| Begoro | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,189 | 1,661 | 528 | 25 |  |
| Beyin ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 3,921 | 2,057 | 1,864 | 3 |  |
| Cape Coast | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 3,500 | 1,700 | 1,800 | - |  |
| Chama... | ... | -.. | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 28,948 | 14,577 | 14,371 | 91 |  |
| Dixcove | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 5,022 | 2,143 | 2,879 | - |  |
| Elmina |  |  | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,233 | 1,069 | 1,164 | 24 |  |
| Half Asini | ... |  |  | ... | 3,000 | 1,642 | 2,331 | 6 |  |
| Kwitts | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 3,000 $\mathbf{3}, 018$ | 1,400 | 1,600 | 4 |  |
| Kpong... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 3,435 | 1,309 | 1,659 | 35 |  |
| Prampram | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,240 | 1,079 | 1,161 | 4 |  |
| Saltpond | ... |  | ... | ... | 3,694 | 1,795 | 1,899 | 12 |  |
| Sekondi |  |  | ... | ... | 4,095 | 3,469 | -626 | 67 |  |
| Tarkwa | ... |  |  | ... | 471 | 229 | 242 | 176 |  |
| Winneba | ... | - | -* | ... | 6,575 | 2,757 | 2,818 | 8 |  |

* Included in columns for Persons, Males, and Females.


## 18. LAGOS.

Table 1.-Population of the Colony and Protectorate, 1901.

| Distriot. |  |  | Population.* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | ... | . $\cdot$ | 1,388,847 |  |
| Lagas Island and Harbour | - | ... | 39,354 $\dagger$ |  |
| Wbute Metta ... ... | ... | ... | 2,493 $\dagger$ |  |
| Western Distriot ... | ... | ... | 60,000 |  |
| Eastern District ... | ... | ... | 132,000 |  |
| Central District ... ... | ... | ... | 30,000 |  |
| Ikorodu and Shagamu District | ... | ... | 65,000 |  |
| Province of Ibadan and Oyo | ... | ... | 610,000 |  |
| Province of Ode Ondo | ... | ... | 150,000 |  |
| Province of Ilesha ... | ... | ... | 300,000 |  |

* A Censns was taken of the Island of Lagos and Ebute Metta only; the populations of the Districts are estimated, and allowing for over-estimating, which is more probable than under-estimating, the population of the Colony and Protectorate may be put down at $1 \frac{1}{4}$ millions. In 1891 , the Census showed an enumerated population of 32,608 persons ( 15,656 males and 16,812 females) in the Town and Harbour of Lagos, and of 85,607 persons in the whole Colony as then constituted.
† In Lagos Island and Ebute Metta there were 21,176 males and 20,671 females.
Table 2.-Island and Harbour of Lagos, and Ebute Me'tta.-Condition as to Marriage of the Population, 1901.

| Married. | Unmarried. | ToTAL. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 15,840 | 26,007 | 41,847 |  |

Table 3.-Island and Harbour of Lagos, and Ebute Metta.-Race, Religion, and Elementiary edudation of the Population; and number of English-spaaking Persons, 1901.

| Rades. |  | Religion. |  |  | English Speaking. | Elementary Education. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black. | White. | Christians. | Mohammedans. | Pagans. |  | Can read. | Oan read and write. |
| ${ }_{\text {I }}$. 41,614 | 233 | 10,636 | 22,080 | 9,131 | 5,058 | 673 | 3,479 |

## 18. LAGOS-continued.

Table 4.-Island and Harbour of Lagos, and Ebute Metta.-Occupations of the Popdlation, 1891 and 1901.

| Ocoupations. |  |  |  | Persons. |  | Occupations. |  |  | Persons. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |
| Agents ... |  |  |  | - | 44 | Goldsmiths ... |  |  | 29 | 53 |
| Anctioneers | ... |  |  | 4 | 2 | Grocers ... ... |  |  | - | 3 |
| Blacksmiths | ... |  |  | 93 | 143 | Horsemen ... |  |  | 85 | 103 |
| Bricklayers | ... | ... |  | 241 | 547 | Labourers ... ... |  | ... | 1,254 | 2,048 |
| Boilermakers | ... | ... |  | - | 2 | Mohammedan Priests |  | ... | 131 | 179 |
| Barristers-at-L |  | ... | ... | 2 | 4 | Ministers of Religion |  | ... | 22 | 22 |
| Butchers ... | ... | ... | ... | 73 | 3 | Missionaries ... | .. | ... | - | 11 |
| Bakers ... | ... | ... | ... | 19 | 33 | Masters of Vessels | ... | ... | 2 | 4 |
| Bridge Erector | ... | ... |  | - | 6 | Merchants... ... | ... | ... | 19 | 20 |
| Brickmakers | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 24 448 | 2 884 | Nuns ... ... |  | ... | - | 15 |
| Canoemen ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 470 | 8805 | Nrises $\begin{aligned} & \text { Native } \\ & \text { Doctors } \\ & \text {.... }\end{aligned}$ | ... | . | $\overline{102}$ | 98 |
| Oivil Servants | ... | ... | .... | 407 | 789 | No Occupation ... | ... | ... | 10,144 | 12,285 |
| Clerks (not Go | rnm |  | ... | 232 | 360 | Photographers ... | ... | ... | 2 | 9 |
| Coopers ... | .'. | ... | ... | 86 | 76 | Painters ... ... | ... | ... | 17 | 29 |
| Catechists ... | ... | .. | ... | - | 9 | Platelayers ... | .. | ... | 19 | I |
| Civil Engineers | $\cdots$ | -..ers | $\cdots$ | 4 | 19 | Printers ... ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 19 | 21 |
| Domestic Serva |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1,395 | 1,220 | Siversmiths ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\overline{104}$ | 38 |
| Dressmakers | ... | ... | ... | 291 | 403 | Seamen ... .. |  | .... | 20 | 152 |
| Druggists ... | ... | ... | ... | 5 | 15 | Shop Assistants ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 71 | 140 |
| Dyers ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 1,026 | 854 | Stokers ... ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 50 | 10 |
| Dispensers | ... | . | ... | 1 | 2 | Sundry Occupations | $\ldots$ | .. | 22 | 451 |
| Drummers | ... | ... | ... | 39 | 62 | Shoemakers ... | ... | ... | 66 | 84 |
| Engineers ... | ... | ... |  | 9 | 89 | Scavengers ... | .... | ... |  | 4 |
| Eurcpean Doct |  | ... | ... | - | 8 | Solicitor ... ... | ... | ... | - | 1 |
| Engine Drivers | ... | ... |  |  | 12 | Sawyers ... ... | ... | ... | 38 | 6 |
| Editor ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | Tailors ... ... | ... | ... | 424 | 533 |
| Fetish Priests | ... | ... | ... | 100 1 | ${ }_{1}^{131}$ | Traders ... ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 12,040 | 15,687 |
| Farmers ${ }^{\text {Fishermen }}$ | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 1,432 | 1,511 | Telegraphists ... | ... | ... | 2 | 13 |
| Fitters ... | .... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 818 | 1,004 12 | Washers and Ironers | ... | ... | 439 | 622 |
| Firemen ... | $\cdots$ |  |  | - | 63 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 106 | 162 |

## 19. NIGERIA.

No Census was taken in the Protectorates of Northern and Southern Nigeria. The area of Northern Nigeria is estimated to be 323,000 square miles, and the population, from $10,000,000$ to $20,000,000$. The area of Southern Nigeria is, approximately, 49,704 square miles, and the population is estimated to be $5,000,000$.

## 20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904).

Table 1.—Area; Houses and Population, 1904.

| Area in Square Miles. | Houses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inhabited.* | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons | Males. | Females. |
| 276,995 | 455,999 | 156,410 | 1,731 | 2,409,804 | 1,218,940 | 1,190,864 |

[^31]
## 20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)--continued.

Table 2.-Population at the Censuses 1865 to 1904 of the Colony as constituted at each successive Census.

| Censeds Year. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cape Colony } \\ \text { as } \\ \text { constitated } \\ \text { in 1865. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Territories } \\ \text { annexed } \\ \text { 1865-1875. } a \end{gathered}$ | Cape Colony as constituted . in 1875 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Territories } \\ \text { annexed } \\ \text { 1875-1891. } b \end{gathered}$ | Cape Colony as constituted in 1891. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Territories } \\ \text { annoxed } \\ \text { 1891-1904.c } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Cape Colony } \\ \text { as } \\ \text { constituted } \\ \text { in 1904. } \end{array}\right\|$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1865 ... | ... | ... | 496,381 |  | - | 二 | - | - | - |
| 1875 ... |  | ... | 598,830 | 122,154 | 720,984 |  |  |  |  |
| 1891 ... |  | ... | 830,387 | 126,098 | 956,485 | 670,739 | 1,527,224 | 238,816 c | 1,766,040 |
| 1904 ... | ... | ... | 1,199,184 | 182,009 | 1,381,193 | 741,789 | 2,122,982 | 286,822 | 2,409,80土 |

a British Kaffraria.
${ }_{b}$ Griqnaland West and Native Territories (excluding Pondoland).
c British Bechuanaland and Pondoland.-The populations given for these territories in 1891 are 72,736, and 166,080 respeotively; the latter number being an estimate supplied by the Magistrates in 1896.

Table 3.-Aggregates of Urban and Rural Areas; Persons, Males and Females, 1904, distinguishing the Principal Races.

| Races. |  | The Colony. |  |  | Urban Areas. |  |  | Rural areas. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| all Races | ... | 2,409,80t | 1,218,910 | 1,190,86: | 630190 | 345,033 | 285,157 | 1,779,614 | 873,907 | 905,707 |
| European or White | ... | 579,741 | 318,544 | 261,197 | 312,542 | 175,186 | 137,356 | 267,199 | 143,358 | 123,841 |
| Malay ... | ... | 10,682 | 7,882 | 7,800 | 14,348 | 7,153 | 7,195 | 1,334 | 729 | 605 |
| Hottentot... | ... | 91,260 | 47,027 | 44,233 | 23,313 | 11,130 | 12,183 | 67,947 | 35,897 | 32,050 |
| Fingo | ... | 310,720 | 147,286 | 163,434 | 19,440 | 11,032 | 8,408 | 291,280 | 136,254 | 155,026 |
| Kafir and Bechnana | ... | 1,114,067 | 645,442 | 568,625 | 100,212 | 69,889 | 40,323 | 1,013,855 | 485,653 | 528,302 |
| Mixed and Other | ... | 298,334 | 152,759 | 145,575 | 160,335 | 80,643 | 79,692 | 137,999 | 72,116 | 65,883 |

Table 4.-Towns with Populations exceeding 5,000 in 1904 ; Inhabited Houses ; Population, 1891 ; and Persons, Males and Females in 1904, distinguishing the European or White Population.

| Towns <br> (Centres of Popalation). | Inhabited Houses (including Buildings notintended for Dwelling Houses). | Population. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Persons, } \\ & \text { 1891. } \end{aligned}$ | All Races, 1904. |  |  | Europeans or Whites, 1904. |  |  |
|  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Female: | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Cape Town ... ... | 9,886 | 51,251 | 77,668 | 47,617 | 30,051 | 44,203 | 28,785 | 15,418 |
| Suburbs of Cape Town: Claremont* | 2,630 | 6,252 | 14,972 | 7,747 | 7,225 | 7,571 | 3,947 | 3,624 |
| Green and Sea Point ... | 1,439 | 2,926 | 8,839 | 4,371 | 4,468 | 7,474 | 3,900 | 3,574 |
| Maitland ${ }^{*}$... | 971 | 2,035 | 5,071 | 2,780 | 2,291 | 2,466 | 1,352 | 1,114 |
| Mowbray* ... ... | 1,629 | 3,098 | 9,589 | 4,964 | 4,625 | 7,532 | 4,079 | 3,453 |
| Rondebosch* ... | 993 | 3,378 | 6,035 | 2,952 | 3,083 | 3,776 | 1,909 | 1,867 |
| Woodstock* | 5,041 | 4,974 | 28,990 | 15,840 | 13,150 | 21,530 | 12,049 | 9,481 |
| Wynberg* ... | 3,133 | 4,952 | 18,477 | 9,705 | 8,772 | 9,335 | 5,064 | 4,271 |
| Cape Town with Suburbs ... | 25,622 | 78,866 | 169,641 | 95,976 | 73,665 | 103,887 | 61,085 | 42,802 |
| Aliwal North | 956 | 2,057 | 5,566 | 2,984 | 2,582 | 1,758 | 943 | 815 |
| Beaconsfield* | 1,885 | 10,478 | 9,378 | 5,424 | 3954 2809 | 1,794 <br> 208 | 1,560 | 1,244 |
| Beaufort West | 1,089 | 2,791 4389 | 5,478 | 2,669 3,765 | 2,809 3,997 | 2,208 3,0 ¢ | 1,132 | 1,076 1,566 |
| Cradock ... | 1,518 | 4,389 6,924 | 7,762 25,220 | 3,765 16,354 | 3,997 8,866 | 14,674 | 8,677 | 5,997 |
| East London ... | 3,648 1,873 | 6,924 $\mathbf{6 , 9 4 6}$ | 25,200 10,083 | 16,384 4,734 | 5,349 | 4,055 | 1,911 | 2,144 |
| Graft Reinet... | 2,486 | 10,498 | 13,887 | 6,738 | 7,149 | 7,283 | 3,542 | 3,741 |
| Kimberley ... ... | 5,077 | 28,718 | 34,331 | 22,628 | 11,803 | 13,556 | 7,651 | 6,905 |
| King William's Town | 1,615 | 7,226 | 9,506 | 4,935 | 4,571 | 5,897 | 3,077 | 2,820 |
| Middelburg ... | 1,181 | 1,665 | 6,137 | 3,303 | 2,834 | 2,764 | 1,570 | 1,194 |
| Oudtshoorn ... | 1,641 | 4,386 | 8,849 | 4,225 | 4,624 | 4,145 | 2,060 | 2,085 |
| Paarl ... ... | 2,061 | 7,668 | 11,293 | 5,822 | 6,471 | 5,041 | 2,652 | 2,389 |
| Port Elizabeth | 6,595 | 23,266 | 32,959 | 18,948 | 14,011 | 21,987 | 12,518 | 9,469 |
| Queenstown ... | 1,879 | 4,094 | 9,616 | 4,743 | 4,873 | 4,157 | 2,184 | 1,973 |
| Simon's Town* | 804 | 3,576 | 6,643 | ¢, 094 $2,50{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,549 2,710 | 4,843 | 3,878 $\mathbf{9 1 9}$ | 965 928 |
| Somerset East ... | 886 | 2,894 | 5,216 12193 | 2,500 | 2,710 $\mathbf{6 , 6 8 8}$ | 1,847 | 919 3,665 | 928 3,015 |
| Uitenhage ... ... | $\mathbf{2 , 1 6 9}$ $\mathbf{1 , 4 8 9}$ | 5,331 $\mathbf{6 , 4 0 4}$ | 12,193 $\mathbf{7 , 8 8 5}$ | 6,505 3,885 | 6,688 4,000 | $1,8,680$ 3,588 | 3,665 1,803 | 1,785 |
| Worcester ... ... ... | 1,489 | 6,404 | 7,885 |  |  |  |  |  |

* The Mnnicipal boundaries having been somewhat altered since 1891, the comparative figures for 1891 and 1904 do not: relate to identical areas.


## 20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

Table 5.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Year of Age, (a) as enumerated, and (b) as actuarially interpolated, distinguishing the Edropeans or Whites.

| Ages. | all Races. |  |  |  |  |  | Europeans on Whires. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As enumerated. |  |  | As actuarially interpolated. |  |  | As enumerated. |  |  | As actuarially interpolated. |  |  |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Femoles. | Persons. | Males. | Females | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| ALL AGES .. <br> Under 1 year .. <br> Under 6 years . | 2,409,804 | 1,218,940 | 1,190,864 | 2,409,804 | 1,218,9:3 | 1,190,864 | 579,741 | 318,544 | 281,197 | 579,741 | 318,514 | 281,187 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 86,718 \\ & 52,727 \\ & 78,927 \\ & 77,037 \\ & 73,698 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42,044 \\ & 26,142 \\ & 38,817 \\ & 37,678 \\ & 36,206 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,674 \\ & 26,585 \\ & 40,110 \\ & 39,359 \\ & 37,492 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80,003 \\ & 76,117 \\ & 72,976 \\ & 70,479 \\ & 68,532 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,986 \\ & 37,22 \\ & 35,856 \\ & 34,809 \\ & 34,031 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41,037 \\ & 38,892 \\ & 37,120 \\ & 35,670 \\ & 34,501 \end{aligned}$ | 17,200 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,772 \\ & 8,409 \\ & 7,542 \\ & 7,384 \\ & 7,240 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,428 \\ & \mathbf{8 , 2 1 5} \\ & 7,589 \\ & 7,286 \\ & 7,135 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,517 \\ & 15,084 \\ & 14,722 \\ & 14,48 \\ & 14,421 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,611 \\ & 7,434 \\ & 7,292 \\ & 7,181 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,688 \\ & 7,473 \\ & 7,298 \\ & 7,154 \\ & 7,040 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,634 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,131 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,670 14,375 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 368,107 | 180,887 | 187,220 | 368,107 | 180,887 | 187,220 | 74,000 | 37,347 | 36,663 | 74,000 | 37,347 | 36,653 |
| Under 6 years .. | $\begin{aligned} & 64,090 \\ & 69,68 \\ & 64,165 \\ & 73,269 \\ & 64,897 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,833 \\ & 34,76 \\ & 32,219 \\ & 37,328 \\ & 28,132 \end{aligned}$ | 32,26734,86231,94636,96126,785 | $\begin{aligned} & 67,039 \\ & 65,906 \\ & 65,040 \\ & 64,349 \\ & 83,75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,467 \\ & 33,070 \\ & 32,789 \\ & 32,76 \\ & 32,377 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,572 \\ & 32,836 \\ & 32,251 \\ & 31,774 \\ & 31,358 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,173 \\ & 14,020 \\ & 14,084 \\ & 13.500 \\ & 13,205 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,095 \\ & 7,161 \\ & 6,7 \pm 8 \\ & 6,798 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,030 \\ & \mathbf{6 , 9 2 6} \\ & \mathbf{8 , 9 1 3} \\ & \mathbf{6 , 7 7 2} \\ & 6,427 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,040 \\ & 13,898 \\ & 13,780 \\ & 13,880 \\ & 13,686 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,028 \\ & 8,973 \\ & 8,930 \\ & 8,892 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,946 \\ & 8,870 \\ & 8,807 \\ & 6,760 \\ & 8,694 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 326,069 | 164,276 | 181,791 | 328,069 | 164,278 | 161,791 | 68,982 | 34,915 | 34,067 | 68,982 | 34,915 | 34,067. |
| 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 42,86 \\ & 71,969 \\ & 51,723 \\ & 60.336 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,501 \\ & 21,593 \\ & 37,465 \\ & 25,744 \\ & \mathbf{3 0 , 5 9 8} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,253 \\ & 34,504 \\ & 25,979 \\ & 29,737 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62,372 \\ & 61.427 \\ & 60,189 \\ & 58,657 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32,144 \\ & 31,826 \\ & 31,368 \\ & 30,784 \\ & 29,841 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,984 \\ & 30,546 \\ & 30,061 \\ & 29,465 \\ & 28,716 \end{aligned}$ | 14,154 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,225 \\ & 6,289 \\ & 7,134 \\ & 6,500 \\ & 6,553 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,929 \\ & 6,128 \\ & 8,772 \\ & 6,318 \\ & 8,194 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,490 \\ & 13,778 \\ & 13,243 \\ & 13,073 \\ & 12,856 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,855 \\ & 6,810 \\ & 8,756 \\ & 8,686 \\ & \mathbf{8 , 5 8 4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,636 \\ & 8,588 \\ & 8,487 \\ & 6,387 \\ & 0,262 \end{aligned}$ |
| 11. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,417 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $13 .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13,909 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 .. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,747 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 and under 15 | 305,653 | 155,901 | 148,752 | 305,663 | 155,p01 | 148,752 | 66,040 | 33,701 | 32,339 | 66,040 | 33,701 | 32,339 |
| 16 .. .. .. | $\begin{aligned} & 62,39 \\ & 63,914 \\ & 41,703 \\ & 68,49 \\ & 41,488 \end{aligned}$ | 26,23826,66420,61829,4621,089 | $\begin{aligned} & 20,101 \\ & 27,250 \\ & 21,085 \\ & 29,022 \\ & 20,399 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58,092 \\ & 63,378 \\ & 50,278 \\ & 48,610 \\ & 41,676 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,397 \\ & 26,804 \\ & 25,178 \\ & 23.216 \\ & 20,551 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 7 , 7 6 5} \\ & 26,674 \\ & 25,100 \\ & 23,294 \\ & 21,124 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,889 \\ & 11,936 \\ & 11,284 \\ & 11,76 \\ & 11,874 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,060 \\ & 6.017 \\ & 6,738 \\ & 6,235 \\ & 6,482 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,812 \\ & 6,918 \\ & 6,646 \\ & 6,541 \\ & 6,392 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,279 \\ & 11,971 \\ & 11,694 \\ & 11,470 \\ & 11,317 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,173 \\ & 6,066 \\ & 8,007 \\ & \mathbf{8 , 0 6 8} \\ & \mathbf{8 , 2} \pm 29 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6 , 1 0 6} \\ & 6,918 \\ & 6,687 \\ & 6,412 \\ & 6,088 \end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }_{17}^{16} \cdot . \cdot \quad$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}18 & . . \\ 18 & . . \\ \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $19 .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 and under 20 | 247,933 | 124,076 | 123,857 | 247,933 | 124,076 | 123,857 | 58,731 | 30,522 | 28,209 | 58,731 | 30,622 | 28,209 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 68,300 \\ & 34,006 \\ & 42,462 \\ & 40,432 \\ & 48,465 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,059 \\ & 18,71 \\ & 22,040 \\ & 20,759 \\ & 23,466 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35,244 \\ & 16,435 \\ & 20,422 \\ & 19,664 \\ & 24,897 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48,861 \\ & 47,761 \\ & 47,059 \\ & 45,951 \\ & 44,527 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,619 \\ & 23,59 \\ & 23,841 \\ & 24,564 \\ & 22,876 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,242 \\ & 24,163 \\ & 23,218 \\ & 22,387 \\ & 21,662 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,729 \\ & 12,762 \\ & 13,487 \\ & 13,541 \\ & 13,128 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,239 \\ 7,614 \\ 8,244 \\ 8,348 \\ 8,035 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,490 \\ & 6,148 \\ & 6,243 \\ & 5,193 \\ & 6,093 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,729 \\ & 12,980 \\ & 13,482 \\ & 13,453 \\ & 13,003 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,239 \\ & 7,614 \\ & 8,244 \\ & 8,248 \\ & 8,035 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5}, 490 \\ & 5,366 \\ & 5,288 \\ & 5,105 \\ & 4,968 \end{aligned}$ |
| $22 .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 ... .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 ani under 25 $\begin{array}{llll}26 & . & . & . . \\ 26 & . & \because & \because \\ 27 & \cdots & \because & \because \\ 28 & \cdots & \because & \because \\ 29 & . . & . . & . .\end{array}$ | 234,159 | 117,497 | 116,662 | 234,159 | 117,497 | 116,662 | 65,647 | 39,480 | 26,167 | 65,647 | 39,480 | 26,167 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 51,982 \\ & 41,388 \\ & 39,635 \\ & 43,410 \\ & 27,061 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,014 \\ & 19,915 \\ & 22,099 \\ & 14,506 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,286 \\ & 20,374 \\ & 19,720 \\ & 21,311 \\ & 12,556 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,410 \\ & 41,999 \\ & 40,651 \\ & 39,341 \\ & 38,076 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,60 \\ 20,802 \\ 20,059 \\ 20,059 \\ 19,322 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,992 \\ & 20,391 \\ & 19,830 \\ & 19,282 \\ & 18,752 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,879 \\ & 12,159 \\ & 11,386 \\ & 11,83 \\ & 10,167 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,979 \\ & 7,392 \\ & 6,991 \\ & 7,185 \\ & \mathbf{8 , 1 8 7} \end{aligned}$ | 4,7674,7674,6484,010 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,802 \\ & 12,119 \\ & 11,664 \\ & 11,186 \\ & 10,533 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,972 \\ & 7,631 \\ & 7,119 \\ & 8,735 \\ & 8,377 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,830 \\ & 4,888 \\ & 4,546 \\ & 4,546 \\ & 4,401 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 and under 30 | 203,476 | 104,229 | 99,247 | 203,476 | 104,229 | 99,247 | 58,454 | 35,734 | 22,720 | 58,454 | 35,734 | 22,720 |
| ${ }_{31}^{30}$.. .. .- .. | 78,184 | $\begin{aligned} & 36,967 \\ & 10,195 \\ & 15,203 \\ & 11,387 \\ & 12,105 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41,217 \\ 8,376 \\ 14,276 \\ 9.750 \\ 10,764 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,708 \\ & 35,400 \\ & 34,129 \\ & 32,712 \\ & 31,210 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,516 \\ & 17,88 \\ & 17,179 \\ & 16,485 \\ & 15,794 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,192 \\ & 17,57 \\ & 16,950 \\ & 16,227 \\ & 15,416 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,898 \\ 7,943 \\ 9.238 \\ 8,81 \\ 8,504 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,001 \\ & 4,783 \\ & 5,470 \\ & 0,164 \\ & 4,899 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,897 \\ & 3,160 \\ & 3,766 \\ & 3,677 \\ & 3,605 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,162 \\ 9,697 \\ 9,262 \\ 8,847 \\ 8,454 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,042 \\ & 5,733 \\ & 6,442 \\ & 5,171 \\ & 4.910 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .4 .110 \\ & \cdot 3,84 \\ & 3,820 \\ & 3,678 \\ & 3,586 \end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }_{32}^{31} \ldots$ | 18,671 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}33 & . . \\ & . . \\ \end{array}$ | 29,478 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}34 & \ddot{.} & \quad . \\ \end{array}$ | 22,889 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 and under 35 | 170,239 | 85,857 | 84,382 | 170,239 | 85,857 | 84,382 | 46,412 | 87,307 | 19,106 | 48,412 | 27,307 | 19,106 |
| $\begin{array}{lll} 35 & \text {.. } & \text {.. } \end{array}$ | 38,974 | 20,026 | 16,948 | 29,466 | 15,091 | 14,374 | 8,352 | 4,926 | 3,427 | 8,074 | 4,680 |  |
|  | 19,064 | 14,33 10,319 | 13,750 | -27,485 | 14,419 13 | 13,483 11748 | 7,978 8,745 | 4,507 3,871 | 3,471 | 77714 | 4,457 | 3,267 |
| ${ }_{39}^{38}$... | 27,317 | 14,378 | 12,939 | 23,802 | 12,930 | 10,872 | 7,758 | 4, 4,269 | 2,874 3,109 | 7,036 | $\stackrel{4}{4,245}$ | 3,123 2,492 |
| 39 | 17,264 | 9,231 | 8,033 | 21,958 | 12,128 | 9,830 | 8,467 | 3,706 | 2,751 | 8,718 | 4,049 | 2,866 |
| 35 and under 40 | 128,692 | 68,287 | 80,305 | 128,592 | 68,287 | 60,305 | 36,910 | 21,278 | 16,632 | 36,910 | 21.278 | 15,632 |
| ${ }_{41}^{40} \ldots$ | 56,708 | 28,732 | 27,976 | 27,136 | 13,948 | 13,188 |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| ${ }_{42}^{41}$ :. | 11,099 | 6,019 10.429 | 6,080 9,143 | 24,359 | 12,669 | 11,690 | 4,678 | ${ }_{2}^{2}, 658$ | 2,020 | 6,112 | 3,486 | ${ }_{2}^{2,628}$ |
|  | 18,200 | 7,114 | ${ }_{6,086}^{9,143}$ | 22,278 | 110,711 | 10,496 | 5,986 | 3,411 | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 574$ | 5 5,768 | 3,310 | 2,458 |
| 44 .. .. | 12,145 | 6,616 | 6,529 | 18,865 | 10,982 | 8,873 | 5,197 | 3,969 2,959 | 2,238 | 5,444 | 3,134 2,980 | 2,310 2,185 |
| 40 and under 45 | 112,724 | 58,910 | 63,814 | 112,724 | 58,910 | 53,814 | 28,958 | 16,657 | 12,401 | 28,958 | 18,657 | 12,401 |
| ${ }_{46}^{45}$.. .. | 25,753 | 14,153 | 11,600 | 17,648 |  | 8,369 | 5,163 |  | 2,211 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{47}^{46}$ | 14,204 | 7,494 | 6,710 | 17,011 | 8,983 | 88028 | 4,475 | 2,594 | 1,881 | 4,625 | 2,644 | 1,981 |
| $48 \quad .$. | 18,142 | - ${ }^{6,298}$ | 8,863 | 16,53 <br> 16138 | 8,463 | 7,806 7,675 | 4,102 <br> 4,645 | 2,357 | 1,745 | 4,480 | 2,584 | 1,696 |
|  | 10,877 | 6,733 | 5,144 | 15,796 | 8,203 | 7,692 | +3,948 | 2,275 | 1,673 | 4,324 4,151 | 2,500 2,395 | 1,824 |
| 45 and under 50 | 83,124 | 43,655 | 30,469 | 83,124 | 43,655 | 39,469 | 22,333 | 12,801 | 9,532 | 22,333 | 12,801 | , 532 |
| 50. | 37,453 | 18,376 |  | 15,502 | 7,977 | 7,525 | 4,843 | 2,707 | 2,136 |  |  |  |
| 51 | -6,203 | 3,358: | 2,845 | 15,155 | 7,721 | 7,434 | 2,751 | 1,546 | 1,205 | 3,765 3,765 | 2,272 2,137 | 1,693 |
| 53 | 10,921 | 5,438\% | 4,842 3,699 | 14,714 | 7,426 | 7,288 | 3,500 | ${ }_{1}^{1,988}$ | 1,512 | 3,657 | 1,994 | 1,563 |
| $54 . \because$ | 11,030 | 5,504 | 3,699 5,626 | 14,148 13,368 | 7,092 | 7,056 | 3,415 | 1,913 | 1,602 | 3,342 | 1,848 | 1,494 |
| 50 and under 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,00 | 1,416 |
|  |  | 36,088 | 35,989 | 72,807 | 36,898 | 35,989 | 17,744 | 9,951 | 7,793 | 17,744 | 9,951 | 7,783 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}65 & \cdots & . . \\ 56\end{array}$ | 11,045 | 5,819 | 6,226 | 12,132 | 6,031 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57 | 9,268 8,250 | 4,785 <br> 3,274 | ${ }^{4,483}$ | 10,733 | 5,366 | 6,367 | 2,569 | 1,406 | 1,163 | 2,881 | 1,4165. | 1,326 1,226 1 |
| 58 | 10,935 | 6,502 | 6,433 | 8,956 8,733 | 4,555 3,566 | 4,401 3,167 | 2,206 | 1,168 | 1,038 | 2,398 | 1,290 | 1,108 |
| 69 .. | 5,405 | ${ }^{5}, 702$ |  | 8,733 4,349 | 3,566 2,564 | 3,167 | 2,359 <br> 2,020 | 1,1272 | 1,087 | 2,152 | 1,179 | ${ }^{2} 3$ |
| 65 and under 80 | 42,903 | 22,08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2,003 | 22,08 | 20,821 | 11,975 | 6,526 | 5,449 | 11,975 | 6,526 | 5,449 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}60 & \because & . . \\ 81 & \because & . . & . \\ \end{array}$ | 25,759 3,599 | 12,411 | 13,348 | 12,123 |  | 6,228 | 2,698 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $62 . .$. | 4,940 | ${ }_{2,672}^{1,874}$ | 1,725 | 10,039 | 4,952 4,190 | 5,087 | 1,484 | 824 | , 840 | 2,043 | 1,097 | 1,946 |
| ${ }_{64}^{63}$.. $\quad .$. | 5,043 | 2,602 | ?,441 | 8,373 7,068 | 4,190 8,685 | 4,183 | 1,803 1869 | ${ }^{968}$ | 836 | 1,841 | ,082 | 879 |
| 64 .. -. | 4,340 | 2,281 | 2,059 | 6,080 |  | 3,981 | 1,869 |  | $\begin{array}{r}868 \\ 765 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,663 1,509 | 882 | 781 |
| 60 and under 65 | 43,881 | 21,740 | 21,941 | 43,681 | 21,740 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 21,941 | 9,331 | 4,987 | 4,344 | 9,331 | 4,987 | 4,344 |

## 20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

Table 5.-Prersons, Males and Females, at each Year of Age, (a) as enumerated, and (b) as actuarially interpolated, distinguishing the EUROPGANS or WHITES-continued.

| Larss. | alu Racks |  |  |  |  |  | Europrais or Whitrs |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{\text {As enumerated. }}$ |  |  | As actuarially interpolated. |  |  | As enumerated. |  |  | As actuarlaly interpolated. |  |  |
|  | Persons | Males. | Females. | Persos. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Female | Persona. | Male | Female |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,72 | 12,156 | 11,15 | 23,771 | 12,156 | 11,615 | j,884 | 3,080 | 2,004 | 5.881 | 3,980 | 2,804 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 7,44 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21,854 | 10,573 | 11,81 | 21,834 | 20,73 | 1,28 | 4,098 | 2,150 | 1,919 | 4,999 | 2,150 | 1,946 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1,778 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{206}{206} \\ & \hline 234 \\ & \hline 149 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cise } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { and } \\ & 2803 \end{aligned}$ |  | ( 3020 |
|  | 10,178 | 5,49 | 5,029 | 10,78 | 5,149 | 5,029 | 2,363 | 1,235 | 1,128 | 2,363 | 1,395 | 1.128 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 332 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { 103 } \\ & 188 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1728 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 1282 \\ \text { and } \\ 88 \\ 88 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2727 \\ & \text { 203 } \\ & 2030 \\ & 2050 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | 8.226 | 3,711 | 4,516 | 8,296 | ,711 | 4,615 | 1,005 | ${ }_{610}$ | -598 | 1,95 | 810 | 553 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \%,249 | 2,355 | ,884 | 5,249 | , 355 | 2,884 | 514 | 248 | -2i6 | 614 | $2+8$ | 268 |
|  | 979 | 699 | 280 | 878 | 699 | 280 | 168 | ${ }^{115}$ | 51 | 169 | 115 | 5 |

NOTE.-The process of interpelation is not centinued heyond the quinquennial peried 80 and under 85.
Table 6.-Condition as to Marrtage of Persons, Males and Females, distinguishing the Principal Races, 1904.

|  | - |  | ALI Racss. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline \\ \text { whites. } \end{array}$ | Malays. | Hottentots. | Fingos. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Kantr } \\ \text { Beana } \\ \text { Beana } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unmarricd | .. .. | $\text { .. }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Herrans } \\ \text { Fiamales } \\ \text { ramales } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married .. | .. | $\ldots\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Persons } \\ \text { Taiases } \\ \text { Females } \end{array}\right.$ |  | (130,030 |  |  |  |  | city |
| Widowed .. | .. . | .. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Persors } \\ & \text { Frams } \\ & \text { Females }\end{aligned}$ |  | cis | (104 | (in |  |  |  |
| Divorced .. | .. .. | $\ldots \begin{aligned} & \text { Persins } \\ & \text { Ramas } \\ & \text { Famales } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 477 \\ \substack{230 \\ 204} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack { 48 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{18 \\ 28{ 4 8 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 1 8 \\ 2 8 } } \\{ } \\{\hline}\end{subarray}}{ }$ |  | ¢95 |  | (188 |
| Unspecified |  | $. .\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Persons } \\ \text { Hatams } \\ \text { Pamalis } \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\underset{\substack{194 \\ 48 \\ 48}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | ${ }^{8}$ | $\underset{\substack{129 \\ 48}}{\substack{19}}$ | (100 |  |  |

20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

Table 7.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Males and Females, 1904.

| AGES. | Unmarried. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Divorced. |  | Unspecified, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females, |
| All ages .. | 842,911 | 714,383 | 352,828 | 385,735 | 20,396 | $8 \overline{5}, 911$ | 1,304 | 3,851 | 1,501 | 984 |
| Under 10 years .. | 345,165 | 348,011 | 一 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10~ $15-$ | 155,890 | 149,581 | 11 | 56 | 12 | ${ }^{1}$ | 4 | 68 | $\overline{0}$ | 114 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}15- & . . & . . & . \\ 20- & . & . & .\end{array}$ | 123,056 100,184 | 1113.973 52.650 | $\begin{array}{r}899 \\ \hline 8,664\end{array}$ | 9,414 61.078 | 12 | 2882 | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }_{67} 6$ | 105 | 120 |
| 25- $\quad .$. | -57,445 | 20,642 | 45,681 | 73,787 | 823 | 4,003 | 121 | 718 | 365 159 | 184 97 |
| 30- .. .. . | 26,401 | 10,044 | 57,700 | 67,644 | 1,408 | 5,878 | 187 | 732 | 155 | 86. |
| 35- .. . | 12,697 | 5,314 | 53,548 | 49,303 | 1,722 | 5,171 | 207 | 494 | 113 | 23 |
| 40- .. .. | 8,235 | 4,103 | 48,227 | 41,48I | 2,126 | 7,762 | 193 | 417 | 129 | 61 |
| $45-$.. .. | 4,557 | 2,488 | 36,865 | 28,657 | 1,991 | 8,034 | 170 | 253 | 72 | 37 |
| 50- ${ }^{5-}$ - $\quad$. | 3,474 | 2,254 | 30,850 | 22,708 | 2,350 | 10,768 | 128 | 213 | 96 | 45 |
|  | 1,588 | 1,180 | 18,739 | 11,730 | 1,656 | 7,757 | 56 | 145 | 43 | 29 |
| $65-\quad \ddot{ }$ | 1,600 | 1,148 | 17.650 | 4,744 | 1.448 | 10,882 | 71 | ${ }^{169}$ | 52 | 67 |
| $70-\quad . . \quad .$. | 764 | 626 | 8,071 | 3,187 | 1,673 | 7,389 | 45 | 54 35 | ${ }_{20}^{18}$ | 34 |
| $75-\quad . . \quad . . \quad$. | 328 | 232 | 3,747 | 1,171 | 1,049 | 3,598 | 12 | 15 | 13 | 15 |
| $80-\quad \cdots$ | 252 | 210 | 2.534 | 768 | -909 | 3,491 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 27 |
| 85 years \& upwards | 129 | 152 | 1,515 | 384 | 680 | 2,334 | 10 | 6 | 11 | 18 |
| Unspecifled .. | 364 | 127 | 183 | 95 | 7 | 38 | 3 | 1 | 142 | 21 |

Cemsus of the Britise Empire, 1901.
20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

| Europian or White. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\ddot{4}} \\ & \text { تٌ̈ } \end{aligned}$ | 岱 |
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|  |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Ha m ¢ |

20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.
Table 8.-Occupations of Males and Females, distinguishing Europeans or Whites, 1904-continued.



21. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.
Table 8.-Occopations of Malids and Females, distinguishing Europeans or Whites 1904-continued.

| No. | Ogotration. | Total all Rages. |  | European of Whit ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  | Nc. | OCJUPATION. | Total all Races. |  | EUROPEAN OR WHITE. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males, | Females. | Males. | Females. |  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| 199 | Furniture-maker, Cabinet-maker, Upholsterer and Assistant. | 740 | 15 | 578 | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 260 \\ & 261 \end{aligned}$ | Confectioner, Pastrycook ... ... ...   <br> Greengrocer, Fruiterer ... ... | $\begin{array}{r} 203 \\ 1,358 \end{array}$ | 121 | 170 342 | 42 5 |
| 200 | Furniture Broker, Dealer and Assis ant... | 124 |  | 122 | 1 | $261 a$ | Greengrocer's Assistant ... | ${ }_{48}$ | 4 | 31 | 2 |
| 201 202 | Picture-frame Maker, Carver and Gilder Mattress, Bed-Maker are | 56 78 | 6 5 | 51 | 3 | 262 | Jam Maker, Fruit Preserver . $\ldots$. $\quad .$. | 19 | 31 | 16 | 6 |
| 203 | Undertaker, Coffin Maker... $\quad . .$. | 51 | 1 | 47 | 3 | 263 | Others Working and Dealing in Vegetable Food. | 28 | 10 | 11 | 4 |
| 204 | Others Working and Dealing in Furniture | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 264 | Wine, Spirit Merchant ... ... ... | 123 | 2 | 123 | 2 |
| ${ }_{205}^{204}$ | Chemioal Fertilizer Manufacturer, \&c. ... | 262 | 1 | 288888 | ... | 264a | Wine, Spirit Merchant's Assistant .... | 65 | 1 | 36 |  |
| 205 | Railway Construction and Maintenance Engineer, Inspector, Assistant, Clerk. | 262 | ... | 258 | ... | 265 266 | Distiller, Rectifier and Assistant ... ... Brewers and others engaged in Brewing | 32 295 | 3 | 36 30 117 | ${ }^{-\cdots}$ |
| 206 | Railway Construction Contractor, Superintendent, Foreman, Ganger, Timekeeper. | 2,125 | $\cdots$ | 1,683 | ... | 267 $267 a$ | Bottle Store, Licensed Victualler, Publican, Canteen Keeper. <br> Bottle Store, Licensed Victualler's Assist- | 197 1,145 | 6 74 | 170 968 | 6 70 |
| 207 | Railway Construction Platelayer, Navvy, Excavator, \&c., Railway Road-labourer, \&c. | 15,142 | 3 | 1,630 | 1 | 267 a 268 | Bottle Store, Licensed Victualler's Assistant, Barman, Barmaid. <br> ※rated Water, Cordial - Mannfacturer and Assistant. | 1,145 371 | 74 16 | 968 290 | 70 12 |
| 208 | Others engaged on Railway Construction, Repair. | 827 | 1 | 780 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 268 \mathrm{a} \\ & 269 \end{aligned}$ | Ice Manufacturer-Dealer and Assistant | ${ }_{24}^{18}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | 13 | 71 |
| 209 | Public Works Department and Local Government Inspeator, Officer, Clerk. | 196 | 2 | 193 | 2 | 269 270 | facturer, Agent, Worker. <br> Tobacconist ... | 242 123 | 145 40 | 177 119 | 74 32 |
| 210 211 | Harbour Works, Engineer, Officer, Clerk | 54 812 | 2 | 53 688 | 1 | 271 | Others Working and Dealing in Drinks, | 12 | 2 | 1 | 32 |
| 211 | Contractor, Superintendent, Overseer, Foreman, Timekeeper, Diver. | 812 | 2 | 688 | 1 | 272 | Narcotios, and Stimulants. Hide, Skin-Dealer, Salesman ... ... | 23 | 4 | 7 | 1 |
| 212 | Excavator, Road-labourer, Dock-labourer, \&c. | 9,408 | 3 | 868 | $\cdots$ | 273 274 | Wool Presser, Washer, and Assistant ... Wool Merchant, Agent, Broker, Buyer ... | 102 49 | 23 | 25 48 | $\cdots$ |
| 213 | Builder, Building Contractor, Foreman, Measurer, Clerk. | 1,462 | 2 | 1,230 | 2 | 275 276 |  | 141 27 | 13 5 | 48 56 18 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| 214 | Stone, Marble Mason, Mason, Pavior ... | 8,733 | ... | 3,524 | $\cdots$ | 277 | Leather Manufacturer, Dealer $\quad \cdots$. | 30 | 6 | 18 | 5 |
| 215 | Bricklayer (not Brickmaker, see No. 307). | 1,962 | ... | 1,321 | ... | 278 | Feather Buyer, Dresser, Dealer, Cleaner, and Assistant. | 485 | 98 | 363 | 86 |
| 216 217 |  | 114 | ... | 297 52 | ... | 279 | Others engaged in Working and Dealing | 103 | 14 | 33 | 8 |
| 218 | Mason's, Bricklayer's, Plasterer's, Slater's, Labourer, Hodman. | 1,934 | ... | 174 | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & 280 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | Timber Merchant, Dealer ... <br> Timber Merohant's Assistant | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | ... | 66 | $\cdots$ |
| 219 | Carpenter, Joiner ... ... ... ... | 9,590 | ... | 7,714 | ... | 281 | Firewood Dealer, Seller, Chopper ${ }^{\text {a }}$... | 280 | 104 | 74 | ${ }^{\cdot \cdots} 4$ |
| 220 | Carpenter's Labourer $\quad \ldots \ldots$ | 126 3.734 | 3 | 13 | $\cdots$ | 282 | Fencer, Hurdlc-maker, Splitter ... ... | 222 | 104 | 118 | 4 |
| 221 | Painter, Paperhanger, Plumber, Glazier, Decorator. | 3,734 | 3 | 2,329 | 1 | 283 284 | Turner ... .. ... ...  <br> Cooper .. .. .. .. .. | 127 227 | $\ldots$ | 125 93 | $\ldots$ |
| 222 | Stone-breaker, Stone-breaking Machine Worker. | 51 | ... | 11 | ... | 285 286 | Saw yer, Saw-mill Owner, $\dddot{\text { Worker }} \ldots \ldots$ Basket-maker, Box-maker, Broom-maker, | 227 680 100 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ 222 \\ \hline 22\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ |
| 223 | Others working in Railways, Roads, Bridges, Houses and Buildings. | 38 | ... | 23 | ... | 286 | Basket-maker, Box-maker, Broom-maker, \&o. <br> Hay and Straw Dealer | 100 | 7 $\ldots$ | 22 2 | 2 |
| 224 | Engineer, Contractor, Superintendent, Foreman. | 25 | ... | 25 | ... | 287 | Others Working and Dealing in Vegetable Matters. | 86 | 42 | 2 35 | 13 |










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| :---: | :---: |
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20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.
Table 8.-Ocuupations of Males and Females, distinguishing Europeans or Whites, 1904-continued.

| No. | Occupatron. | Totai Ali races. |  | Edropran or White. |  | No. | occupation. | total ami rages. |  | European or White. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |  |  | Males | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| ${ }_{\substack{325 \\ 325}}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{1,73}}^{173}$ | ${ }_{31}^{49}$ | 121 1,900 | ${ }_{28}^{58}$ | 333 339 3 |  |  |  | 31,825 10,969 11.871 | 33,062 12,383 12,461 |
|  | Timekeeper (undeinined) |  |  |  |  | 340 | Soholar-Reoceiving Instruction at Home, at Sunday Sohool only, and Scholar | 16,557 | 17,934 | 11,871 |  |
| 3 | General Lahourer (branch undenters engaged in Mechanical Operations ar Labour of an indefinite nature. | ${ }^{4} 251$ | ${ }^{21}$ | 177 | 11 | 341 | Chnspeeifiod dit years and under not classed | 231,591 | 299,498 | 52,118 | 52,008 |
| ${ }_{3}^{329}$ |  | ${ }_{326}^{226}$ | ${ }_{106}^{368}$ | ${ }_{298}^{208}$ | 343 96 |  | as Scotiars, nor returned under any |  |  |  |  |
| 330 | Of Independent means (Source of In- |  |  |  |  | 342 | Inmate of Charitable Institation ... | ${ }^{677}$ | ${ }_{660}^{660}$ | ${ }_{78}^{66}$ | 210 37 |
| 333 | Landed Proprietor $\ldots$.... | 1,231 | 487 | 1,175 | 457 4 | ($3+3$ <br> $3+4$ <br> 4 |  | ${ }_{127}^{74}$ | ${ }_{100}^{608}$ | ${ }_{31}^{78}$ | ${ }_{26}^{37}$ |
| ${ }_{333}^{332}$ | Other Persoos of Property or lank (ensioner and Retired Official (returned | 337 | 39 | 296 | 37 | 345 | Convict $\quad . .1$ | ${ }_{4}^{4,801}$ | ${ }^{347}$ | ${ }_{7}^{713}$ | ${ }_{6}^{20}$ |
| 334 | ${ }_{\text {Wife }}^{\text {as such). }}$ Danghter, Relative, Visitor (so | 530 | 3,451 | 243 | ${ }^{1,895}$ | 346 347 | Prisoner      <br> Prostitute ... .. ... ... ... |  | 31 | ... | 7 |
|  | Wreturned). |  |  |  |  | -348 | ${ }_{\text {Others of the Criminal Class }}^{\text {Persons whoee }}$.ocupation is unknown or | 3,092 ${ }^{7}$ |  | 1,317 | 691 |
| ${ }_{3}^{335}$ |  | ${ }_{238}^{1888}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,210 \\ 2 \\ \hline 20\end{array}$ | 163 |  |  | Persent |  |  |  |  |
| 337 | Persons returned as of No Occapation .. | 260 | 207 | 147 | ${ }^{135}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

Table 9.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.

| Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Popolation ... | 2,409,804 | 1,218,940 | 1,190,864 | Foreign Countries. |  |  |  |
| British Possessions. <br> Cape of Good Hope ... ... | 2,205,937 | 1,080,094 | 1,125,843 | In EaropeA ustria-Hungary. |  |  |  |
| In Europe- ${ }^{\text {End }}$ - ${ }^{\text {andes }}$ |  |  | 1,125,83 | Belgium ... ... | 1,161 | 1,007 116 | 154 31 |
| Scotland ... | 63.449 | 44,829 11,170 | 18,620 | Denmark ... | 655 | 516 | 139 |
| Ireland $\ldots$.. $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 8,605 | 11,170 6,198 | 4,539 2,407 | France ${ }^{\text {Germany }}$.. | 703 | 499 | 204 |
| Great Britain (not speci- | 85 | 6.198 78 | 2,407 7 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Germany } & . . . & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Greece } & \text {... } & \text {.. } & \text {.. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,460 \\ 965 \\ \hline 8.65\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,696 \\ 934 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 2,764 31 |
|  |  |  |  | Holland ... ... | 1,663 | 1,130 | 631 |
| Channel Islands and Isle of Man. | 240 | 176 | 64 | Italy $\quad \ldots$ | 2,018 | 1,852 | 166 |
| Malta ... ... .. | 68 | 45 | 23 | Norway and Sweden | 1,860 | 1,644 | 216 |
| Gibraltar ... ... | 61 | 32 | 29 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Portugal } \\ \text { Russia } & \text {... } \\ \text { In }\end{array}$ | 350 12.296 | 310 9176 | 40 3120 |
| Oyprus ... ... | 7 | 7 | 20 | Spain $\quad .$. | 12,296 203 | 9,176 $\mathbf{1 7 6}$ | 3,120 27 |
| In Asia- |  |  |  | Switzerland | 338 | 200 | 138 |
| Cayian Empire $\quad . .$. | 8,294 66 | 7,822 49 | 472 17 | Others and unspecified ... | 341 | 286 | 55 |
| Hong Kong ... ... | 26 | 25 | 1 | In Asia- |  |  |  |
| Straits Settlements ... | 34 | 27 | 7 | Afghanistan | 30 | 30 |  |
| Other Possessions in Asia | 20 | 14 | 6 | A rabia $\quad .$. | 46 | 37 |  |
| In Africa (other than Cape of |  |  |  | China | 1,346 | 1,339 | 9 |
| , Good Hope)- |  |  |  | Japan ... ... | 1,33 | -35 | 8 |
| Natal ... ... .. | 14,134 | 7,461 | 6,673 | Philippine Islands | 30 | 30 |  |
| Basutoland $\quad$ Protecto- | 20,372 | 11,784 | 8,588 | Turkey in Asia ... ... | 378 | 259 | 119 |
| Bechuanaland Protecto- rate. | 497 | 259 | 238 | Others and nnspecified ... | 67 | 84 | 13 |
| Orange River Colony ... | 13,513 | 7,043 | 6,470 | In Africa- |  |  |  |
| Transvanl ... | 11,647 | 7,067 | 4,580 | Abyssinia | 25 | 16 |  |
| Rhodesia ... ... | 774 | 601 | 173 | Egypt ... | 101 | 82 | 19 |
| St. Helena ... ... ... | 1,712 | 840 | 872 | German ${ }^{\text {l }}$ South-West | 2,275 | 1,208 | 1,067 |
| Mauritios and Seychelles | 789 | 549 | 240 | Africa. |  |  |  |
| Zanzibar and Pemba | 88 | 84 | 4 | Other German Possessions | 8 | 4 |  |
| Sierra Leone ... .. | 86 | 85 | 1 | Madeira ... ... ... | 830 | 756 | 74 |
| Tristan da Ounha... | 45 | 26 | 19 | Portuguese East Africa ... | 813 | 771 | 42 |
| Other Possessions in Africa. | 41 | 39 | 2 | Other Portuguese Possessions. | 238 | 233 | 5 |
| In America- |  |  |  | Others and unspecified ... | 205 | 183 | 22 |
| Canada $\quad .$. | 480 | 371 | 109 |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland and Labrador. | 13 | 12 | 1 | In America- |  |  |  |
| Bermudas ... ... | 20 | 15 |  | United States $\quad .$. | 918 | 670 | 248 |
| West Indies- |  |  | 5 | Argentine Republic Brazil a | 130 | 90 | 40 |
| Jamaica ... ... | 63 | 53 | 10 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Chili } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Barbados . ... | 65 | 56 | 9 | Mexico | 11 | 10 | 1 |
| Other British West Indies. | 28 | 28 | - | Others and unspecified ... | 3,192 | 982 | 210 |
| British Guiana ... | 39 | 37 | 2 | In Oceania- |  |  |  |
| British Honduras | 1 | 1 | - | New Hebrides ... ... | 2 | 2 |  |
| Falkland Islands ... Australasia- | 1 | 1 | - | Samoa ... ... | 3 |  | 3 |
| The Commonwealth | 3,216 | 2,101 | 1,115 | At Sea | 118 | 66 | 52 |
| New Zealand | 431 | 327 | 104 |  |  |  |  |
| Fiji ... ... ... | 2 | 2 | - | UnSPECIF1ED ... ... ... | 127 | 97 | 30 |

Note.-Of the persons born in the Cape of Good Hope, 440,604 were Europenns or Whites, 15,037 were "Malays," 89,108 were Hottentots, 306,435 were Fingoes, 1,070,667 were Kafirs and Bechuanas, and 284,086 were of Mixed and Other Races; of those horn in Natal, 1,285 were Europeans or Whites, 875 were Fingoes, 11,521 Kafirs and Bechuanas, 433 "Mixed and other Races;" of those born in Basntoland, 2,666 were Fingoes, and 17,488 Kafirs and Bechuanas; of those born in the Orange River Colony, 5,601 were Enropeans or Whites, 625 Hottentots, 553 Fingoes, 5,438 Kafirs and Bechuanas, and 1,288 "Mixed and Other Races ; " of those born in the Transvaal, 4,304 were Europeans or Whites, 6,241 Kafirs and Bechuanas, and, 564 "Mixed and Other Races;" of those born in St. Helena, 717 were Europeans or Whites, and 981 "Mixed and Other Races;" of those born in India, 695 were Europeans or Whites, 409 Malays, and 7,171 "Mixed and Other Races;" and of those born in German Sonth-West Africa, 1,148 were Hottentots, and 790 Kafirs and Bechuanas.

Table 10.-Religions of the Population, distinguishing the Principal Races, 1904

| Religions. | all Races. |  |  |  | Malays. | Hottentots. | Fingoes. | Kafirs and Bechuanas | Mixed and Other Races. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Popdlation ... | 2,409,804 | 1,218,940 | 1,190,864 | :79,741 | 15,682 | 91,260 | 310,720 | 1,114,067 | 298,334 |
| Baptist Protestants. | 14,077 | 7,172 | 6,905 | 9,940 | 2 | 319 | 1,230 | 1,825 | 761 |
| American or Ethiopian Baptist. | 28 | 6 | 22 |  | - | - | - | 28 | - |
| Congregationalist (including Independent and London | 112,202 | 54,599 | 57,603 | 4,986 | 56 | 15,118 | 11,424 | 44,210 | 36,408 |
| Missionary Society). <br> Dutch Reformed Church | 399,487 | 203,668 | 195,819 | 296,792 | 175 | 19,660 | 1,657 | 9,937 | 71,266 |

20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

Table 10.-Religions of the Population, distinguishing the Principal Races, 1904-continued.


20．CAPE OF GOOD HOPE（1904）－continued．
Table 10．－Religions of the Population，distinguishing the Principal Races，1904－continued．

| Religions． | all Rages． |  |  | Euro－ peans or Whites． | Malays． | Hotten－ tots． | Fingoes． | Kafirs and Bechu－ auas． | Mixed and Other Races． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roman and Greek Catholic． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Church of Rome or Roman Catholic． | 37，069 | 22，699 | 14，370 | 28，480 | 21 | 487 | 445 | 3，272 | 4，364 |
| Greek Cinurch ．．．．．．．．．． | －1，049 | ，987 | 62 | 1，028 | － | － | － | － | 21 |
| Other Christians． <br> Unsectarian（including No | 775 | 468 | 307 | 267 | － | 193 | 16 | 206 | 93 |
| Charch or Denomination）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous－ <br> Ambrosian | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － |
| －Armenian Gregorian $\quad$ ．．．． | 4 | 4 | － | 4 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Believer ．．．．．．．．． | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | 3 |
| Catholic Apostolic．．．．．． | 48 | 38 | 10 | 33 2 |  | －${ }^{7}$ | 二 |  | 3 |
| Christian Science ．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．． | 2 | 2 | 二 | 2 1 | 二 | － | 二 | 二 | － |
| Dowieite ．．． | 3 | 2 |  | 3 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － | － |
| German Apostolic ．．．．．． | 2 | － | 2 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Mcrmon，Latter－day Saint | 18 | 11 | 7 | 18 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Orthodox ．．．$\ldots$ ．．． | 18 | 15 | 3 28 | 18 40 | 二 | 二 | － | 14 | 二 |
| Swedenborgian（or New Jernsalem Charch）． | 54 | 26 | 28 | 40 | － | － | － | 14 |  |
| NON－GHRISTIAN． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Jew } \\ \text { Mohammedan } & . . . \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ | 19,537 22,623 | 13,124 13,499 | 6,413 9,124 | 19,509 48 |  | － 9 | － 2 | 2 | 28 7,479 |
| MOHAMMEDAN．．．．．．．．． | 22，623 | 13，499 | 9，124 |  | 15，083 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 7，479 |
| Other Non－Christians． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buddhist ．．．．．．．．． | 489 | 461 | 28 | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 | 二 | 二 | 二 |  |
| Hindn ．．．．．．．．． | 2，033 | 1，838 | 195 |  |  | 二 |  |  | 2,021 773 |
| Minfucian（Chnrch of China） | 773 | 772 | 1 | － | － | － | － |  |  |
| Deist．．．．．．．．． | 21 | 17 | 4 | 20 | － | － | － | 1 | － |
| Mosaic $\quad . .$. | 3 | 2 |  | 3 | － | － | － | － | － |
| ．Natural Religion ．．．．．． | 1 |  | － | 1 | －－ | － | 二 | － | 1 |
| Nentral Religion ．．．．．． | 1 | － 3 | － 1 |  | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － 1 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Pantheist } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Shinto } & \text { an }\end{array}$ | 2 | 2 | 二 | 3 | 二 | － | － | － | 2 |
| Spiritualist ．．．．．．．．． | 22 | 13 | 9 | 22 | － | － | 二 | － | － |
| Theist ．．．．．．．． | 16 | 13 | 3 | 16 | － | － | 二 | － | － |
| Theosophist．．．．．．． | 3 3 | 2 <br> 3 |  | 3 | 二 | － |  |  | 3 |
| Zoroastrian ．．．．．．．． | 3 |  |  |  | － |  |  |  | 3 |
| no Religion． <br> No Religion（so stated） | 1，015，760 | 496，058 | 519，702 | 532 | 12 | 20，286 | 153，953 | 822，459 | 18，518 |
| Miscellaneons－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agnostic | 242 1 | 206 1 | $-^{36}$ |  | － | － | 二 | $-{ }^{2}$ | －${ }^{8}$ |
| Astronomical Atheist | ${ }_{6}^{1}$ | 1 51 | － 11 | 61 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － 1 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Atheist } \\ \text { Ethical } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．} \\ \end{array}$ | 1 2 2 | 1 1 |  | 21 | 二 | 二 | 二 |  | － |
|  | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Free Mason ．．．．．．．．． | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 1 119 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － 1 |  |
| Free Thinker ．．．．．． | 131 | 104 | 27 | 119 | － | 二 | 二 | 1 | 11 |
| Materialist ．．．．．．．．． | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | ， | 2 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － |
| Rationalist ．．．．．．．．． | 8 | 6 |  | 8 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － |  |
| Secularist ．．．．．．．．． | 8 | 4 |  | 8 1 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Socialist } & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Utopian } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \end{array}$ | 35 | 19 | 16 | － | － | － | 1 | 22 | 12 |
| Unenown and Ungpecified | 3，286 | 2，325 | 961 | 1，147 | 8 | 261 | 94 | 931 | 845 |
| Object to State ．．．．．． | 235 | 170 | 65 | 213 | － | 3 | － | 5 | 14 |

Table 11．－Degrees of Education of Persons，Males and Females，at various Groups of Ages， 1904.

| Ages． | Read and Write． |  |  | READ ONLT． |  |  | Neither Read nor Write． |  |  | UNSPECLFIED． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| ALL AGFS | 821，037 | 332，594 | 288，443 | 45，897 | 23，517 | 24，380 | 1，735，491 | 859，716 | 875，775 | 7，379 | 3，113 | 4，266 |
| Under 5 years |  |  |  | 619 | 296 5025 | 316 5,282 | 367,495 277759 | 180,591 140,804 | 186,904 136,955 | 1，457 | 628 | 899 |
| 5－．． | 36，348 | 17，621 | 18,725 48,193 | 10,507 10,146 | 5,225 5,257 | 5,282 4,889 | 27，759 201,973 | 140，804 | $\begin{array}{r}186904 \\ \mathbf{9 6 , 0 5 3} \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ | 1，040 | 423 | 617 |
| 10－．． | 92，494 | 44,301 | 48，193 | 10，186 | 2，272 | 1，893 | 150，618 | 77，481 | 73，137 | 792 | 301 | 491 |
| 15－．．$\quad . \quad j \quad \cdots \quad . \cdot$ | 92,358 | 44,20 50,500 | 40，996 | 2，930 | 1，384 | 1，546 | 139，086 | 65，327 | 73，759 | 647 | 288 | 361 |
| 25－ 20. | 78，749 | 45，727 | 33，022 | 2，802 | 1，456 | 1，346 | 121，207 | 56，733 | 64，474 | 718 | 313 | 405 |
| 30－．．$\quad .$. | 60，069 | 34，488 | 25，583 | 2，443 | 1，222 | 1，221 | 107172 | 49,917 | 38，940 | 416 | 182 | 319 |
| 35－．． | 46，898 | 26，853 | 20，045 | 2，291 | 1，205 | 1，086 | 74，451 | 37，167 | 37，284 | 425 | 207 | 218 |
| 40－．． | 35，766 | 20，503 | 15，263 | 2，082 | 1，941 | 1，049 | 54，247 | 27，123 | 27，124 | 321 | 145 | 176 |
| 45－．． | 28，743 | 11，446 | 11，297 | 1，765 | 925 | 840 | 50，090 | 24，217 | 25.873 | 265 | 125 | 140 |
| 50－$\quad$. | 20,767 13,567 | 11，681 | 6，084 | 1，207 | 606 | 601 | 27，969 | 13，934 | 14，035 | 160 | 59 | 101 |
| 600 .. . <br> $60-$ ..  <br> 0 ..  | 13，568 | 6，835 | 6，753 | 1，124 | 613 | 511 | 31，760 | 15，219 | 16，541 | 209 | 73 | 136 |
| 65－．．$\quad .$. | 6，441 | 3，464 | 2，977 | 775 | 423 | 352 | 16，469 | 8，246 | 8,223 | 86 | 23 | 63 |
| $70-.$. | 4，368 | 2，358 | 2，008 | 565 | 304 | 261 | 16，828 | 7，818 | 8，950 | 58 | 19 | 62 |
| $750-. . \quad . . \quad .$. | 2，461 | 1，328 | 1，133 | 367 | 192 | 175 | 6，763 | 2，052 | 3，811 | 47 | 12 | 35 |
| 80－．．$\quad . \quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | 1，229 | 644 | 585 | 187 | 105 | 56 | 4,560 | 2，011 | 2，549 | 24 | 10 | 14 |
| 85 years and upwards | 555 | 280 112 | $\begin{array}{r}276 \\ 32 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 110 | 5 | 5 | 785 | 543 | 222 | 64 | 38 | 26 |

## 20. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (1904)-continued.

Table 12.-Degrees of Education of Persons, Males and Females, of each of the Principal Races, 1904.

| Rades | REAd and Write, |  |  | READ ONLY. |  |  | Neither mead nor Write. |  |  | UNSPECIFIED. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons, | Males. | Females | Persons | Malcs. | Females |
| all Rajoes .. | 621,037 | \|332,694 | 288,443 | 45,887 | 23,517 | 22,380 | 1,735,491 | 859,716 | 875,775 | 7,379 | 3,113 | 4,268 |
| Europeans or Whites | 434,827 | 241,343 | 193,484 | 10,338 | 5,788 | 4,550 | 133,589 | 70,800 | 82,769 | 1,007 | 613 | 394 |
| Malays .. .. | 3,174 | 1,291 | 1,883 | 652 | 304 | 348 | 11,820 | 8,255 | 5,565 | 36 | 32 | 4 |
| Hottentots | 5,829 | 2,775 | 3,054 | 1,889 | 9911 | 978 | 83,167 | 43,137 | 40,030 | 375 | 204 | 171 |
|  | 47,945 | 21,564 | 26,381 | 6,995 | 3,358 | 3,637 | 254,843 | 121,969 | 132,874 | 937 | 395 | 542 |
| Kafirs and Bechuanas Mized and other Races | 53,233 | 29,367 36,254 | 23,866 39775 | 12,283 13,740 | 6,539 6,617 | 5,744 7,123 | 1,045,047 | 508,542 | 536,505 98,032 | 3,504 1,520 | 999 875 | 2,510 |

NOTE.-Of the Europeans or Whites who were retnrned as unable to read or write, 73,819 were under 5 years of age, 38,107 were aged 5 to 10 years, and 7,633 aged 10 to 15 years,

Table 13.-Sickness and Infirmities of Persons, Males and Females, of each of the Principal Rages, and at various Groups of Ages, 1904.


* Including persons returned as Dumb only.

21. BASUTOLAND (1904).

Table 1.-Houses and Yopulation, distinguishing the Whites from the Natives and Other Coloured Races, 1904.

| Native Hots. |  | Total Population. |  |  | Whites. |  |  | Natives. |  |  | Other Coloured Races. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Occupied. | Unoccupied. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons.\| | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females |
| 86,690 | 19,026 | 348,848 | 163,873 | 181,970 | 895 | 520 | 375 | 347,731 | 163,216 | 184,515 | 222 | 137 | 85 |

Table 2.-Houses; Native Population at Two Age-Groups at the Censuses 1891 and 1904.


21．BASUTOLAND（1904）－continued．
Table 3．－－Population，distinguishing the Whites，the Natives，and Other Coloured Races in each district， 1904.

| Distriots． |  |  |  | Total Popdlation． |  | Whites． |  | Natives． |  | Other Colotred Races． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
| Leribe ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 37，380 | 44，821－ | 84 | 50 | 37，233 | 44，753 | 63 | 18 |
| Berea ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 18，232 | 22，178 | 53 | 43 | 18，164 | 22，125 | 15 | 10 |
| Maseru ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 32，602 | 35，807 | 208 | 151 | 32，376 | 30̆，641 | 18 | 15 |
| Mafeteng．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 27，165 | 30，287 | 80 | 64 | 27，076 | 30，212 | 9 | 11 |
| Mohalerhpek | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 24，782 | 26，468 | 57 | 36 | 24，701 | 26，406 | 24 | 26 |
| Quthing ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 14，646 | 15，859 | 34 | 31 | 14，606 | 15，823 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 |
| Quachas Nek | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 8，945 | 9，527 | 4 | － | 8，939 | 9，527 | 2 | － |
| Gacls ．．． Hospitals | ．．． | ... | $\begin{aligned} & \text {... } \\ & \text {... } \end{aligned}$ | 98 23 | 6 22 | － | 二 | 98 23 | 6 22 | 二 | 二 |

Table 4：－Religions of the Population and Numbers of Scholars attending Sohools， 1904.

＊Including 289 Europeans．$\quad$ Including 63 Europeans． NoTe．－The Religions of 297,970 persons were not returned．

22．NATAL（1904）．
Table 1．－Area and Population of the Colony（including Zululand and the New Territories）， 1904.

| AREA IN <br> SqJare MILES． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5 5 , 3 7 1}$ | $1,108,754$ | 550,631 | 558,123 |

Note．－Including the military population， 3,774 persons（ 3,573 males and 201 females），and the shipping pnpulaiion， 2，061 persons（ 1,972 males and 89 femaleṣ）．

Table 2．－Race Distinction of the Population， 1904.

| Races． |  |  | Persons． | Males． | Fcmales． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | ．．． | ．．． | 1，108，754 | 550，631 | －58，123 |  |
| Earopeans or Whites | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 97，109 | 56，758 | 40，3．51 |  |
| Indians and Asiatics |  | ．．． | 100，918 | 63,497 3,610 | 37,421 3,076 |  |
| Mixed and other Races |  | ．．． | 6,686 79,978 | 69，746 | 10，232 |  |
| Natives in Service $\ldots$ ．． Natives in Native Areas |  |  | 824，063 | 357，020 | 467，043 |  |

Table 3．－Ages of the Total Native Population（Natives in Service and in Native Areas）， 1904.

22. NATAL (1904)-continued.

Table 4.-Area; Occupied Houses, and Population in the

| Magisterial Division and Centre. | Area in Square Miles. | Houses Occupied.* | Population, all Races. (Exclusive of Natives in Native Areas.) | Edropeans or Whites. |  |  | Indians and asiatios. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Persons. | s. Males. | Females. | Persons. | . Males. | Females. |
| Total | 35,371 | 36,988 | 284,691 | 97,109 | 56,758 | 40,351 ${ }^{*}$ | 100,918 | 63,497 | 37,421 |
| Klip River ... | 1,439 | 421 | 4,956 | 1,107 | 632 | 475 | 1,406 | '1,044 | 362 |
| Lion's River | 630 | 515 | 4,714 | 1,564 | 900 | 664 | 1,278 | - 897 | 381 |
| Ixopo ... ....... ... | 976 | 231 | 2,564 | 876 | 479 | 397 | -138 | - 102 | 36 |
| Alexandra County | 670 | 516 | 8,530 | 953 | 542 | 411 | 6,354 | 3,986 | 2,368 |
| Upper Umkomanzi | 520 | 290 | 3,128 | 950 | 617 | 433 | 645 | 469 | 176. |
| Newcastle... ... ... | 1,092 | 906 | 6,910 | 2,331 | 1,375 | 986 | 1,495 | 1,051 | 444. |
| Impendhle ... ... | 700 | 164 | 2,245 | 514 | 312 | 202 | 235 | 167 | 68 |
| Dundee ... ... ... | 946 | 1,004 | 7,672 | 1,960 | 1,129 | 831 | 1,992 | 1,682 | 310 |
| Inanda ... ... ... | 183 | 3,856 | 24,266 | 1,558 | 828 | 730 | 21,474 | 12,636 | 8,838 |
| Lower Tugela ... ... | 453 | 2,458 | 13,246 | 957 | 523 | 434 | 11,028 | 6,274 | 4,754 |
| Bergville ... ... ... | 1,100 | 137 | 1,245 | 528 | 293 | 235 | 111 | 77 | 34 |
| Estcourt ... ... ... | 1,820 | 805 | 6,984 | 2,657 | 1,497 | 1,160 | 1,321 | 988 | 333 |
| Maprmulo ... ... | 270 | 16 | 164 | ธ2 | 33 | 19 | 4 | 4 | - |
| Umgeni ... ... ... | 365 | 674 | 4,384 | 1,101 | 617 | 484 | 1,964 | 1,245 | 719 |
| New Hanover ... ... | 520 | 426 | 3,717 | 1,636 | 859 | 777 | 895 | . 648 | - 247 |
| Umlazi ... .... ... | 500 | ¢ 899 | 32,743 | 6,244 | 3,359 | 2,885 | 22,998 | 13,403 | 9,595 |
| Alfred County ... ... | 570 | 233 | 1,878 | 48. | 274 | 208 | 51 | 43 | 8 |
| Camperdown ... ... | 368 | 498 | 2,952 | 950 | 508 | 442 | 813 | 689 | 224 |
| Umivoti ... ... ... | 860 | 258 | 2,911 | 979 | 569 | 410 | 307 | 217 | .90: |
| Ndwedwe... ... ... | 260 | 7 | 110 | 29 | 17 | 12 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Utrecht ... ... ... | 2,048 | 371 | 3,478 | 1,942 | 1,033 | 909 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Krantz Kop ... ... ... | 573 | 98 | 1,077 | 348 | 194 | 154 | 36 | 26 | 10 |
| Lower Umzimkulu ... | 534 | 354 | 3,437 | 912 | 540 | 372 | 1,388 | 950 | 438 |
| Umsinga ... ... ... | 616 | 65 | 753 | 260 | 150 | 110 | 62 | 34 | 28 |
| Vryheid ... ... ... | 4,265 | 480 | 4,751 | 2,842 | 1,533 | 1,309 | 4 | 4 | - |
| Paulpietersburg ... ... | 618 | 180 | 1,679 | 970 | 493 | 477 | - | - | - |
| Weenen County ... ... | 625 | 174 | 1,619. | 728 | 437 | 291 | 63 | 52 | 11 |
| Polela ... ... ... ... | 470 | .131 | 2,231 | 600 | 363 | 237 | 286 | 177 | 109 |
| Underberg ... ... ... | 740 | 116 | . 1,125 | 373 | 216 | $\because 157$ | 70 | 58 | 12 |
| Eshowe, Zululand ... ... | 736 | 158 | 1,855 | 575 | 325 | 250 | 80 | 47 | 33 |
| N'qutu, Zululand ... | 625 | 38 | 472 | 146 | 79 | 67 | 1 | 1 | , |
| Nkandhla, Zululand ... ... | 762 | 47 | 420 | 138 | 96 | 42 | - | - | - |
| Emtonjaneni, Zululand | 648 | 80 | 795 | 355 | 210 | 145 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Ndwandwe, Zululand ... | 941 | 20 | 409 | 75 | 51 | 24 | - | - |  |
| Umfolosi, Zululand ... ... | 1,025 | 22 | 197 | 43 | 32 | 11 | 5 | 4 | - |
| Obombo, ZuIuland ... ... | 1,640 | 11 | 89 | 23 | 17 | 6 | 2 | 2 | - |
| Hlabisa, Zululand ... ... | 1,470 | 34 | 378 | $9 \dot{3}$ | 66 | 27 | 5 | 5 | - |
| Ingwavuma, Zniuland ... ... | 1,650 | 16 | 206 | 31 | 24 | 27 | - | $-{ }^{5}$ |  |
| Umlalazi, Zululand ... ... | 374 | 51 | 591 | 163 | 96 | 67 | 26 | - 18 | - |
| Mahlabatini, Zululand ... ... | 590 | 13 | 223 | - 51 | - 29 | 22 | 26 | 18 |  |
| Municipality of Pietermaritzburg. | 45 | 4,552 | 31,199 | 15,086 | 8,134 | 6,952 | 5,280 | 3,588 | 1,692 |
| Municipality of Durban | 20 | 8,162 | 67,842 | 31,302 | 18,777 | 12,525 | 15,631 | 10,509 | 5,122 |
| Municipality of Ladysmith ... | 26 | 658 | 5,568 | 2,269 | - 1,284 | . 985 | 1,136 | 10,709 781 | 5,122 355 |
| Mụnicipality of Newcastie ... | 28 | 376 | 2,950 | 1,166 | 614 | 552 | 515 | 348 | 167 |
| Municipality of Dundee | 4 | 357 | 2,811 | 1,312 | 685 | 627 | 408 | 313 | ${ }^{167}{ }^{5}$ |
| Local Board, Verulam ... ... | 1 | 195 | 1,325 | 363 | 189 | 174 | 700 | - 448 | + $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ -\quad 252\end{array}$ |
| Local Board, Greytown... ... | 16 | 288 | 2,436 | 1,117 | 545 | 572 | 271 | 191 | 80 |
| Local Board, Utrecht ... ... | 22 | 101 | 860 | 542 | 296 | 246 | - | - | - |
| Local Board, Vryheid ... ... | 17 | 280 | 2,287 | 1,344 | 779 | 565 | 44 | 31 | 13 |
| Natal Harbour Board .... ... <br> His Majesty's Troops |  | - | 2,061 | 1,624 | $\cdot 1,540$ | 84 | 226 | 226 | - |
| His Majesty's Troops ... ... <br> Natal Govt; Railway Travellers | - | 246 | 3,774 | 2,600 | - 2,405 | 195 | $\therefore 141$ | 137 | 4 |
| Natal Govt ${ }_{\text {If }}$ Railway Travellers | - | - | 474 | 288 | - 263 | 25 | 26 | - $\quad 22$ | 4 |

[^32]22. NATAL (1904)-continued.
several Districts, distinguishing the various Races, 1904.


[^33]22. NATAL (1904)-continued.

Table 5.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, of all Races (Natives excepted), 1904.

| AGESS. |  |  |  | Europeans or Whites. |  |  | Indians and astatics. |  |  | Mixed and other Races. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| All Age |  |  |  | 97,109 | 56,758 | 40,351 | 100,918 | 63,497 | 37,421 | 6,686 | 3,610 | 3,076 |
| 1 to 3 months... |  |  |  | 900 | 447 | 453 | 772 | 382 | 390 | 70 | 34 | 36 |
| 4 to 6 | do. |  | ... | 689 | 389 | 300. | 777 | 374 | 403 | 62 | 38 | 24 |
| 7 to 9 | do. |  | ... | 608 | 320 | 288 | 505 | 268 | 237 | 55 | 35 | 20 |
| 10 to 12 | do. | ... | ... | 322 | 164 | 158 | 181 | 102 | 79 | 32 | 17 | 15 |
| 1 year | ... | ... | ... | 1,886 | 912 | 974 | 2,224 | 1,075 | 1,149 | 190 | 102 | 88 |
| 2 years | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 1,978 | 998 | 980 | 2,979 | 1,441 | 1,638 | 208 | 115 | 93 |
| 3 do. 4 do. | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 1,919 | 980 1,034 | 939 | 3,019 | 1,443 | 1,676 | 191 | 108 | 83 |
| 5 do. |  | $\cdots$ | .... | 1,020 1,958 | 1,034 | 986 | 2,597 | 1,291 | 1,306 | 183 | 88 | 95 |
| 6 to 10 | - | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 9,224 | 1,013 4,643 | 985 4,581 | 11,041 | 1,663 5,811 | 1,504 | 808 | 106 404 | 102 |
| 11 to 13 | - | ... | ... | 5,163 | 2,650 | 2,513 | 11,899 | 2,130 | 1,769 | 430 | 230 | 200 |
| $14 .$. | ... | ... | ... | 1,693 | 875 | 818 | 1,371 | 821 | 550 | 140 | 65 | 75 |
| $15 .$. | ... | ... | ... | 1,595 | 767 | 828 | 2,234 | 1,390 | 844 | 133 | 63 | 70 |
| $16 .$. | ... | ... | ... | 1,528 | 797 | 731 | 1,715 | 1,051 | 664 | 150 | 78 | 72 |
|  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 1,644 | 857 | 787 | 1,453 | 918 | 535 | 140 | 82 | 58 |
|  |  | ... | .... | 1,682 | 903 | 779 | 2,272 | 1,398 | 874 | 147 | 67 | 80 |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1,172 | , 991 | 781 | 1,747 | 1,157 | - 590 | 156 | 83 | 73 |
| $21 . .$. | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 2,290 | 1,511 | 879 | 4,025 2,095 | 2,408 | 1,617 | 1301 | 109 80 | 92 59 |
| 22 to 25 | ... | ... | ... | 10,491 | 7,513 | 3,378 | 10,368 | 6,871 | 3,497 | 600 | 302 | 298 |
| 26- | ... | ... | ... | 12,589 | 8,056 | 4,533 | 13,657 | 9,374 | 4,283 | 652 | 388 | 264 |
| $31-$ | ... | ... | ... | 9,193 | 5,710 | 3,483 | -9,811 | 7,025 | 2,786 | 431 | 262 | 169 |
| 36- | .... | . | ... | 7,230 | 4,345 | 2,885 | 9,416 | 6,681 | 2,735 | 363 | 205 | 158 |
| 41- | ... | ... | ... | 4,947 | 3,015 | 1,932 | 3,246 | 2.398 | 848 | 266 | 136 | 130 |
| 46- | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 3,986 | 2,43\% | 1,551 | 2,918 | 2,085 | 833 | 262 | 156 | 106 |
| 51- | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 2,631 | 1,598 | 1,033 | 1,200 | 848 | 352 | 149 | 87 | ${ }^{6} 2$ |
| 56- | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 1.754 | 962 705 | 792 | 1,317 | 953 | 364 | 131 | 71 | 60 |
| 66-- | .... | $\ldots$ | ... | 1,209 742 | 705 | $\begin{array}{r}504 \\ 345 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 339 311 | 259 | 80 $-\quad 89$ | 77 | 44 | 33 |
| 71- | ... | ... | ... | 485 | 242 | 243 | 31 94 | -68 | 88 | $\stackrel{18}{18}$ | 24 13 | 26 5 |
| 76- | ... | ... | ... | 252 | 140 | 112 | 119 | 77 | 42 | 22 | 10 | 12 |
|  | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 128 | 69 | 59 | 18 | 14 |  | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| $86-$ $91-$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 30 | 14 | 16 | 24 | 15 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 96 and up | - war |  | $\ldots$ | 5 1 | 1 | 4 1 | 3 <br> 4 | $\stackrel{2}{4}$ | - 1 | $-1$ | - | - |

Table 6.-Condition as to Marriage, and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, of All Races (Natives excepted), 1904.


22．NATAL（1904）－conitinued．

Table 6．－Condition as to Marriage，and Ages of Persons，Males and Females， of All Races（Natives excepted），1904—continued．

| Ages． |  |  |  | Persons． |  |  |  | Males． |  |  |  | Females． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Un- } \\ \text { married. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Married． | ＇80 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { married. } \end{gathered}$ | Married． | 完 | ＇ت̇ | Un－ | Married． | － |  |
| Indians and Aslatros． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Ages．．． |  |  | ．．． | 53，887 | 44，569 | 2，316 | 147 | 36，877 | 25，266 | 1，249 | 105 | 17，010 | 19，303 | 1，066 | 42 |
| Under 11 years．．． |  |  |  | 27，098 | 164 | － | － | 13，823 | 27 | － | － | 13，275 | 137 |  |  |
| 11－ | ．．． |  | $\ldots$ | 3，397 | 499 | 3 | － | 2，049 | 81 | － | － | 1，348 | 418 | 3 | － |
| 14. | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1，070 | 294 | 6 | 1 | 783 | 37 | 1 | － | －287 | 257 | 5 | 1 |
| 16－ | ．．． |  | ．．． | 1，506 | 724 | 4 | － | 1；171 | 217 | 2 | － | 335 | ธ07 | 2 | － |
| 17－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 926 | 782 | 6 | 1 | 791 | 259 | 1 | － | 135 | 523 | 5 | 1 |
| 18－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 771 | 680 | 1 | 1 | 668 | 250 | － | － | 103 | 430 | 1 | 1 |
| $\xrightarrow{18-}$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．． | 1，144 | 1，120 | 8 | － | 1，013 | 384 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | － | 131 | 736 | 7 | － |
| $\xrightarrow{19-}$ | ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 908 1,705 | 830 | 8 | 1 | 808 | 346 | 2 | 1 | 100 | 484 | 6 | － |
| 21－ | ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 1，979 | 2，289 | 29 15 | 2 | 1.533 | 855 | 19 | 1 | 172 | 1，434 | 10 | 1 |
| 22－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3，810 | 6，433 | 106 | 19 | 8999 | 571 | 67 | －13 | 80 | － 529 | 79 | 1 |
| 26－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 4，159 | 9，218 | 252 | 28 | 3，565 | －3，328 | 160 | ${ }_{21}^{13}$ | 292 | 3，190 | ${ }_{92}$ | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |
| 31－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，746 | 6，823 | 219 | 23 | 2，519 | 4，335 | 154 | 17 | 227 | 2，488 | 65 | 7 |
| 36－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，462 | 6，606 | 330 | 18 | 2，250 | 4，229 | 187 | 15 | 212 | 2，377 | 143 | 3 |
| 41－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 404 | 2，562 | 268 | 12 | －387 | 1，857 | 145 | 19 | 17 | －705 | 123 | 3 |
| 46－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 385 | 2，167 | 348 | 18 | 371 | 1，533 | 166 | 15 | 14 | 634 | 182 | 3 |
| 51－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 146 | 885 | 156 | 13 | 140 | 638 | 62 | 8 | 6 | 247 | 94 | 5 |
|  | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 170 | 872 | 268 | 7 | 164 | 663 | 122 | 4 | 6 | 209 | 146 | 3 |
| $61-$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 45 | 205 | 88 | 1 | 42 | 165 | 52 | － | 3 | 40 | 36 | 1 |
| ${ }^{66-}$ |  | ．．． | ．．． | 39 | 178 | 93 | 1 | 37 | 137 | 47 | 1 | 2 | 41 | 46 | － |
|  | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 8 | 53 | 33 | － | 8 | 45 | 15 | － | － | 8 | 18 | － |
|  | ．．． |  | ．．． | 5 | 69 | 45 | － | 4 | 51 | 22 | － | ． 1 | 18 | 23 | － |
| 81－ | $\ldots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 4 | 8 | 10 | 二 | － 4 | 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | 二 | － | 1 | 3 9 | 二 |
|  | $\ldots$ |  | ．．． | 4 | 1 | 14 | 二 | 4 | 6 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 二 | 二 | 二 | 9 1 | 二 |
| 96 and upwards |  |  |  | － | 1 | 3 | － | － | 1 | 3 |  |  | － | － | － |
| Mixed and Other Races． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Ages．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 4，433 | 1，963 | 279 | 11 | 2，562 | 948 | 98 | 2 | 1，871 | 1，015 | 181 | 9 |
| Under 15 years．．．．．． |  |  |  | 2，584 | － | － | － | 1，342 | － |  | － | 1，242 | － | ， | － |
| 15－21 | ．．． |  | ．． | 840 |  | 3 | － | 467 | － 14 | 1 | － | 1，273 | 70 | 2 | 二 |
| 21－ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 102 | 35 | 1 | 1 | 75 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 54 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | － | 二 | 27 120 | 30 174 | 1 | 1 |
| 22－ | ．．． | ． | － | 338 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 5 8} \\ & 373 \end{aligned}$ | 12 | － | 218 |  | － | － | 120 | 174 | 499 | 2 |
| 26－ | ．．． |  | ．． | 265 |  |  | 2 | 217 | 168 | 3 | － | 16 | 136 |  |  |
| $31-$ | ．．． | ．．． | ． | 112 | $\begin{aligned} & 294 \\ & 249 \end{aligned}$ | 25 | － | 96 | 158 | －8 |  |  |  | 17 18 | － |
| 36－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 78 |  | 34 <br> 35 <br> 3 | 2 | 62 | 125 | 16 12 | －${ }^{2}$ | 85 | 98 | 23 | 141 |
| ${ }_{46-}$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 26 28 | 204 |  | 1 | 18 | 116 | 17 | － |  | 77 | 20 |  |
| 51－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 17 | $\begin{aligned} & 193 \\ & 105 \end{aligned}$ | 37 26 | 1 | 11 | 68 | 8 | － | 6 | 37 | 18 |  |
| 56－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 27 | 67 | 37 | － | 21 | 38 | 12 | － | 6 | 29 | 25 |  |
| $61-$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | 19 | － | 7 | 29 | 8 | － | 1 | 21 | 11 | － |
| 66－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3 |  |  | － | 2 | 19 | 3 | － |  | 10 | 15 | － |
| ${ }_{71}$ | ．．． |  | ．．． | 2 | 10 | 18 6 | － | 2 | 8 | 3 | － | －${ }^{1}$ | 2 | 3 9 | 二 |
| 76 | ．．． |  | ．．． | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 12 | － | 1 |  |  | 二 | $-{ }^{2}$ | 1 | 4 | 二 |
| 86－ | ．．． |  | $\cdots$ | 二 | 1 | 3 | 二 | 二 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | － |
| $91-$ | ．．． |  | $\ldots$ | － | 二 | 1 |  | － | － |  | － | － |  | － | － |
| 96 and | wa |  | $\cdots$ | － |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |

22. NATAL (1904)-continued.

Table 7.-Occupations of Persons, Males and Females, of all Races (Natives excepted), 1904.

22. NATAL (1904)-continued.

Table 8.-Birthpláces of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.


Table 9.-Nationalities of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.


22．NATAL（1904）－continued．
Table 9．－Nationalities of Persons，Males and Females，1904－continued．

＇rable 10．－Religions of Persons，Males and Females，of All Races（Natives excepted）， 1904.

| Religions | Totals． |  |  | Edropeans or Whites． |  |  | Indians and ablatics． |  |  | Mixed and Other Raceg، |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| Totals ．．．． | 204，713 | 123，865 | 80，848 | 97，109 | 56，758 | 40，351 | 100，918 | 83，497 | 37，421 | 6，686 | 3，610 | 3，078 |
| 1．Protestant． <br> Church of England，including Episcopalian and English Church |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dutch Reformed ${ }^{\text {Chenurch }}$ ：${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11，340 | 5，844 | 5，496． | 11，195 | 5，768 | 5，429 |  |  |  | 2，243 | 1，78 | ${ }^{1,145}$ |
| Z．A．Gereformeerde Kerk ： | －1， 41 | －82 | －199 | ${ }_{117} 1$ | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{19}$ | － | － | － | － |  | － |
| ${ }^{\text {Presbyterians }}$ Pree Church of Sicotland $\quad \because$ | 11，830 | 7，375 | 4，455 | 11，764 | 7,349 72 | 4，415 | 1 | 1 | 二 | ${ }_{8}^{65}$ | $\stackrel{25}{5}$ | ${ }_{4}^{40}$ |
| United Free Church ．．$\quad .$. |  | 15 | 12 |  |  | 4 | － | － | － | ${ }_{20}^{8}$ | 12 | 8 |
| Onurch of Scotland $\because \because \quad \because$ | 228 | 152 | 76 | 228 | 152 | 76 | － | － | － |  |  |  |
| tionalists | 4，704 | 2，470 | 2，234 | 3，938 | 2，101 | 1，837 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 784 | 388 | 396 |
| Wendon Missionary Society ．． | 11，992 | 6，477 | $\overline{5,515}$ | 11，381 | 8，158 | 5，225 | 223 | 137 | 88 | 388 | 184 | 204 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ \hline 279\end{array}$ | －181 | 960 | － 1254 | －1139 | －85 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 8 | 7 |
|  | ${ }^{2,193}$ | 1，253 | ${ }_{940}^{940}$ | 1，977 | 1，113 | 864 | ${ }_{4}{ }_{4}$ | $\stackrel{30}{30}$ | 11 | ${ }_{86}^{185}$ | ${ }_{39}^{120}$ | 85 47 |
| Lutherans．．（Dïsciples of | 4，852 | 2，781 | 2，091 | 4，678 | 2，888 | 2，010 | 11 | 10 | 1 | 163 | 83 | 80 |
| Christ）．${ }^{\text {Ciselples }}$ or | 221 | 139 |  | 154 | 91 | 63 | 50 |  | 13 |  |  | ${ }^{8}$ |
|  | 839 | 513 | ${ }_{3}^{26}$ | 808 5 | ${ }^{495}$ | ${ }^{313}$ | 1 | 1 | 二 | 30 | 17 | 13 |
| Unitarians．：．．．． | 176 | 112 | 64 | 175 | 111 | 64 | 1 | 1 | 二 | 二 |  | － |
|  | 9 69 | 45 | 24 | ${ }_{8}^{89}$ | 8 <br> 45 <br> 8 | 24 | － | 二 | ＝ | 二 | － | － |
| Society of Friends Salvation Army．． | $\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 172 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 108 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | 24 151 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | 89888 | －11 | 11 | 二 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| Netherlands Reformed |  |  |  |  | 101 | 115 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norwegian Free Ohurch Swedish Free Church．． | $\begin{gathered} 210 \\ 18 \\ 16 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 201 \\ 10 \\ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10 8 8 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 8 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 二 | 二 | 二 |  | － | ${ }_{2}$ |
| Scaodinavian Mission．． Others | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 441 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 31 \end{array}$ | 210 | 8 412 | 3 215 | 5 197 | 二 | － |  | $\begin{array}{r} { }_{2}^{2} \\ 29 \end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{13}$ |

22. NATAL (1804)-continued.
table 10.-Religions of Persons," Males and Females, of all Races (Natives excepted), 1904continued.

table 11.-Degree of Education of Persons, Males and Females, of All Races (Natives excepted), 1.904.

| Races, | Read and Write. |  |  | Read only. |  |  | Neitiemr Read nor Write. |  |  | Unspecimied. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Femalegis | Peřons. | Males. | Females. |
| Total .. .. | 96,832 | 61,807 | 35,025 | 1,877 | 1,180 | 697 | 103,464 | 59,172 | 44,292 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 2,540 | 1,706 | 834 |
| Europeans or Whites .. Indians and Asiatics Mixed and Other Races | $\begin{gathered} \hline 80,62 \\ 13,112 \\ 3,096 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 48,026 \\ 12.128 \\ 1.653 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32,596 \\ \mathbf{9 8 4} \\ 1,445 \end{array}$ | 996 600 281 | 532 521 127 | $\begin{array}{r} 464 \\ 79 \\ 154 \end{array}$ | 14,376 85,916 3,772 | 7,911 49,923 1,738 |  | 1,115 |  | 428 385 43 |

Table 12.-Infirmities of Persons, Males and Females, of All Rages (Natives excepted), 1904.


Note.-In addition to the above, there were 175 Native lunatics ( 142 males and 33 females) in the Government Asylum.

## 23. ORANGE RIVER COLONY (1904).

Table 1.-Population at each Census 1880 to 1904 , distinguishing Europeans or Whites.


19809

## 23. ORANGE RIVER COLONY (1904)-continued.

Table 2.-Proportion per cent. of White and Coloured Population to Total Population, and Number of Coloured Persons to every 100 Whites, at each Census 1880 to 1904.


Table 3.-The Number of Persons in the Chief Towns at Two Age-groups, distinguishing Europeans or Whites, 1904.

| TOWN, |  | all Radis. |  |  |  |  | Race distinction. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Age Period. |  |  |  | All | Europeans or Whites, |  |  | Other than Europeans or |  |  |
|  |  | Under 15. |  | 15 Years and over. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
|  |  | 3,680 | 3,941 | 18,488 | 7,781 | 33,897 | 15,421 4,388 | 10,833 | 4,5888 | 18,480 38.934 | 12,335 | 7.134 |
| Harrismith $\dagger$ Kronstadt $\quad$ \#, | $\because$ | ${ }_{921}^{807}$ | 959 | ${ }_{9}^{6,641}$ | 1,680 | 8,300 7,193 | 4,388 <br> 3 | 2,679 | 1,044 | 3,370 <br> 3,47 | 1,883 | 1,587 |
| Jagersfontein $\quad \because$ | $\because$ | 418 | 391 | 4,209 | 1,632 | 5,650 | 1,294 | , 738 | - 656 | 4,356 | 3,889 | 467 |
| Ladybrands $\quad$ U | $\because$ | 850 | 589 | 1,658 | ${ }_{744}^{50}$ | 3,848 | 2,333 | 1,479 | 844 | 1,515 | $8{ }^{827}$ | 888 |
| Wrinurg Brandfort Ot, | $\because$ | 494 <br> 364 | 497 338 | 788 619 | ${ }_{634}^{744}$ | -2,521 | 1,005 | 556 <br> 491 | ${ }_{439}^{449}$ | 1,618 | 724 492 | 789 |
|  | $\because$ | 370 | ${ }_{353}$ | 672 | ${ }_{537}$ | 1,932 | 1,011 | 541 | ${ }_{470}$ | 1,921 | 501 | 420 |

F Including 3,487 Troops, only ons of whom was under 15 ; also 4,530 Civilians, women, and children, with Troops (432 males and 411 females under 15 , and 2,907 males and 780 females 15 years and over), of whom 4,025 were coloured, and 505 Europeans or Whites, † Including 1, 821 Troops; also 1,073 Civilians, women, and children, with troops (34 males and 20 females under 15, and 962 males and
57 fomales 15 years and over), of whom 888 wers coloured and 207 Europeans or Whitas. $\ddagger$ Incluadig 1 , 211 Troops; also 185 Civilians, women, and children with troops ( 20 males and 9 females under 15 , and 125 males and 31 females 15 years and over), of whom 127 were coloured and 58 Europeans or Whites.
8 Including 547 Troops; also 94 Civilians, women, and children, With troops ( 14 males and 2 females under 15 , and 72 males and 6 females
15 years and over), of whom 81 were coloured and 13 Enropeans or Whites.
Table 4.-Ages of Persons, Males and Femalees, 1904.

| Ages, | Total. |  |  | Europeans or Whites. |  |  | Other than Eubopeans or Whites. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages | 387,315 | 210,095 | 177,220 | 142,679 | 81,671 | 61,108 | 244,636 | 128,524 | 116,112 |
| Under 1 year |  |  |  | 5,576 | 2,883 | 2,693 |  |  |  |
| 2- $\ldots$... $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 477,571 | 23,588 | 23,983 | 2,037 | 1,045 | 1,992 | 32,336 | 15,833 | 16,503 |
| $3-$ $4-.$. |  |  |  | 2,314 | 1,170 | 1,144 |  |  |  |
| 5- ... |  |  |  | 3,007 | 1,480 | 1,527 |  |  |  |
| 10- ... | 104,427 | 54,054 | 80,373 | 18,397 18,418 | 9,371 9,518 | 9,026 8,900 | 67,612 | 35,165 | 32,447 |
| 15- ... ... ... | \} |  |  | 15,625 | 8,411 | 7,214 |  |  |  |
| 20- ... ... ... |  |  |  | 19,114 | 12,740 | 6,374 |  |  |  |
| 25- ... ... | 171,178 | 97,677 | 73,501 | 14,613 | 9,362 | 5,251 | \} 102,379 | 55,598 | 46,781 |
| 30- ...... |  |  |  | 11,052 | 6,660 | 4,392 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{35-} 40-\ldots$ |  |  |  | 8,395 | 4,906 | 3,489 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{40-} \ldots$ |  |  |  | 6,242 | 3,694 | 2,548 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4,877 | 2,853 | 2,024 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{50-} \times \cdots \quad \cdots \quad . .$. |  |  |  | 3,669 | 2,154 | 1,515 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 60- } & . . \\ 60-. . & \cdots & \cdots \\ \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 2,664 | 1,578 | 1,086 |  |  |  |
| 65- ... $\quad . .$. |  |  |  | 1,892 | 1,107 | 785 |  |  |  |
| 70- ... ... ... | \} 62,542 | 33,801 | 28,741 | 1,063 | 622 | 441 |  |  |  |
| 75- ... ... ... |  | 33,801 | 28,741 | 734 376 | 441 205 | 171 | \} 40,807 | 21,033 | 19,774 |
| $80-\ldots$... |  |  |  | 167 | 80 | 87 |  |  |  |
| 85- ... ... ... |  |  |  | 40 | 25 | 15 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{90-} . . . \quad$... ... |  |  |  | 9 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{90-}$-.. $\ldots$.. ${ }^{\text {an }}$ |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| 100 and upwards ... |  |  |  |  |  | 二 |  |  |  |
| Unspecified ... | 1,597 | 975 | 622 | 95 | 80 | 15 | 1,602 | 895 | 607 |

## 23．ORANGE RIVER COLONY（1904）－continued．

Table 5．－Condition as to Marriage，and Ages of Persons，Males and Females， 1904.

| Agus． |  | Persons． |  |  |  | Males． |  |  |  | Females． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { married. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Married． | 宫 |  | $\underset{\text { married．}}{\text { Un－}}$ | Married． | 呙 | 宫 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { married. } \end{gathered}$ | Married． |  | 宫 |
| Europeans or Whites． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Ages ．．． | －．． | 94，745 | 43，996 | 3，869 | 69 | 57，307 | 22，791 | 1，413 | 60 | 37，438 | 21，205 | 2，456 | 9 |
| Under 15 years ．．． <br> 15－．．．．．． | ．．．． | 52,050 15,020 | $\underline{602}$ | 3 | 二 | $\begin{array}{r}26,644 \\ 8,383 \\ \hline 1,\end{array}$ | －28 | 二 | 二 | 25,406 6,637 | \％ 574 | 3 |  |
| 20－．．．．． | ．．． | 14，994 | 4，066 | 51 | 3 | 11，703 | 1，019 | 17 | 1 | 3，291． | 3，017 | 34 | 2 |
| 25－．．． | ．．． | 10，118 | 15，037 | 502 | 8 | 8，562 | 7，252 | 203 | 5 | －1，556 | 7，785 | 299 | 3 |
| 35－．．．．．． | ．．． | 1，715 | 12，149 | 771 | 2 | 1，373 | 6，910 | 316 | － 1 | 342 | 5，239 | 455 | 1 |
| 400－．．．．． | ．．． | 523 | 7，198 | 822 | 3 | 408 | 4，279 | 319 | ． 1 | 115 | 2，919 | 503 | 2 |
| 55－．．．． | ．．． | 207 | 3，550 | 798 | 1 | 152 | 2，271 | 262 | － | 55 | 1，279 | 536 | 1 |
| 65－．．．．．． | ．．． | 59 | 1，121 | 614 | 3 | 43 | 820 | 197 | 3 | 16 | 301 | 417 | － |
| 75－．．．．．． | ．．． | 27 | 242 | 273 | 1 | 18 | 188 | 78 | 1 | 9 | 54 | 195 | － |
| 85 and upwards | $\cdots$ | 3 | 19 | 29 | － | 2 | 16 | 16 | － | 1 | 3 | 13 | － |
| Unspecified ．．． | ．．． | 29 | 12 | 6 | 48 | 19 | 8 | 5 | 48 | 10 | 4 | 1 |  |
| Other than Europeans or Whites．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Ages ．．． | ．．． | 158，432 | 75，510 | 9，746 | 948 | 87，647 | 37，897 | 2，256 | 724 | 70，785 | 37，613 | 7，490 | 224 |
| Under 15 years．．． | ．．． | 99，936 | 12 | 411 | $\overline{71}$ | 50，992 | ${ }^{6}$ | $\overline{696}$ | $\overline{600}$ | 48，944 | ${ }^{6}$ 6 | ，$\overline{715}$ | $\overline{141}$ |
| ${ }_{40}^{15-}$ and $\quad .$. | ．．．． | 54,535 2,999 | 44,692 30,407 | 2,411 <br> 7,269 | 741 132 | 34,066 1,970 | 20,236 17,459 | － $\begin{array}{r}696 \\ 1,547\end{array}$ | 600 57 | 20，469． 1,029 | 24,456 12,948 | － $\begin{aligned} & 1,715 \\ & 5,722\end{aligned}$ | 141 75 |
| Unspecified ．．． | ．．． | ，962 | － 399 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 185 $-\quad 75$ | －619 | 196 | 13 | 67 | －343 | 203 | ： 53 | 8 |

Table 6．－Occupations of Persons，Males and Females， 1904.

a Including Resident Magistrates，Assistant Resident Magistrates，and Resident Magistrates＇Clerks，who are members the Civil Service，though engaged in the administration of the various districts of the Colony．
b Clab Service included in XX．， 4 ；Hospital Service included in III．， 3 ；Caretakers included iu XXIII．；Laundry Service turclnded in XIX．
c Includes：－

| － |  |  |  | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Telephone Service $\quad .$. |  | $\cdots$ | ＊＊ | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ | ${ }_{413}^{13}$ | 1 |
| Post and Telegraph Serviee | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 419 | 413 | 6 |

## 23. ORANGE RIVER COLONY (1904)-continued

Table 6.-Occupations of Persons, Males and Females, 1904-continued.


[^34]
## 23. ORANGE RIVER COLONY (1904)-continued.

Table 6.-OcGupations of Persons, Males and Females, 1904-continued.

a Including the persons working at the new Mazel's Poort Waterworks (for Bloemfontein).
$b$ Inclnding Scholars, Inmates of Charitable Institutions. Paupers, Beggars, Convicts, Prisoners, Annúritants, "Independent Means," Landed Proprietors, Pensioners, Persons of "No Occupation," or whose occapations were unspecified; also

|  | - |  | Persons. | Maies. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contractors, Manufacturers. Managers (undefined) |  |  | 298 | 294 | 4 |
| Secretaries, Private Secretaries (undefined) ... |  | . | 6 | 6 | - |
| Caretakers, Watchmen, \&c. ... ... ... | ... | . | 13 | 12. | 1 |
| Other Persons whose occupations were imperfectly | defined | . | 62 | 50 | 12 |

Table 7.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.

23. ORANGE RIVER COLONY (1904)-continued.

Table 7.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1904-continued.


Table 8.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Religions. \& Persons. \& Males. \& Females. <br>
\hline Total Population \& 387,315 \& 210,095 \& 177,220 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{1. Christian Relig} <br>
\hline Church of England, Episcopalian \& 34,548 \& 22,415 \& 12,133 <br>
\hline Preshyterian ... \& 5,291 \& 3,637 \& 1,654 <br>
\hline Methodist $\quad$ Independent, ${ }_{\text {congregationalist }}^{\text {Ind }}$.... \& 65,744
1,803 \& 33,275
$1 ; 273$ \& $\mathbf{3 2 , 4 6 9}$
$\mathbf{5} 30$ <br>
\hline Baptist ... ... ... ... ... \& -1,175 \& 687 \& 488 <br>
\hline Unitarian... ${ }^{\text {Society of Friends }}$... ... .... .. \& 28 \& 27 \& 1 <br>
\hline Society of Friends
Lutheran ... ... \& ${ }^{5}$ \& 5 \& - <br>
\hline Salvation Army ... $\quad .$. \& 6,765
170 \& 3,519
101 \& 3,246
69 <br>
\hline Protestant, not otherwise described ... \& 1,883 \& 1,182 \& 701 <br>
\hline Christian, $\quad$ "utch Beformed $\quad$ \% $\quad$ \% \& 82 \& 61 \& 21 <br>
\hline Dutch Reformed ... ... ... \& 124,923 \& 64,703 \& 60,220 <br>
\hline Reformed
Paris Missionary
Society
... \& 5,507 \& 2,888 \& 2,619 <br>
\hline Paris Missionary Society ${ }^{\text {Minor Sects }}$... \& 3,483
497 \& 1,867

293 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,616 \\ \hline 204\end{array}$ <br>
\hline Roman Catholic ... ... ... ... \& 4,494 \& 3,232 \& 1,262 <br>
\hline Greek Catholic ... ... ... ... \& 96 \& 87 \& -9 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{IT. Non-Christian Religions-} <br>
\hline Jewish ... ... ... ... ... \& 1,616 \& 1,176 \& 440 <br>
\hline Hindu ... ... ... ... . ... \& 64 \& 53 \& 11 <br>
\hline Mohammedan .... ... ... : ... \& 39 \& 26 \& 13 <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Parsi } \\ \text { Buddhist ... } & \text {... } \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ \& 17 \& 1 \& - <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Budanist } . . . & . . . & \text {... } \\ \text { Pagan } & . . & \text {... } & \\ \end{array}$ \& 127,516 \& 14
68,439 \& <br>
\hline Agnostic ... ... ... ... ... \& 127,516 \& \& 59,07 <br>
\hline Deist Other Non-Christian Religions $\quad . .$. \& \& 7 \& 4 <br>
\hline III. Atheist, Sceptic, Freethinker, \&o. ... \& 121 \& 97 \& 24 <br>
\hline IV. Indefinite, Unspecified (all others not in cluded above) a \& 1,436 \& 1,030 \& 406 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$a$ Including :-

23. ORANGE RIVER COLONY (1904)-continued.

Table 9.-Degree of Education of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.


Table 10.-Infirmities of Persons, Males and Females, 1904.

| Infirmities. |  |  | Persons. | Males, | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blind ... ... ... ... ... | ... | ... | 392 | 217 | 175 |  |
| Deaf and Dumb ... ... ... | .. | ... | 132 | 82 | 50 |  |
| Deaf ... ... ... ... ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 199 | 115 | 84 |  |
| Dumb... ... ... ... | ... | ... | 34 | 19 | 15 |  |
|  | ... | ... | 244 | 152 | $\stackrel{92}{64}$ |  |
| Imbecile or Feeble Minded | ... | ... | 168 | 104 15 | 64 9 |  |
| Leprous an Eye (or Blind of One Eye) | .... | .... | + 424 | 324 | 100 |  |
| Lost a Limb ... ... ... ... | ... | ... | 213 | 178 | $3 \overline{0}$ |  |
| Accident or Violence (other) ... | ... | ... | 28 | 19 | 9 |  |
| Crippled (not Accident or Violence) | ... | ... | 161 | 125 | 36 |  |
| Epileptic ... ... ... ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 256 536 | 144 294 | $\begin{array}{r}112 \\ \hline 242\end{array}$ |  |
| Sick ... ... ... ... ... | . $*$ | ... |  |  |  |  |

## 24. TRANSVAAL (1904).

Table 1.-Area; Population, Buildings and Dwellings, 1904.

|  | Area <br> Square <br> Miles. | Buildings and Dwellings. |  |  |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | In course of Erection. | Total. | Kafir Huts (included in preceding Columne). | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Transvaal*... Swaziland ... ... | $\begin{array}{r} 111,196 \\ 6,536 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 283,193 \\ 27,736 \end{array}$ | 5,827 23 | 1,099 3 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 290,119 \\ 27,762 \end{array}\right\|$ | 195,598 27,327 | $\begin{array}{r}1,268,716 \\ 85,484 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}702,735 \\ 37,357 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 565,981 \\ 48,127 \end{array}$ |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Tranisvaal and } \\ \text { Swaziland } \end{array}\right\}$ | 117,732 | 310,929 | 5,850 | 1,102 | 317,881 | 222,925 | 1,354,200 | 740,092 | 614,108 |

* Including the Military Population of 14,149 (13,484 males and 665 females).


## 24. TRANSVAAL (1904)-continued.

Table 2.-Summary of Returns of Urban, Rural, and Military Populations, 1904.
Note.-The whole of the Urban and Military Popnlation was enumerated in the Transvaal proper, the population of Swaziland being entirely Rural.

|  | Transvaal. | Swaziland. | Transvail and Swazimand. |  |  | Pretoria Municipality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Urban. | Rural. | Military. |  |
| Total, All Ages $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { And Races } \\ \text { Females ... }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,268,716 \\ 702,735 \\ 565,981 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85,484 \\ & 37,357 \\ & .48,127 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 263,184 \\ 188,465 \\ 74,719 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,076,867 \\ 538,143 \\ 533,724 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .14,149 \\ \mathbf{1 3 , 4 8 4} \\ 665 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,700 * \\ & 25,338 \\ & 11,362 \end{aligned}$ |
| age Period- $\text { Under } 15 \text { years } \quad . .\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females ... } \end{array}\right.$ | 470,066 239,627 230,439 | $\begin{aligned} & 39,128 \\ & 19,774 \\ & 19,354 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54,622 \\ & 28,564 \\ & 26,058 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 453,998 \\ & 230,478 \\ & 223,520 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\cdots & 574 \\ & 359 \\ & 215\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,942 \\ 4,158 \\ \hline 8,784\end{array}$ |
| 15 years and upwards $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } . . \\ \text { Females ... }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r}798,650 \\ 463,108 \\ .835 .542 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 46,356 17,583 28,773 | $\begin{array}{r} 208,562 \\ 159,901 \\ . \quad 48,661 \end{array}$ | 622,869 307,665 315,204 | $\begin{array}{r}13,575 \\ 13,125 \\ \hline+\ldots 50\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78,768 \\ 21,180 \\ 7,7,578 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Races- $\text { Europeans or Whites }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females ... } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 299,327 \\ & 179,723 \\ & 119,604 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 598 \\ & 586 \\ & 312 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 145,634 \\ 88,240 \\ 57,394 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 145,278 . \\ 8: 3,171 . \\ \mathbf{6 2 , 1 0 7} \end{gathered}$ | 9,313. <br> 8,898 <br> 115 | 21,161 <br> 12,839 <br> 8,322 |
| $\text { Aboriginal Natives ... }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females ... } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9+5,498 \\ 506,186 \\ \mathbf{4 . 3 9 , 3 1 2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84,531 \\ & 36,745 \\ & 47,786 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,336 \\ 87,923 \\ 12,413 \end{array}$ | $925,442$ $451,005$ $474,437$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,251 \\ 4,003 \\ -248 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,290 \\ & 10,224 \\ & \hline 2,071 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { All-other Coloured } \\ \text { Persons. } \end{gathered} \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females ... } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,891 \\ -\quad 16,826 \\ 7,065 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 26 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17.214 \\ 12,302 \\ 4,912 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,147 \\ & \mathbf{3 , 9 6 7} \\ & 2,180 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{cr} \\ \cdots & 585 \\ \cdots & 583 \\ \cdots & 2\end{array}$ | 3,244 2,275 969 |

* A later return states that the total population was 38,519 , but no further details are available.

Table 3.-The Number of Males and Females under and over 15 Years of Age; the Percentage of Females to Persons under and over 15, and the Percentage of Males and Females under 15 to the Popdlation.

|  | Under 15 Years of age. |  |  |  | Over 15 Years of age. |  |  |  | Percentage to Total <br> Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Percentage of Females to Persons under 15: | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Perćentage of Females to Persons over 15. | Persons under 15 Years. | Males under 15 Years. | Females under 15 Years. |
| Transvaal | $\begin{array}{r} 470,066 \\ 39,128 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 239,627 \\ 19,774 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 230,439 \\ 19,354 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \cdot 02 \\ & 49 \cdot 46 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 463,108 \\ 17,583 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 335,542 \\ 28,773 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \cdot 01 \\ & 62 \cdot 07 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 05 \\ & 45 \cdot 77 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \cdot 89 \\ & 23 \cdot 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \cdot 16 \\ & 22 \cdot 64 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total ... | 509,194 | 259,401 | 249,793 | $49 \cdot 06$ | 845,006 | 480,691 | 364,315 | $43 \cdot 11$ | 37:60 | $19 \cdot 15$ | $18 \cdot 45$ |

Table 4.-Popdlation of the Municipalities* comprised within the Witwatersrand area, distinguishing the different Races.

| Muniotpalities. | all Races. |  |  | - Race Distinction. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Europeans or Whites. |  |  | Aboriginal Natives. |  |  | All other Coloured Races, |  |  |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females, | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Boksburg• (MunicipaI | 14,650 | 12,617 | 2,033 | 4,143 | 2,788 | 1,355 | 9,912 | 9,412 | 500 | 595 | 417 | 178 |
| Germiston (Municipal | 29,645 | 25,420 | 4,225 | 9,268 | 6,216 | 3,052 | 19,514 | 18,564 | 950 | 863 | 640 | 223 |
| Johannesburg*(Municipal Area). | 158,580 | 118,917 | 39,663 | 83,902 | 52,043 | 31,860 | 62,524 | 58,405 | 4,119 | 12,154 | 8,470 | 3,684 |
| Krugersdorp (Municipal Area). | 19,483 | 15,769 | 3,694 | 6,657 | 3,982 | 2,675 | 12,091 | 11,307 | 784 | 735 | 500 | 235 |
| Boodepoort - Maraisbuyg Urban Area) | 16,362 | 13,636 | 2,726 | 5,268 | 3,396 | 1,872 | 10.530 | 9,872 | 658 |  | 368 | 196 |
| Springs (Urban Area) .. | 4,957 | 4,256 | 701 | 1,095 | 707 | 388 | 3,736 | 3,467 | 269. | 126 | 82 | 44 |
| $\ldots{ }^{\text {. }}$, Total .. .. | 243,677 | \|190,635 | | 53,042 | 110,333 | 69,131 | 41,202 | 118,307 | 111,027 | 7,280 | 15,037 | .10,477 | \% 5 4,580 |

*The popnlations given in tbis Table for the several Municipalities are derived from the Preliminary Report; it has been ascertained bowever, that the population of Johannesburg as finally revised was $\mathbf{1 5 5 , 6 4 2}$ persons, of whom 83,363 were Europeans or Whites."

No Statistics of Ages, Condition as to Marriage, Occupations, Birthplaces, Religions, or Infirmities have been received in time for publication.

## 25. BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE (1904).

Table 1.-Ages and Rage distinction of the Poptlation, 1904.

'Note.-The ahove numbers include an estimate for the wandering tribes of Bakalahari and Basarwa. They are estimated to number 10,000 , and are apportioned equally among the age periods and the sexes,

## 26. SOUTHERN RHODESIA (1904).

Table 1.-Area; Total Population, 1904 ; European or White Population, 1901 and 1904.


* Derived from the Colonial Office List.

Table 2.-European or White Population in each Division, 1901 and 1904.


Table 3.-Native Population,* distinguishing (a) those enumerated on Householders' Schedules, and (b) those enumerated by the Native Department, including those working at the Mines, 1904.

| - | Total Natives. |  |  | Natives enumerated on Householders' Schedules. |  |  | Natives enumerated by the Native Department (including those working at the Mines). |  |  | Male Natives working at the Mines. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| Sonthern Rhodesia | 591,197 | 289,864 | 301,333 | 18,632 | 17,756 | 876 | 572,565 | 272,108 | 300,457 | 9,818 |
| Mashonaland ... | 391,735 | 193,946 | 197,789 | 9,905 | 9,360 | 545 | 381,830 | 184,586 | 197,244 | 4,007 |
| Matabeleland ... | 199,462 | 95,918 | 103,544 | 8,727 | 8,396 | 331 | 190,735 | 87,522 | 103,213 | 5,811 |

[^35]26. SOUTHERN RHODESIA (1904)-continued.

Table 4.-Condition as to Marriage and Race Distinction of the Native Population, exclusive of those enumerated on Householders' Schedules, distinguishing Males under. 15 years of Age and those Aged 15 years and upwards, 1904.

27. NORTHERN RHODESIA, comprising the two Provinces of North-Eastern Rhodesia and North-Western Rhodesia (Barotseland).

The area of the Protectorate is estimated at about 606,170 square miles (see Colonial Office List). No complete Census was taken, but in North-Eastern Rhodesia the number of Europeans was returned as approximately 188, and the number of the Native Population as $338 ; 878$. It is impossible to give any estimate of the population of North-Western Rhodesia.

## 28. BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA.

No Census was taken in this Protectorate. The area has been estimated at 42,217 square miles, and the population at 736,724 .

## 29. ZANZIBAR ISLAND AND PEMBA ISLAND.

No Census was taken in this Protectorate. The area has been estimated at 1,020 square miles; and the population at 250,000 .

## 30. EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

No Census was taken in this Protectorate. The area has been estimated at 268,900 square milès, and the population at $4,000,000$.

## 31. UGANDA PROTECTORATE.

No Census was taken in this Protectorate. The area has been estimated at 85,960 square miles, and the population at $1,808,116$.

## 32. SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE.

No Censns was taken in this Protectorate. The area has been estimated at 60,000 square miles, and the population at 153.018.

## 33．ASCENSION ISLAND．

Table 1．－Area；Population， 1891 and 1901.

| Area in Square Miles． | Population． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1891. <br> Total Perèons． | 1901. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total Persons． | Officers and Men of |  | Others，including Wives and Families of Officers，\＆c．，of Royal Navy and Marines． |  |
|  |  |  | Royal Navy． | Royal Marines． | Males． | Females． |
| 34 | 205 | 410 | 186 | 141 | 33 | 50 |

Table 2．－Ages of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.


Table 3．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

|  | －－ | All Ages． | Under 15 years． | 15－ | 20－ | 25－ | 35－ | 45－ | 55 years and upward6． | Not stated． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unmarried | （ Persons ．．． | 198 | 39 | （i） | 44 | 89 | 19 | － | － | 1 |
|  | ．．．Males ．．． | 172 | 20 | 4 | 40 | 88 | 19 | － | － | 1 |
|  | ，Females ．．． | 26 | 19 | 2 | 4 | 1 | $\square$ | － | － | － |
| Married | ｜Persons ．．． | 82 | － | － | 2 | 40 | 29 | 9 | $\cdots$ | － |
|  | $\cdots$ Af Males＝．z | 59 | 一 | － | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 28 | 22 | 7 | $\underline{-}$ | － |
|  | Females ．．． | 23 | 二 | － | $\underline{2}$ | 12 | 7 | 2 | － |  |
| Widdwed | ．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Persons }\end{array}\right.$ | 1 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 1 | 二 | － | － | － |
|  | ．．．Females ．．． | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |  |
| Not etated | ［ Persons ．．． | 128 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 128 |
|  | ．．．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females ．．．}\end{array}\right.$ | 128 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － | 128 |

Table 4．－Ocoupations of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

＊．Including 128 Kroomen－natives of Sierra Leone．
Table 5．－Birthplacis of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

34. ST. HELENA.

Table 1.-Area; Population, 1901.

| Area in Square Miles. | Population, 1901. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. |  |  | Resident Population. | Garrison. | Shipping. | Prisoners of War. |
| 47 | Persons <br> Males ... <br> Females | ... <br> $\cdots$ <br> .. | 9,850 7,937 1,913 | 3,342 1,534 1,808 | 1,537 1,433 $104 *$ | 321 320 1 | 4,650 4,650 - |

* Including 69 children in the Garrison, all of whom are counted as Females.

Table 2.—Resident Population ; Persons, Males and Females, at each Census, 1839 to 1901.

|  |  |  |  | 1839. | 1851. | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4,205 | 5,490 | 5,496 | 5,838 | 4,511 | 3,877 | 3,342 |
| Males | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2,066 | 2,73 | 2,610 | 2,681 | 2,069 | 1,775 | 1,534 |
| Females | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2,139 | 2,517 | 2,886 | 3,157 | 2,442 | 2,102 | 1,808 |

table 3.-Ages of the Resident Population ; Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| - | All Aghs. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & 10 \\ & \text { years. } \end{aligned}$ | 10- | 14- | 20- | 30- | 40- 45 - | 50- | 60- | 70- | 80 and under 90. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons | 3,342 | 969 | 342 | 440 | 530 | 334 | 251 | 226 | 157 | 74 | 19 |
| Males | 1,034 | 484 | 160 | 223 | 229 | 135 | $45 \quad 151$ | 107 | 71 | 24 | 5 |
| Females . | 1,808 | 485 | 182 | 217 | 301 | 199 | 155 | 119 | 86 | 50 | 14 |

Table 4.-Condition as to Marriage of the Resident Population; Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


Table 5.-Occupations of the Resident Population ; Males and Females, 1901.

| Males. |  |  | Femaies. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Occupation. |  | Namber | Occupation. |  |  | Number |
| Total ... ... ... ... |  | 1,534 | Total ... ... ... ... <br> Seamstresse |  |  | 1,808 |
|  |  | 10 |  |  |  | 55 |
| Merchants and Shopkeepers | $\ldots$ | 30 | Domestics Laundresses ... |  | $\ldots$ | ${ }_{132}^{166}$ |
| Farmers and Gardeners ... | ... | 62 | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Married } & . . \\ \text {.... } & \text {... }\end{array}$ |  | $\ldots$ | ${ }_{438}$ |
| Mechanics and Apprentices | $\ldots$ | ${ }_{5}^{51}$ | Shopkeepers and Merchants |  | ... | 28 |
|  | $\ldots$ | ${ }_{67} 10$ | Schoolmistresses and Teachers |  | ... | 11 |
| Domestics ... ... ... ... | $\ldots$ | 46 | Indefinite or Unoccupied ... |  |  | 24 954 |
| ${ }_{\text {Labourers }}^{\text {Pensioners }} \ldots$ | . | 298 | cheinite or Unoccupied ... |  |  |  |
| Pensioners and House Proprietors | $\ldots$ | 173 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Police ... ${ }^{\text {Mariners }}$.. | $\cdots$ | 9 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |
| Mariners Indefinite or Ünoccupied $\ldots \ldots$ ... ... | ... | 8 750 |  |  |  |  |

34．ST．HELENA－continued．

Table 6．－Birthplaces of the Resident Population， 1901.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pi } \\ & \text { 骶 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 䀂 | 迺 | 曹 |  | 宫 | 宫 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3，342 | 3，172 | 94 | 38 | 3 | 26 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | 1 |

Table 7．－Infirmities of the Restdent Population ；Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

|  |  | － |  |  |  | Blind． | Deaf and Dumb． | Imbecile． | Lunatic． | Crippled． | Leprous． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons Males <br> Females | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ． | 3 | 3 | 2. | 7 | 17 | 1 |
|  | ．．． | $\ldots$ | － | ．．． | ．．． | 1 | － | 1 | 2 | 11 | 1 |

## 35．TRISTAN DA CUNHA．

No Census was taken，but the Commander of His Majesty＇s Ship＂Beagle，＂which visited the Island in November，1901，reports that－
$a$＂There are 18 different families，the population in all being $74:-19$ men， 26 women，and 29 children．＂
$b$＂In the last three years there have been two deaths and eight births．In both cases death was from violent cause．＂

## 36．MAURITIUS AND DEPENDENCIES．

Table 1．－Maurifius and Dependencies．－Area；Houses and Population， 1901.


[^36]36. MAURITIUS AND DEPENDENCIES-continued.

Table 2.-Mauritius and Dependencies.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Census, 1851 to 1901.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Censís } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Mauritiots and Deppndencies. |  |  | Island of Mauritius. |  |  | Dependencies. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 1851 | 184,696 | 122,668 | 62,028 | 183,506 | 121,815 | 61,691 | 1.190 | 853 | 337 |
| $1861 *$ | 315,031 | 207,236 | 107,795 | 313,462 | 206,110 | 107,302 | 1,569 | 1,126 | 443 |
| 1871 | 319,378 | 195,935 | 123,443 | 317,069 | 194,453 | 122,616 | 2,309 | 1,482 | 827 |
| 1881 | 363,728 | 211;322 | 152,406 | 360,847 | 209,560 | 151,287 | 2,881 | 1,762 | 1,119 |
| 1891 | 374,879 | 209,007 | 165,872 | 371,655 | 207,103 | 164,552 | 3,224 | 1,904 | 1,320 |
| 1901 | 378,196 | 204,540 | 173,655 | 373,336 | 201,778 | 171,508 | 4,859 | 2,762 | 2,097 |

* The large increase of population between 1851 and 1861 was due to the immigration of Indians.

Table 3.-Island of Mauritius.-Number of Persons in each District living on Sugar Estates and those living Elsewhere at each Census, 1881 to 1901 (excluding Mijitary).

|  |  |  |  | No | Sugar | Es. |  | GGar Est |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| Port Louis... . | ... | ... | ... | 67,189 | 62,515 | 52,740 | - | - | - |
| Pamplemousses ... | ... | ... | ... | 26,678 | 26,034 | 29,037 | 10,992 | 12,513 | 9,980 |
| Riviere du Rempart | ... | ... | ... | 6,817 | 10,633 | 12,001 | 13,909 | 13,518 | 14,678 |
| Flacq Prand Por | ... | ... | ... | 22,567 | 28,953 | 35,676 | 33,455 | 27,781 | 19,512 |
| Grand Port ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ..' | 23,399 | 26,993 | 33,787 | 29,583 | 21,176 | 15,781 |
| Black River ... | $\ldots$ | .... | $\cdots$ | 12,082 | 17,581 | 17,261 | 22,365 | 17,396 | 17,615 |
| Plaines Wilhems ... | ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 10,174 $\mathbf{3 0 , 8 2 1}$ | 11,029 45,880 | 11,121 | - ${ }_{\text {5,118 }} \mathbf{1 5} \mathbf{4 9 4}$ | 4,669 11711 | 2,942 |
| $\begin{array}{crrr}\text { Moka } & & . . & \ldots \\ & . & & \text { Total }\end{array}$ | .... | .... | $\ldots$ | 16,179 | 18,062 | 58,898 21,059 | 15;494 | 11,711 14,490 | $\mathbf{4 , 7 3 6}$ 14,199 |
|  | $\cdots$ | ... |  | 215,906 | 247,680 | 271,580 | 144,505 | 123,254 | 99,443 |
| Increase + or Decrease - per cent. |  |  |  | - | $+14 \cdot 7$ | + 9.7 | - | - 14.7 | - $19 \cdot 3$ |

Table 4.-Mauritius and Dependencies.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

36. MAURITIUS AND DEPENDENOIES-continued:

Table 5.-Mauritius and Dependencies.-Condition as to Marriage of Persons,
Males and Females, 1901.

| Condition as to Marriage. | $\because \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Madritius and } \\ \text { Dependencies. }\end{gathered}$ |  |  | Island of Mauritius. |  |  | Dependencies. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females: | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Unimarried* | 304,465 | 168,840 | 135,625 | 300,816 | 166,720 | 134,096 | 3,649 | 2,120 | 1,529 |
|  | 54,794 | 27,887 | 26,907 | -3,718 | 27,308 | 26,410 | 1,076 | 579 | 497 |
| Widowed ... $\quad .$. | 14,406 | 4,387 | 10,019 | 14,282 | . $\quad 4,328$ | 9,954 | 124. | - 09 | 65 |
| Not stated- $\quad \cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civil Population ... | 2,217 | 1,200 | 1,017 | 2,207 | 1,196 | 1,011 |  | $\cdots 4$ | 6 |
| Military in Barracks ... | 2,313 | 2,226 | 87 | 2,313 | 2,226 | 87 | - | $\cdots$ | - |

* Inoludes a large number of Indians, married according to their own rites, whose marriages are not legally recognised
in Mauritins.
Table 6.-Matritius and Dependencies.-Occupations of Males and Females
(excluding Military), 1901.


Table 6．－Mauritius and Dependencies．－Occupations of Males and Females （excluding Military），1901－continued．

| Ocoupations． |  |  |  |  |  | Males． | Females． | Occu | Pati |  |  |  | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrial－cont． |  |  |  |  |  | 2，722 | － | Industrial－cont． |  |  |  |  | 26 | － |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Masons and Brieklayers } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Mat and Bag Makers } & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { ．．．}\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tanners $\quad .$. | $\ldots$ | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．．． |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 41 \end{array}$ | 91 | Timber Squarers Tinsmiths ．．． |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 695 \end{array}$ |  |
| Mattress Makers ．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | ．．． | ．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 695 \\ & 174 \end{aligned}$ | － |
| Musical | rum | Ma | ers |  | ．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |  | Tobacconists ．．． Tomb Makers | $\ldots$ | ．．． | ．．． |  | 174 |  |
| Painters，Glaziers，and Plumbers ．．． |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 384 \\ & 221 \end{aligned}$ | － |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | － |
| PrintersSaddlers andHarness Makers |  |  |  |  | ．．． |  | － | Tomb Makers Upholsterers．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | $\cdots$ |  | 9 | 二 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ．．． | 26562 |  | Umbrella Makera Watchmakers | ．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ．．． | 46586 | － |
| Sail Ma | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scavengers $\ldots$ |  |  | ．．． |  | ．．． | 151 |  | Watchmakers Wheelwrights |  | ．．． |  |  | 80，612 |  |
|  |  |  | ．．． |  | $\ldots$ | $2{ }_{2}^{21}$ |  | Indefinite and Non－Prodoctive． |  |  |  |  |  | 158，010 |
| Shoema |  |  |  |  |  | 1,31819 | － | Independent Proprietors and Fundholders |  |  |  |  | 2，717 | 761 |
| Stone C |  | ．．． | ．．． |  | ．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soap Ma | ．．． | －． |  |  |  | 6 | 二 | Jobmen $\ldots$ ．．．．．．Persons without employment |  |  |  | ．．． | $\begin{array}{r} 2,925 \\ \mathbf{5 5 , 7 7 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 117,848 \\ 39,197 \end{array}$ |
| Stokers | ．．． | ．．． |  |  |  | 496 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tailors | ．．． | ．．． | ． |  | ．．． |  | 13 | Persons whose emp | oym | tsar |  | ots |  |  | 19，194 |

Table 7．－Mauritius and Dependencles．－Birthplaces of Persons，Males and Females （excluding Military）， 1901.

| Plance of Bitith． |  |  | Mauritios and Dependenoies． |  |  | Island of Matritios． |  |  | DEPENDENCIES． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females， |
| Total Population ．．． | －＊ | ．．． | 375，882 | 202，314 | 173，568 | 371，023 | 199，552 | 171，471 | 4，859 | 2，762 | 2，097 |
| Edrope－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| England ．．．．．． |  | －$*$ | 290 | 207 | 83 | 287 | 204 | － 83 | 3 | 3 | － |
| Scotland ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 76 | 66 | 10 | 76 | 66 | 10 | － | － | － |
| Ire］and．．．－．． | ＊－ | ．．． | 60 | 42 | 18 | 59 | 41 | 18 | 1 | 1 | － |
| Other British Possessions | ．．． | ．．． | 14 | 10 | 4 | 14 | 10 | 4 | －． | － | － |
| Sweden ．．．．．． |  |  | 12 | 12 | － | 12 | 12 | － | － | － | － |
| Denmark ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 6 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 2 | － | － | － |
| Belgium ．．．．．． | ． | ．．． | 11 | 8 | 3 | 11 | 8 | 3 | － | － | － |
| Holland | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | － | － | － |
| France＊ | － | ．＊ | 361 | 266 | 95 | 357 | 263 | 94 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Germany | ．．． | ．．． | － 21 | 20 | 1 | 21 | 20 | 1 | － | － | － |
| Russia ．．． | ．．． | －•• | 2 | 2 | － | 2 | 2 | － | － | － | － |
| Spain ${ }^{\text {P }}$－${ }^{\text {P }}$ | ．．． | ．．． | 3 | 3 | － | 3 | 3 | － | － | － | － |
| Portugal ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | － | － | － |
| Italy ．．． |  | ．．． | 26 | 17 | 9 | 26 | 17 | 9 | － | － | － |
| Austria ${ }^{\text {Switzerland }}$ ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | － | － | － | － |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Gritzerland } & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Greece }\end{array}$ | ．．． | ．．． | 4 2 | 2 | $-2$ | 4 2 | 2 | 2 | 二 | － | － |
| AsIA－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ceylon ．．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | 16 | ， 9 | 7 | 16 | 9 | 7 | － | － | － |
| －Hong Kong ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 377 | $\dot{369}$ | 8 | 377 | 369 | 8 | － | － | － |
| Indian Empire－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bengal Presidency | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 38，565 | 25，316 | 13，249 | 38，541 | 25，297 | 13，244 | 24 | 19 | 5 |
| Malras Presidency | ．．． | ．．． | 17，434 | 11，604 | 5，830 | 17，412 | 11，584 | － 5,828 | 22 | 20 | 2 |
| －．．．Bombay Presidency | ．．． | ．．． | 3，284 | 2，235 | 1，049 | 3，262 | 2，214 | 1，048 | 22 | 21 | 1 |
| Aden <br> Singapore | ． | $\cdots$ | 7 19 | 4 19 | － 3 | 7 19 | 4 | － 3 | － | － | － |
| Singapore ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 19 | 19 | － | 19 | 19 | － | － | － | － |
| China ．．．．．．．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | 3，125 | 3，075 | 50 | 3，119 | 3，069 | 50 | 6 | 6 | － |
| Other parts of Asia＊ | ＊－ | ．．． | 409 | 316 | 98 | 403 | 311 | 92 | 6 | 5 | l＇ |
| Africa－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mauritius ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．＊＊ | 306，209 | 155，662 |  | 305，082 | 154，959 | 150，123 | 1，127 | 703 | 424 |
| Dependencies ．．． | －•• | ．．． | 3，554 | 1，835 | 1，719 | 270 | 145 | 125 | 3，284 | 1，690 | 1，594 |
| Seychelles | ．．． | ．．． | $\cdots 68$ | 50 | 18 | － | － | － | 68 | 50 | 18 |
| Cape of Good Hope ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 108 | 71 | 37 | 108 | 71 | 37 | － | － | 18 |
| Zanzibar ．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 20 | 18 | 2 | 17 | 15 | 2 | 3 | 3 | － |
| Réunion＊．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 998 | 445 | 553 | 952 | 418 | 534 | $\cdot 46$ | 27 | 19 |
| Madagascar $\dagger$ ．．．．．． | ． | ． | 411 | 327 | 84 | 269 | 197 | 72 | 142 | 130 | 12 |
| Mezambique ．．．．．． | －．． | ．．． | 220 | 170 | 50 | 133 | 102 | 31 | 87 | 68 | 19 |
| Egypt ．．． <br> Other parts of Africa | －$\cdot$ | ．．． | 6 75 | 6 59 | － 16 | 6 | 6 | － | － | － | － |
| Other parts of Africa | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 75 | 59 | 16 | 62 | 47 | 15 | 13 | 12 | 1 |
| America－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| British West Indies ．．． | －•• | ．．． | 12 | 10 | 2 | 12 | 10 | 2 | － | － | － |
| United States ．．． | ．． | ．．． | 15 | 14 | 1 | 14 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | － |
| fruadeloupe ．．．．．． | －$\cdot$ | ．．． | 17 | 11 | 6 | 17 | 11 | 6 | － | － | － |
| AUSTRALAg14 ．．．．．． | ＊． | $\cdots$ | 34 | 20 | 14 | 34 | 20 | 14 | $\rightarrow$－ | $\rightarrow$ | － |

[^37]
## 36．MAURITIUS AND DEPENDENCIES－continued．

Table 8．－Island of Mauritius．－Indian Population compared with the General Population （excluding Military and Foreign Shipping Populations），1846－1901．

| Census Year． | Total Population． | Population， excluding Indians． | Indian Population．＊ | No．of Indians <br> in 1,000 of the Total Population． | Increase per cent． of Total Population． | Increase per cent．of Population excluding Indians． | Increase per cent． of Indian Population． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1846 | 158.462 | 102，217 | 56，245 | 355 | － | － | － |
| 1851 | 180，823 | 102，827 | 77，996 | 431 | $14 \cdot 1$ | 6.6 | $38 \cdot 7$ |
| 1861 | 310，050 | 117，416 | 192，634 | 621 | $71 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 2$ | $147 \cdot 0$ |
| 1871 | 316，042 | 99，784 | 216，258 | 684 | $1 \cdot 9$ | $-15 \cdot 0 \dagger$ | $12 \cdot 3$ |
| 1881 | 359，874 | 110，881 | 248，993 | 692 | $13 \cdot 9$ | 11.1 | $15 \cdot 1$ |
| 1891 | 370，588 | 114，668 | 255，920 | 691 | $3 \cdot 0$ | 3.4 | $2 \cdot 8$ |
| 1901 | 370，526 | 111，440 | 259，086 | 699 | －0．0† | －2．8† | $1 \cdot 2$ |

＊Jncluding those of Indian parentage born in Mauritius．
$\dagger$ Decrease
Table 9．－Mauritius and Dependencies．－Religions of Persons，Males and Females
（excluding Military）， 1901.

| Religions． | Total． |  |  | Nationality． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Europeans， White，Mixed， or Coloured． |  | Aftricans． |  | Indians．＊ |  | Chinese． |  |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Fe：nales． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females： |
| Total ．．． | 375，882 | 202，314 | 173，568 | 55，105 | 57，322 | 512 | 131 | 143，240 | 116，057 | 3，457 | 58 |
| Atheists ．．． | 7 | 4 | 3 | 1 | － | 二 | － | 3 | 3 | 二 | － |
| Baptists ．．． | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | $\stackrel{2}{15}$ | 1 | $-{ }^{2}$ | 二 | － | 15 |  |  | － |
| Brahmins <br> Buddhists <br>  | － $\begin{array}{r}\text { 30 } \\ 3,277\end{array}$ | － | ${ }_{56}^{15}$ | 12 |  | － |  | ${ }_{4}^{15}$ | ${ }_{1}^{19}$ | 3，205 | 47 |
| Roman Catholics | 117，102 | 57，909 | 59，193 | 52，136 | 54，498 | 348 | 96 | 5，215 | 4，593 | 210 | 6 |
| Christians，not distinguished | 418 | 208 | 210 | 173 | 165 | 1 | － | 31 | 45 | 3 | － |
| Congregation－ alists． | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | － | － | 2 | － | － | － |
| Deiste ．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．．． | 5 |  | － | 1 | － | 4 | － | － | － |  | － |
| Freethinkers ．．．． | 13 | 11 |  | 11 | ${ }^{2}$ | － | 二 | 二 | 二 | － | 二 |
| Greek Church ．．． Hindus | 206，243 | 114：243 | 92，000 | 13 | －8 | － | － | 114，22\％ | 91，990 |  | 二 |
| Independents ．．．． |  |  | － |  | 二 | － | 二 | 2 |  | － |  |
|  | ${ }_{11}^{5}$ | ${ }_{11}^{4}$ |  | ${ }_{11}^{2}$ | － | － | 二 | 2 | $-1$ | － |  |
| Mohammedans．． | 41，235 | 22，656 | 18，579 | 21 | 31 | 11 | 1 | 22，623 | 18，547 | 1 |  |
| Now Jerusalem | 138 | 63 | 75 | 62 | 75 | － | － | 1 | － | － | － |
| Parsis ．．． |  | ${ }_{63}^{33}$ | 178 | 1 | ${ }_{560}$ | $\overline{8}$ | $\bigcirc$ | ＋32． | 17 77 | 二 | － |
| Presbyterians ．．． | 1，285 | 645 |  | 535 |  | 8 | 3 |  | 77 | － |  |
| （Church of England） | 3，321 | 1，699 | 1，622 | 1，060 | 1122 | 10 | 5 | 618 | 494 | 11 | 1 |
| Protestants，not distinguished |  | 926 | 771 | 640 |  | 26 | 13 | 255 | 197 | ； | － |
| Sikhs ．．． | ${ }^{1,31}$ | 15 | 16 |  |  | 二 | 二 | 11 | $\sim^{10}$ | － |  |
| Swedenborgians | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 二 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 |  |
| Wesleyans ．．． | 9 | \％${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | 6 406 |  | $\stackrel{\square}{99}$ | $\overline{11}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{J}} 00$ | ${ }_{65}$ | $\stackrel{7}{22}$ | 4 |
| Not stated ．．． | 990 | 627 | 363 | 406 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

＊Including those of Indian parentage born in Manritius．
Table 10．－Matritius and Dependencies．－Number of Males and Females returned as Deaf，Dumb，Blind，and Insane，1901．＊

＊See note（ $n$ ），page 69.
19809

## 3 S. SEYCHELLES ISLANDS.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1891 and 1901, in the several Islands.


* The number of houses was returned only in those Islands for which figures are given in the Tahle.
$\dagger$ The acrenge of the above Islands has been derived from the Seychelles Blue Book, 1900; the "acre" is 200 square feet, French measure.
$\ddagger$ The figures for Mahé Island include the Shipping Population; and, in 1891, the crew of H.M.S. "Marathon " (152 males).
Table 2.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Census 1851 to 1901 (exclusive of persons on Ships not belonging to the Colony).


Table 3.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Ages. |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Ages. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| all Mges | ... | 19,258 | -9,825 | 9,433 |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 year | ... | 527 | 253 | 274 | 55-60 ... | 571 | 315 | 256 |
| 1-5 | ... | 1,880 | 961 | 919 | 60-65 ... ... | 376 | 194 | 182 |
| 5-19 | ... | 2,452 | 1,223 | 1,229 | $65-70$... ... | 229 | 106 | 123 |
| 10-15 | ... | 2,239 | 1,195 | 1,044 | 70-75 ... | 176 | 83 | 93 |
| 150-20 | ... | 1,673 | 782 | 891 | 75-80 .. | 97 | 41 | 56 |
| 20-25 | ... | 1,738 | 897 | 841 | $80-85$... ... | 64 | 23 | 41 |
| 25-30 | ... | 1,784 | 903 | 881 | 85-90 ... ... | 16 | 7 | 9 |
| 30-35 | ... | 1,397 | 735 | 662 | $90-95$... ... | 16 | 4 | 12 |
| -35-40 | $\cdots$ | 1,214 | 632 | 582 | 95-100 ... ... | 10 | 3 | 7 |
| $40-45$ $4.5-50$ | $\cdots$ | 974 956 | 522 481 | 452 475 | 100 and upwards... | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 50-55 : | $\cdots$ | 835 | 450 | 385 | Not stated... ... | 29 | 13 | 16 |

37. SEYCHELLES ISLANDS-continued.

Table 4.-Condition as to Marriage, distinguishing the Afridan Population* from the General Population, 1901.

| - |  |  | Total. | Unmarried. | Married. | Widowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population . | Persons ... | ... | 19,258 | 12,256 | 6,212 | 790 |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons ... } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ | - | 17,981 | 11,947 | 5,346 | $\stackrel{88}{ }$ |
| General Population ... | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ | .. | $\mathbf{9 , 0 8 6}$ 8,895 | 6,221 $\mathbf{6 , 7 2 6}$ | 2,674 | 191 |
|  | (Persons ... | .. | 1,256 | $\begin{array}{r}0,726 \\ \hline 292\end{array}$ | 2,672 862 | 102 |
| African Population* | Males ... | . | ${ }^{2} 719$ | 201 | 474 | 44 |
| Atican | Females... | ... | 537 | 91 | 388 | 58 |
|  | P Persons ... | . | 21 | 17 | 4 | - |
| Foreign Shipping ... | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females... }\end{array}\right.$ |  | 20 1 | -17 | 3 | - |

* The African Population inclades 1,200 African Liberated Slaves, and 53 Political Prisoners with their fellowers.

Table 5.-Occupations of the Population, 1901.


Table 6.-Birthplaces of the Population, 1901.


* Including 21 Persons on board two foreign ships of whom 1 was born in England, 6 in Norway, 13 in Mauritius and Dependencies, and 1 in Ráunion,


## 37. SEYCHELLES ISLANDS-continued.

Table 7.-Nationalities of the Population, 1901,

| Nationality. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Nationality. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | ... | ... | ... | 19,258* | Swiss ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Turks ... | ... | ... |  | $\ldots$ | ... | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Chinese ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 988 |
| British ... <br> Africans... |  | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 17,256 | Arabians | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 |
| French ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 188 | Malagassies | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 47 |
| Swedes ... | ... |  |  |  | ... | 2 | Zanzibaris | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3 |
| Germans... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6 | Abyssinians | $\cdots$ | :.. | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 12 |
| Spaniards |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | Americans | - | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 5 |
| Portuguese | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 24 9 | Japanese... Brazilians | ... | .... | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |
| Norwegians | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | . $\cdot$ | ... |  | Brazilians | ... | $\cdots$ | ... |  | ... |  |

* Including 13 British, 1 French, 1 Swede, and 6 Norwegians on two foreign vesscls.

Table 8.-Religions of the Population, Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| - Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Religions. |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total* | 19,258 | 9,825 | 9,433 | New Church ... |  |  | 5 389 | 2 356 | 3 33 |
| Protestant (not distin- |  |  |  | Hindu ... |  |  | 3 | 37 | - |
| guished) ... ... | 2,522 | 1,285 | 1,237 | Parsi ... | ... | .. | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Roman Catholic ... ... | 16,059 | 7,960 | 8,099 | Mohammedan |  | ... | 63 | 56 | 7 |
| Church of England ... | 87 | 53 | 34 | Chinese ... |  | ... | 65 | 64 | 1 |
| Preshyterian ... ... | 1 | 1 | - | Shintoist ... | $\cdots$ | - | 1 | 1 |  |
| Intheran (Evangelist) ... | 2 1 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ |  | Freethinker | $\ldots$ | . | 2 | 1 | ${ }_{11}^{1}$ |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Methodist... } & \text {.. } & \text {... } \\ \text { Anglican ... } & \text {... } & \end{array}$ | 1 20 | 13 | 7 | No Religion Not stated |  | . | 25 6 | 14 | 11 |

* Including 20 males and 1 female on board two foreign vessels, all of whom were Roman Catholics.

Table 9.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, returned as Blind, Deaf, Dumb, and Insane, 1901.


## 38. SOCOTRA.

No Census was taken in this Island. The area is estimated at 1,382 square miles, and the population at 12,000 .
39. DOMINION OF CANADA.

Table 1.-Area; Houses, and Population, 1901.

| Provinces and Territories. | Area in Square Miles.* | Houses. | Population. $\dagger$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Dominion of Canada ... ... | 3,745,574 | 1,028,892. | 5,371,315 | 2,751,708 | 2,619,607. |
| British Columbia ... ... | 372,630 | 36,938 | 178,657 | 114,160 | 64,497 |
| Manitoba ... ... ... | 73,732 | 49,784 | 255,211 | 138,504 | 116,707 |
| New Brunswick ... ... | 27,985 | 58,226 | 331,120 | 168,639 | 162,481 |
| Nova Scotia ... ... .. | 21,428 | .85:313 | 459,574 | 233,642 | 225,932 |
| Ontario ... ${ }^{\text {Princt }}$... | 260,862 | 445,310 | 2,182,947 | 1,096,640 | 1,086,307 |
| Prince Edward Island ... Quebec | 2,184 351,873 | 18,530 | 103,259 | 51,959 | 51,300 |
| Quebec $\begin{aligned} & \text { North-West Territories ( } \\ & \text { (a) } \\ & \text { N }\end{aligned}$ | 351,873 298,380 | 18,427 $\mathbf{3 2 , 1 9 5}$ | 1,648,898 | 824,454 87438 | 824,444 |
| Unorganised Territories (b) ... | 2,336,500 | 11,169 | 152,709 | 87,488 $\mathbf{3 6 , 2 7 2}$ | 11,437 |

[^38]
## 39. DOMINION OF CANADA-continued.

Table 2.-Population at each Census, 1871 to 1901 , with Increase or Deorease per cent., for Provinges and Territories.

| Provinces and Thrritories. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. | Inorease or Dedrease ( - ) PER CENT. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1871-1881. | 1881-1891. | 1891-1901. |
| Dominion of Canada ... ... | 3,689,257 | 4,324,810 | 4,833,239 | 5,371,315 | 17•2 | $11 \cdot 8$ | $11 \cdot 1$ |
| British Oolumbia ... ... Manitoba | 36,247 | 49,459 | 98,173 | 178,657 | $36 \cdot 4$ | 98.5 | $82 \cdot 0$ |
| Manitoba ... ... ... New Brunswick | 25,228 285,594 | 62,260 | 152,506 | 255,211 | 146.8 | $98 \cdot 5$ $145 \cdot 0$ | $82 \cdot 0$ $67 \cdot 3$ |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { New Brunswick } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Nova Scotia } & \text {... } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 285,594 $\mathbf{3 8 7 , 8 0 0}$ | 321,233 440,572 | 321,263 | 331,120 | 12.5 | 0.0 | $3 \cdot 1$ |
| Ontario ... ... ... .. <br>  ..   | $\mathbf{3 8 7}, 800$ $1,620,851$ | 440,572 $1.926,922$ | 450,396 2,114391 | $\begin{array}{r}459,574 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $13 \cdot 6$ | 2.2 | $2 \cdot 1$ $2 \cdot 0$ |
| Prince E®ward Ïsland ${ }^{\text {T }}$... | 1,620,851 | 1:926,922 | $2,114.321$ 109,078 | 2.182.947 | $18 \cdot 9$ | $9 \cdot 7$ | 3.2 |
| Quebec .... ... ... ... | 1,191,516 | '1,359,027 | 109,078 $1,488,535$ | 103,259 |  | $0 \cdot 2$ $9 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 3$ 10.8 |
| North-West Territories .... | 1,18,000 | $1,350,027$ 25,515 | $1,488,535$ 66,799 | $1,648,898$ 158,940 | $14 \cdot 1$ 41.8 | $9 \cdot 5$ 161.8 | 10.8 137.9 |
| Unorganised Territories (a) ... | 30,000 | 30;931 | 32,168 | 158,540 52,709 | $41 \cdot 8$ $3 \cdot 1$ | $161 \cdot 8$ $4 \cdot 0$ | 137.9 63.9 |

(a.) The Territories of Athabaska, Franklin and Keewatin, Mackenzie, and Yukon were enumerated for the first
time in 1901.

Table 3.-Population in the Aggregates of Urban and Rural Districts, 1891 and 1901.


* As constituted in 1891.
$\dagger$ As constituted in' 1901.
Table 4.-Population of Cities and Towns having more than 10,000 Inhabitants in 1901, compared with 1871,1881 , and 1891.


39. DOMINION OF CANADA-continued.

Table 0.-Agers of Persons, Males: and Females, 1901.

39. DOMINION OF CANADA-continued.

Table 5.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901-continued.

30. DOMINION OF CANADA-continued.

Table 6.-Condition as to Marriage of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Provinges and Territories. |  | Total. | Unmarried. | Married. | Widowed. | Divorced. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dominion of Canada |  | 5,371,315 | $\cdots 3,312,593$ | 1,833,043 | 225,018 | 661 |
|  | ... | 2,751,708 | 1,748,582 | 1,828,952 | 73,837 | 337 |
|  | $\ldots$ | 2,619,607 | 1,564,011 | 904,091 | 151,181. | 324 |
| British Columbia | ... | 178,657 | 110,367 | 62,519 | 5,682 | 89 |
|  |  | 114,160 | 75,093 | 36,429 | 2,686 | 52 |
|  |  | 64,497 | 35,274 | 26,090 | 3,096 | 37 |
| \| Persons... |  | 255,211 | 163,918 | 84,560 | 6,698 | 35 |
| Manitoba ... ... Males ... |  | 138,504 | 92,875 | 42,881 | 2,730. | 18 |
| M ... ${ }^{\text {\| Females }}$ | ... | 116,707 | 71,043 | 41,679 | 3,968 | $17{ }^{\prime}$ |
| New Branswick | ... | 331,120 | 207,020 | 109,055 54,745 | 14,965 4,816 | 80 $-\quad 35$ |
|  | .... | 168,639 | 109,043 | 54,745 54,310 | $\begin{array}{r}4,816 \\ \hline 10,149\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Females } \\ \text { Persons... }\end{array}\right.$ | ... | 162,481 459,574 | $\mathbf{9 7 , 9 7 7}$ $\mathbf{2 8 4 , 5 2 2}$ | 54,310 152,485 | 10,149 22,476 | 45 91 |
| Nova Scotia ... ... $\begin{aligned} & \text { Males ... }\end{aligned}$ | $\ldots$ | 233,642 | 150,158 | 76,866 | 6,569 | 49 |
| N ${ }^{\text {a }}$, , Females | ... | 225,932 | 134,364 | 75,619 | 15,907 | 42 |
| ; Persons... | ... | 2,182,947 | 1,310,402 | 771,445 | 100,871 | 229 |
| Ontario ... ... ... Males ... | ... | 1,096,640 | 677,798' | 387,778 | 30,955 | 109 |
| 俍 Females | ... | 1,086,307 | 632,604 | 383,667 | 69,916 | 120 |
| Prince Edward Island... | ... | 103,259 | 67,249 | 31,298 | 4,698 | 14 |
|  | ... | 51,959 | 34,860 | 15,647 | 1,447 | 5 |
|  | ... | 51,300 | 32,389 | 15,651 | 3,251 | 9 |
| ( Persons... | ... | 1,648,898 | 1,034,172 | 550,864 | 63,804 | 58 |
| Quebec ... ... ... Males ... | ... | 824,454 | 524,658 | 277,477 | 22,288 | 31 |
|  | .... | 824,444 | 509,514 | 273,387 | 41,516 | 27 |
| North West Territories | ... | 158,940 | 99,266 | 55,293 | 4,362 | 19 |
|  | ... | 87,438 | 57,597 | 28,141 | 1,690 | 10 |
|  | ... | 71,502 | 41,669 | 27,152 | 2,672 | 9 |
| Unorganised Territories $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons... } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { a }\end{array}\right.$ | ... | $\mathbf{5 2 , 7 0 9}$ $\mathbf{3 6 , 2 7 2}$ | 35,677 $\mathbf{2 6 , 5 0 0}$ | 15,524 8,988 | 1,462 | 46 28 |
| Unorganised Territories $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | ... | 16,437 | 26,177 | 6,536 | 706 | 18 |

Occupations.-No Statistics of Occupations have been received in time for publication. The Third Volume of the Canadian Census Report relating to industrial establishments having five employees and over, and showing 344,035 employees in 264 classes of industries, was received too late to allow of the insertion of the particulars.
Table 7.-Birthplaces of the Population enumerated in the several Provinces, 1901.

| WHERE BORN. | Total | Where Enumerated. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | British Columbia. | Manitoba. | New Brnnswick. | Nova Scotia | Ontario. | Prince <br> Edward Island. | Quebec. | $\begin{gathered} \text { North } \\ \text { West } \\ \text { Tcrritories. } \end{gathered}$ | Unorganised Territoriee. |
| Total .. .. | 5,371,315 | 178,657 | 255,211 | 331,120 | 459,574 | 2,182,947 | 103,259 | 1,848,888 | 158,940 | 52,709 |
| Britise Born. <br> Canada | 4,071,815 | 99,812 | 180,859 | 313,178 | 435,172 | 1,858,787 | 99,006 | 1,580,190 |  |  |
| Britlsĭ Colümbiä $\quad \ddot{\square}$ | 4,01,0178 | 59,589 | 180,897 | 313,188 | 435,172 | 1,858,787 | -99,006 | $1,500,190$ 76 | $\begin{array}{r}91,535 \\ \hline 233\end{array}$ | 33,478 |
| Manitoba .. . . ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 110742 | 2,203 | 99,806 | 21 | 57 | 2,349 | 9 | -291 | 5,820 | 180 |
| New Brunswiok .. | 317,082 | 2,839 | -820 | 300,460 | 6,822 | 2,304 | ${ }^{681}$ | 2,101 | 889 | 358 |
| Nova Scotia $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ontaric } \\ & \text { O }\end{aligned}$ | 442,898 1.928099 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4,803 } \\ \hline 93\end{array}$ | 1,536 | 5,078 | 423,957 | 1784,012 | 1,433 | 1,540 | 1,169 | 570 |
| Ontario ${ }^{\text {Prince Ed }}$ Ward İsland ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | $1,928,099$ 105,629 | 23,642 1,180 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 67,686 } \\ \hline 419\end{array}$ | 558 2,740 | 2,484 | 1,784,760 | 90 96,538 | $\begin{array}{r}20,313 \\ \hline 740\end{array}$ | 28,229 | 2,014 |
| Quebec .. .. .. | 1,620,482, | 4,329 | 8,492 | 4,203 | 2,858 | 81,776 | 20,538 | 1,535,007 | 4,075. | 1,429 |
| - North-West Territories | 65,784 | 891 | 2,053 | 9 | 22 | 836 | 3 | 1, 122 | 50,438. | 11,310 |
| Unorganised Territeries Canada, part not etated | 8,969 13,374 | 236 | - | - | -- | -2,480 | 二 | . | ${ }^{-108}$ | 6,988 10,270 |
| British Ielands .. .. | 390,019 | 30,630 | 33,093 | 10,226 | 10,889 | 239,873 | 2,852 | 42,600 | 17,347 | 2,509 |
| England .. .. | 201,285 | 19,385 | 20,03n | 3,267 | 4,745 | 120,600 | 717 | 20,589 | 10,752 | 1,204 |
| Ireland .. | 101,629 | 3,957 | 4,537 | 5,101 | 1,895 | 68,094 | 890 | 14,275 | 2,158 | , 622 |
| Scotland .. | 83,631 | 6,457 | 8,099 | 1,816 | 4,010 | 49,881 | 1,215 | 7,338 | 4,226 | 590 |
| Wales Lesser Isles | 2,518 | 710 | ${ }^{356}$ | ${ }_{32} 2$ | 100 | ${ }_{392} 906$ | $\xrightarrow{23}$ | 137 | 186 | 79 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| British Possessions .. | 15,864 | 1,843 | 424 | 680 | 8,725 | 2,530 | 493 | 2,648 | 265 | 256 |
| Australia .. | 1991 1.078 | 378 198 | $\begin{array}{r}60 \\ 135 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | 11 | 275 | 11 | , 105 | 48 | 91 |
| India ${ }_{\text {Newfoundiand }}$ | 12,078 | ${ }_{953}^{198}$ | 135 | 19 800 | 64 6 | 398 | 48 | 135 | 117 | 20 |
| New Zealand $\because$ | 12,374 | 203 | 18 | 8 | 6,414 | 1,431 | - 482 | 2,294 | $\stackrel{69}{14}$ | 78 |
| Nouth Aftica .. | 128 | 14 | 28 | 5 | 11 | 49 |  | 22 | 14 | 58 |
| Other Possessions | 863 | 99 | 44 | 43 | 229 | 318 | 15 | 81 | 27. | -9 |
| Foreian born. | \%78,449 | 48,110 | 40,201 | 8767 | 8,277 | 78,913 | 860 | 42,273 | 48,981 | 10,077 |
| Austriamungary .. | 28,407 | 1,161 | 11,570 | 41 | 101 | 1,241 | 2 | 701 | 13,407. | 183 |
| Belgium.. ... .. | 2,280 | ${ }^{312}$ | 780 | 13 | 30 | +135 | 2 | 812 | 13,330 | ${ }^{68}$ |
| Ohlna Denmark ar | 17,043 2,076 | $\begin{array}{r}14.578 \\ \hline 51\end{array}$ | 209 318 | ${ }^{61}$ | 106 | 758 | 4 | 1,043 | 277. | 10 |
| East Indies $\quad$ :. $\quad .$. | 2,078 | $\stackrel{30}{40}$ | 318 | 302 6 | 38 8 | 410 | $\underline{1}$ | 122 | 388 | 164 |
| France .. .. | 7,944 | 433 | 1,470 | 70 | 268 | 1,254 | 18 | 3,183 | 1,023 | 227 |
| Germany .- | 27,300 | 1,478 | 2,285 | 130 | 229 | 18,899 | 12 | 1,543 | 2,170 | 754 |
| Greece $\begin{aligned} & \text { Holland } \\ & .\end{aligned}$ | 213 385 | 59 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 73 | - | 56 | 2 | 12 |
| Iceland .. $\quad .$. | $\begin{array}{r}6,057 \\ \hline \mathbf{6 8 5}\end{array}$ | 118 | 5.57 | 7 | 19 | 112 | - | 73 | 53 | 15 |
| ltaly .. | 6.654 | 1,470 | -125 | 21 | 188 | ${ }^{89}$ | - | ${ }^{2}$ | 424 | 14 |
| Japan $\because \quad . \quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | 4,674 | 4,515 | 13 | 1 | 168 | 3,301 | $-0$ | 1,549 | ${ }_{14}^{82}$ | 112 |
| Norway and Sweden | 10,258 | 2,742 | 1,772 | 182 | 218 | 1,606 | 8 | 489 | 2,093 | 1,268 |
| Roumania .. .- | 1,068 | 5 | 110 | 3 | 14 | 1,81 | 1 | 790 | 2, 58 | 1,288 |
| Ruasia Spain and Portugal .. $^{\text {a }}$ | 31,231 | 1,007 $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 8,854 | 215 | 230 | 3,373 | 3 | 2,670 | 14,585 | 294 |
| Swltzerland .. . | 1,211 | 188 | 134 | 8 | 14 | 642 | 2 | 648 | 12 | 19 |
| Syria .. .. .. | 1,222 | 28 | 88 | 121 | 208 | 188 | 28 | 590 | 14 | 81 |
|  | 357 |  |  | 13 | 5 | 292 |  | 21 | 11 | 3 |
| West Indies ... $\quad .$. | 127,8999 | 17,164 78 | 8,822 | 5,477 | 4,594 | 44,175 | 764 | 28,405 | 13,877 | 0,721 |
| Other Countries $\quad$. | 818 | 303 | 36 | 30 | 132 47 | $\begin{aligned} & 301 \\ & 198 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 83 83 | 78 | 38 |
| At Sea <br> Not stated | $\begin{array}{r} 339 \\ 14,829 \end{array}$ | 38 484 | ${ }^{23} 8$ | 18 263 | 32 478 | $\begin{array}{r} 178 \\ 4,686 \end{array}$ | 2 46 | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 1,172 \end{array}$ | 784 | 0,384 |

## 39. DOMINION OF CANADA-continued.

Table 8.-Religions of the Population, 1901.

(a) Including Atheists, Freethinkers, Infidels, Secularists, Sceptics, and Unbelievers.
(b) "Various Sects" comprise 43 Assembly, 110 Bethany Mission, 495 Believers, 584 Ohristian Workers, 27 Carmelites, 43 Calvinists, 124 Christian Catholics, 266 Christian Brethren, 17 Covenanters, 19 Children of God, 21 Christian Brothers, 31 Daniel's Band, 30 Free Church, 10 Followers of Christ, 16 Farrington Independents, 19 Gregorians, 42 Gospel Workers, 78 Gospel Army, 15 Gospel Brethren, 25 New and Later House of Israsl, 10 Humanitarians, 227 Messiahists, 99 Millennial Dawnites, 14 Nazarenes, 47 Orthodoz Catholics, 14 Re-incarnationists, 20 Reformed Church, 10 Saints of God, 43 Separated Catholics, 29 Unionites, 10 Trinitarians, together with 257 of 79 other Sects, each of which numbers $f \in W e r$ than 10 adherents.

Table 9.-Principal Religious Denominations in the Provinces and Territories, 1901.

| Religions. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dominion } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Canada. } \end{gathered}$ | British Columbia. | Manitoba. | New <br> Bruns. wick. | Nova Scotia. | Ontario. | Prince Edward Island. | Quebec. | North <br> West Territories. | Unor. ganised Cerritories. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Religions ... | 5,371,315 | 178,657 | 255,211 | 331,120 | 459,574 | 2,182,947 | 103,259 | 1,648,898 | 158,940 | 52,709 |
| Anglicans ... | 680,620 | 40;689 | 44,922 | 41,767 | 66,107 | 367,937 | 5,976 | 81,563 | 25,366 | 6,293 |
| Baptists ... ... | 316,477 | 6,500 | 9,166 | 80,874 | 83,233 | 116,320 | 5,905 | 8,480 | 5,416 | 583 |
| Congregationalists | 28,293 | 1,198 | 1,884 | 1,040 | 2,938 | 15.289 | 3 | 5,173 | 571 | 197 |
| Jews ... | 16,401 | 554 | 1,497 | 376 | 437 | 5,321 | 17 | 7,498 | 538 | 163 |
| Lutherans... | 92,524 | 5,335 | 16,542 | 196 | 6,572 | 48,052 | 8 | 1,642 | 12,097 | 2,080 |
| Methodists | 916,886 | 25,047 | 49,936 | 35,973 | 57,490 | 666.388 | 13,402 | 42,014 | 22,151 | 4,485 |
| Preshyterians ... | 842,442 | 34,081 | 65,348 | 39,496 | 106,381 | 477,386 | 30,750 | 58,013 | 27,806 | 3,181 |
| Roman Catholics... | 2,229,600 | 33,639 | 35,672 | 125,698 | 129,578 | 390,304 | 45,796 | 1,429,260 | 30,073 | 9,580 |
| Unspecified, NonSectarian, No Religion ... | 48,247 | 6,610 | 917 | 878 | 543 | 10.626 | 32 | 2,126 | 2,269 | 24,246 |
| Various Sects | 199,825 | 25,004 | 29,327 | 4,822 | 6,295 | 85,324 | 1,370 | 13,129 | 32,653 | 1,901 |

Table 10.-Persons, Males and Females, returned as Buind, Deaf and Dumb, or of Unsound Mind, in the Provinces and Territories, 1901.


* For note to this Table see next page.

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Census of the British Empire, 1901.
39. DOMINION OF CANADA-continued.

Table 10.-Persons, Males and Females, returned as Blind, Deaf and Dumb, or of Unsound Mind, in the Provinoes and Territories, 1901-continued.

| Provinces and | Territories. |  | Blind.* | Deaf and Dumb.* | Unsound Mind.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prince Edward Island | jPersons | ... | 67 | 98 | 357 |
|  | ... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ | ... | 44 | 52 | 188 |
|  | \{ Females | ... | 23 | 46 | 169 |
| Quebec | Persons | ... | 1,035 | 2,488 | 5,245 |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | ... | 55.3 | 1,265 | 2,724 |
|  | Females | -•• | 482 | 1,223 | 2,521 |
| North-West Territories | ... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males }\end{array}\right.$ | ... | 127 | 133 83 | 72 43 |
|  | $\cdots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ |  | 61 | 83 50 | 43 29 |

Note.-'The Census of Infirmities was not taken in the Unorganised Territories.
*In the case of persons returned as suffering from more than one Infirmity the principal one only is given in the Table. The secondary Infirmities were as follows:-

| - | No. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blind Persons who were also of Unsound Mind | 34 |
| " , Deaf and Dumb ... ... ... ... | 16 |
| Deaf ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ and Dumb Persons who were also Blind ${ }^{\text {and of Unsound Mind ... }}$ | 1 |
| Deaf and Dumb Persons who were also Blind ... ... ... ... <br> of Unsonnd Mind ... ... | 88 |
|  | 4 |
| Persons of Unsound Mind who were also Blind "... ... ... ... | 18 |
|  | 32 |
| " " $"$ " and Blind . | 3 |

Table 11.-COndition as to Marriage, Ages, Origins, Birthplaces, and Occupations of Persons returned as Blind, Deaf and Dumb, or of Unsound Mind, 1901.

| - |  |  | Blind.* | Deaf and Dumb.* | Unsound Mind.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total :- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Persons ... | ... | . | 3,279 | 6,174 | 16,495 |
| Males ... ... | *** | ... | 1,891 | 3,331 | 8,707 |
| Females ... ... | ... | ... | 1,388 | 2,843 | 7,788 |
| Conjugal condition- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unmarried... ... | ** | ... | 1,465 | 4,610 | 11,887 |
| Married ... .... | ... | ... | 1,096 | 1,225 | 3,791 |
| Widowed ... ... | ... | ... | 716 | 336 | 814 |
| Divorced .. | ... | ... | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Age- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 years | -. | ... | 57 | 161 | 58 |
| 5 years ... | ... | ... | 93 | 518 | 246 |
| 10 " ... | ... | ... | 292 | 1,269 | 1,298 |
| $20 \quad \% \quad \cdots$ | ... | ... | 568 | 2,035 | 6,019 |
| 40 " $\quad$. | ... | ... | 701 | 1,224 | 5,955 |
| 80 " and upwards | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1,048 | 737 | 2,471 |
| Not given ... ... | ... | ... | 502 18 | 214 16 | 242 206 |
| Origin- |  |  |  |  |  |
| English ... ... | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ... | 632 | 1,188 | 4,061 |
| Irish .... ... | ... | ... | 549 | -907 | 3,636 |
| Scotch ... | ... | ... | 464 | 806 | 2,211 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { French } \\ \text { German } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | ... | ... | 1,098 | 2,657 | 4,789 |
| German $\begin{aligned} & \text { Russian } \\ & \text {-.. }\end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | -.. | 167 | 345 | 663 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Russian } & \text {... } \\ \text { Italian } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | ... | ... | 8 | 26 | 40 |
| Scandinavian .... |  | - | 5 | 2 | 17 |
| A ustro-Hungarian | .-. | ... | 7 | 18 | 16 |
| Indian and Half-breed | ... | ... | 270 | 121 | 88 |
| Various origins ... | . | ... | 66 | 81 | 279 |
| Not specified ... | ... | ... | 10 | 15 | 680 |
| Place of birth- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ... ... | -. | ... | 2,590 | 5,400 | 13,211 |
| United Kingdom.. | ... | ... | 521 | -522 | 2,215 |
| Other Countries ... | ... | ... | 165 | 248 | 663 |
| Not given ... ... | ... | ... | 3 | 4 | 406 |
| Classes of uccupations- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 1,192 | 2,669 | 4,409 |
| Commercial | ... | ... | 177 | 293 | -558 |
| Industrial ... ... | -.. | .-. | 285 | 1,000 | 1,317 |
| Labour | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 89 | 309 | 1,580 |
| Professional | $\cdots$ | - | 181 | 446 | 1,548 |
| Non-productive ... |  | $\cdots$ | 101 590 | 85 | 288 |
| Not specified $\quad$... |  |  | 664 | 813 | 5,592 |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | 664 | 559 | 1,203 |
| Infirmity dates from childhood |  |  | 435 | 2,681 | 2,153 |

40. NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| ——— |  |  | Area in Square Miles. | Houses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1901. |  |  | 1891. | 1901, |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Newfoundland and Labrador |  | ... | 162,734 | 39,419 | 1,891 | 2,929 | 202,040 | 220,984 | - | - |
| Newfoundland Labrador $\ldots$... | ... $\cdots$ | ... | 42,734 120,000 | 38,950 469 | 1,838 53 | 2,888 41 | $\begin{array}{r} 197,93 \pm \\ 4,106 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 217,037 \\ 3,947 \end{array}$ | 111,311 | ${ }_{\text {105,726 }}$ |

* The returns from the Mission Stations at Northern Labrador are incomplete as regards sexes and ages.

Table 2.-Population enumerated at each Census, 1857 to 1901.

| Census Year. |  |  |  | Newfoundland and labrador. | Newfotndland. | Labrador, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1857 ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 124,288 | 122,638 | 1,650 |  |
| 1869 ... | ... | ... | , | 146,536 | 144,386 | 2,150 |  |
| 1874 ... | ... | ... | ... | 161,374 | 158,958 | 2,416 | s |
| $1884 . .$. | ... | ... | . | 197,335 | 193,124 | 4,211 |  |
| 1891 <br> $1901 .$. | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 202,040 220,984 | 197,934 217,037 | 4,106 3,947 |  |
|  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 22,984 | 217,037 | 3,947 |  |

Table 3.-Popdlation of the Chief Towns, 1891 and 1901.

table 4.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Ages. |  |  |  | Newfotndland and Labrador. |  |  | Newfotndland. |  |  | Labrador. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females | Persons, | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages ... .. |  |  |  | 220,984 | -* | -* | 217,037 | 111,311 | 100,726 | 3,947 | -* | 一* |
| Under 1 year |  |  |  | 74865,657 | 3,8742,907 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.612 \\ & 2,750 \end{aligned}$ | 7,393$\mathbf{B , 5 8 1}$ | 3,8302,860 | 3,5632,721 | 9376 | 47 | 29 |
| 1 | J |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | ... | ... | 6,173 | 3,195 | 2,978 | 6,078 | 3,142 | 2,936 | 95 | 53 | 42 |
| 3 |  | ... | ... | 6,347 | 3,225 | 3,122 | 6,263 | 3,182 | 3,081 | 84 | 43 |  |
| 4 |  | ... | ... | 6,860 | 14,034 | 3,404$\mathbf{1 3 , 6 4 2}$ | 6,783 | 3,409 | - $\mathbf{3 , 3 4 8}$ | 302 | 143 | 41 30 |
| $5-$ | ... | ... | ... | 27,676 |  |  | 27,374 | 13,891 |  |  |  | 159 |
| 10- | ... | ... | ... | 24,686 | 12,881 | 11,805 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,414 \\ & 22,982 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,722 \\ & 11,810 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,692 \\ & 11,172 \end{aligned}$ | 272249 | 159124 | 113 |
| 15- | ... | ... | ... | 23,231 | 10,262 | $\begin{array}{r} 11,297 \\ 9,962 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20- | ... | ... | ... | 20,224 |  |  | $19,943$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,810 \\ & 10,114 \end{aligned}$ | 11,172 $\mathbf{9 , 8 2 9}$ | 249 281 | 124 | 125 133 |
| 25- | -. | ... | ... | 16,696 | 8,5766,431 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,120 \\ & 6,076 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,473 \\ & 12,347 \end{aligned}$ | 8,4726,343 | 8,001 | 223 | 104 | 119 |
| 30- | ... | ... | ... | 12,507 |  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{6 , 0 0 4}$$\mathbf{5 , 9 4 0}$ | 160 | 88 |  |
| 35- | ... | ... | ... | 12,242 | 6,247 | 5,995 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,347 \\ & 12,117 \end{aligned}$ | $6,177$ |  |  | 79 | 72 55 |
| $40-$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 10,804 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 5 1 0} \\ & \mathbf{5 , 0 5 1} \end{aligned}$ | 5,294 | 10,683 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 4 3 1} \\ & 4,986 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,252 \\ & 4,560 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121 \\ & 104 \end{aligned}$ |  | 42 |
| 45- | ... | ... | ... | $\mathbf{9 , 6 5 0}$8,085 |  | 4,599$\mathbf{3 , 9 2 6}$ | 9,5467,992 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,11 \\ 3,596 \end{array}$ | 3,881 | $\begin{aligned} & 93 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | 48 | 45 |
| 50- | ... | - 0 |  |  | 4,159 |  |  |  |  |  | 4031 | 3020 |
|  | -.' | ... | - | 6,884 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,636 \\ & 2,661 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,248 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 4 8 4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,814 \\ & \mathbf{5 , 0 9 4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,596 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 6 3 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,218 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 4 6 4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \quad 51 \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | ... | .. | - | 5,145 | 1,921 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,849 \\ & 1,320 \end{aligned}$ | 3,727 <br> $\mathbf{2 , 5 9 5}$ <br> 1 | 1,8971,287 | 1,8301,308 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 2416 | 19 |
|  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2,623 | $\begin{array}{r}1,303 \\ 825 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \%... | ... | ... | 1,631 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,320 \\ 806 \\ 621 \end{array}$ | 1,617 <br> 1,221 | $\begin{aligned} & 818 \\ & 603 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 799 \\ 618 \end{array}$ | 1491,377 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{7} \\ & \mathbf{3} \end{aligned}$ |
| 80 y | s..n | - | ... | 1,230 | 609 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not | ted |  | -' | 1,377 | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |

* See note * to Table 1.


## 40. NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR-continued.

Table ${ }^{\text {of.-Condition as to Marriage }}$ of the Population, 1901.


* Including 1,377 persons for whom no particulars were obtained.

Table 6.-Occupations of the Population, 1891: and 1901.


Table 7.-Birthplaces of the Population* at the Censuses of 1891 and 1901.

| Where Born. |  |  |  |  | Newfopndiand and Labrador. |  | Newfoundland. |  | Labrador. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. |
| Newfoundland or Labrador |  |  | ... | ... | 195,472 | 214,738 | 193,353 | 213,057 | 2,119 | 1,681 |
| England ... | ... | ... | ... | .. | 1,739 | 1,082 | 1,555 | 1,060 | 184 | 22 |
| Scotland ... | ... |  | ... | ... | 388 | 324 | 382 | 319 | 6 | 5 |
| Ireland $\quad . \ddot{ }$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | 1,221 | 545 | 1,112 | 544 | 109 | 1 |
| British Colonies | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 1,210 | 2,102 | 1,163 | 1,309 | 47 * | 793 |
| Foreigu States | .. |  | ... | ... | 623 | 816 | 369 | 748 | 254* | 68* |

* Excluding 1387 persons in 1891 and 1377 in 1901 whose birthplaces were not recorded.

Table 8.-Religions of the Population at the Censuses of 1891 and 1901.

| Religions. |  |  | Newfotndiand and Labrador. |  | Newfoundiand. |  | Labrador. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | . 1901. |
| Total | ... | -•• | 202,040 | 220,984 | 197,934 | 217,037 | 4,106 | - 3,947 |
| Church of England ... | . | ... | 69,824 | 73.008 | 68,075 | 71,470 | 1,749 | 1,538 |
| Reformed Church of England | ... | ... | 487 | 3 | 487 |  | $\cdots$ | . - |
| Roman Catholic ... ... | ... | ... | 72,696 | 75,989 | 72,342 | 75,657 | 354 | . 332 |
| Methodist ... ... ... | ... | ... | 53,276 | 61,388 | 52,672 | 60,700 | 604 | ... 688 |
| Presbyterian ... ... | ... | ... | 1.449 | 1,497 | 1,447 | 1,492 | 2 | $\cdots 5$ |
| Congregationalist ... ... | ... | . $\cdot$ | 782 | 954 | 782 | 954 | $\longrightarrow$ | . - |
| Salvation Army ... ... | ... | ... | 2.092 | 6,054 | .2,092 | 6,593 |  | . 1 |
| Other Denominations ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 1,434* | 1,551* | 37 | 168 | 1,397* | ${ }^{-1,383}{ }^{*}$ |

* Chiefly Moravians.

Census of the British Empire, 1901.

## 40. NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR-continued.

Table 9.-Ntimber of Persons, Males and Females, who can Read and-Write, 1891 and 1901.

|  |  |  | Persons. |  | Males. |  | Females. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |
| ${ }_{i}{ }^{-1}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | Aple to Read ${ }^{\text {A }}$ (ble to Read and Write |  | 96,038 $\mathbf{7 4 , 0 5 6}$ | 115,930 98,083 | 47,711 37,377 | 57,079 49,260 | $\begin{aligned} & 48,327 \\ & 36,679 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58,851 \\ 48,823 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Table 10.-The Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Persons of Unsodnd Mind, at-each Census, 1857 to 1901. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Persons. |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females: |  |
|  |  | 1857. | 1869. | $1874 .$ | 1884. | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |  |
| Deaf and Dumb* |  | 111 | 88 | 83 | $\begin{aligned} & 101 \\ & 170 \\ & 372 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 188 \\ & 282 \end{aligned}$ | 485225352 | $\begin{array}{r} 281 \\ 96 \\ 187 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 204 \\ & 129 \\ & 165 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Blind . ... ... | ... | 86 | 98 | 107 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unsound Mind ... | ... | 176 | 219 | 243 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Including, in 1901, 181 males and 129 females returned as Deaf.

41. BERMUDAS, OR SOMERS ISLANDS.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| -. Area in Sguare Miles. | Houses. |  |  | Porulation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Iuhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| $19^{*}$ | 3,267 | 463 | 53 | 20,961 | 10,707 | 9,547 |

* An estimate derived from the Colonial Office List.

Note.-Including 1,966 Persons (1,612 males and 354 females) belonging to the Military population, 753 Persons ( 489 males and 264 females) connected with the Navy, and 707 foreign visitors. The figures for the males and females in the Table do not make up the total number of persons on account of the foreign, visitors not having heen shown by sex. Tables 2-10 relate only to the civil popplation of the Islands.

Table 2.-Houses' and Civil Population enumerated at each Census, 1861 to 1901.

| Ornsus Year. | Houses. |  |  | Civil Population. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inhabited. | Un- <br> inhabited. | Building. | White. |  |  | Coloured. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 1861 | 2,014 | 169 | 22 | 4,624 | 1,958 | 2,666 | 6,826 | 2,951 | 3,875 |
| 1871 | 2,020 | 220 | 59 | 4,725 | 2,118 | 2,607 | 7,396 | 3,284 | 4,112 |
| 1881 | 2,563 | 208 | 55 | 5,384 | 2,558 | 2,826 | 8,564 | 3,890 | 4,674 |
| 1891 | 2,867 | 336 | 60 | 5,690 | 2,739 | 2,951 | 9,323 | 4,297 | 5,026 |
| 1901 | 3,267 | 463 | 53 | 6,383 | 3,149 | 3,234 | 11,152 | 5,457 | 5,695 |

Table 3.-Houses and Civil Population enumerated in each Parish and Town, distinguishing the White and Coloured Populations, 1901.

| Parish or Thown, | Houses. |  |  | Civil Population. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | White. |  |  | Coloured. |  |  |
|  | $\underset{\text { habited. }}{\text { In- }}$ | Uninhabited. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Build- } \\ \text { ing. } \end{gathered}$ | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Total | 3,267 | 463 | 53 | 6,383 | 3,149 | 3,234 | 11,152 | 5,457 | 5,695 |
| Sandys ... ... | 581 | 53 | 18 | 859 | 446 | 413 | 2,089 | 1,106 | 983 |
| Southampton ... | 173 | 42 | - | 315 | 168 | 147 | 018 | 244 | 274 |
| Warwiok ... ... | 234 | 25 | 4 | 510 | 250 | 260 | . 740 | 351 | 389 |
| Paget ... ... | 305 | 64 | 5 | 736 | 337. | 399 | 1,017 | 451 | 566 |
| Pembroke ... ... | 948 | 127 | 17 | 2,137 | 1,028 | 1,109 | 3:355 | 1,605 | 1,750 |
| Devonshire ... .. | 193 | 19 | 1 | 370 | 193 | 177 | 675 | 338 | 337 |
| Smiths ... .. | 145 | 8 | - | 352 | 176 | 176 | 329 | 170 | 159 |
| Hamilton .... ... | 261 | 67 | 5 | 403 | 193 | 210 | 941 | 474 | 467 |
| St. George ... ... | 427 | 67 | 3 | 701 | 358 | 343 | 1,488 | 718 | 770 |
| Town- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 597 | 643 |
| City of Hamilton*... Town of st. George* | 406 206 | ${ }_{35}^{93}$ | 3 2 | 806 845 | 167 | 178 | -640 | 300 | 340 |

* The fignres for the City of Hamilton and the Town of St. George are included with those for the Parishes in which they are situated.


## 41. BERMUDAS, OR SOMERS ISLANDS-continued.

Table 4.-Ages of the Civil Population, Males and Females, distinguishing the White and Coloured Populations, 1901.

| - | Age. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { Ages. } \end{aligned}$ | Onder 1 year. | 1- | 6- | 13- | 20- | 30- | 50- | 70- | 80- | $\begin{gathered} 90 \text { and } \\ \text { over. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Total $\ldots$.. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | 17,535 | 493 | 1,992 | 2,584 | 2,428 | 3,341 | 4,113 | 2,072 | 387 | 116 | 10 |
|  | 8,606 | 247 | 1,952 | 1,298 | 1,166 | 1,719 | 2,105 | 968 | 127 | 32 | 2 |
|  | 8,929 | 246 | 1,040 | 1,286 | 1,262 | 1,622 | 2,008 | 1,114 | 260 | 83 | 8 |
| White ... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | 6,383 | 159 | 682 | 890 | 807 | 1,103 | 1,616 | 869 | 188 | 66 | 3 |
|  | 3,149 | 86 | 338 | 462 | 379 | 565 | 814 | 417 | 67 | 19 | 2 |
|  | 3,234 | 73 | 344 | 428 | 428 | 538 | 802 | 452 | 121 | 47 | 1 |
| Coloured $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Persons } \\ \text { Males ... } \\ \text { Females }\end{array}\right.$ | 11152 | 334 | 1,310 | 1,694 | 1,621 | 2,238 | 2,497 | 1,203 | 199 | 49 | 7 |
|  | 5,457 | 161 | , 614 | 1,836 | 1,687 | 1,164 | 1,291 | ${ }^{5} 541$ | 60 | 13 |  |
|  | 5,695 | 173 | 696 | 858 | 834 | 1,084 | 1,206 | 662 | 139 | 36 | 7 |

Table 5.-Condition as to Marriage* in each Parish and Town, distingaishing the White and Coloured Populations, 1901.

| Parish or Town. |  | White. |  |  |  |  |  | Colotred. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Unmarried. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Unmarried. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| Total .. |  | 1,373 | 1,414 | 952 | 967 | 121 | 316 | 2,514 | 2,561 | 1,629 | 1,598 | 227 | 451 |
| Parise. |  | 275 | 230 | 149 | 135 | 19 | 43 | 731 | 617 | 329 | 288 | 45 | 76 |
| Southampton ... | ... | 108 | 82 | 54 | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 72 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 466 | 14 | 166 | 176 | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | 7598 | 12 | 2628 |
| Warwick ... ... | - | 117 | 116 | 81 |  |  | 30 | 117 | 168 |  |  |  |  |
| Paget ... ... | ... | 144 | 194 | 120 | 119 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 47 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 30 | 245 | 324 | 143 | 150 | 14 | 41 |
| Pembroke ... | ... | 3255959 | 406 | 231 | 315 |  | 110 | 508 | 667 | 516 | 480 | 718 | 142 |
| Devonshire ... | . |  | 40 |  | 55 | 69 | 19 | 8464 | 70 | 99 | 92 |  | 24 |
| Smiths ... ... | $\cdots$ | 5881 | 58 | 54 | 53 |  | 18 |  | 60 | 40 | 40 | 7 | 1433 |
| Hamilton... | . |  | 76 | 66 | 62 | 6 | 21 | 136 | 121 | 132 | 130 | 19 |  |
| St. George ... |  | 206 | 212 | 132 | 103 | 18 | 31 | 465 | 459 | 219 | 245 | 34 | 67 |
| Town. <br> City of Hamilton $\dagger$... <br> Town of St. George $\dagger$... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 155 \\ 89 \end{array}$ | 228111 | $\begin{array}{r} 157 \\ 68 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 149 \\ 52 \end{array}$ | 1710 |  | 229204 |  | 21183 |  | 34 64 <br> 13 35 |  |
|  |  | 72 15 |  |  |  |  | 248 201 |  | 173 104 |  |  |  |  |  |

* The population shown in this Table is less than the total civil population by 1,240 white persons ( 703 males and 537 females), and 2,172 coloured persons ( 1,087 males and 1,085 females).
$\dagger$ The figures for the City of Hamilton and the Town of St . George are included with those for the parishes in which they are situated.

Table 6.-Occupations of the Civil Population, 1901.

41. BERMUDAS, OR SOMERS ISLANDS-continued.

Table 7.-Birthplaces of the Civil Population, 1901.


NOTE,-The birthplaces of the naval and military populations were : Bermudas 385, British Dominions 2,325, and Foreign Parts 9.

Table 8.-Religions of the Civil Population at two groups of Ages, distinguishing the White and Coloured Populations, 1901.

|  | Religion. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Religions. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Church } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { England. } \end{gathered}$ | Presbyterian. | Wesleyan Methodist. | Roman Catholic. | African Methodist Episcopal. | Reformed Church of England. | Other Denominations. |
| Total ... . | 17,448 | 11,636 | 598 | 1,826 | 944 | 1,512 | 64 | 868 |
| Under 16 years of age ... ... | 6,068 | 4,091 | 200 | 539 | 348 | 550 | 18 | 322 |
| Ovè 16 years of age ... ... | 11,380 | 7,545 | 398 | 1,287 | 596 | 962 | 46 | 546 |
| White * $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Onder } 16 \text { years of age } \\ \text { Over }\end{array}\right.$ | 2,018 | 1,157 | 151 | 263 | 299 |  | 13 | 133 |
| O- Over 16 years of age | 4,231 | 2,668 | 335 | 514 | 465 | 3 | 39 | 207 |
| Coloure ${ }^{*}\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Underl6years of age } \\ \text { Over } 16 \text { years of age }\end{array}\right.$ | 4,050 7,149 | 2,934 4,877 | 49 63 | 276 773 | 49 131 | 548 959 | 5 7 | 189 $\mathbf{3 3 9}$ |

* The White Popnlatign shown in this Table is 134 below, and the Coloured Population 47 above, the corresponding totals given in Table 2.

Table 9.-Education of the Givil Population, Males and Females, distinguishing the White and Coloured Populations, 1901.

|  |  |  |  | White. |  |  | Coloured. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Persons. | MaIes. | Females, | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Read ... ... |  |  | ... | 84 | 47 | 37 | 464 | 181 | 283 |
| Read and write | ... | ... | . | 4,928 | 2,359 | 2,569 | 7,531 | 3,757 | 3,774 |
| Unable to read or write | ... | ... | ... | 1,371 | , 743 | 628 | 3,157 | 1,519 | 1,638 |

Table 10.-Infirmities of the Civil Population, Males and Females, distiuguishing the White and Coloured Populations, 1901.

| , |  |  |  |  |  | White. |  | Colotred. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | , |  | Infirmity. |  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |  |
|  | Deaf and Dumb |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |
| , | Blind... |  |  |  |  | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  |
|  | Imbecile or Idiet |  |  | ... |  | 2 | 1 | 12 | 2 |  |
|  | Lunatic ... | ... | ... |  | ... | 6 | - |  | 23 |  |

## 42. BAHAMA ISLANDS.

Table 1.-Area; Population of the Several Islands, 1891 and 1901.


Table 2.-Population at each Census, 1861 to 1901.

|  |  |  |  |  | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | $\ldots$ | .1891. | $1901 .$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bahama Islands | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 35,287 | 39,162 | 43,521 | 47,565 | $\vdots$ |  |

Table 3.-Birthplaces and Occupations of the Population, 1901.

| Where Born. |  |  |  |  |  | Number of Persons.$53,735$ | Occupations. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Persons. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,183 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 292 |
| England... | ... | ... |  | ... | ... |  | 136 | Professionals* ... ... |  |  | ... | 129 |
| Scotland ... | ... |  |  |  |  | 6 | Traders and Clerks ... | .. | ... | ... | 718 |
| Ireland ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  | ... | ... | 18 | Mechanics and Handicrafts | ... | ... | ... | $\mathbf{3}, 059$ 7,941 |
| Canada ... | $\ldots$ | ... | .... | .... | $\ldots$ | 20 | Seamen and Fishermen | .... | ... | $\cdots$ | 4,271 |
| America ... | ... | ... |  |  |  | 356 | Labourers and Servants | ... | ... |  | 6,743 |
| Africa ... | ... | ... |  |  |  | 308 | , ... |  |  |  | .. |
| West Indies | . | ... |  |  |  | 628 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Countr | -... | ... |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdot$ | $\stackrel{5}{24}$ | , |  |  |  |  |

* With the exception of Ministers of Religion, who are included among the "Professionals," all persons paid from Colonial or Imperial Funds are regarded as "Officials."
$\dagger$ Including many small cultivators.
riable 4.-Ages and Condition as to Marriage, Education, and Infirmities of the Population, 1901.



## 43. JAMAICA.

No Census was taken in the Island. The area is estimated at 4,207 square miles, and the popalation at 755,730 persons ( 366,058 males and 389,672 females). The population is computed from the returns of Births, Deaths, and Migration, and may be presumed to be fairly accurate.

## 44, CAYMAN ISLANDS.

No C̣ensus was taken in these Islands in 1901. The population as enumerated in 1891 was 4,322.
45. TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

Table 1.-Area; Houses, and Population, 1901.

| Districts. |  |  | AreainSquareMiles. | Houses. |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Turks and Caicos Islands | ... | ... | 169* | 1,097 | 221 | 5,350 | 2,464 | 2,886 |
| Grand Turk ... | $\cdots$ | ... | - | 406 | 97 | 1,751 | 720 | 1,031 |
| Salt Cay ... ... .. | ... | ... | - | 94 | 34 | 453 | . 223. | 230 |
| Cockburn Harbour ... | ... | ... | - | 141 | 42 | 702 | 323 | 379 |
| Grrnd Caicos ... ... | ... | ... | - | 141 | 18 | 785 | 377 | 408 |
| North Caicos ... ... | ... | ... | - | 164 | 7 | 866 | 413 | 453 |
| Providence Caicos ... | ... | ... | - | 120 | 14 | 6 6a6 | - 307 | 349 |
| West Caicos ... ... | ... | $\cdots$ | - | 31 | 9 | 74 |  | 29 |
| Shipping ... ... ... | ... | ... | - | - | - | 63 | 56 | 7 |

* Derived from the Colonial Office List.

Table 2.-Population at each Census, 1851 to 1901 (exclusive of Shipping).

|  |  |  |  |  | 1851. | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Persons | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3,250 | 4,372 | 4,723 | 4,732 | 4,744 | 5,287 |
| Males | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | - | - | 2,274 | 2,232 | 2,211 | 2,408 |
| Females | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | - | 2,449 | 2,500 | 2,583 | 2,879 |

Table 3.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


Table 4.-Condition as to Marriage of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Persons. |  |  | Males. |  |  | Females. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unmarried. | - Married. | Widowed: | Unmarried. | Married. | Widowed. | Unmarried. | Married. | Widowed. |
| $\because: 3,468$ | 1,570 | 312 | 1,627 | 767 | 70 | - 1,841 | 803 | 242 |
| 19809 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 C |

## 45．TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS－continued．

Table 5．－Occupations of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.


Table 6．－Population according to Colour；Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

| Total Population． |  |  | White． |  |  | Colotred． |  |  | Black． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| 5，350 | 2，464 | 2，886 | 382 | 186 | 196 | 1，378 | 586 | 792 | 3，590 | 1，692 | 1，898 |

Table 7．－Birthplaces of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

| Where Born． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Where Born． |  |  | Persons． | Males． | Femalss． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 5，350 | 2，464 | 2，886 | United States of America |  |  | 21 | 7 | 141 |
|  |  |  |  | France ．．． |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |
| Turks and Caicos Islands |  |  |  | Portugal ．．． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | 二 |
| England ．．．．．．．． | 20 | 8 | 2， 12 | Norway ．．． | ．．． | ．．．． | 1 | 1 | 二 |
| Irgland ．．．．．．．．． | 2 | 1 | 1 | Sweden … | ．．． | ．．． | 1 | 1 | － |
| British North America ．．． | 35 | 31 | 4 | Africa ．．． | ．．． | ． | 18 | 8 | 10 |
| Other British Colonies ．．． | 138 | 77 | 61 | Haiti ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 27 | 13 | 14 |
| Foreign West Indies ．．． | 6 | 5 | 1 | San Domingo | ．．． | ．．． | 74 | 38 | 36 |

Table 8．－Education of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.


46．LEEWARD ISLANDS．
Area；Population， 1891 and 1901.

| Presidenoy and Island． |  | Area in Square Miles．＊ | Population． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1891. |  |  | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  |  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| Leeward Islandst ．．． | ． | 705 | 127，723 | 58，780 | 68，943 | 127，434 | 56，851 | 70，583 |
|  | $\cdots$ | $170{ }^{2}$ | 36,819 36,119 |  |  | 34，971 | 15，878 | 19，093 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Antigua } \\ \text { Barbuda } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Red }\end{array}$ | ．．． | 108 | 36， 119 $\mathbf{5 8 0}$ | 16,900 224 | 19，219 | 34，178 | 15，558 | 18，620 |
| Redonda $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | ．．．． | 62 | 580 120 | 224 118 | 356 | 775 18 | 303 17 | 472 1 |
| Presidency of St．Kitts－Nevist ．．．． | ．．． | 153 | 47，662 | 22，008 | 25，654 | 46，446 | 20，269 | 26，177 |
| St．Christopher（or St．Kitts） | ．．． | 68 | 30，876 | 14，410 | 16，466 | 29，782 | 12，977 | 16，805 |
| Nevis ．．．＊．．．．．． | ．．． | 50 | 13，087 | 5，945 | 7，142 | 12，774 | 5，605 | 7，169 |
| Anguilla $\ldots$ | ．．． | 35 | 3，699 | 1，653 | 2，046 | 3，890 | 1，687 | 2，203 |
| Presidency of Dominica ．．． <br> （Dominica．） | ．．． | 291 | 26，841 | 12，059 | 14，782 | 28，894 | 12，870 | 16，024 |
| Presidency of Montserrat．．． <br> （Montserrat．） | ．．． | $32 \frac{1}{2}$ | 11，762 | 5，331 | 6，431 | 12，215 | 5，580 | 6，635 |
| Presidency of Virgin Islands Tortola | ．．． | 58 | 4，639 | 2，140 | 2，499 | 4，908 | 2，254 | 2，654 |
| Tortola $\quad . . . \quad$ ．．． | ．．． | － | 3，104 | 1，468 | 1，636 | 3，431 | 1，615 | 1，816 |
| Jost Van Dykes $\quad$ ．．． |  | 二 | ${ }^{593}$ | 240 | 353 | 511 | 211 | 300 |
| Great Thatch Island | ．．． |  | 297 33 | 150 | 147 | 306 | 156 | 150 |
| Anegada ．．．${ }^{\text {Salt }}$ |  | － | 33 513 | 22 217 | $\stackrel{11}{296}$ | 32 530 | 19 | 13 |
| Salt and Peters Islands |  | － | 99 | 43 | 56 | 98 | 48 | 50 |

＊Derived from the Colonial Office List．
$\dagger$ Exclusive of the Island of Sombrezo，which was added to the Colony，by Order in Council，on 10th August，1904，

## 47. WINDWARD ISLANDS.

## GRENADA AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

Table 1.-Area; Separate Families, Houses, and Population, 1901.

| AREA IN <br> Square <br> MILLEs. | Separate <br> Framilies. | Houses. |  |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| .133 | 13,469 | 11,996 | 486 | 232 | 63,438 | 29,986 | 33,452 |  |

Table 2.-Separate Families, Houses and Population at each Census, 1861 to 1901.


Table 3.-Area; Separate Families, Houses and Population in each District, 1901.

| District. | Area in Acres. | Separate Families. | Hodses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | lnhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Grenada and its } \\ \text { Dependencies.* }\end{array}\right\}$ | 85,120 | 13,469 | 11,996 | 486 | 232 | 63,438 | 29,986 | 33,452 |
| Town of St. George | 306 | 1,283 | 756 | 77 | 10 | 5,188 | 2,250 | 2,938 |
| Parish of St. George | 16,436.4 | 1,973 | 1,963 | 47 | 24 | 10,486 | 5,068 | 5,418 |
| Parish of St. John ... | 9,593.6 | 1,739 | 1,351 | 57 | 23 | 7,200 | 3,446 | 3,754 |
| Parish of St. Mark ... | 5,304•8 | 734 | 591 | 30 | 18 | 3,443 | 1,665 | 1,778 |
| Parish of St. Patrick* ... | 10,515-2 | 1,946 | 1,809 | 60 | 35 | 9,291 | 4,505 | 4,786 |
| Parish of St. Andrew ... | 22,201.6 | 3,442 | 3,190 | 123 | 52 | 15,733 | 7.607 | 8,126 |
| Parish of St. Lavid... ... | $11,795 \cdot 2$ $8,467.2$ | 1,135 | 1,129 | 26 66 | 20 50 | 5,600 6,497 | 2,731 2,714 | 2,869 3,783 |
| Island of Carriacou* .. | 8,467.2 | 1,217 | 1,207 | 66 | 50 | 6,497 | 2,714 | 3,783 |

* The Dependencies comprise Carriacou and certain islets, only two of which, Isle de Rhonde and Petit Martinique, are returned as being inhabited. Isle de Rhonde is attached to the parish of St. Patrick and Petit Martinique to Carriacou.

Table 4.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Ages. |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  | AgE |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Ages |  |  |  | 63,438 | 29,986 | 33,452 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 2,673$\mathbf{2 , 1 9 8}$ | 1,2341,028 | 1,439$\mathbf{1 , 1 7 0}$ |
| Onder 1 year ... |  |  |  | 2,2681,759 | 1,141 | 1,127 | 45-50 | ... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 ... |  |  | ... |  | 1,921 | 1,838 | 50-55 | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 1,908 \\ & 1,164 \end{aligned}$ | $876$ | 1,032 |
| 2 ... | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 2,069 \\ & 2,041 \end{aligned}$ | 1,063$\mathbf{9 9 4}$ | 1,0061,047 | 55-60$60-65$ | ... | ... | ... |  | 530630 | 634783 |
| $3 . .$. | ... | ... | ... |  |  |  |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,164 \\ & 1,413 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 4 . | ... | ... | ... | 1,994 | 1,004 | 980 | 65-70 |  |  |  | 621 | $\begin{aligned} & 272 \\ & 247 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}349 \\ 352 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Under 5 years |  |  |  | 10,121 | 5,1234,419 | 4,9984,474 | 75-80 | ... | ... | ... | 275 | 120 | $\begin{aligned} & 155 \\ & 203 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5-10 | , | ... | ... | 8,893 |  |  | 80-85. | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 344 \\ & 105 \end{aligned}$ | 141 |  |
| 10-15 | ... | ... | ... | 8,466 | $\begin{aligned} & x, 25 \\ & 4,295 \\ & 3,132 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,171 \\ & 3,565 \end{aligned}$ | 85-90 | ... |  |  |  | 35 | 70 |
| 15-20 | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{array}{r} .6,697 \\ 5,928 \end{array}$ |  |  | 90-95 | ... | ... | ... | 95 | 27 11 | 6816 |
| 20-25 | ... | ... | ... |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 1 3 2} \\ & \mathbf{2 , 5 1 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,565 \\ & \mathbf{3 , 4 1 8} \end{aligned}$ | 95-100 | $\cdots$ |  | ... | 19 | 5 |  |
| 25-30 | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 4,896 \\ & 3,847 \end{aligned}$ | 2,1531,690 | 2,7432,1571,640 | 100 and upwards |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 30-35 | ... | ... | ... |  |  |  | Not stated |  | ... | $\cdots$ | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| 35-40 | ... | ... | ... | 3,143 | 1,503 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## GRENADA AND ITS DEPENDENCIES－continued．

Table 5．－Condition as to Marriage，and Ages of Maleis and Females， 1901.

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Males． |  |  | Fhmales． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Unmarried． | Married． | Widowed． | Unmarried． | Married． | Widowed． |
| ＇Гotal ．．． |  |  | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 22，526 | 6，909 | 551 | 24，106 | 7，409 | ¢．1，937 |
| Under 1 year |  |  | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | 1，141 | 二 | 二 | 1，127 | 二 | 二 |
| 1 －${ }^{1}$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  | ．．． |  |  |  |  | 二 | － |
| 2 3 | ．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | $\ldots$ | 1，063 | － | － | 1，006 |  |  |
| 4 ．． | ．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．．． | ．．． | 1,994 1,004 | － | 二 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,047 \\ 980 \end{array}$ | 二 | 二 |
| Under 5 years ．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 5，1234,419 | 二 | － | 4,998 4 4744 | － | － |
| 5－10 ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  |  | － | 4，474 | 1 |  |
| 10－15．．． | ．．． | ．．． | － | ．．． | ．．． | 4，295 | － 10 |  | 4,170 $\mathbf{3 , 4 5 2}$ |  | － |
| 15－20．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3，121$\mathbf{2 , 2 8 1}$ |  | 1 | 3,452 2,590 | 810 | 18 |
| 20－25．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  | 229 | 14 | 1，438 | 1，251 | 54 |
| 30－35．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1,275 643 | $\begin{array}{r} 864 \\ 1,017 \end{array}$ | 3038 | 826 | 1，256 | 75112 |
| 35－40．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 410481 | 1，055 |  | 539 | 999 |  |
| 40－50．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  | 1，690 | 91108 | 744496 | 1，529 | 336409 |
| 50－60．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 244 | 1，054 |  |  | 851 |  |
| 60－70 ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．． | ．．． | ．．． | 15180 | $\begin{aligned} & 632 \\ & 357 \end{aligned}$ | 119 | 266212 | 4188 | 454 478 |
| 70 and up | ards | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 478 |
| Age not stated |  | － | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | － | － |

Table 6．－Oocupations of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

| Occupations． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Occupations． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Occupied and Un－ occupied | 63，438 | 29，986 | 33，452 | III．Agricultaral Class－ Proprietors of Planta－ tions |  |  |  |
| I．Professional Class－ |  |  |  | Lessees of Plantations．．． | 1，670 | 32 | 473 5 |
| Prblic Officers ．．．．．． | 111 | 103 | 8 | Managers of Plantations | 343 | 343 |  |
| Police $\ldots$ ．．．．．．．．． | 67 18 | 67 | － | Agriculturail Lahourers | 14，448 | 7，204 | 7，244 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Legal Profession } \\ \text { Medical } & \text { Profession } \\ \text { ．．．}\end{array}$ | 18 | 18 | 二 |  |  |  |  |
| Medical Profession ．．． | 116 | 116 | － | IV．Industrial Class－ Mechanics and Handi－ |  |  |  |
| Civil Engineers and Sur－ veyors．．． | 6 | 6 | － | craftsmen＊．．． <br> General Labourers and | 2，997 | 2，963 | 34 |
| Students of Law and Medicine ．．．．．． | 24 | 24 | － | Porters ．．．．．． | 1，596 | 991 | 605 |
| Public Writers and |  |  |  | V．Domestic Class－ |  |  |  |
| Scientific men ．．． | 9 | 9 | －15 | Domestic Servants ．．． | 3，241 | 951 | 2，290 |
| Teachers．．．．．．．．． | 232 | 117 | 115 | Laundresses ．．．．．． | 1，207 | － | 1，207 |
|  |  |  |  | Seamstresses | 2，966 | － | 2，966 |
| II．Commercial Class－ Merchants，Agents and |  |  |  | Wives and Children en－ gaged in Domestic |  |  |  |
| Dealers ．．．．． | 117 | 102 | 15 | duties ．．．．．．．．． | 3，960 | 193 | 3，767 |
| Clerks and Shopmen ．．． | 454 | 411 | 43 | VI．Unoccupied－ |  |  |  |
| Shopkeepers and Huck－ sters ．． | 760 | 215 | 545 | Adults...$\quad$ ．．．$\ldots$ ．．． Children attending | 1，035 | 301 | 734 |
| Boatmen and Fishermen | 342 | 342 | 54 | School．．． <br> － 0 $\qquad$ | 13，632 | 7，064 | 6，568 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Mariners } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Hotelkeepers } & \text { ．．} & \text { ．．}\end{array}$ | 336 | 336 | － | Cbildren not attending |  |  |  |
| Hotelkeepers |  |  | 2 | School．．． | 13，800 | 6，969 | 6，831 |



## GRENADA AND ITS DEPENDENCIES-continued.

Table 7.-Birthplaces of Males and Females, 1901.

| Wherie Born. |  | Males. | Females. | Where Born. |  |  | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | ... | 29,986 | 33,452 |  |  |  | 3119 |  |
| Grenada ... |  | 23,387 | 26,295 | Europe ... | ... $\quad .$. | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Carriacou ${ }_{\text {Grenada }}$ (Tndian Parents) | ... | 2,754 | 3,926 | United States of America |  | $\ldots$ | 19 | 17 |
| Grenada (Indian Parents) | ... | 787 | 737 | Sonth America |  | $\cdots$ | 30406 | 31225 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Trinidad } \\ \text { Barhados } & \text {... } \\ \text { O. }\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | 185 993 | 210 | India ... | $\cdots$ | . |  |  |
| Other British West Indies | $\ldots$ | 994 | 809 | China | $\cdots$ | . | 3 | $\overline{132}$ |
| Canada ... ... ... | $\ldots$ | 7 | - 4 | Atrica At Sea | ... ... | $\ldots$ | 210 1 | 132 1 |
| United Kingdom ${ }^{\text {F }}$.. |  | 96 | 44 | Other Places | ... ... | ... | 17 | - 19: |
| Foreign West Indies ... |  | 58 | 50 | Not Stated | - |  | 4 | 2 |

Table 8.-Religions of the Population, 1901.

| Religions. |  | Persons, | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Totar ... | ... | 63,438 | 29,986 | 33,452 |
| Roman Catholics ... | $\ldots$ | 36,437 | 16.926 | 19,511 |
| Anglicans ... Presbyterians ar | $\ldots$ | 22,477 580 | 10,798 321 | $\begin{array}{r}11,679 \\ \hline 259\end{array}$ |
| Wesleyans ... | $\ldots$ | 3,584 | 1,726 | 1,858 |
| Other Christian Denominations. | ... | 105 | 53 | 52 |
| Total Christians ... | ... | 63,183 | 29,824 | 33,359 |
| Hindus ... | $\cdots$ | 93 | 66 | 27 |
| Mohammedans Buddhists | ... |  | 25 | 18 |
| - Other Non.Christian Denominations* . | .... | 8 | 4 | 4 |
| Total Non-Christians | ... | 144 | 95 | 49 |
| Not Stated ... | ... | 111 | 67 | 44 |

* Including 2 Brahmins, 2 Freethinkers, and 2 Theosophists.

Tab́le 9.-The Number of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Lunatic, Imbecile and Idiot, and Leprous, 1901.

|  | - |  |  | Blind. | Deaf and <br> Dumb. | Lunatic. | Imbecile or <br> Idiot. | Leprous. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

ST. LUCIA.
Table 1.-Area; Separate Occupiers, and Population, 1901.

| Abea in Square Miles. | Separate Occupiers. | Popolation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| $233 \cdot 29$ | 13,247 | 49,883 | 23,821 | 26,062 |

Table 2.-Population at each Census, 1772 to 1901.

| Census Yfar. |  |  |  | Population. | Gensus Year. |  |  |  | Population. | Census Year. |  |  |  | Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1772 | ... | ... | ... | 15,446 | 1843 | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 20,694 | 1881 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 38,551 |
| 1789 | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 21,778 | 1851 | . | ... | - | 24,185 | 1891 | ... | ... |  | 42,220 |
| 1810 | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 17,485 | 1861 | ... | . | $\cdot$ | 26,674 |  |  |  |  | 49;883 |
| 1825 | $\therefore$ | ... | ... | 18,595 |  |  |  |  | 31,610 |  |  |  |  |  |

## ST. LUCIA-continued.

Table 3.-Area ; Separate Occupiers and Population in each District, 1901.

| District. |  |  |  |  | Area in Square Miles. | Separate Occupiers. | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| St. Lucia | ... . | ... | ... | ... | 233•29 | 13,247 | 49,883 | 23,821 | 26,062 |
| Castries Town* |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | $0 \cdot 16$ | 2,510 | 7,910 | 3,367 | 4,543 |
| " Rural... ... |  | ... |  | ... | $34 \cdot 86$ | 3,007 | 11,606 | 5,992 | 5,614 |
| Anse-la-Raye District |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 24.05 | 753 | 2,770 | 1,456 | 1,314 |
| Soufrière | " | ... | ... | ... | $22 \cdot 89$ | 1,624 | 5,661 | 2,568 | 3,093 |
| Choiseul | ", | ... |  | ... | $9 \cdot 47$ | 875 | 4,332 | 1,991 | 2,341 |
| Laborie | " | ... | ... | ... | $12 \cdot 61$ | 765 | 3,221 | 1,437 | 1,784 1,831 |
| Vieux Fort | " | ... | ... | ... | $18 \cdot 41$ | 853 | 3,415 2,861 | 1,584 | 1,831 |
| Dennery | ", | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 27.97 | 1,206 | 4,086 | 2,114 | 1.972 |
| Gros-Islet | , | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | $41 \cdot 83$ | 964 | 4,021 | 1,949 | 2,072 |

* The figures for Castries Town are for the Administrative Area proper, and exclude a Suburban Population of 4,205 persons ( 1,872 males and 2,333 females).

Table 4,-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Males and Females, 1901.

| Ages. |  |  | Total. |  | Unmarried. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females, |
| All Ages | ... | ... | 23,821 | 26,062 | 18,122 | 19,087 | 5,276 | 5,443 | 423 | 1,532 |
| Under 1 year ... |  | ... | 738 | $\left.\begin{array}{r}743 \\ 3,453 \\ 3,482\end{array}\right\} 10,616$ |  | 10,350 | 5 | 12 | - | - |
| 1-5 $\quad .$. | .... | $\ldots$ | 3,504 3,747 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-15 | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,632 | 3,482 $\mathbf{2 , 6 8 4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-20 | ... | ... | 2,118 | 2,851 | 2,0843,389 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,676 \\ & 3,453 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 932 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1741683 | - | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {1 }}$ |
| 20-30 | ... | ... | 4,343 | 5,205 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{54}^{22}$ |  |
| 30-40 |  | ... | 2,528 | 2,869 | 1,042 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 4 5 3} \\ & 1,151 \end{aligned}$ | 1,432 | 1,541 |  | 177 |
| 40-50 | ... | ... | 1,635 | 2,077 |  | , 643 | 1,110 | 1,105 | 72 | 329 |
| 50-60 ... | ... | ... | 1,209 | 1,323 | 274 | 411 | 848 912 | 572 351 | 87 188 | 615 |
|  |  | ... | 12 |  | 9 | 9 | 3 | 5 | - | 1 |

Table 5.-Occupations of the Population, 1901.

| Occopation. | Persons. | Occupation. | Persons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ... | 49,883 |  |  |
| Agricultnral Labourers ... | 14,924 | Planters ... ... ... ... | 4,297 |
| Criminals in Confinement | 82 | Professionals ... ... ... | 228 |
| Fishermen ... ... | 371 | Scholars ... ... ... ... | 8,567 |
| Hawkers ... ... ... ... | 57 | Seamen ... ... ... | 254 |
| Inmates of Hospital ... ... | 244 | Seamstresses ... ... ... | 3,132 |
| Laundresses ... ... ... | 1,032 | Traders and Clerks ... ... | 723 |
| Mechanics and Handicraftsmen | 2,336 | Unemployed, including Wives |  |
| $\begin{array}{lcccc} \hline \text { Military } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Officials } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \end{array}$ | 782 164 | not otherwise employed and Children not Scholars | 11,818 |

Table 6.-Birthplaces of the Population, 1901.

| Where Born. |  | Persons. | Where Born. |  |  |  | Persons. | Wher | E Bor |  |  | Persons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\cdots$ | 49,883 | Colombia |  |  | $\ldots$ | 45 | St. Bartholon | mew |  |  | 1 |
| St. Lucia |  | 41,777 | Dominica |  |  | $\cdots$ | 365 | St. Kitts | $\cdots$ |  |  | 174 |
| Africa | $\ldots$ | 241 | France |  |  | .... | ${ }_{16}$ | St. Martin | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 11 |
| Anguilla ... | $\cdots$ | 5 | Germany |  |  | ... | 5 | St Vincent | .... |  |  | 915 |
| Antigua ... | ... | 546 | Greuada | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 68 | Surinam | $\ldots$ |  |  | 2 |
| Bahamas ... | ... | 4 | Guadeloupe | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 28 | Tobago | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 32 |
| Barbados ... | ... | 2,616 | Haiti ... |  | ... | $\ldots$ | 3 | Tortola |  | $\ldots$ |  | 2 |
| Bermuda ... | ... | 6 | Jamaica |  |  | $\ldots$ | 169 | Trinidad |  |  |  | 102 |
| British Guiana ... | ... | 91 | Martinique | ... |  | ... | 385 | United King | dom | ... | .. | 475 |
| British Honduras ... | ... | 3 | Montserrat |  |  | ... | 202 | Other parts | of Eu |  |  | 70 |
| British Canada Corth America ... ... | $\ldots$ | 3 | Nevis ... Saba ... |  |  | $\ldots$ | 187 5 | United State | es of |  |  | 12 |
| China ... |  |  | Santa COruz |  |  | ... | 8 | Other Place |  |  |  | 49 |

[^39]ST. LUCIA-continued.

Table 7.-Religions of the Population, 1901.


Table 8.-Infirmities of the Population, 1901.

|  | Infirmity. |  |  | Persons. | Infirmity. |  |  | Persons. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Idiot and Imbecile |  |  | 7340 | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Dumb } \\ \text { Leprous } & \ldots & . \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1339 |  |
|  | Lunatic ... .. |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Blind |  | ... | 122 | Framboesial ... |  | ... | 70174 |  |
| - | Deaf $\quad \ldots$ | ... | ... | 66 7 | Other Infirmities ... |  |  |  |  |

## ST. VINCENT.

No Census was taken in this Island. The area is estimated at 132 square miles, and the population at 47,548-the latter number being derived from the returns of Births, Deaths, and Migration.

## 48. BARBADOS.

No Census was taken in this Island. The area was estimated at 166 square miles, and the population at 195,588 persons ( 88,200 males and 107,388 females) ; the population is computed from the returns of Births, Deaths, and Migration.
49. TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

Table 1.-Area; Houses, and Population, 1901.


* Derived from the Colonial Office List.

Table 2.-Population at each Census, 1861 to 1901.

| - |  |  | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trinidad and Tobago |  |  | 99,848 | 126,692 | 171,179 | 218,381 | 273,8ษ9 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Trinidad } \\ \text { Tobago } & . . . & . . . \\ \end{array}$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84,438 \\ & 15,410 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 109,638 \\ 17,054 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 153,128 \\ 18,051 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 200,028 \\ 18,353 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 265,148 \\ 18751 \end{array}$ |

49. TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO-continued.

Table 3.-Houses and Population in Boroughs, Wards, and Ward Unions, 1901.

| Boroughs, Wards, andWard Untons. |  | Houses. |  |  | Popdlation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Trinidad and Tobago | $\ldots$ | 40,934 | 1,975 | 719 | 273,899 | 144,491 | 129,408 |
| Trinidad ... ... |  | 36,889 | 1,805 | 607 | 255,148 | 135,820 | 119,328 |
| Port of Spain |  | 4,406 | 213 | 114 | 54,100 | 24,387 | 29,713 |
| St. Ann's Ward Union |  | 1,525 | 129 | 15 | 9,502 | 4,866 | 4,636 |
| Diego Martin Ward Union | ... | 2,300 | 164 | 33 | 14,640 | 7,801 | 6,839 |
| Tacarigua Ward Union ... | ... | 4,521 | 314 | 113 | 28,857 | 16,533 | 13,324 |
| Borough of Arima ... ... | ... | 2,479 | 93 | 35 \{ | 4,076 11,502 | 1,889 6,701 | 2,187 4,801 |
| Manzanilla Ward Union ... |  | 1,438 | 11 | - | 11,114. | 4,776 | 3,338 |
| Mayaro Ward Union | ... | , 572 | 36 | 7 | 2,660 | 1,528 | 1,132 |
| Toco Ward Union ... | .. | 925 | 21 | 11 | 4,569 | 2,614 | 1,955 |
| Blanchisseuse Ward . ... |  | 149 | 1 | - | 961 | 563 | 398 |
| Chaguanas Ward Union ... |  | 2,639 | 141 | 37 | 13,995 | 7,923 | 6,072 |
| Couva Ward Union ... .. | ... | 1,993 | 46 | 27 | 15,049 | 8,330 | 6,719 |
| Montserrat Ward ... ... | ... | 2,930 | 215 | 74 | 14,596 | 7,981 | 6,615 |
| Savana Grande Ward Union |  | 4,417 | 214 | 76 | 24,341 | 13,340 | 11,001 |
| Borough of San Fernando... | ... | 1,022 | 53 | ${ }^{6}$ | 7,613 | 3.661 | 1,052 10568 |
| Naparima Ward Union ... | .. | 3,140 | 89 | 32 | 24,829 888 | 14,261 6,049 | 10,668 |
| Oropuche Ward Union Cedros Ward Union |  | 1,458 | 45 20 | 7 20 | 8583 5,533 | 5,049 $\mathbf{3 , 1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 5 3 4}$ $-2,423$ |
| Shipping in Harbours ... ... |  | 95 | 2 | - | 1,628 | 1,607 | 21 |
| Tobago (comprising Tobago Ward) | ... | 4,045 | 170 | 112 | 18,751 | 8,671 | 10,080 |

Table 4.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| AGES. |  |  |  |  | Trinidad and Tobago. |  |  | Trinidad. |  |  | Tobago. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Aut Ages |  |  | ... | ... | 273,899 | 144,491 | 129,408 | 255,148 | 135,820 | 119,328 | 18,751 | 8,671 | 10,080 |
| Under 1 year ... |  |  |  |  | 6,994 | 3,4293,059 | 3,565 | 6,415 | 3,163 | 3,252 | 579 | 266 | 313 |
| 1 | , | . | ... | ... | 6,180 |  | 3,121 | 5,643 | 2,797 | 2,846 | 537 | 262 | 275 |
| 2 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,760 | 3,416 | 3,344 | 6,213. | 3,156 | 3,057 | 547 | 260 | 287 |
| 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,775 | 3,257 | 3,518 | 6,232 | 2,986 | 3,246 | 543 | 271 | 272 |
| 4 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,561 | 3,290 | 3,271 | 6,000 | 2,995 | 3,005 | 561 | 295 | 266 |
| $5-$ | ... | ... | ... |  | 30,798 | 15,602 | 15,196 | 28,218 | 14,311 | 13,907 | 2,580 | 1,291 | 1,289 |
| 10- | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |  | 13,765 | 13,035 | 24,370 | 12,512 | 11,858 | 2,430 | 1,253 | 1,177 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... | -26,800 | 11,763 | 12,294 | 22,214 | 10,838 | 11,376 | 1,943 | 925 | 1,018 |
| 20- | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 14,616 | 14,291 | 27,306 | 13,987 | 13,319 | 1,601 | 629 | 972 |
| 25- | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 28,907 \\ & 27,804 \end{aligned}$ | 14,645 | 13,169 | 26,676 | 14,212 | 12,464 | 1,128 | 433 | 695 |
| $30-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 12,609 | 10,083 | 21,724 | 12,238 | 9,486 | 968 | 371 | 597 |
| $35-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 22,692 \\ & 20,191 \end{aligned}$ | 11,614 | 8,577 | 19,235 | 11,181 | 8,054 | 956 | 433 | 523 |
| $40-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 10,240 | 7,108 | 16,434 | 9,838 | 6,596 | 914 | 402 | 512 |
| $45-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 17,348 \\ & 12,371 \end{aligned}$ | 7,134 | 5,237 | 11,589 | 6,738 | 4,851 | 782 | 396 | 386 |
| $50-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 5,714 | 4,495 | 9,405 | 5,350 | 4,055 | 804 | 364 | 440 |
| $55-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{array}{r} 10,209 \\ 5466 \end{array}$ | 3,059 | 2,407 | 4,939 | 2,817 | 2,122 | 527 | 242 | 285 |
| $60-$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 5,466 | 3,310 | 2,653 | 5,448 | 3,091 | 2,357 | 515 | 219 | 296 |
| 65- | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,573 | 1,332 | 1,241 | 2,285 | 1,197 | 1,088 | 288 | 185 | 153 |
| 70- | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 2,244 | 1,148 | 1,096 | 2,031 | 1,051 | 980 | 213 | 97 | 116 |
| 75- | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1,069 | 512 | 657 | 941 | 466 | 475 | 128 | 46 | 82 |
| $80-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1,149 | 548 | 601 | 1,015 | 491 | 524 | 134 | 57 | 77 |
| $85-$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 372 <br> 242 | 164 | 208 | 334 | 153 | 181 | 38 | 11 | 27 |
| ${ }_{95-}^{90-}$ | ... | ... | ... | -. |  | 130 | 112 | 226 | 123 | 103 | 16 | 7 | 9 |
| 95- | nd ${ }^{\text {upw }}$ |  | ... | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 146 \\ & 118 \end{aligned}$ | 71 | 75 | 132 | 66 | 66 | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| Not st | tated |  | .... | $\cdots$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | 8 | - 2 | 10 | 58 8 | 58 | $-^{5}$ | 1 | 4 |

Table 5.-Condition as to Marriage of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Condition as to Marriage.* |  |  |  |  | Trinidad. |  |  | Tobago. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males, | Females. |
| Total Population |  |  |  | ... | 255,148 | 135,820 | 119,328 | 18,751 | 8,671 | 10,080 |
| Unmarried Married Widowed |  | ... |  | . | $\begin{array}{r} 202,058 \\ 43,973 \\ 9,117 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110,684 \\ 22,403 \\ 2,883 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91, \frac{1}{7} 74 \\ 21,570 \\ 6,284 \end{array}$ | 13,714 | 6,424 | 7,290 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | ... |  |  |  | 4,156 | 2,023 | 2,133 |
|  |  | ... |  |  |  |  |  | 881 | 284 | , 657 |

[^40]49. TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO-continued.

Table 6.--Occupations of the Population, 1901.

49. TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO-continued.

Table 7.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


Table 8.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Religions. | Trinidad and Tobago. |  |  | Trinidad. |  |  | Tobago. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | F'emales. |
| Total Population | 273,899. | 144,491 | 129,408 | 255,148 | 135,820 | 119,328 | 18,751 | 8,671 | 10,080 |
| Christians | 193.335 | 97,148 | 96,187 | 174,800 | 88,594 | 86,206 | 18,535 | 8,554 | 9,981 |
| Roman Catholic ... | 89,213 | 44,218 | 44,995 | 88,419 | 43,805 | 44,614 | 794 | 413 | 381 |
| Clurch of England | 74,920 | 38,251 | 36,669 | 65,682 | 33,972 | 31,710 | 9,238 | 4,279 | 4,959 |
| Wesleyan ... | 11,388 | 5,539 | 5,849 | 7,644 | 3,824 | 3,820 | 3,744 | 1,715 | 2,029 |
| Presoyterian | 5,859 | 3,266 | 2,593 | 5,853 | 3,261 | 2,592 | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| Baptist $\quad .$. ... ... | 4,940 | 2,449 | 2,491 | 4,885 | 2,423 | 2,462 | 55 | 26 | 29 |
| Moravian Other Christian Denomina. | 6,321 | 3,043 | 3,278 | 1,633 | 932 | 701 | 4,688 | 2,111 | 2.577 |
| tions ... ... .. | 694 | 382 | 312 | 684 | 377 | 307 | 10 | ถ | 5 |
| Non-Christian ... | 79,798 | 46,811 | 32,987 | 79,789 | 46,804 | 32,985 | , | 7 | 2 |
| Hindu | 68,906 | 40,571 | 28,335 | 68,902 | 40,567 | 28,335 | 4 |  | - |
| Mohammedan ... | 10,478 | 5,952 | 4,526 | 10,478 | 5,952 | 4,526 | - | - | - |
| Buddhist Other Non-Christian De- | 187 | 153 | 34 | 187 | 153 | 34 | - | - | - |
| nominations ... | 227 | 135 | 92 | 222 | 132 | 90 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| Not stated ... ... ... | 766 | 532 | 234 | 559 | 422 | 137 | 207 | 110 | 97 |

Table 9.-Number of the Blind and the Deaf and Dumb, Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

|  |  | Total Ineirmities. |  |  | Blind. |  |  | Deaf and Dumb. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Trinidad and | Tobago | 626 | 317 | 309 | 512 | 267 | 245 | 114 | 50 | 64 |
| Trinidad <br> Tobago ... | $\cdots$ | 570 56 | 294 23 | 276 33 | 473 39 | 251 16 | 222 23 | 97 17 | 43 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |

## 50. BRITISH HONDURAS.

Table 1.-Area ; Inhabited Houses, 1901, and Population, 1891 and 1901.

| Area in Square Miles. | Inhabited Houses,1901. | Popdlation. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1891. | * 1901. |  |  |
|  |  | Persons. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 7,562* | 9,076 $\dagger$ | 31.471 | 37,479 | 19,140 | 18339 |

* Derived from the Colonial Office List.
$\dagger$ Including 34 vessels.

Table 2.-Population enumerated at each Census, 1861 to 1901.

| $\ldots$ | 1861. | 1871. | 1881. | 1891. | 1901. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 25,635 | 24,710 | 27,452 | 31,471 |

Table 3.-Area; Inhabited Houses, 1901, and Population in each District of the Colony, 1891 and 1901.

| District. |  |  | Area in Square Miles. | InhabitedHoणses,1901. | Popolation. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Total | ... | ... | 7,562 | 9,076 | 31,471 | 37,479 | 19,140 | 18,339 |
| Belize | ... | ... | 1,732 | 3,065* | 11,352 | 13,771 | 6,671 | 7,100 |
| Corosal ... | ... | ... | 697 | 1,448† | 5,544 | 5,964 | 3,068 | 2,896 |
| Orange Waik | .. | ... | 1,433 | 1,764 | 4,943 | 6,550 | 3,646 | 2,904 |
| Stann Creek | ... | ... | 2,000 | 1,027 | 3,747 | 4,059 4277 | 1,937 | 2,132 1,990 |
| Toledo ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 900 | $\begin{array}{r}997 \\ \hline 75\end{array}$ | 3,218 2,667 | 4,277 2,858 | 2,287 1,531 | 1,990 1,327 |
| Cayo ... ... | ... | ... | 800 | 775 | 2,667 | 2,853 | 1,531 | 1,327 |

* Including 23 vessels.
$\dagger$ Including 11 vessels.

Table 4.-Population, 1891 and 1901, enumerated in the Chief Towns and Settlements.


[^41]50. BRITISH HONDURAS-continued.

Table 5.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


Table 6.-Condition as to Marriage of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

|  |  |  |  |  | Unmarried, <br> 15 years of Age <br> and upwards. | Married. | Widowed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.-Occupations of the Male Population, 1901.


[^42]50. BRITISH HONDURAS-continued.

Table 8.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Where Born.} \& Persons. \& Males. \& Females. \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Where Born.} \& Persons. \& Males. \& Females. <br>
\hline Total \& ... \& 37,479 \& 19,140 \& 18,339 \& France - .. \& $\ldots$ \& \& ${ }^{6}$ \& 5 \& 1. <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& Germany
Spain ...

a \& .. \& . \& 37
11 \& 29
9 \& 8
2
2 <br>
\hline England ... \& $\ldots$ \& 95 \& 64 \& 31 \& Central A America \& $\cdots$ \& .... \& 4,789 \& 2,771 \& 2,018 <br>
\hline Ireland \& ... \& 36 \& 19 \& 17 \& Yucatau ... \& ... \&  \& 1,712 \& 949 \& 763 <br>

\hline Scotland \& ... \& 44 \& 32 \& 12 \& Africa... ... \& ... \& $$
\cdots
$$ \& 110 \& 82 \& 28 <br>

\hline Wales ... ... .- \& ... \& 2 \& 1 \& 1 \& China ... \& ... \& ... \& 27 \& 26 \& 1 <br>
\hline Barbados ... ... \& ... \& $\begin{array}{r}229 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{13}^{183}$ \& 46 \& East Indies ... \& $\ldots$ \& ... \& 190 \& 131 \& ${ }^{59}$ <br>
\hline British Honduras ... \& ... \& 28,505 \& 13,665 \& 14,840 \& Switzerland ... \& ... \& . \& 1 \& 1 \& - <br>
\hline Jamaica ${ }_{\text {Other British }} \quad$ Possessions \& ... \& 864 \& 611 \& 253 \& Italy ... ... \& $\ldots$ \& . \& 12 \& 2 \& 12 <br>
\hline Other British Possessions
United States \& $\ldots$ \& 211
178 \& 150 \& 61 \& Other Places ... \& ... \& . \& 412 \& 288 \& 124 <br>
\hline United States ... \& .. \& 178 \& 113 \& 65 \& Not stated .. \& \& ... \& 18 \& 9 \& 9 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note.-The Total namber of persons "born under the British Flag" was returned as 30,287 .
Table 9.-Educatronal Condifion of the Population, also the Number of Deaf, Dumb, Blind, and Lunatic, Idiot, or Imbecile.

| Educational Condition. |  |  |  | Infirmities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Can Read? |  | Can Write Name? |  | Deaf. |  | Damb. |  | Blind. |  | Lunatic, Idiot, or Imbecile. |  |
| Yes. | No. | Yes. | No. | From Birth. | Otherwise. | From Birth. | Otherwise. | From Birth. | Otherwise. | From <br> Birth. | Otherwise. |
| 12,617 | 24,862 | 11,668 | 25,811 | 15 | 54 | 16 | 11 | 7 | 52 | 19 | 72 |

## 51. BRITISH GUIANA.

No Census was taken in this Colony. The area is estimated at 104,000 square miles, and the popnlation (exclusive of the wandering Aborigines in the interior of the country) at 295,896 persons ( 157,512 males and 138,384 females). The population is computed from returns of Births, Deaths, and Migration.
52. FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| AREA in Square Miles. | Houses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Total. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 7,500* | 359 | $51 \dagger$ | 410 | 2,043 $\ddagger$ | 1,203 | 840 |

[^43]Table 2.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, at the Censuses of 1881, 1891, and 1901.


Table 3.-Ages of Perisons, Males and Females, 1901.

|  | AgEs |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\therefore$ | ALL AGES ... | ... | -. | 2,043 | 1,203 | 840 | . |
|  | Under 1 year | .. | ... | 59 | 30 | 29 |  |
|  | 1-5 ... ... | ... | , | 241 | 126 | 115 |  |
| $\because$ | 5-10 ... ... | ... | ... | 249 | 140 | 109 |  |
| ; | 10-15 ... | ... | ... | 207 | 105 | 102 |  |
| , | 15-20 ... | ... | ... | 207 | 113 | 94 |  |
| ? | 20-30 ... | ... | ... | 423 | 272 | 151 |  |
|  | 30-40 ... | ... | ... | 296 | 187 | 109 |  |
| : | $40-50$... | ... | ... | 175 | 111 | 64 |  |
| + - | $50-60$... | ... | $\cdots$ | 109 | 74 38 | 35 25 |  |
| +-. - - . - - . . . - . | $60-70$ $70-80$ | $\cdots$ | ... | 11 | 5 | 6 |  |
| , | 80 and upwards | *.. | ... | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |

Table 4.-Condition as to Marriage, and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


Table 5.-Occupations of Persons, Males and Females, 1911.


Table 6.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

52. FALKLAND ISLANDS-continued.

Table 6.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901-continusd.


Table 7.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.

| Religions. |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total <br> Baptist Church of England (including Protestants) |  |  |  |  |  | 2,043 | 1,203 | 840 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 | 9 | 16 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 739 | 414 | 325 |  |
| Church of Irelan |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Free Thinker |  | $\ldots$ | ... | .... | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Lutheran ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | . | 28 | 27 | -1 |  |
| No Religion ... | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | - |  |
| No Return ... | . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 967 | 582 | 385 |  |
| Nonconformist Presbyterian ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 15 | 5 | 10 |  |
| Presbyterian ... | ... | ... |  |  | ... | 83 178 | ${ }_{111}^{50}$ | 33 67 |  |

## 53. NEW SOUTH WALES (excluding Norfolk Island).

Table 1.-Area; Houses, and Population, 1901.

| ${ }_{\text {AREA }}^{\text {IN }}$ | Houses. |  |  | Total popillation $c$ (including Chinese and Aborigines). |  |  | Abortaines. $l$ |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { CHINEsE } e \\ \text { (full-blooded and half-caste). } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males. | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 310,700 | 252,502 a | 14,831 $b$ | 1,438 | 1,359,133 | 712,456 | 646,677 | 4,287 | 2,451 | 1,836 | 11,263 | 10,690 | 673 |

a Including 7,098 described as Tents and Camps, 118 as Stores, Offices, dc., and 452 as Public Institutions.
b Excluding 14,581 Buildings (Chnrches, Stores, \&c.) not used as Residences.
$d$ The Aboriginal population includes 3,778 persons ( 3,192 males and 1,586 females) returned as full-blooded, and 509 persons ( 359 males and 250 females) returned as nomadic half-castes.

Table 2.-Houses and Population enumerated at each Census, 1821 to 1901.

| Date of Census. |  |  |  | Houses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 1821, 26th October | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | - | - | - | 29,662 | 21541 | 8,121 |
| 1828, Noyember ... | $\cdots$ |  | ... | - | - | - | 36,598 | 27,611 | 8,987 |
| 1833, 2nd September | ... | ... | ... | - | - | - | 60,794 | 44,644 | 16,150 |
| 1836, 2nd September | ... | ... | ... | - 14 | - | - | 77,096 | 55,539 | 21,357 |
| 1841, 2nd March... | ... | ... | ... | 14,951 | - | - | 116,731 | 76,766 | 39,965 |
| 1846, 2nd March... | ... | ... | ... | 24,539 | 二 | - | 154,205 182,424 | 92,687 103,631 | 61,518 78,793 |
| 1851, lst March ... | - | $\cdots$ | .." | 28,711 $\mathbf{3 9 , 8 0 7}$ | - |  | 182,424 202,640 | 103,631 139,994 | 78,793 112,646 |
| 1856, 1st March ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 39,807 $\mathbf{6 4 , 5 7 1}$ | - | - | 25,640 $\mathbf{3 5 0 , 8 6 0}$ | 198,488 | 152,372 |
| 1871, 3rd April ... | ... | ... | ... | 93,690 | 4,9 |  | 503,981 | 275,551 | 228,430 |
| 1881, 4th April ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 135,326 | 6,016 | 2,398 | 751,468 | 411,149 | 340,319 |
| 1891, 6th April ... | ... | ... | ... | 216,202 | 16,166 | 1,255 | 1,132,234 | 612,562 | 519,672 |
| 1901, 1st April ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | 252,502 | 14,831 | 1,438 | 1,359,133 | 712,456 | 646,677 |

[^44]
## 53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

tadle 3.-Area; Inhabited Houses, and Population (exclusive of Aborigines and Shipping', in each Division, 1891 and 1901.

| Division. | area IN Square Miles. | InhabitedHouses. |  | Population. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1891. |  |  | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  | 1891. | 1901. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons.' | Males. | Females, |
| Total New Sodth Wales | 310,700 | 216,202 | 252,502 | 1,118,305 | 602,694 | 515,611 | 1,346,820 | 702,474 | 644,346 |
| Metropolis (City of Sydney and Suburbs) <br> Balance of County of Cumberland <br> Total Cumberland Division | $\begin{array}{r} 142: 5 \\ 1,430: 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70,483 \\ & 11,880 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88,893 \\ & \mathbf{1 4 , 6 6 6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 383,283 \\ 63,731 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 193,732 \\ 34,473 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 189,551 \\ 29,258 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,830 \\ 81,553 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 236,018 \\ 42,615 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 245,812 \\ 38,938 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,573 | 82,363 | 103,559 | 447,014 | 228,205 | 218,809 | 563,383 | 278,633 | 284,750 |
|  | 10,825 | 12,135 | $\begin{aligned} & 14,573 \\ & 24,177 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 61,148 \\ 115,386 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,929 \\ & 61,175 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27,219 \\ & 54,211 \end{aligned}$ | 79,073130,010 | $\begin{aligned} & 42,778 \\ & 67,374 \end{aligned}$ | 36,29562,636 |
|  | 7,6088,133 | 21,62413,624 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lower Hunter Division ... South Coast Division |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 24,177 \\ 13,899 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 115,386 \\ 69,758 \end{array}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 , 6 7 9}$ | $32,079$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72,745 \\ & 7 \pi, 812 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,055 \\ & 42,090 \end{aligned}$ | 34,690 |
| Northern Table Land | 24,76918,291 | 12,770 | 14,891 | 63,846 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28,212 \\ & 45,543 \end{aligned}$ |  | 42,090$\mathbf{5 8 , 8 4 7}$ | 35,72252,548 |
| Central Table Land |  | 19,75313,663 | 21,78515,101 | 99,022 | $\begin{aligned} & 35,634 \\ & 53,479 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 77,812 \\ 111,395 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Southern Table Land | $18,082$ |  |  | 21,062 | 39,909 | $\mathbf{3 5 , 3 8 9}$ | 111,395 80,818 | 58,847 42,693 | 52,548 38,125 |
| North Western Slope |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4,125 \\ 4,641 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,139 \\ & 9,849 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12,533 \\ & 23,515 \end{aligned}$ | 8,529 | $28,548$ $53.433$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,194 \\ & 00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,45454 \\ & 23,698 \end{aligned}$ |
| Central Western Slope | $\begin{aligned} & 25,305 \\ & 18,238 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 40,729 \\ & 45,925 \end{aligned}$ |  | 17,21419,309 | $\begin{aligned} & 53.433 \\ & 5 y, 157 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,735 \\ & 32,566 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| South Western Slope | 15,797 | 8,830 | 11,191 |  | 26,116 |  |  |  | -26,591 |
| Riverina Division... | 24,682 | $\pm, 762$8,1488,750 | 5,7344,8697,713 | $\begin{aligned} & 23,672 \\ & 22,360 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,363 \\ & 14,815 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,309 \\ & 7,54 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,814 \\ & 93,397 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17,414 \\ & 14,106 \end{aligned}$ | 12,4009,221 |
| Plains East of Darling ... | $\begin{aligned} & 74,267 \\ & 62,630 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trans-Darling Division ... |  |  |  | 55 | 30 | - 25 | 100 | 58 | 42 |
| Lord Howe Island | -62, | 14 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.-Area; Ifihabited Houses and Population, 1891 and 190., in the Principal
Towns (exclusive of Aborigines and Shipping).

| T'owns with Populations of over 5,000 in 1901. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { Acres. } \end{aligned}$ | Inhabited Houses. |  | Population. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1891. |  |  | 1901. |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1891. | 1901. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Sydney and Suburbs*Newcastle and Suburbs |  |  |  | 91,220 | 70,483 | 88893 | 383,283 | 193,732 | 189,551 | 481,830 | 236,018 | 245.812 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18,954 \\ & 16,640 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,260 \\ & 4.941 \end{aligned}$ |  | $49,910$ | $\begin{gathered} 130,064 \\ 20,406 \\ 11,835 \end{gathered}$ | $23,504$ | $\begin{array}{r} 53,741 \\ 27,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27,357 \\ & 15,367 \end{aligned}$ | 26,38412,133 |
| Proken Hita ..... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 19,789 \\ & 11,677 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 2,176 \\ & \mathbf{2 , 3 2 0} \end{aligned}$ | 1,692 | 1,863 |  | -6,594 | \%,083 | 12,560 | 6,914 | 5,646 |
| Goulburn ... | ... | ... |  | 1,828 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,904 \\ & 1,669 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,916 \\ 9.162 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,412 \\ & 4,591 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,504 \\ & 4,571 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,612 \\ 9,223 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,224 \\ & 4,417 \end{aligned}$ | 5,3884,806 |
| Bathurst ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,320 \\ & 2,560 \end{aligned}$ | 1,601 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maitland, West | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 9,882 | 1,367 | 1,286 | 7,295 | 3,605 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,690 \\ & 2,743 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,789 \\ -6,823 \\ \hline 5,823 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,266 \\ & 3,2634 \\ & 2,834 \end{aligned}$ | 3,523 |
| Albury ... | ... | . | 17,760 | 962810 | 1,0801,030 |  | 2,704 <br> 2,305 |  |  |  | 2,989 <br> 2,935 <br> 1 |
| Tamworth | $\cdots$ |  | 5,274 |  |  | 5,447 4,602 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,743 \\ & 2,297 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 8 2 3}$ $\mathbf{5 , 7 9 9}$ | 2,834 |  |
| Lithgow ... | ... |  | 4,192 | $\begin{aligned} & 753 \\ & 883 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}959 \\ 969 \\ \hline 989\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,865 \\ & 3,596 \\ & 1,248 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,047 \\ & 2,361 \\ & 2,215 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,818 \\ & 2,235 \\ & 2,033 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,268 \\ & 5,108 \\ & 5,094 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,841 \\ & 2,558 \\ & 2,523 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,427 \\ & 2,550 \\ & 2,571 \end{aligned}$ |
| Wagga Wagga | ... | . | 5,766 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Granville ... | ... |  | 2,829 | 816 | 989 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Inclusive of Aborigines and Shipping the population of Sydney and Suburbs was 387,434 in 1891 and 487,932 in 1901 .

Table 5.-Numbers of Registered Births and Deaths, Increase or Decrease due to Migration, and Estimated Population, in each Year 1882 to 1902.

| Fear. | Bintis. |  |  | Deaths. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Excess } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \text { over } \\ \text { OEATHS } \end{gathered}$ | Excess of Immigrantsover Emigrants. |  |  | Popdlation on 31 St December. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 1882 | 29,702 | 15,087 | 14,815 | 12,815 | 7,696 | 5,220 | 16,886 | 16,034 | 10,589 | 5,445 | 815,000 | 447,100 | 367,900 |
| 18889 | 31,281 33,946 | ${ }_{17,417}^{16,014}$ | 15,267 16.529 | 12,249 | 7,116 8825 | 5,133 | 19,932 19726 | 27,278 23,944 | 17,982. | 9,296 8806 | 881,310 | 473,980 | 387,339 |
| 1885 | 35,643 | 17,939 | 17,104 | 15,282 | 8,900 8,900 | ¢, 5 6,395 | 19,726 19,761 | 23,944 |  | 9,706 | ${ }_{649,570}$ | ${ }_{\text {523,030 }}^{498,310}$ | 406,670 426,540 |
| 1886 .. | 36,284 | 187800 | 17,584 | 14,587 | 8,501 | 6,086 | 21,697 | 18,073 | 10,031 | 8,042 | 989,340 | 54, ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ 200 | 444,680 |
| 1887 .. | 37,236 | 18,901 | 18,335 | 13,448 | ${ }^{7} 7775$ | 5,672 | 23,788 | 7,202 | 3,965 | 3,237 | 1,020,330 | 558,350 | 461, 880 |
| 1889 | 37,295 | 19,335 | 17,960 | 14,796 | 8,674 | 6,122 | 24,499 22, | $\stackrel{6,633}{8,241}$ | 5,159 | 2,936 | 1,051,080 | 573,190 | 477,880 492810 |
| $18^{40}$ | 38,960 | 19,887 | 19,073 | 14,218 | 8,882 | 5,986 | 24,742 | 15,298 | 9,035 | e, 263 | 1,121,860 | 609,650 | 512, 210 |
| 1891 | 39,458 | 20,386 | 19,072 | 16,286 | 9,558 | 6,728 | 33,172 | 17,154 | 7,565 | 9,589 | 1,182,186 | 628,043 | 534,143 |
| 1849 | 40,041 | 20,532 | 19,509 | 14,410 | 8.544 | 5,866 | 25,631 | 3,974 | 1,612 | 2,462 | 1,191,791 |  |  |
| 1893 | 40,342 | 20,883 | 19.529 | 16,022 | 9,289 | 6,733 | 24,320 | - 1,564 | -1,324 | 240 | 1,214,547 | 651,752 | 568,745 |
| 1894. | 38,951 38,774 | $\xrightarrow{19,993}$ | 18,958 | $\xrightarrow{14,179}$ | 8,714 8,671 | 6, 6,456 | 23,781 23860 | 920 <br> 840 |  | ${ }^{867}$ | - $1,343,248$ |  |  |
| 1896. | 36,506 | 18,691 | 17,815 | 15,839 | $\xrightarrow{9,256}$ | 6,583 | 20,667 | 3,949 $-3,968$ | - 1,770 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,30 } \\ -2,188\end{array}$ | ${ }^{1} 1,2688,987$ | 672,500 680,185 | -589,48 |
| $1897 .$. | 37,247 | 18,989 | 18,258 | 14,264 | 8,314 | 5,950 | 22,983 | 172 | 1,228 | - 1,400 | 1,301,778 | 692,088 | 609,600 |
| $1899 .$. | 36, ${ }^{3661}$ | 18,613 | 17,499 17,848 | 15,901 | 9,636 | 7,035 6,770 | 19,561 20.560 | 1,788 | $\begin{array}{r}637 \\ -\quad 69 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,151 | 1,323,197 | 701,812 | 621,315 |
| 1900 | 37,146 | 18.964 | 18,182 | 15,118 | 8 8,951 | 8,167 | 22, 028 | -1,56 | - 1,769 |  | 1,344, 1,585 | 718,995 | 643,592 |
| 1901 | 37,875 | 19,149 | 18,726 | 18,021 | 9,327 | 6,694 | 21,854 | - 7,058 | - 5,556 | - 1,502 | 1,370,529* | 722,415 | 857,114 |
| 1902 | 37,835 | 19,322 | 18,513 | 16,646 | 9,535 | 7,111 | 21,189 | 8,903 | 8,573 | - 1,670 | 1,407,621 | 740,775 | 666,846 |

NOTE.-The minus sign ( - ) indicates an excess of Emigrants over Immigrants.

* This population, as derived from the flgures in the preceding columns, amounts to 1,379,383.

53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

Table 6.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Year of Age, 1901.


* Included in these colnmns are Aborigines of full-blood, and half-castes in a nomadic state.

Table 6.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Year of Age, 1901-continued.


Ineluded in these columns are Aborigines of full-blood, and half-castes in a nomadic state.

Table 7．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

| AGESS． | Never Married． |  |  | Married． |  |  | WIDOWED． |  |  | DIVOROED． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| ALl AGES ．．－． | －891，533 | 487，899 | 403，634 | 411，345 | 204，294 | 207，051 | 54，852 | 19，570 | 35，282 | 1，403 | 693 | 710 |
| Under 18 years | 517，777 | 261，771 | 256，006 | 12 | 2 | 10 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $18 .$. | 29，443 | 14，840 | 14，603 | 90 | 3 | 87 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 1780.0 | 28，045 | 14,048 13,458 | 13,977 12.874 | 290 | 11 | 279 | － | 二 | － | － | － | － |
| 19 $\quad .$. | 25，307 | 13，330 | 11，977 | 1，576 | －108 | 1，468 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 二 | 2 |
| $20 .$. | 23，744 | 12，561 | 11，183 | 2，655 | 341 | 2，314 | 26 | 5 | 21 | 2 | － | 2 |
| 21－．． | 77，564 | 43，677 | 33，887 | 34，103 | 6，639 | 17，464 | 242 | 61 | 181 | 50 | 12 | 38 |
| $25-.$. | 57，958 | 35，308 | 22，650 | 54，075 | 21，360 | 32，715 | 1，128 | 345 | 783 | 152 | 46 | 106 |
| $30-.$. | 32，877 | 22，268 | 10，609 | 64，735 | 30，023 | 34，707 | 2，103 | 687 | 1，416 | 250 | 95 | 155 |
| 35－．． | 22，782 | 16，704 | 6,078 | 67，845 | 34，661 | 33，184 | 3，558 | 1，327 | 2，331 | 324 | 152 | 172 |
| $40-\cdot$. | 15，695 | 12,082 | 3，613 | 58，306 | 31，296 | 27，010 | 4，6\％＇ | 1，740 | 2，882 | 234 | 124 | 110 |
| 45－．． | 10，004 | 7，902 | 2，102 | 42,32 | 23，700 | 18，8\％2 | 6，027 | 1，895 | 3，132 | 156 | 93 | 63 |
| 50－．． | 7，418 | 5,983 | 1，485 | 31，831 | 17，686 | 14，145 | 5，946 | 2，161 | 3，785 | 108 | 80 | 28 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}50-. . & \quad . \\ 60 . . & . . & . \\ \end{array}$ | 4,693 | 3,819 3,986 | 955 | 24,019 17,383 | 13,808 $\mathbf{1 0 , 4 9 7}$ | 10,211 6,886 | 6，367 7,099 | 2，116 | 4，251 | 61 32 | 41 28 | 2 |
| 85－．．．．．． | 3，479 | 3，058 | 421 | 11，846 | 7.568 | 4.278 | 7，051 | 2，467 | 4，584 | 19 | 13 | 6 |
| 70－．．$\quad .$. | 2，055 | 1，833 | 222 | 5，672 | 3，943 | 1，729 | 5，329 | 2，059 | 3，270 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 75－．．$\quad . \quad$. | 873 | 770 | 103 | 2，362 | 1，682 | 680 | 3，226 | 1，150 | 2，076 | 3 | 3 | 二 |
| 80 －．．${ }^{80}$ | 450 | 390 | 60 | 967 | 727 | $\bigcirc 40$ | 3，080 | 788 | 1，292 | － | 二 | 二 |
| 85 yeaps and upwards | 163 | 141 | 22 | 286 | 213 | 73 | 1，036 | 452 | 584 | － | － | － |

Note．－Those of unspecified ages and conditions have been distributed among the other numbers．
Table 8．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of the Chinese，Males and Females， 1901.


Table 9．－Condition as to Marriage and Ageis of the Aborigines，Males and FEMALES， 1901.

| \% | AGES． |  |  |  | Nefer Married． |  | Married． |  | WIDOWED． |  | DIvORCRD． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
| ALL AGES |  | ＊＊ | ．．． | －•• | 1，614 | 1，049 | 767 | 732 | 69 | 63 | 1 | 2 |
| Under 16years．．． |  |  | ．．． | ．．． | 785 | 643 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 16．．． | － | ．．． | －•• | $\cdots$ | 36 | 43 | － | 5 | － | － | － | － |
|  | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 30 | 23 | 1 | 1 | － | 二 | － | － |
| 18．．． | $\ldots$ | － | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 52 | 22 | 1 | 14 | － |  |  | － |
| 19．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 29 | 10 | $\bigcirc$ | 14 | － | 1 | 二 | － |
| 20．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ：．． | ．． | 49 | 22 | 6 37 | 38 78 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 21－ | － | － | － 0 | ．．． | 98 125 | 56 | 82 | 97 | 1 | 1 | － | － |
| 25－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 125 69 | 23 | 86 | 99 | － | 3 | － | － |
|  | ．．． | ．－． | －． | ．．． | 79 | 29 | 58 | 76 | 5 | 9 |  | － |
| $35-$$40-$ | ． 0 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 67 | 17 | 63 | 110 | 5 | 5 | － | － |
|  | ．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ．．． | 34 | 21 | 103 | 61 | 3 | 2 | $\cdots$ | － |
| 45－ | ＊＊ | －．． | －．． | ．．． | 49 | 23 | 102 | 58 | 13 | 9 |  | － |
| 55－ | $\ldots$ | －．． | ．．． | ．．． | 28 | 13 | 53 | 21 | 11 | 5 | － | － |
| 60－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ＂＊ | 40 | 36 | 96 | 29 | 11 | 7 | － | － |
| 65－ | －． | ．．． | ．．． | － 0 | 25 | 17 | 33 | 17 | 6 | 4 | － | － |
| 70－ | ．80 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 17 | 7 | 24 | 8 | 5 |  | － | 1 |
| 75－ | ＊＊ | ．．． | －${ }^{\circ}$ | ＊．． | － | 2． 3 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 3 | － | － |
| 80－ | $\therefore$ | －．． |  | － | 6 |  | 5 | 1 | $\square$ | $\underline{-}$ | － | 一 |
| 85 yea | and | pwa |  | ．＊． | 1 | － | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |

Census of the British Empire， 1901.
Table 10．－The Relative Ages at Marriage of Males and Females who were returned as Married at the Census，showing the number of Husbands and Wives

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{\[
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\end{aligned}
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\hline \& \({ }^{-9} 2\) depun pure 02 \&  \& \(9^{\circ}\) \& － \\
\hline \& \({ }^{\circ} 02\) дәриа рй 99 \&  \& \(\operatorname{mos}^{\infty}\) \& \％ \\
\hline \&  \&  \& \(\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\sim}\) \& \(\stackrel{8}{8}\) \\
\hline \& －09 дәрии рит 99 \&  \& 冎7 \& 윽 \\
\hline \& －g9 дәрип рпит 09 \&  \& \％\％\％ \& \％ \\
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\end{tabular}



Census of the British Empire， 1901.

Table 11．－The Rhlative Ages of Husbands and Wives；showing the Number of Husbands and Wives married to Partners of their own and of other Ages；

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|  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | 강흑 | 尔 |
|  | $\stackrel{7}{7}$ |  | 융훅 | 尔 |
|  | 9 |  | 89 | \％ |
|  | $\stackrel{1}{-1}$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\infty$ |
|  | $\pm$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
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|  |  | －sanvasin mo sayb | ${ }^{\text {SISIIM }}$ |  |

## 53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

## Occupations of Persons, Males and Females.

The Occupations of the population of this State are shown, for convenience, with those of the other States of the Australian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295.

Table 12.--Btrthplages of Persons, Males and Females, at two Age Groupsunder 21 years and over 21 years, 1901 .

53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

Table 1.2.-Birthplages of Persons, Males and Females, at two Age Groupsunder 21 years and over 21 years, 1901-continued.


## 53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

Table 12.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, at two Age Groupsunder 21 years and over 21 years, 1901-continued.


Table 13.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, of various Religions, 1901.

| Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 1,359,133 | 712,456 | 646,677 | Christian (not otherwise described) | 3,453 | 1,613 | 1,840 |
| Chureh of England | 623,131 | 325,440 | 297,691 | Minor Christian Secta <br> Plymouth Brcthren," Christian Brethren | 5,777 3,133 | 1,6135 $\mathbf{2 7 0}$ | 1,032 $\mathbf{3 , 0 3 2}$ 1,163 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oatholics } \\ & \text { Roman Cätholic } \end{aligned} \quad .: \quad \text {.: }$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{3 4 7 , 8 4 7} \\ 347,117 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 177,370 \\ 176,830 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 170,477 \\ 170,287 \end{gathered}$ | Brethren <br> Christadelphians <br> Latter Day Saints, Mormois | -1,197 | $\begin{aligned} & 970 \\ & 566 \end{aligned}$ | +163 |
| Catholic <br> Are, | $\begin{array}{r} 347,117 \\ 533 \end{array}$ |  |  | Lrvingites Saints, Mormons | 649 419 | 341 201 105 | 338 <br> 241 <br> 29 |
|  |  |  |  | Australian Church 0 Others (returned under $\ddot{8} 7$ | 418 | 195 | 223 |
| geribed) .. .. .. | 191 | 96 | 95 | headings) .. .. | 908 | 472 | 436 |
| Presbyterians $\quad$. $\quad . \quad .$. | 132,617 | 69,758 | 62,859 | Non-Christian Religions | 14,795 | 11,307 | 3,488 |
| - Presbyterian Church of New | 132,053 | 69,416 | 62,637 | Jew. Buddhist. | 6,447 3,630 | 3,450 3,590 |  |
| Other Presbyterians .. ... | 564 | 342 | 222 | Confucian $\quad \cdots \quad \because$ | $1,841$. | 1,826 | 15 |
| thodists | 137,653 | 69,360 | 68,293 |  | 1,072 | 1,062 | ${ }^{10} 86$ |
| Wesleyan,"Wesileyan Methö- | 137,653 | 69,360 | 68,293 |  | ¢594 <br> 144 | 271 | ${ }_{53}$ |
| $\underset{\text { Primitive Methödist .. }}{\text { dist }}$. $\quad .$. | $\begin{array}{r} 107,481 \\ 23,945 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53,998 \\ & 12,085 \end{aligned}$ | 53,883 | Theosophist ${ }_{\text {Deist, Theist }} \quad \because \quad .:$ | 144 86 | 75 | 69 17 |
| United Methodist Free |  |  |  | Hindu, Brahmin $\because \because$ | 440 | 432 | 8 |
| Church <br> Methodist New Öonnexion". | 1,081 | 528 | 563 <br> 140 <br> 10 | Japanese, Shintoist .: | 29 | 28 | 3 |
| Bihle Obristian. | 2,248 | 1,184 | 1,064 | Silk | 38 | $\stackrel{3}{28}$ |  |
| Oalvinistic Metho Other Methodists |  |  |  | Pagan, Heathen | 184 | 184 |  |
| Other Methodists | 2,673 |  |  | Pantheist Sun-worshipper | 7 | 1 |  |
|  | 16,618 15,244 | 8,053 | 8,565 | No Religion .. |  |  |  |
| Particular Baptist $\because$ | 206 | 96 | 110 | Frcetainker $\quad . . \quad$.. | 3,032 | 2,606 | 1,859 |
| Seventh Day Baptist, ventist .. |  | 494 | 83 | Sceptic Atheist and |  | ${ }_{60}^{8}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ |
| Other Baptists.. .. .. |  | - |  | Inflel $\quad \because \quad \because \quad \because \quad \because \quad \because$ | 65 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  |
| Incoependent, Congregationalist | 24,834 | 12,048 | 12,786 | Unbeliever $\quad \because \quad \because \quad .: \quad .$. |  |  |  |
| Lutheran .. .. |  |  |  | "No Religion" ${ }^{\text {No }}$ Denomination," " Nö | 1,842 | 1,358 | 284 |
| Lutheran.. | 7,387 | 5,282 | 2,105 | Religious Profession " | 4,623 | 3,480 | 1,143 |
| Chureh, Swedenborgian .. | 271 | 139 | 132 | Indefinite, Unspecifled, \&c. .. | 21,451 | '14,781 | 8,670 |
| Salvation Army | 9,585 | 4,515 | 5,070 | Object to state | 13,068 | 9,058 | 4,010 |
| Unitarian | 770 | 499 | 271 | Unspecifled:- |  |  |  |
| Soclety of Friends, Quaker | 234 | 138 | 96 | General Population .: | $\begin{aligned} & 3,966 \\ & 4,287 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,184 \\ & , 1451 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 782 \\ 1,836 \end{gathered}$ |
| Protestant (not otherwise described) | 3,335 | 1,892 | 1,443 | Indeflnite (returned under 34 indefinite headings) | 130 | 88 | 42 |

53．NEW SOUTH WALES－－continued．

Table 14．－Degrees of Education of Males and Females（exclusive of Aborigines），at various Age Groups， 1901.

| Ages． | Males． |  |  |  |  |  | Females． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Read and Write． | Read only． | Cannot Read． | Foreign Language．＊ |  | Not stated． | Read and Write． | Read only． | Cannot Read． | Foreign Language．＊ |  | Not stated． |
|  |  |  |  | Read and Write． | Rend only． |  |  |  |  | Read and Write． | Read only |  |
| All Ages ．．．． | 652，603 | 14，244 | 132，718 | 7，840 | 277 | 2，323 | 508，154 | 15，082 | 110，807 | 552 | 48 | 1，198 |
| Under 5 years ．． | $\bigcirc$ | －89 | 80.308 | － |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55 <br> 6 | 952 4.537 | 824 2731 | 14，668 | － | － | 19 | 1，055 | 814 | 14，008 | 二 | $-1$ | 24 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}6 & . . \\ 7 & . . & . . & . . \\ \end{array}$ | 4,537 10,521 | 2,731 2,537 | 9,148 $\mathbf{3}, 951$ | 2 | 二 | 34 | 4，734 | 2，667 | 14，826 | 二 | 1 | 30 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}7 & . . \\ 8 & . . & . . & . \\ \end{array}$ | 10，621 | －2，537 | 3，951 | 2 | － | 39 | 10，772 | 2，235 | 3，615 | － | － | 38 |
| 9 .. .. <br> 0 .  | 15，946 | － 554 | 1，097 | 1 | － | 39 | 14，194 | 979 | 1，354 | － |  | 36 |
| 10 ．． | 16，499 | 232 | 408 | 2 | － | 15 | 15，4］6 | 449 | 602 | 1 | － | 22 |
| 11 ．．．． | 15，704 | 138 | 209. | 4 | － | 18 | －16，304 | 196 | 312 | 1 |  | 15 |
| 12 ．． | 18，318 | 104 | 199 | 2 | 1 | 15 | 16，229 | 73 | 146 | 2 | － | 9 |
| 13. | 15，393 | 55 | 184 | 6 | － | 17 | 15，519 | 45 | 101 | 2 | － | 11 |
| 14. | 15，803 | 62 | 196 | 12 | 1 | 12 | 15，342 | 33 | 100 | 3 | － | 9 |
| 15 $16 . .\|c\| c \mid$ | 14,820 14,513 | 68 68 | 186 | 11 | － | 16 | 14，609 | 31, | 91 | 3 | － | 9 |
| 17 ．． | 13，790 | 48 | 155 | 29 | 二 | 17 | 14，489 | 22 | 103 | 5 | － | 11 |
| 18 ．．：．． | 13，100 | 49 | 171 | 43 | － | 14 9 | 13,099 | 24 | 91 | 2 | － | 14 |
| 19 ．． | 13，021 | 47 | 199 | 54 | 4 | 20 | 13，295 | 15 | 81 | ${ }^{6}$ | －1 | 14 |
| $20 .$. | 12，387 | 48 | 202 | 97 | 3 | 17 | 13，330 | 26 | 87 | 5 | ＿＿ | 14 |
| 21－．． | 48，160 | 194 | 842 | 397 | 16 | 85 | 50，779 | 96 | 385 | 34 | 3 | 64 |
| 25－${ }^{25}$－ | 53，588 | 360 | 1，470 | 773 | 20 | 152 | 55，178 | 168 | 560 | 49 | 6 | 82 |
| 30－．．，．．．． | 48.802 | 380 | 2，061 | 1.128 | 39 | 191 | 45.592 | 252 | 710 | 60 | 3 | 90 |
| ${ }^{35-} \times \cdots$ ：$\cdot$ | 47，979 | 529 | 2，401 | 1，178 | 39 | 216 | 34.994 | 399 | 1，043 | 58 | 4 | 95 |
| ${ }^{40-}$ 45－．．$\quad$. | 40,662 29,615 | 585 | 2，433 | 1，010 | 32 | 208 | 31，526 | 577 | 1，？ 08 | 48 | 2 | 80 |
| 50－．．$\quad .$. | 22，227 | 579 | 2，041 | 597 | 21 | － 1750 | 21，${ }^{2} 231$ | 784 | 1，190 | 44 44 | 1 | ${ }_{70}^{66}$ |
| 55 ．．．．． | 17，007 | 506 | 1，624 | 371 | 15 | 111 | 13，203 | 906 | 1，154 | 32 | 2 | － 79 |
| 60－．．．．． | 13，905 | 607 | 1，671 | 432 | － 10 | 108 | 9，884 | 1，019 | 1＇187 | 36 | 4 | 64 |
| 65－．．：．．．． | 10.688 | 618 | 1，325 | 265 | ； 18 | 96 | 6 6， 493 | 1，065 | 1，177 | 41 | 11 | 50 |
| $70-. . \quad .$. | 6，282 | 379 | 930 | 116 | － 8 | 57 | 3，830 | 659 | 641 | 34 | 3 | 35 |
| 75－．．．．．． | 2，767 | 232 | 475 | 79 |  | 20 | 2，035 | 385 | 387 | 17 | 2 | 18 |
| 80－and upwardes | 1，401 | 117 | 325 175 | 26 4 | 1 | 13 | 1,053 436 | 242 | 240 132 | 20 | 1 | 18 |
| Not stated $\quad$. | 1，528 | 9 | 189 | 447 | 8 | 402 | 333 | 19 | 142 | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | － | 104 |

＊Not included in the preceding Columns．
Table 15．－Degrees of Education of the Aborigines，at various Age Groups， 1901.

|  | AGES． |  |  |  | Males． |  |  |  | Females． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Read and Write． | Read only． | Cannot Read． | Not stated． | Read and Write． | Read only． | Cannot Read． | Not stated． |
|  | All Ag | ．．． | －•• | ．．． | 142 | 21 | 954 | 1，334 | 108 | 9 | 730 | 989 |
| Under | 5 yeare |  | ．．． | ．．． | － | － | 149 | － | － | － | 136 | － |
| 5 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | － | － | 37 | － | － | － | 36 | － |
| 6 |  |  | ．．． | ．．． | － | － | 37 | － | 1 | － | 30 | － |
| 7 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 4 | － | 20 | 7 | 2 | － | 8 | 5 |
| 8 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 7 | － | 12 | 7 | 7 | 1 | 10 | 5 |
| 9 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | － | 11 | 4 | 5 | － | 14 | 8 |
| 10 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | － | 13 | 9 | 8 | － | 9 | 8 |
| 11 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3 | － | 13 | 7 | 3 | － | 6 | 7 |
| 12 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 7 | － | 13 | 6 | － | － | 9 | 8 |
| 13 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3 | － | 13 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 5 |
| 14 | ．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 4 | － | 11 | 8 | 7 | － | 7 | 4 |
| 15 | ． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 6 | 2 | 9 | \％ | 7 | － | 4 | 6 |
| 16 | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | － | 11. | 4 | 5 | － | 11 | 12 |
| 17 | ． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 1 | － | 9 | 4 |
| 18 | ．．． |  | ．． | $\ldots$ | 3 | － | 16 | 11 | 5 | － | 8 | 4 |
| 19 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 3 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| 20 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | 2 | 18 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 16 | 15 |
| 21－ | ．．． | ．．． | ． | $\ldots$ | 21 | 1 | 34 | 21 | 19 | － | 43 | 18 |
| 25－ | ．．．． | ．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 13 | 3 | 77 | 24 | 13 | 2 | 42 | 21 |
| 30－ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 10 | 5 | 49 | 19 | 3 | 1 | 48 | 21 |
| 35－ | ＊＊ | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 5 | 2 | 53 | 17 | 2 | 2 | 42 | 21 |
| 40－ | ．．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 4 | 2 | 46 | 24 | 4 | － | 46 | 27 |
| 45－ |  |  | ．．． | $\ldots$ | 4 | － | 53 | 22 | 1 | － | 41 | 7 |
| $50-$ | ．．． |  | ．．． | ．．． | 6 | 1 | 65 | 20 | － | － | 38 | 15 |
| 55－ | ．．．． |  |  | ．．． | 3 | － | 41 | 8 | 1 | － | 17 | 5 |
| 60－ | － | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 | 1 | 46 | 33 | 1 | － | 25 | 16 |
| 65－ | $\ldots$ |  |  | ．．． | 1 | － | 26 | 9 | － | － | 14 | 8 |
| 70－ | ．．． | ．．． |  | ．．． | － | － | 17 | 9 | － | － | 8 | 2 |
| 75－ | ．．． | ．．． |  | ．．． | － | － | 4 | 5 | － | －－ | 6 | － |
| 80－ | ．．．． |  |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | － | 7 | 1 | － | － | 7 | 2 |
| 85 yea | rs and | pwa |  | ．．． | 6 | － | 5 33 |  | － | － | 1 | 729 |
| Not st | ated | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 6 | － | 33 | 1，034 | 5 | － | 26 | 729 |

53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

Table i6.-The Proportion per Cent. of Males and Females (exclusive of Aborigines) at three Age-Groups, who could Read and Write, Read only, or who were unable to Read, at the last Five Censuses.


| NUMBER OF Rooms in fach Dwelling. | The number of Dwellings occupied by vabious speoified nombers of Persons. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Inhabited Dwellings. | Total Inmates. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \text { and } \\ & \text { over. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1 ... ... ... | 4,807 | 1,229 | 379 | 148 | 91 | 44 | 21 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 4 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 6,755 | 10,209 |
| $2{ }^{2}$... ... ... | 4,434 | 3,027 | 2,128 | 1,653 | 1,181 | 746 | 426 | 251 | 120 | 63 | 29 | 11 | 5 | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 14,079 | 41,160 |
| 3 .... ... | 2,266 | 4,377 | 4,498 | 3,984 | 3,108 | 2,069 | 1.354 | 851 | 452 | 229 | 88 | 37 | 17 | 4 | 3 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 23,340 | 92,865 |
| t ... ... .. | 2,761 | 6,528 | 8,069 | 8,381 | 7,516 | 6,276 | 4,643 | 3,066 | 1,806 | 988 | 471 | 219 | 68 | 33 | 15 | 4 | 5 | 1 | - | 8 | 50,458 | 241,683 |
| $5{ }^{5}$... | 1,526 | 5,197 | 7,639 | 8,703 | 8,622 | 7,531 | 5,977 | 4,369 | 2,699 | 1,574 | 778 | 369 | 176 | 71 | 32 | 11 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 55,294 | 292,060 |
| 6 ... ... . ... | 800 | 2,779 | 4,294 | 5,422 | 5,965 | 5,673 | 4,989 | 3,820 | 2,777 | 1,791 | 996 | 508 | 216 | 102 | 68 | 21 | 12 | - 4 | 2 | 7 | 40,246 | 236,280 |
| 7 .... ... ... | 338 | 967 | 1,834 | 2,372 | 2,753 | 2,747 | 2,390 | 2,008 | 1,506 | 1,055 | 629 | 379 | 192 | 106 | 59 | 26 | 17 | 6 | 2 | 7 | 19,393 | 121,811 |
| 8 ... ... ... | 186 | 511 | 957 | 1,393 | 1,632 | 1,617 | 1,543 | 1,341 | 1,067 | 741 | 505 | 318 | 180 | 100 | 53 | 29 | 14 | 11 | 8 | 10 | 12,216 | 81,222 |
| 9 \%... ... ... | 103 | 228 | 471 | 677 | 844 | 919 | 870 | 746 | 667 | 490 | 346 | 230 | 108 | 77 | 48 | 32 | 24 | 8 | 8 | 23 | 6,919 | 48,898 |
| 10 ... ... ... | 48 | $152^{\circ}$ | 228 | 390 | 497 | 534 | 553 | 458 | 401 | 331 | 219 | 170 | 96 | 70 | 49 | 27 | 23 | 17 | 12 | 22 | 4,297 | 32,044 |
| 11 ... ... ... | 35 | 54 | 117 | 159 | 209 | 240 ロ̆ | 282 | 266 | 213 | 164 | 113 | 100 | 58 | 49 | 26 | 21 | 13 | 9 | 7 | 21 | 2,161 | 16,907 |
| 12 ... ... ... | 25 | 52 | 93 | 116 | 181 | 223 | 229 | 220 | 207 | 175 | 114 | 87 | 76 | 50 | 33 | 28 | 19 | 13 | 13 | 34 | 1,988 | 16,563 |
| 13 ... . ... ... | 10 | 23 | 42 | 62 | 103 | 115 | 118 | 134 | 86 | 96 | 96 | 53 | 41 | 43 | 28 | 23 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 19 | 1,113 | 9,727 |
| 14 ... ... ... | 10 | 19 | 33 | 48 | 74 | 116 | 85 | 84 | 97 | 79 | 72 | 38 | 41 | 31 | 22 | 21 | 10 | 11 | 4 | 27 | 922 | 8,311 |
| 15 ... ... ... | 3 | 14 | 22 | 22 | 39 | 38 | 54 | 57 | 52 | 46 | 43 | 50 | 25 | 29 | 21 | 17 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 23 | 580 | 5,738 |
| 16 ... ... ... | 4 | 12 | 13 | 21 | 30 | 36 | 41 | 40 | 41 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 28 | 26 | 13 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 7 | 27 | 485 | 5,003 |
| 17 ... ... ... | 1 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 13 | 25 | 20 | 31 | 25 | 27 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 25 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 25 | 328 | 3,700 |
| 18 ... ... ... | 2 | 3 | 6 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 28 | 19. | 14 | 26 | 19 | 22 | 15 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 5 | 31 | 286 | 3,470 |
| 19 ... ... ... | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 14 | 151 | 1,890 |
| 20 and over ... .. | 10 | 12 | 10 | 20 | 28 | 42 | 55 | 58 | 80 | 60 | 85 | 78 | 98 | 66 | 73 | 67 | 59 | 46 | 58 | 401 | 1,406 | 26,149 |
| Not stated ... ... | 431 | 276 | 248 | 225 | 208 | 211 | 157 | 122 | 82 | 52 | 35 | 29 | 13 | 7 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 17 | 2,137 | 10,425 |
| Total ... ... | 17,801 | 25,466 | 31,088 | 33,822 | 33,112 | 29,226 | 23,846 | 17,963 | 12,409 | 8,0+1 | 4,718 | 2,771 | 1,493 | 915 | 585 | 363 | 267 | ' 187 | . 154 | 722 | $24 \pm, 954$ | 1,306.115 |

## 53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

Table 18.-Total Dwellings of various sizes, the proportion of Population living in them, and the average Number of Occupants per Room; DWELLINGS of the same sizes averaging more than Two Occupan'rs per Room, and proportion of the Population living in such DWELLINGS, 1901.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Nomber } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Rooms } \\ \text { IN } \\ \text { DwELLING. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Dwellings. } \end{gathered}$ | Proportion per cent. of all Dwellings. | Total Occupants. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Proportion } \\ \text { per cent. } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \text { Population } \\ \text { in each } \\ \text { Group of } \\ \text { Dwellings. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Occupants } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { Room. } \end{gathered}$ | Dwellings which average more than Two Ocoupants per Room. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Number of such Dwellings. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Occupants } \\ \text { of such } \\ \text { Dwellings. } \end{gathered}$ | Proportion per cent. of such Dwellings to Total Dwellings in each Group. | Proportion per cent. of Population in suoh Dwellings. |
| New Sodth Wales. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 242,817 | $100 \cdot 00$ | 1,295,690 | $100 \cdot 00$ | $0 \cdot 99$ | 12,231 | 108,518 | $5 \cdot 04$ | $8 \cdot 37$ |
|  | 6,755 | $2 \cdot 78$ | 10,209 | $0 \cdot 79$ | 1.51 | 683 | 2,771 | 10.11 | $0 \cdot 21$ 1.35 |
| 2. ... | 14, 1179 | $5 \cdot 80$ | 41,160 | $3 \cdot 18$ | 1.46 1.33 | 2,810 3,026 | 17,494 24,354 | $19 \cdot 96$ $12 \cdot 96$ | $1 \cdot 35$ 1.88 |
| 3 ... | 23,340 | 9-61 | 92,865 | $7 \cdot 17$ $18 \cdot 65$ | $1 \cdot 33$ 1.19 | 3,026 3,608 | - 34,354 | $12 \cdot 96$ $7 \cdot 09$ | $2 \cdot 76$ |
| 4 ... | 50,858 | $20 \cdot 95$ 22.77 | 241,683 2926060 | $18 \cdot 65$ 22.54 | $1 \cdot 19$ 1.06 | 3,608 1,456 | 35,745 17,280 | - $2 \cdot 63$ | $1 \cdot 33$ |
| 5 andover <br>  | 5n,291 $\mathbf{9 2 , 4 9 1}$ | $22 \cdot 77$ 38.09 | 292,060 617,713 | 47.67 | $0 \cdot 85$ | 1,648 | 10,874 | $0 \cdot 89$ | $0 \cdot 84$ |
| Within Boroughs and Municipalities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 155:273 | $100 \cdot 00$ | 825,392 | $100 \cdot 00$ | $0 \cdot 95$ | 5,288 | 48,815 | $3 \cdot 41$ | $5 \cdot 90$ |
| 1 ... | 1,953 | $1 \cdot 26$ | 2,820 | $0 \cdot 34$ | $1 \cdot 44$ | 172 | 684 | $8 \cdot 81$ | $0 \cdot 08$ |
| 2 | 5,030 | $3 \cdot 24$ | 14,094 | $1 \cdot 71$ | $1 \cdot 40$ | 883 | 5,270 | $17 \cdot 55^{\prime}$ | $0 \cdot 64$ |
|  | 14,611 | $9 \cdot 41$ | 55,465 | 6.72 | $1 \cdot 27$ | 1,444 | 11,338 | $9 \cdot 88$ | $1 \cdot 37$ |
| 4 | 32,686 | 21.05 | 150,409 | 18.22 | 1-15 | 1,728 | 16,878 | - $\cdot 29$ | $2 \cdot 03$ |
| 5 | 39,636 | 25.53 | 203,019 | $24 \cdot 60$ | $1 \cdot 02$ | 720 | 8,4i3 | 1.82 | $1 \cdot 03$ |
| 6 and over | 61,357 | $39 \cdot 51$ | 399,585 | 48.41 | $0 \cdot 83$ | 341 | 6,192 | $0 \cdot 56$ | 0.75 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outside Borodghe and Municipalities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 87,544 | $100 \cdot 00$ | 470,298 | $100 \cdot 00$ | $1 \cdot 06$ | 6,943 | 59,703 | $7 \cdot 93$ | $12 \cdot 71$ |
| 1 | - 4,802 | $5 \cdot 49$ | 7,389 | $1 \cdot 57$ | $1 \cdot 54$ | 511 | 2,087 | 10.64 | $0 \% 44$ |
| 2 | : 9,049 | $10 \cdot 34$ | 27,066 | $5 \cdot 76$ | $1 \cdot 50$ | 1,927 | 12,224 | $21 \cdot 30$ | $2 \cdot 60$ |
| 3 | 8,729 | $9 \cdot 97$ | 37,400 | $7 \cdot 95$ | $1 \cdot 43$ | 1,582 | 13,016 | 18.12 | 2:77 |
| 4 ... | 18,172 | $20 \cdot 76$ | 91,274 | $19 \cdot 41$ | $1 \cdot 26$ | 1,880 | 18,867 | 10.35 | $4 \cdot 03$ |
| 5 . ... | 15,658 | $17 \cdot 89$ | 89,041 | $18 \cdot 93$ | $1 \cdot 14$ | 736 | 8,827 | $4 \cdot 70$ | 1.87 |
| 6 and over | 31,13t | 35.56 | 218,128 | 46.38 | 0.89 | 307 | 4,682 | $0 \cdot 99$ | $1 \cdot 00$ |

Note.-The total number of dwellings wbich average more than two occupants per room is 12,346 , but 115, occupied by 2,267 persons, have been excluded because the rooms in them were spacious dormitories or wards. The total population shown in the Table is exclusive of the Aborigines and of 59,156 persons distributed as follows':-10,425 persons in 2,137 dwellings for which the number of rooms was not ascertained ; 10,011 persons in 6,280 tents ; 8,216 persons in 816 camps ; 18,978 persons in 452 institutions; 3,200 migratory persons; and 8,026 persons on board 340 ships.

Table 19.-Males and Females, at various ages, suffering from each description of Infirmity, (exolusive of Aborigines) 1901.


## 53. NEW SOUTH WALES-continued.

Table 19.-Males and Females, at various ages, suliering from each description of Infirmity (exclusive of Aborigines), 1901-continued.


## 54. VICTORIA.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population (including Aboriginés), 1901.


* Inclnding 3,423 described as tents (of which 75 were in Cities, \&c., and 3,348 in Shires), and 98 as Stores, Offices, Public Buildinge, sc.
$\dagger$ Including 6,931 persons living in tents, and 1,053 persons returned as camping out.
Table 2.-Number of Chinese and Aborigines, Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 3.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Census, 1861 to 1901, distinguishing the Ceinese and Aborigines.

| Cengus <br> Year. |  | Total Population.* |  |  | Cuinese and Half. CASTES. |  |  | aborigines and Halfcastes. |  |  | Ingrease of Total <br> Population. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Rate per cent. |
| 1861 ... | $\ldots$ | 540,322 | 328,651 | 211,671 | 24,732 | 24,724 | 8 | 1,694 | 1,046 | 648 | - | - |
| 1871 ... | $\cdots$ | 731,528 | 401,050 | 330,478 | 17,935 | 17,899 | 36 | 1,330 | 784 | 546 | 191,206 | -35. 39 |
| 1881 ... | ... | 862,346 | 452,083 | 410,263 | 12,128 | 11,869 | 259 | 780 | 460 | 320 | 130,818 | 17.88 |
| 1891 ... | ... | 1,140,405 | 598,414 | 541,991 | 9,377 | 8,772 | 605 | 565 | 325 | 240 | 278,059 | $32 \cdot 24$ |
| 1901 ... | ... | 1,201,341 | 603,883 | 597,458 | 7,349 | 6,740 | 609 | 652 | 367 | 285 | 60,936 | $5 \cdot 34$ |

* Including Chinese and Aborigines.

Table 4.-Chief Towns-Area; Houses, 1901, and Population, 1891 and 1901.

Note.-(c) Signifies City, and ( $t$ ) Town in 1901 ; all the rest were Boroughs in that year.


[^45]54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 5.-Estimated Population, Marriages, Births, and Deathe, 1879 to 1903.

|  | Year. |  |  | Numrers. |  |  |  | Proportion per 1,000 of the Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Estimated Population in the middle of each Year. | Persons Married. | Births. <br> Exclusi | Deaths. <br> f Still- | Persons Married. | Births. | Deaths. |
| 1879 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 834,030 | 9,972 | 26,839 | 12,120 | $12 \cdot 0$ |  |  |
| 1880 | ... | ... | ... | 850,343 | 10,572 | 26,148 | 11,652 | 12.4 | $30 \cdot 7$ | 13.7 |
| 1881 | .. | ... | ... | 868,942 | 11,792 | 27,145 | 12,302 | $13 \cdot 6$ | $31 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 2$ |
| 1882 | ... | ... | ... | 889,720 | 12,618 | 26,747 | 13,684 | $14 \cdot 2$ | $30 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 3$ |
| 1883 | ... | ... | ... | - 910,130 | 13,542 | 27,541 | 13,006 | $14 \cdot 9$ | $30 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 3$ |
| 1884 | ... | 8 | ... | 932,630 | 14,436 | 28,850 | 13,505 | $15 \cdot 5$ | $30 \cdot 9$ | 14.5 |
| 1885 | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 956,880 | 14,790 | 29,975 | 14,364 | $15 \cdot 5$ | $31 \cdot 3$ | $15 \cdot 0$ |
| 1886 +1887 | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 984,860 $1,016,750$ | 15,474 15,536 | 30,824 33.043 | 14,952 | $15 \cdot 7$ | $31 \cdot 3$ | $15 \cdot 2$ |
| 1888 | ... | ... | ... | 1,054,980 | 17,892 | 34,503 | 16,005 16,287 | $15 \cdot 3$ 17 | $32 \cdot 5$ $32 \cdot 7$ | $15 \cdot 7$ $15 \cdot 4$ |
| 1889 | ... | ... | ... | 1,090,350 | 18,388 | 36,359 | 19,392 | 16.9 | $3{ }^{3} \cdot 3$ | $17 \cdot 8$ |
| 1890 | ... | ... | ... | 1,118,500 | 18,374 | 37,578 | 18,012 | $16 \cdot 4$ | $33 \cdot 6$ | $16 \cdot 1$ |
| 1891 | ... | ... | ... | 1,146,930 | 17,560 | 38,505 | 18,631 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $33 \cdot 6$ | $16 \cdot 2$ |
| 1892 | ... | ... | ... | 1,163,360 | 15,446 | 37,831 | 15,851 | $13 \cdot 3$ | $32 \cdot 5$ | $13 \cdot 6$ |
| 1893 | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 1.172,380 | 14,008 | 36,552 | 16,50s | 11.9 | $31 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 1$ |
| 1894 | ... | ... | ... | 1,179,230 | 14,058 | 34,258 | 15,430 | $11 \cdot 9$ | $29 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 1$ |
| 1895 | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 1,184,120 | 14,362 | 33,706 | 15,636 | $12 \cdot 1$ | $28 \cdot 5$ | $13 \cdot 2$ |
| 1896 -- | ... | ... | ... | 1,183,115 | 15,250 | 32,178 | 15,714 | $12 \cdot 9$ | $27 \cdot 2$ | $13 \cdot 3$ |
| 1897 | ... | ... | ... | 1.181,495 | 15,136 | 31,310 | 15,126 | $12 \cdot 8$ | 26.5 | $12 \cdot 8$ |
| 1898 | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 1,182.885 | 15,240 | 30,172 | 18,695 | $12 \cdot 9$ | $25 \cdot 5$ | $15 \cdot 8$ |
| 1899 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 1,186,265 | 16,280 | 31,008 | 16,578 | $13 \cdot 7$ | $26 \cdot 1$ | $14 \cdot 0$ |
| 1900 | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 1,193,338 | 16.616 | 30,779 | 15,215 | $13 \cdot 9$ | $25 \cdot 8$ | $12 \cdot 7$ |
| 1902 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 1,204,045 | 16,892 | 31,048 | 15,904 16,177 | $13 \cdot 9$ $14 \cdot 0$ | $25 \cdot 7$ $25 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 2$ $13 \cdot 3$ |
| 1903 | ... | ... | ... | 1,208,880 | 15,210 | 29,569 | 15,595 | $12 \cdot 6$ | $24 \cdot 5$ | 12.9 |

Table 6.-Ages in Detall, as returned on the Census Schedules, 1901.

54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 6.-Ages in Detail, as returned on the Census Schedules, 1901-continued.


* The nnspecified have been divided as nearly as possible between those under and over the age of 15. Where no data
were available for this division, an estimate was made.

54．VICTORIA－continued．
Table 7．－Condition as to Marriage，and Ages of Males and Females， 1901.

| Ages． | Total． |  | Never Married． |  | Married． |  | Widowed． |  | Divorced． |  | Unspecified． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
| All Ages．．． | 603，883 | 597，458 | 404，737 | 369，977 | 176，209 | 182，883 | 19，994 | 43，029 | 289 | 331 | 2，654 | 1，238 |
| Under 15 years＊ | 206，750 | 202，688 | 206，750 | 202，688 | － | － |  |  | － | － | － | － |
| $\begin{array}{lll}15 & \ldots & \ldots \\ 16 & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}$ | 12,629 12,483 | 12，186 | 12，529 | 12，183 | － | 3 |  | － | － | － | － | － |
| $\begin{array}{lll}16 & . . \\ 17 & . . & . . \\ \end{array}$ | 12,483 11,678 | 12,470 11,812 | 12,481 11,672 | 12，448 | 2 | 22 | － | － | － |  | － | － |
| 18 ．．． | 11，231 | 11，956 | 11，6206 | 11，623 | 25 | －843 | 1 | － | － | 二 | 二 |  |
| 19 | 10，975 | 11，293 | 10，917 | 10，688 | 57 | ${ }^{303}$ | 1 | －2 | 二 |  | 二 |  |
| 20 ．． | 10，430 | 11，634 | 10，272 | 10，426 | 156 | 1，201 | 2 | 5 |  | 2 |  | － |
| 15－21 ．．． | 69，326 | 71，351 | 69，077 | 69.036 | 245 | 2，246 | 4 | 7 | － | 2 |  |  |
| ${ }_{25}^{21-}$ | 40，163 | 45，998 | 35，919 | 34，302 | 4，007 | 11，447 | 51 | 128 | 1 | 8 | 185 | 113 |
| $25-$ | 45，469 | 52，832 | 30，067 | 26，751 | 14，990 | 25，350 | 204 | 611 | 15 | 36 | 193 | 84 |
| 30－ | 46，635 | 48，156 | 19，883 | 14，799 | 25，877 | 31，910 | 636 | 1.312 | 29 | 65 | 210 | 70 |
| $35-$ | 46，723 | 43，390 | 13，259 | 9，114 | 32，095 | 31，871 | 1，143 | 2.247 | 54 | 94 | 172 | 64 |
| 40－．．． | 37，118 | 33，551 | 8，363 | 5.416 | 27，132 | 25，034 | 1，433 | 3，011 | 52 | 49 | 138 | 41 |
| 45－．．． | 24，137 | 21，810 | 4，804 | 2，772 | 17.870 | 15，715 | 1，314 | 3，256 | 36 | 34 | 113 | 32 |
| 50－．． | 18，348 | 17，601 | 3，404 | 1，620 | 13，251 | 11，782 | 1，557 | 4，139 | 30 | 19 | 106 | 41 |
| $55-$ | 15，351 | 15，157 | 2，581 | 1，004 | 11，021 | 9，128 | 1，659 | 4，976 | 25 | 6 | 65 | 43 |
| ${ }^{60-}$ ．．． | 14，979 | 14，292 | 3，055 | 758 | 9，607 | 7，539 | 2，204 | 5，948 | 18 |  | 95 | 41 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}65- \\ 70- & \cdots & . .\end{array}$ | 16，080 | 13，843 | 3，166 | 631 | 9，598 | \％，928 | 3，213 | 7，230 | 15 | 4 | 88 | 50 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}70- & . . \\ 75- & \ldots \\ \\ \text { 70 }\end{array}$ | 11,781 5,733 | 8,360 4,231 | 2，207 | 353 | 6，362 | 3，048 | 3，143 | 4，926 | 6 | 2 | 63 | 31 |
| $80-\ldots$ | 2，453 | 2，065 | 1，482 | 1206 | 2,755 930 | 1，129 | 1，927 | 2，878 | 3 | － | 37 | 18 |
| 85－．．．．．． | 603 | 587 | 100 | 22 | 191 | 59 | ， 307 | 504 | 1 | － | ， | 2 |
| 90－．．． | 160 | 152 | 23 | 11 | $3 \%$ | 5 | 100 | 13 ã |  |  | 2 | 1 |
| 100 and npwards | 12 | 11 | 5 | － | 2 | － | 5 | 11 |  |  | － | － |
| Adnlts | 2，062 | 1，383 | 581 | 313 | 241 | 340 | 64 | 127 | 2 | 5 | 1，174 | 598 |

＊Including 502 Male and 376 Female Children whose ages were not stated．

Table 8．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Chinese and Aborigines， 1901.
Note．The Chinese males were returned as＂Never Married＂unless they have，or have had，wives in Australasia，and those whose conjugal condition was not specified have also been so tabulated．

| Race and ages． | Тотад． |  | Never Married． |  | Married． |  | WIDOWED．$\dagger$ |  | Unspecified． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
| CHINESE． |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Ages ． | 6，740 | 609 | 6，330 | 508 | 348 | 95 | 62 | 4 | － | 2 |
| Under 15 ．．． | 323 | 338 | 323 | 338 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $15 . .$. | 22 | 20 | 22 | 20 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $16 . . . \quad$ ．．．．．． | 23 | 21 | 23 | 20 | － | 1 | 二 | － | － |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}17 & \ldots & \cdots & \cdots \\ 18 & \ldots & \cdots & \cdots\end{array}$ | 38 41 | 23 22 | 48 | $\stackrel{22}{21}$ | 二 | 1 | 二 | 二 | 二 | － |
| 19 ．．．．．．．．． | 44 | 14 | 44 | 10 | － | 4 | － | － | － | － |
| $20 . .$. ．．．．． | 84. | 15 | 84 | 11 | － | 4 | － | － | － | － |
| 15－21 ．．．．． | 252 | 115 | 252 | 104 | － | 11 | － | － | － | － |
| 21－．．． | 310 | 54 | 302 | 34 | 6 | 19 | 2 | － | 二 | 1 |
| 25－．．．．．． | 591 | 52 | 564 | 25 | 27 | 25 | － | 1 | 二 | 1 |
| 30－．．．．．． | 797 | 19 | 763 | 3 | 34 | 15 | － | 1 | 一 | － |
| 35－．．．．．． | 592 | 14 | 553 | 3 | 39 | 10 | － | 1 | 二 | － |
| 40－$\quad .$. | 602 375 | 8 3 3 | 565 350 | － 1 | 35 23 | 6 3 | 2 2 |  | 二 | 二 |
| $45-$  <br> $50-$ .. <br>   <br> 0 .. | 319 419 | 3 | 381 | 二 | 37 | 3 | 1 | － | － | － |
| 55－．．．．．． | 356 | － | 308 | － | 41 | － | 7 | － | － |  |
| $60-\quad .$. | 650 | 2 | 589 | － | 46 | 2 | 15 | 二 | 二 | 二 |
| $65-\quad . .$. | 617 | － | 563 | － | 38 | － | 16 | 二 | 二 | 二 |
| $70-1 .$. | 487 | － | 455 | － | 20 | 二 | 12 | － | 二 | 二 |
| $75-\quad . .$. | 182 | 二 | 177 | 二 | 2 | 二 | 3 2 | － | 二 | 二 |
| $80-$ ．．．．．． | 67 | 二 | 6 | 二 | － | 二 | $\square^{2}$ | 二 | 二 | 二 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}85- \\ 90-100 & . . . & . . \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ | 16 | 二 | 16 1 | － | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 |
| 100 and over ．．． | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Unspecified Adults | 102 | 1 | 102 | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － |

$\dagger$ Including one case（the only one in the Table）of a divorced Chinese－a male between 65 and 70 years of age． 19809

54 VICTORIA－continued．
table 8．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Chinese and aborigines，1901－continuea．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RaOE and } \\ & \text { ages. } \end{aligned}$ | Total． |  | Never Married． |  | Marritid． |  | Widowed． |  | Unspectified． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males， | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 15 ．．．．．． | 122 | 115 | 122 | 115 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $15 \ldots$ | 8 | 11 | 8 | 11 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $16 \ldots . \quad . .$. | 8. | 5 | 8 | 5 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $17 \ldots$ ．．．$\ldots$ | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $18 . .$. | 7 | 9 | 7 | $9-$ | 二 | －1 | － | － | － | － |
| $20 . .$. | 5 | 9 | 5 | 6 | － | 3 |  | － |  | － |
| 15－21 ．．．．．． | 44 | 47 | 44 | 43 | － | 4 | － | － | － | － |
| 21－．．．．． | 27 | 21 | 25 | 8 | 1 | 13 | 1 | － | － | － |
| 25－．．．．．．． | 25 | 21 | 15 | 4 | 7 | 17 | 3 | 二 | 二 | －1 |
| 30－：．．．．．． | 20 | 12 | 4 | － | 15 | 11 | 3 | － 1 |  | － |
|  | 16 | 19. | － | 二 | 10 | 18 | 1 | － | 1 | 1 |
| $45-\quad .$. | 22 | 10 | 3 | － | 14 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| 50－．．．．．． | 20 | 14 | 2 | － | 15 | 10 | 3 | 3 | － | 1 |
| 55－．．．．．． | 17 | 5 | 2 | － | 10 | 3 | 5 | 2 | － | － |
| 60－．．．．．． | 8 | 4. | 1 | － | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | － |
| $65-\quad$ ．．．．．． | 3 | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | 1 | － | －－ |
| 70－．．．．．． | 4 | 1 | － | － | － | － | 3 | － | 1 | 1 |
| ${ }_{85-85} \quad \cdots \quad . .$. | 1 | － | 二 | 二 | － | 二 | 1. | 二 | 二 | －． |
| Unspecified Adults | 25 | 5 | 二 | 1 | 2 | 1 | － | 1 | 23 | 2 |

Occupations of Persons，Males and Females．
The Occupations of the population of this State are shown，for convenience，with those of the other States of the Australian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295.

Table 9．－Birthplaces of Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where Born． \& Persons． \& Males． \& Females． \& Where Born． \& Persons． \& Males． \& Eemales． <br>
\hline Total Population \& 1，201，341 \& 603，883 \& 597，458 \& British Dominions－cont． \& \& \& <br>
\hline Speotfied Birthplaces \& 1，196，185 \& 601，033 \& 595，152 \& Asiatic－cont． \& \& \& <br>
\hline British Dominions． Australia－ \& \& \& \& Straits Settlements－cont． Straits Settlements（so stated ．．． \& 8 \& 4 \& 4 <br>
\hline Victoria \& 876，003 \& 428，823 \& 447，180 \& Malay States $\ldots$ \& 2 \& 2 \& <br>
\hline New South Wales．．． \& 22，417 \& 10，631 \& 11，786 \& North Borneo ．．．．．． \& 1 \& 1 \& <br>
\hline Queensland ．．． \& 3，032 \& 1，363 \& 1，669 \& Hong Kong ．．． \& 50 \& 48 \& 2 <br>
\hline South Australia ．．． \& 21，929 \& 10，720 \& 11，209 \& African－ \& \& \& <br>
\hline Western A ustralia \& 1，468 \& 673 \& 795 \& British East Africa \& 1 \& 1 \& － <br>
\hline Tasmania ．．．．．．．．． \& 15，363 \& 6，871 \& 8，492 \& Mauritius ．．．．．． \& 209 \& 135 \& 74 <br>
\hline Australia（undefined）．．． \& 885 \& 414 \& 471 \& Seychelles ．．．．．． \& 7 \& 3 \& 4 <br>
\hline New Zealand and South Seas \& \& \& \& Natal $\ldots$ ．．．... \& 50 \& 31 \& 19 <br>
\hline  \& 9，020 \& 4，404 \& 4，616 \& Cape of Good Hope ．．． \& 356 \& 167 \& 189 <br>
\hline New Guinea（Br．）
Norfolk Island

\％ \& \& － \& 1 \& South Africa（so stated）．．． \& 131 \& 66 \& 65 <br>
\hline Fiji ．．．．．．．．．．．． \& 134 \& 58 \& 76 \& Arrica（so stated）．．． \& 59 \& 31 \& 28
1 <br>
\hline Tonga ．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．． \& 14 \& 10 \& 4 \& Transvaal ．．． \& 13 \& 6 \& 7 <br>
\hline The United Kingdom－ \& \& \& \& St．Helena ．．．．．．．．． \& 37 \& 17 \& 20 <br>
\hline England ．．．．．．．．． \& 113，432 \& 62，770 \& 50，662 \& Ascension ．．．．．．．．． \& 1 \& 1 \& －： <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Wales } \\ \text { Scotland } & \text { ．．．} & . . & . . \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ \& 3,676
35,751 \& 2,101
19,003 \& 1,575
16,748 \& West Africa（so stated）．．． \& 3 \& 2 \& 1 <br>
\hline Ireland ．．．．．．．．． \& 61，512 \& 28，796 \& 16,748
32,716 \& Amold Coast $\quad .$. \& 1 \& 1 \& <br>
\hline Other British Possessions－ \& \& \& \& Canada ．．．．．． \& 995 \& 667 \& 328 <br>
\hline European－ \& \& \& \& Newfoundland ．．． \& 52 \& 38 \& 14 <br>
\hline Gibraltar ．．．．．． \& 49 \& 20 \& 29 \& Bermudas ．．．．．． \& 10 \& 8 \& 2 <br>
\hline Malta...$\quad$ ．． \& 59 \& 38 \& 21 \& British Honduras．．． \& 1 \& \& 1 <br>
\hline $\underset{\text { Asiatic－}}{\text { Cyprus }}$ ．．．$\cdot \cdots$ \& 2 \& 2 \& － \& British Guiana ．．． \& 19 \& 11 \& ． 8 <br>
\hline Asiatic－
Aden \& \& \& \& West Indies
Falkland Islands ．．．．．． \& 294 \& 176 \& 118 <br>
\hline Ceylon $\quad . . \quad$ ．．．．．． \& 110 \& 71 \& 39 \& Falkland Islands ．．．． \& 1 \& \& T <br>
\hline British India ．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& 1，784 \& 1，319 \& 465 \& Foreign Countries． \& \& \& <br>
\hline －Fast Iudia（so stated）．．． \& 32 \& 16 \& 16 \& European Countries（includ－ \& \& \& <br>
\hline British Assam and British Burma \& 13 \& 8 \& \& ing possessions out of \& \& \& <br>
\hline Straits Settiements－ \& 13 \& 8 \& \& Europe）－
France \& 925 \& \& 292 <br>
\hline Penang ．．．
Malacca..
．．．

a \& | 2 |
| :--- |
| 3 | \& 2

3 \& \& $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Corsica } & \cdots & . . . \\ \text { Alseria } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \end{array}$ \& 5
5
1 \& 5 \& $\bigcirc$ <br>
\hline Singapore $\quad . .$. \& 39 \& $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 4 \& Algeria
Madagascar \& 1 \& 5 \& 1 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

＊Norfolk Island is a Dependency of New South Wales．
54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 9.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901-continued.

| Where Born. | Persons: | Males. | Females. | Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foreign Countries-oont. |  |  |  | Foreign Countries-cont. |  |  |  |
| France-cont. |  |  |  | Turkey-cont. |  |  |  |
| West Indies- ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 1 | - | In Asia-cunt. ${ }_{\text {Armenia and Kurdistan }}$ |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Martinique }}{\text { Guadeloupe }}$... | 2 | 1 | 1 | Armenia and Kurdistan Arabia ... ar | $\stackrel{2}{9}$ | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ |
|  | 1 | 1 | - | In Africa-- |  |  |  |
| New Caledonia ... ... | 13 | 4 |  | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Tripoli, sc. } & . . \\ \text { Montenegro ... } & \text {... } \\ \text { a }\end{array}$ | 1 | 2 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Belpium $\ldots \ldots$ | 123 | 83 | 40 | Roumania ... ${ }_{\text {M }}$ | 1 | 31 | 20 |
| Holliand (the Netherlanids)... | 204 | 165 | 39 | American 「ountries - $\cdots^{-\cdots}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{21}^{21}$ | 10 | 11 | United States* ... | 2,107 | 1,365 | 42 |
| Guiana ( $\begin{aligned} & \text { ututeh) }\end{aligned} . .$. | 1 | 10 | 1 | Hawaii-... |  |  |  |
| Curacao ... ... ... |  |  |  |  | 16 17 |  |  |
| Germany ... ... | 7,594 | 5,282 | 2,312 | North America (so stated) | , |  | 2 |
| Holigoland... ${ }^{\text {He. }}$... | 14 | 13 |  | Guatemala... ... | 1 | 1 |  |
| $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Austria-Hungary } \\ \text { Bosia } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 403 | $\begin{array}{r}337 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 66 | $\underset{\text { Central America }(\text { sostated) }}{\text { Cuba }}$ | 2 |  | 2 |
| Switzerland $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | 903 | 749 | 154 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Italy (including Sicily) ... | 1,525 | 1,289 | 236 | Peru $\quad .$. | 13 | 7 | ${ }_{6}$ |
| Sardinia ... ... |  |  | - | Brazil ... ... ... | 42 | 25 | 17 |
| Spain … .... ... | 175 | 115 | 60 | Chili $\quad \dddot{\text { l }}$ | 22 | 15 | 7. |
|  | 86 |  |  | Argentine Republic ... |  |  | 3 |
| Azores $\quad . .$. | 8 | 3 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | Paraguay ... | 1 | 1 |  |
| Goa... ... ... ... | 1 |  | - | South America (so stated) | 60 | 35 | 25 |
| Madeira $\ldots$ | 11 |  | 2 | Asiatic Countries- |  |  |  |
| Cape Vorde Islands Denjork | 1,020 | 8 | - 13 | China-European Race ... | 70 | 50 | 20 |
| Denmark ${ }^{\text {a }}$... | 1,020 | 882 | 38 | , ${ }^{\text {asiatic Race }}$... | 6,160 | 6,108 | 52 |
| Iceland ... ... |  |  |  | Japan-European Race ... | 21 | 13 |  |
| St. Thomas ... | 20 | 2033 |  | P" Asiatic Race ... | 55 | 5 | 1 |
| Rwesen and Norway | 2,756 | $\underset{592}{2,033}$ | 174 | Persia Afghanistan | 8 | 7 |  |
| Poland ... | 121 | 48 | 3 | Siam ... | 3 | 3 |  |
| Finland ... ... | 77 | 73 | 4 | Asia (so stated)' ... | 1 | 1 |  |
| Greece... | 181 | 171 | 10 | African Countries- |  |  |  |
| Ionian Islands | 14 | 9 | 5 | Egypt ... ... ... | 24 | 16 | 8 |
| Turkey - <br> In Europe |  |  |  | North Afrioa (so stated)... | 1 |  | 1 |
| In Europe   <br> Bulgaria $\ldots .$. $\ldots$ | 1 |  | - ${ }^{6}$ | Oceana- ${ }^{\text {New }}$ - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 15 | 6 | 9 |
| Crete ... ... ... | 3 |  |  | Samoa $\ldots$ | 9 | 4 | ${ }_{5}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {In }}$ Sames ${ }^{\text {Stial }}$... | 1 |  | - | South Sea Islands (so |  |  |  |
| In Asile ${ }_{\text {Asia }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 82 |  |
| Syria ... ... | 365 | 228 | 137 | Not Stated ... | 6,156 | 2,850 | 2,306 |

* Includíng " America" (so stated).

Table 10.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.
Note.-Children whose religion was not stated are entered as of the same religion as their parents, if hoth the father and mother were of the one religion, or if the religion of only one parent was specified; as of the religion of the mother, when of Enropean birth or extraction. if married to a Chinaman; and as "Protestant unspecified" when the parents were of different Protestant denominations. But in all other cases when the parents were of different religions, no assumption has been made, and the religions of the children are entered as unspecified.


* Including 1,086 Soventh Day Adventists ( 436 males and 650 females); 692 Christadelphians ( 329 males and 363 females); 964 "Australian Church" ( 426 males and 538 females) ; 250 Protestants (ondefined), 130 males and 120 females: 3 "Danish Church" (1 male and 2 females) ; 2 German Christians ( 1 male and 1 female); 2 male "German Evangelical"; 1 male "German United"; and 1 male "Swedish Church."


## 54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 10.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females, 1901-continuel.

| Religions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Persons, | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Christians-cont. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cathoiieg- <br> Roman Catholic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 260,016 | 126,968 | 133,048 |
| Catholic (so st | ated) | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3,694 | 1,835 | 1,869 |
| Greek Church | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 367 | 277 | 90 |
| Other Christian Sects- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 460 | 195 | 265 |
| Christian Israelite ... ... |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 258 | 141 | 117 |
| New Church (Swedenborgian) |  |  |  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 146 | 69 | 77 |
| Spiritist, Spiritualist ... ... |  |  |  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 913 | 447 | 466 |
| No Denomination, no Sect (so stated) |  |  |  |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,113 | 3,865 | 2,248 |
| Sundry ... | , | ... | - |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 335 | 158 | 177 |
| Non-Christian Religione. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jew ... ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 5,907 | $\begin{array}{r}3,051 \\ \hline 456\end{array}$ |  |
| Mohamrmedan |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | $\ldots$ | 1,418 | 1,412 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Buddhist Hindu, Brahmin |  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | $\ldots$ | 1,418 | 185 | 2 |
| Confucian ... | .. | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | .... | ... | .... | ... | 3,389 | 3,336 | 53 |
| Deist ... ... | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 52 | 45 | 7 |
| Hindu (Sikh) | .. | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | 8 | 8 | - |
| Zoroastrian ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | . | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 |  |
| Other ... ... | ... . | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | -. | ... | ... | ... | 153 | 83 | 70 |
| Sceptics, \&c.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Others* }}{\substack{\text { Agnostics }}}$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 4,709 | 3,678 | 1,031 |
| Others* ... <br> Unspecified- | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 4,709 | 3,678 |  |
| Object to state Others |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 10,827 | 6,997 | 3,830 |
| Others .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 5,657 | 3,230 | 2,327 |

* Including 2,4ō4 persons ( 1,897 males and 557 females) of "No Religion"; also 2,042 persons ( 1,616 males and 426 females) entered as "Freethinker, Rationalist."

Table 11.-Religions of Chinese and Aborigines, 1901.


[^46]54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 12.-Degrees of Education among Males and Females at various ages (including Chinese and Aborigines), ${ }^{*} 1901$.

Note.-Foreigners who could Read or Write only in a Foreign Language have not been regarded as Illiterate.

| Agfs. |  |  |  | Males. |  |  |  |  | Females. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total. | Illiterate. |  | Read and Write. | Education unspecified. | Total. | Illiterate. |  | Read and Write. | Education unspecified. |
|  |  |  |  |  | Cannot Read. | Read only. |  |  |  | Cannot Read. | Read only. |  |  |
| ALL AGES |  |  | ... | 603,883 | 93,722 | 9,584 | 492,113 | 8,464 | 597,458 | 85,007 | 11,957 | 491,644 | 8,850 |
| Under 3 years |  |  |  | 40,488 | 40,488 | - | - | - | 39,346 | 39,346 | - | - | - |
| 3 | ... | ... | ... | 13,057 | 13,046 | 11 | - | - | 12,883 | 12,870 | 13 | - | - |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 13,262 | 13,028 | 234 |  | , | 12,950 | 12,684 | 266 | 2 | - |
|  | -.. | ... | $\ldots$ | 13,888 | 8,058 | 2,389 | 2,358 | 1,083 | 13,576 13,876 | 7,616 | 2,337 | $\mathbf{2 , 4 6 4}$ $\mathbf{7 , 2 4 3}$ | 1,169 495 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 14,121 | 3,836 | 2,824 | 7,003 | 458 | 13,876 | 3,483 | 2,655 | 7,243 | 495 |
|  | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 14,433 | 1,225 | 902 | 12,085 | 221 | 14,096 | 1,089 | 810 | 11,966 | 231 |
| 8 | ... | ... | ... | 14,709 | 452 | 273 | 13,820 | 164 | 14,211 | 352 | 206 | 13,489 | 164 |
| 9 | ... | ... | ... | 14,901 | 213 | 119 | 14,440 | 129 | 14,734 | 169 | 98 | 14,373 | 94 |
| 10 | ... | ... | ... | 14,559 | 95 | 47 | 14,329 | 88 | 14,214 | 95 | 35 | 13,990 | 94 |
|  | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 13,749 | 71 | 29 | 13,582 | 67. | 13,487 | 50 | 27 | 13,336 | 74 |
| 12 | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 13,444 | 62 | 16 | 13,305 | 61 | 13,170 | 44 | 14 | 13,044 | 68 |
| 13 | ... | ... | ... | 13,042 | 72 | 20 | 12,854 | 96 | 13,008 | 34 | 11 | 12,848 | 115 |
| 14 |  |  | $\ldots$ | 12,595 | 73 | 18 | 12,404 | 100 | 12,761 | 48 | 17 | 12,560 | 136 |
| Unspecified Children |  |  |  | 602 | 31 | 2 | 61 | 408 | 376 | 25 | 6 | 63 | 282 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 12,529 | 71 | 19 | 12,312 | 127 | 12,186 | 57 | 17 | 11,974 | 138 |
| 16 | -. | ... | ... | 12,483 | 91 | 15 | 12,230 | 147 | 12,470 | 45 | 19 | 12,248 | 158 |
| 17 | ... | ... | ... | 11,678 | 87 | 16 | 11,449 | 126 | 11,812 | 46 | 12 | 11,617 | 137 |
| 18 | ... | ... | ... | 11,231 | 104 | 19 | 10,987 | 121 | 11,956 | 28 | 9 4 | 11,788 | 131 |
| 19 | ... | ... | ... | 10,975 | 105 | 11 | 10,717 | 142 | 11,293 11,634 | 37 29 | 4 | 11,146 11,506 | 106 $\mathbf{9 3}$ |
|  | ... | ... | $\cdot$ | 10,430 | 95 | 7 | 10,229 | 99 | 11,634 | 29 | 6 | 11,506 |  |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 40,163 | 617 | 55 | 39.042 | 449 | 45,998 | 172 | 44 | 45,305 | 477 |
| 25- | ... | ... | ... | 45,469 | 953 | 65 | 44,063 | 388 | 52,832 | ${ }_{2} 210$ | 52 | 52,020 | 550 |
| 30- | .. | ... | ... | 46,635 | 1,174 | 98 | 44,855 | 508 | 48,156 | 238 | 90 | 47,285 | 543 |
|  | ... | -. | ... | 46,723 | 1,080 | 158 | 45,021 | 464 | 43,390 | 301 | 118 | 42,462 | 519 |
|  | ... | ... | - | 37,118 | 1,176 | 182 | 35,387 | 373 | 33,551 | 376 | 206 | 32,646 | 423 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 24,137 | 953 | 190 | 22,737 | 257 | 21,810 | 431 | 292 | 20,735 | 352 329 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 18,348 | 1,009 | 212 | 16,887 | 240 | 17,601 15,157 | 623 727 | 437 386 | 16,212 13,550 | $\begin{array}{r}329 \\ 294 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 15,351 14,979 | 910 1,259 | 219 301 | 14,042 13,145 | 180 274 | 17,157 14,292 | 727 943 | 586 889 | 13,513 12,133 | 294 |
|  | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 14,979 16,080 | 1,259 1,309 | 301 430 | 13,145 | 274 270 | 14,843 | 1,336 | 1,185 | 10,973 | 349 |
|  |  |  |  | 11,781 | 1,030 | 342 | 10,229 | 180 | 8,360 | 735 | 765 | 6,667 | 193 |
|  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 1,781 5 $\mathbf{5}, 733$ | +484 | 192 | 4,950 | 107 | 4,231 | 405 | 411 | 3,309 | 106 |
|  | ... | ... | ... | 2,453 | 282 | 103 | 2,011 | 57 | 2,065 | 217 83 | 226 59 | 1,553 417 | 169 -28 |
|  | $\ldots$ | -.. | ... | 603 160 | 83 32 | 35 18 | 467 106 | 18 4 | 587 152 | 83 29 | 16 | 102 | ${ }^{5}$ |
|  | ... | ... | . | 160 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 and upwards |  |  |  | 12 | 3 | 3 | 6 | - | 11 | 4 | 1 | 6 | - |
| Unspeeified Adults ... |  |  |  | 2,062 | 65 | 10 | 929 | 1,058 | 1,383 | 30 | 18 | 724 | 611 |

* The Chinese and Abobigines were returned as follows :-

| $\begin{gathered} \text { CHIMESE } \\ \text { (All Ages). } \end{gathered}$ | 6,740 | 5,063 | 72 | 918 | 687 | 609 | 181 | 14 | 402 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aborigines... <br> (All Ages). | 367 | 119 | 8 | 207 | 33 | 285 | 94 | 13 | 170 | 8 |

## 54. VICTORIA-continued.

Table 13.-Sickness and Infirmity of Males and Females at various Ages, 1901.


[^47]54. VIOTÖRIA-continued.
Table 14.-Inhabited Bulydings.-Number of Persons and Rooms in Combination, 1901.


## 55. QUEENSLAND.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| Area in Square Miles. | Houses. |  | Population.* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 668,497 | 98,737 $\dagger$ | 1,670 | 503,266 | 280,092 | 223,174 |

* Including 4,049 persons ( 3,837 males and 212 females) on board the shipping, 8,783 male and 530 female Chinese (of whom 355 males and 371 females were balf-castes, 1,533 half-caste aborigines ( 773 males and 760 females) and 5,137 fullblooded aborigines ( 3,089 males and 2,048 females); but excluding an estimated number of 20,000 nomadic Aborigines.
† Including 9,609 tents. 263 "drays," and 2,683 "other dwellings." but exclusive of 203 ships and boats. The definition of a "dwelling" in Queensland is "any house, building, booth, tent, hut, or erection under which any pr rson usually sleeps, and any ship or vessel in any port or barbour of the State."

Table 2.-Houses and Population at each Census, 1861 to 1901 (excluding full-blooded and nomadic Aborigines).


* See definition in Note $\dagger$, Table 1.

Table 3.-Houses, 1901, and Population, 1891 and 1901, in the Chief Towns.


* Not including ships.

55. QUEENSLAND-continued.

Tarle 4.-Estimated Popolation, Marriages, Births and Deaths, 1879 to 1903.


Table 5.-Ages of Persons, Males and Females, distinguishing Aborigines,* 1901.


* Exolnsive of the nomadic Aborigines.


## 55. QUEENSLAND-continued

Table 6.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Males and Females (including Aborigines), ${ }^{*} 1901$.

${ }^{*}$ Exclusive of the nomadic Aborigines.
Note.-Of the 8,783 male Chinese, 258 wele returned as Married and 35 as Widowed; and of the 530 female Chinese, 98 were returned as Married and 7 as Widowed.

Table 7.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Aborigines,* 1901.

| Ages. | Total. |  | Never Married. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Not stated. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages ... | 3,862 | 2,808 | 3,205 | 1,907 | 589 | 810 | 67 | 91 | 1 | - |
| Under 15 years $\dagger$... | 1,111 | 948 | 1,111 | 948 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15- ... ... | 464 | 339 | 458 | 269 | ${ }^{6}$ | 69 | 二 | 1 | - | - |
| 20 ... ... ... | 172 | 136 | 159 | 77 | 13 | 59 | - | - | - | - |
| 21- ... ... ... | 435 | 268 | 363 | 141 | 69 | 122 | 3 | 8 | - |  |
| 25- ... ... ... | 468 | 275 | 353 | 105 | 112 | 162 | 3 | 8 | - |  |
| 30- ... ... ... | 296 | 255 | 189 | 105 | 105 | 145 | 2 | 5 | - |  |
| 35- ... ... .. | 220 | 158 | 119 | 65 | 93 | 84 | 8 | 9 | - |  |
| 40- ... ... ... | 143 | 151 | 78 | 59 | 62 | 76 | 3 | 16 | - |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}45-\ldots & \ldots \\ 50-\ldots & \ldots \\ \end{array}$ | 109 87 | 46 58 | 51 | 20 | 42 | 21 26 | 16 | 5 | - |  |
| 55- ... $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 27 | 23 | 5 | 16 5 | 16 | 10 | 8 <br> 3 | 16 8 | 二 |  |
| 60- ... ... ... | 53 | 32 | 24 | 19 | 19 | 2 | 10 | 11 | - | - |
| $80-\ldots$ | 7 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 3 | 2 | - | - |
| Unspecified Adults | $\stackrel{1}{269}$ | 115 | 234 | -76 | 26 | 34 | 8 | 5 | 1 |  |

* Exclusive of the nomadic Aborigines.
$\dagger$ Including 2 male and 3 female children, age not specified.
Occupations of Persons, Males and Females.
The Occupations of the population of this State are shown, for convenience, with those of the other States of the Australian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295.

Table 8.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females (including Aborigines),* 1901.

| Whert Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ... ... | 503,266 | 280,092 | 223,174 |  |  |  |  |
| British Empire. <br> Australasia- |  |  |  | British Empire-cont. |  |  |  |
| Queensland | 282,861 | 142,283 | 140,578 | Other British Possessions. |  |  |  |
| New South Wales <br> Norfolk Island $\ldots$ <br> .. | 24,860 8 | 15,017 | 9,843 4 | Europe- |  |  |  |
| Victoria | 10,272 | 6,721 | 3,551 | Gibraltar |  |  |  |
| South Australia | 2,384 | 1,528. | -856 | Maita $\ldots$.. $\quad .$. | 55. | 13 35 | 88 |
| Western Australia Tasmania | 199 | 106 | 93 | Cyprus ... ... ... | 1. | 1 | 0 |
| New Zealand ... $\quad .$. | 1,571 | 838 982 | 470 589 | Asia- |  |  |  |
| Fiji ... ... ... ... | 60 | 34 | 26 | lndia $\dagger$... |  |  |  |
| New Guinea ... ... ... | 2 | 1 | 1 | Ceylon ... | 183 |  | 21 |
| Australasia (part not stated) | 19 6,670 | 13 3862 | \% 6 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Aden } & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ \text { An }\end{array}$ | 183 | 162 |  |
| United Kingdom- ${ }^{\text {Aborigines }}$ - ${ }^{\text {K }}$ | 6,670 | 3,862 | 2,808 | Assam ... | 1. | 7 | 1 |
| England and Wales ... | 68,589 | 40,257 | 28,332 | Straits Settlements $\quad . .$. | r ${ }^{5}$ | 4 162 | 1 |
| Scotland ... | 19.934 | 11.745 | 8,189 | Other or Unspecified Asiatic | 171 | 162 | 9 |
| Ireland... | 37,636 | 19,376 | 18,260 | Colonies ... ... ... | 9 | 7 | 2 |

[^48]55. QUEENSLAND-continued.

Table 8.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females (including Aborigines), 1901—continued.


Table 9.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females (including Aborigines), ${ }^{*} 1901$.

| Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females | Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total -... ... ... | 503,266 | 280,092 | 223,174 | We | 147 | 101 | 46 |
| Christian Religion. |  |  |  | Unristadelpbian | 167 1,233 | 351 886 88 | ${ }_{347}^{322}$ |
| Church of England ... ... | 185,023 | 101,468 | 83,555 | Christian-Undefined ... | ${ }_{216}^{1,233}$ | 886 171 | +45 |
| Roman Catholic ... | 120,663 | ${ }^{63,345}$ | ${ }^{57,318}$ | Christian Brethren ... | 625 | 303 | 322 |
| Presbyterian ... | 57,615 | 31,463 | 26,152 | Church of Christ ... ... | 1,784 | 924 | 860 |
| Methodist ... ... | -9,922 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,070 } \\ 15.499 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{14,292}^{4,82}$ | Greek Cathoic | 30 | 19 | 11 |
| Wesleyan Primitive Methodist M | 29,791 | 15,499 | $\underset{\substack{14,292 \\ 3,191}}{ }$ | Orthodox Greek Church... | ${ }_{71}^{20}$ | 20 |  |
| United Methodist... | 268 | 137 | 131 | Greekth Day Adventist | 472 | -197 | $7{ }^{6}$ |
| Unitarian ... ... | 212 | 142 | 70 | Mormon ... ... | 118 | 58 | 60 |
| Arian $\ldots$ |  |  |  | Other Christians | 815 | 450 | 365 |
| Congregational and Indepe | 9,763 | ${ }_{6,177}^{4,10}$ | ${ }_{6}^{4,953}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Baptist | ${ }_{26,505}^{12,22}$ | 14,120 | 11,385 | Non-Christian Religions. | 733 | 416 | 317 |
| Swedenhorgian ... ... | 34 | ${ }^{23}$ | 11 |  | 19,128 | 17,403 | 1,725 1, |
| New Church | 104 | 53 | 51 31 | Buddhist ... ... .. | 1,750 | 1,677 | 73 |
| New Jerusalem ... ... | ${ }_{8}^{68}$ |  |  | Hindu . ... | 65 |  |  |
| Church of Norway | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 二 | Brahmin ... ... | 40 | 40 |  |
| Scandinavian ... ... | ${ }_{9}^{2}$ |  | -4 | Deist ... ... | ${ }_{17}^{21}$ | 19 | 2 |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | 193 | 168 | 25 |
| German Apostolic ... | 11 |  |  | Other Non-Christian Religions... | 183 | 116 | 67 |
| \% Church .... | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ,", ${ }^{\text {, Evangelical }}$ Protestant |  |  |  |  | 1,963 | 1,717 |  |
| Salvation Army ... ... | 5,540 | 2,758 | 2,782 | Atheist ... ... ... | 67 | 69 | 8 |
| Apostolic ... .... ... | 563 379 3 | ${ }_{211}^{278}$ | 168 | No Religion ... ... | 630 | 498 | 32 |
| Catholic and Apostclic Plymouth Brethren | 374 | 286 | 288 | Others | 75 | 56 | 20 |
| Prethren ... | 377 | 168 | 209 | Indefinite $\dagger .$. | 16 | 7 | 9 |
| Protestant-Undefined ... | 989 |  |  | Onspecified ... | 945 | 679 | 266 |
| Catholic-Undefined ${ }^{\text {Quaker, }}$ Society of Friends | 164 | 91 | 73 | Object to state | 4,790 | 3,424 | 1,366 |

* The 6,670 Aborigines were retarned under the following headings :-

|  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^49]55. QUEENSLAND-continued.

Table 10.-Degrees of Education and Ages of Males and Females (including Aborigines)*, 1901.
Note.-The Chinese,'Pacific Islanders, \&o., unable to read English are included in the Table as "Unable to Read."


* Exclusive of the nomadic Aborigines ; the 6,570 Aborigines who were enumerated were returned as follows :-

|  |  |  |  |  | Males. | Females. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | . |  |
| Able to read and write | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 518 | 474 |
| Able to read only $\ldots \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unable to read, or unspecified | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 92 | 71 |  |

Table 11.-Persons returned as suffering from Sickness or Accident, distinguishing those in Public Hosplitals, and Persons returned as Deaf and Dumb or Blind, 1901.*

| , |  |  | Sickness. |  |  | Accident. |  |  | Deaf and Dumb. | Blind. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total. | In Public Hospitals. | Othèrs. | Total. | In Public Hospitals. | Others. |  |  |
| Persons | ... | $\cdots$ | 4,141 | 1,088 | 3,053 | 484 | 109 | 375 | 249 | 209 |
| Males ... | ... | ... | 2,622 | 738 | 1,884 | 418 | 101 | 317 | 154 | 95 |
| Females | - | ... | 1,519 | 350 | 1,169 | 66 | 8 | 58 | 95 | 114 |

* See note ( $x$ ) page 70.

56. SOUTH AUSTRALIA (including the Northern Territory).

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| Area | Houses.a |  |  | Total Popolation $b$ (including Chinese and Aborigines). |  |  | Aborigines (full-blooded and half-caste). $c$ |  |  | Chinese (full-blooded and half-caste). $d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SqUARE Miles. | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | In course of erection. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 903,690 | 69,856 | 5,640 | 358 | 389,727 | 198,847 | 190,880 | 27,123 | 14,42i | 12,698 | 3,455 | 3,280 | 175 |

[^50]56. SOUTH AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 2.-Population (exclusive of Aborigines) at each Census, 1844 to 1901.

| Date of Census. |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1844-February 26th | -* | ... | ... |  | 9,526 | 7,840 |  |
| 1846-February 26th | ... | ... | ... | 22,390 | 12,670 | 9,720 |  |
| 1851-January 1st | ... | ... | ... | 63,700 | 35,302 | 28,398 |  |
| 1855-March 3lst ... | ... | ... | ... | 85,821 | 43,720 | 42,101 |  |
| 1861-April 8th ... | ... | ... | ... | 126,830 | 65,048 | 61,782 |  |
| 1866-March 26th ... | ... | ... | ... | 163,452 | 85,334 | 78,118 |  |
| 1871-April 31d ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 185,626 | 95,408 | 90,218 |  |
| 1876-March 27th ... | ... | ... | ... | 213,271 | 110,491 | 102,780 |  |
| 1881-April 4th ... | ... |  | ... | 279,865 | 149,530 | 130,335 |  |
| 1891-April 6th 1901-April 1st | - | ... | ... | 320,431 | 166,801 | 153,630 |  |
| 1901-April 1st ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 362,604 | 184,422 | 178,182 |  |

Table 3.-Houses, 1901, and Population (exclusive of Shipping and Aborigines), 1891 and 1901, in the Largest Towns.


* Since 1891 the boundaries of these towns have been altered. To Port Adelaide have been added the Corporate Town of Semaphore, and the District Councils of Queenstown and AIberton, and Rosewater, with populations in 1891 of 7,159 , 2,632 and 2,344 respectively. In the case of the remainder the alterations have probably affected the populations but slightly.
† The population of the City of Adelaide and suburbs (within a radius of ten miles of the General Post Office) was in 1891, 133,252 persons ( 63,877 males and 69,375 females), and in 1901 was 162,261 persons ( 76,689 males and 85,572 femaies).

Tablif 4.-Estimated Pofulation, Marriages, Births and Deates, 1879 to 1903.*

|  | Year. |  |  | Numagrs. |  |  |  | Proportion per 1,000 of the Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Estimated Mean Population (exclusive of Aborigines). | Persons Married. | Births. <br> Exclu | Deaths. <br> Still- | Persons Married. | Births. | Deaths. |
| 1879 |  |  |  | 244,281 | 4,476 | 9,902 | 3,580 | $18 \cdot 3$ | $40 \cdot 5$ | 14.7 |
| 1880 | .-. | ... | - | 253,557 | 4,582 | 10,262 | 3,912 | $18 \cdot 1$ | $40 \cdot 5$ | $15 \cdot 4$ |
| 1881 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 277,670 | 4,616 | 10,708 | 4,012 | $17 \cdot 3$ | $38 \cdot 6$ 38.0 | 14.5 |
| 1882 | ... | ... | ... | 285,115 | 5,060 | 10,844 | 4,393 | $17 \cdot 7$ | $38 \cdot 0$ 38.0 | 15.4 |
| 1883 | ... | ... | ... | 293,937 | 5,078 | 11,173 | 4,435 4,789 | $17 \cdot 3$ 16.8 | 38.0 39.0 | $15 \cdot 1$ |
| 1884 | ... | ... | ... | 303,426 | 5,110 | 11,847 12,046 | 4,789 $\mathbf{3 , 9 8 7}$ | $16 \cdot 8$ $15 \cdot 9$ | 39.0 | 12.9 |
| 1885 | ... | ... | ... | 308,648 | 4,894 $\mathbf{3 , 9 5 2}$ | 12,046 | 4,234 | 13.0 | 36.8 | $14 \cdot 0$ |
| 1886 | -. | - | $\ldots$ | 303,561 305,247 | 3,952 3,954 | 10,831 | 3,944 | $13 \cdot 0$ | 35.5 | $12 \cdot 9$ |
| 1887 | ... | ... | ... | 305,247 305,510 | 4,168 | 10,510 | 3,759 | $13 \cdot 6$ | $34 \cdot 4$ | $12 \cdot 3$ |
| 1888 | ...: | ... | .... | 308,078 | 4,124 | 10,318 | 3,501 | $13 \cdot 4$ | $33 \cdot 5$ | $11 \cdot 4$ |
| 1890 | ... | ... | ... | 311,500 | 4,470 | 10,364 | 3,923 | $14 \cdot 3$ | 33.3 | $12 \cdot 6$ |
| 1891 | ... | ... | ... | 316,560 | 4,630 | 10,737 | 4,211 | 14.6 | $33 \cdot 9$ $32 \cdot 6$ | $13 \cdot 3$ |
| 1892 | ... | ... | ... | 323,746 | 4,238 | 10,544 10,683 | 3,711 4,520 | $12 \cdot 6$ | 32.0 | $13 \cdot 5$ |
| 1893 | ... | ... | ... | 333,852 | 4,220 4,188 | 10,683 10,476 | 4,520 4,001 | $12 \cdot 6$ $12 \cdot 3$ | 30.8 | 11.8 |
| 1894 | ... | ... | - | 339,907 343,381 | 4,188 4,096 | 10,476 10,537 | 3,921 | 11.9 | $30 \cdot 7$ | 11.4 |
| 1895 | -.. | ... | -.. | 343,381 344,810 | 4,096 4,366 | 10,537 10,012 | 4,038 | $12 \cdot 7$ | 29.0 | $11 \cdot 7$ |
| 1896 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 344,810 344,313 | 4,366 | 10,535 | 3,973 | $11 \cdot 3$ | $27 \cdot 7$ | $11 \cdot 5$ |
| 1897 | - | ... | ... | 346,854 | 4,428 | 8,945 | 4,675 | $12 \cdot 8$ | 25-8 | $13 \cdot 5$ |
| 1898 | -. | ... | ... | 351,658 | 4,580 | 9,397 | 4,406 | $12 \cdot 9$ | 26.7 | $12 \cdot 5$ |
| 1900 | ... |  |  | 354,268 | 4,610 | 9,143 | 3,774 3,974 | $13 \cdot 0$ | 25.8 | $10 \cdot 7$ |
| 1901 | ... | ... | ... | 357,556 | 4,608 | 9,079 8,927 | 3,974 4,236 | $12 \cdot 9$ | 25.4 24.8 | $11 \cdot 1$ |
| 1902 | ... | .-. | ... | 359,968 | 4,752 |  | 4,236 3872 | $12 \cdot 5$ | 23.4 | $10 \cdot 7$ |
| 1903 | ... | -** | ... | 361,724 | 4,520 | 8,476 | 3872 | 12 | 25 | 10. |

* The figures for the Northern Territory are not included in this Table.

Table 5.-Persons, Males and Females, at each Year of age, 1901 (exclusive of Aborigines).*

returied as Adnlts, and 2,626 males and 2,448 females as Children ; of the Hallesines 11,460 males and 9,909 females were returied as Adnits, and 2,626 males and 2,448 females as Children; of the Half-castes 127 males and 132 females were rned as Adulte, and 222 males and 209 females as Children.
Note. The Chinese population
Note.-The Chinese population (full-blooded and half-caste) was returned in the following age-groups :-

|  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { All } \\ \text { AGES } \end{array}\right\|$ | Under 15. | 15- | 20- | 25- | 30-- | 35- | 40- | 45- | 50- | 55- | 60 | 65 years and upwards. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males <br> Females | $\cdots$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} 3,280 \\ 175 \end{array}$ | 101 88 | 21 15 | 140 19 | 374 16 | $\begin{array}{r} 576 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | 562 8 | 566 8 | 411 | 279 | 130 1 | 75 | $\stackrel{45}{-}$ |

## 56. SOUTH AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 6.-Condition as to Marrtage and Ages of Persons, Males and Females, 1901
(exclusive of Aborigines).*

| AGES. | Total. $\dagger$ |  |  | Never Married. |  |  | Married. |  |  | Widowed. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males.' | Feniales: | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages... | 362,604 | 184,422 | 178,182 | 236,688 | 124,566 | 112,122 | 110,095 | 54,754 | 55,341 | 15,821 | 5,102 | 10,719 |
| Under 15 years | 129,237 | 65;209 | 64,028 | 129,237 | 65,209 | 64,028 |  |  | - | - | - |  |
| 15 | 8,523 | 4,310 | 4,213 | -8,522 | 4,310 | 4,212 | 1 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 16 | 8,540 | 4,238 | 4,302 | 8,530 | 4,237 | 4,293 | 10 | 1 | 9 | - |  |  |
| 17 | 8,116 | 4,013 | 4,103 | 8,080 | 4,009 | 4,071 | 36 | 4 | 32 |  |  |  |
| 18 | 7,648 | 3,833 | 3,815 | 7,534 | 3,819 | 3,715 | 114 | 14 | 100 |  |  | - |
| 19 | 7,342 | 3,613 | 3,729 | 7,093 | 3,593 | 3,500 | 246 | 20 | 226 | 3 | - | 3 |
| 20 | 7,346 | 3,618 | 3,727 | 6,782 | 3,513 | 3,269 | $\check{549}$ | 102 | 447 | 14 | 3 | 11 |
| 21- | 26,836 | 13,023 | 13,813, | 21,745 | 11,611 | 10,134 | 5,039 | 1,395 | 3,644 | 52 | 17 | 35 |
| $25-$ | 28,024 | 13,771 | 14,253 | 15,252 | 8,637 | 6,615 | 12,537 | 5,063 | 7,474 | 235 | 71 | 164 |
| 30- ... | 25,313 | 12,945 | 12,368 | 8,398 | 5,105 | 3,293 | 16,438 | 7,647 | 8,791 | 477 | 193 | 284 |
| 35-- - ... | 23,226 | 12,013 | 11,213 | 5,343 | 3,442 | 1,901 | 16,997 | 8,275 | 8,722 | 886 | 296 | 590 |
| 40- ... | 20,967 | 11,371 | 9,596 | 3,684 | 2,509 | 1,175 | 16,108 | 8,459 | 7,649 | 1,175 | 403 | 772 |
| 45- | - 16,310 | 9,033 | 7,277 | 2,395 | 1,682 | 713 | 12,592 | 6,895 | 5,697 | 1,323 | 456 | 867 |
| 450- ... | 12,340 | 6,767 | 5,573 | 1,575 | 1,157 | 418 | 9,291 | 5,113 | 4,178 | 1,474 | 497 | 977 |
| 55- ... | 9,881 | 5,336 | 4,545 | 984 | 695 | 289 | 7,221 | 4,107 | 3,114 | 1,676 | 534 | 1,142 |
| 60- ... | 8,018 | 3,992 | 4,026 | 688 | 475 | 213 | 5,260 | 2,926 | 2,334 | 2,070 | 591 | 1,479 |
| ${ }^{65-}$ | 5.923 | 2,872 | 3,051 | 363 | 250 | 113 | 3,606 | 2,091 | 1,515 | 3,954 | 631 | 1,423 |
| ${ }^{70}{ }^{75}$ | 4,562 | 2,282 | 2,280 | 273 | 182 | 91 | 2,368 | 1,485 | 883 | 1,921 | 615 | 1,306 |
| ${ }^{75-}$ | 2,552 | 1,290 | 1,262 | 132 | 80 | 52 | 1,123 | 762 | 361 | 1,297 | 448 | 849 |
| $80-1 .$. | 1,344 | 646 247 | 698 | 57 | 40 | 17 | 443 | 315 | 128 | 844 | 291 | 553 |
| 85 and upwards | 557 | 247 | 310 | 21 | 11 | 10 | 116 | 80 | 36 | 420 | 156 | 264 |

* The condition as to Marriage of the Aborigines was not recorded.
$\dagger$ This Total includes 3,135 Chinese males returned as Never Married, 136 as Married, and 9 as Widowed; and 101 Chinese females who were returned as Never Married, and 74 as Married.

Ocoupations of Persons, Males and Females.
The Occupations of the Population of this State are shown, for convenience, with those of the other States of the Australian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295.

Table 7.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females, 1901 (exclusive of Aborigines).

| Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ... | 362,604 | 184,422 | 178,182 |  |  |  |  |
| British Empire. |  |  |  | Foreign Countries and |  |  |  |
| Australasia- |  |  |  | France ... ... ... ... | 216 | 155 | 61 |
| New South Wales | 4,128 | 2,100 | 2,028 | New Caledonia ... ... | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Victoria | 10,324 | 5,134 | 5,190 | Madagascar .. ... ... | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Queensland ... | 606 | 332 | 274 | Other French Possessions | 4 | 4 |  |
| South Australia | 271,671 | 133,549 | 138,122 | Russia. ... ... | 251 | 214 | 37 |
| Western Australia | 956 | 478 | 478 | Austria-Hungary ... ... | 162 | 133 | 29 |
| Tasmania $\ldots$... ... ... | 819 | 404 | 415 | Spain | 40 | 14 | 12 4 |
| Australia, State unspecified | 936 | 458 | 478 | Portugal ... ... ... ... | 18 | 14 | 4 |
| New Zealand ... | 711 | 374 | 337 | Azores ... ${ }_{\text {Madeira }}$ | 2 | 2 |  |
| Solomon Islands $\quad \ldots$ | 12 | 5 | 7 | Cape Verde Islands $\quad . .$. | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Friendly Islands ... | 10 | 2 | 8 | Switzer!and ... ... ... | 104 | 67 | 37 |
| United Kingdom- |  |  |  | Holland ... ... ... | 62 | 56 | 6 |
| England ... | 37,789 | 20,672 | 17,117 | Java ... ... ... | 28 | 24 | 4 |
| Wales ... | 865 | 494 | 371 | Other Dutch Possessions | 37 | 30 | 7 |
| Scotland | 6,965 | 3,835 | 3,130 | Belgium ... ... ... | 18 | 14 | 4 |
| Ireland | 11,243 | 5,096 | 6,147 | Denmark ... ... ... ... | 262 | 235 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Roumania ... ... $\quad$ Turkey (including Asiatic) $\quad .$. | r8088 | 6 130 | 2 60 |
| Other British Possessions. Europe- |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lccc}\text { Turkey (including Asiatic) } \\ \text { Greece } & . . . \\ \text {... }\end{array}$ | 190 59 931 | 130 52 879 | 60 7 |
| Gibraltar ... | 5 | 2 | 3 | Sweden and Norway ... ... | 931 | 879 | 52 |
| Malta ... ... ... | 17 | 13 | 4 | Italy ... ... ... | 327 | 293 | 34 |
| Asia- |  |  |  | Asia- |  |  |  |
| India : | 679 | 558 | 121 | Chinese Empire ... ... | 3,253 | 3,167 | 86 |
| Ceylon ... ... ... | 31 | 24 | 7 | Afghanistan ... ... ... | 41 | 41 |  |
| Straits Settlements ... | 36 | 32 | 4 | Siam ... ... ... ... | 1 | 1 |  |
| Aden ... ... ... |  |  | - | Japan ... ... ... ... | 214 | 168 | 46 |
| Hong Kong ... ... | 20 | 12 | 8 | Arabia ... $\quad .$. | 5 | 5 |  |
| Africa- |  |  |  | Other Asiatic Countries ... |  | 1 |  |
| Cape of Good Hope ... ... | 59 | 33 | 26 | ${ }_{\text {Africa- }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 50 | 9 | 31 | Egypt $\ldots$ Africa (so stated) $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ |  | 8 | 5 |
| South Africa (so described) | 60 | 29 | 31 | Atrica (so stated) ... |  | 8 |  |
| Manritius and Seychelles ... | 65 | 33 | 32 | Other African Countries |  | 2 | 1 |
| St. Helena and Ascension ... | 7 | 3 | 4 | America- |  |  |  |
| American and West Indian - |  |  |  | United States $\ldots$... Philippine Islands | 460 63 | 333 62 | 127 |
|  | 190 22 | 118 17 | 72 | Other American States ... | 63 45 | 62 26 | 19 |
| Newfoundland ... <br> Bermudas ... | 11 | 17 | 7 | Polynesia- |  |  |  |
| British Guiana ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 7 | 4 | 3 | New Hebrides... ... ... | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Falkland Islands | 1 | 1 | - | South Sea Islands (so de- |  |  |  |
| Jamaica ... ... | 29 | 27 | 2 | scribed) ... ... | 1 | 1 | - |
| Barbados . ... ... | 14 | 14 | - |  |  |  |  |
| West indies (so described) ... | 32 | 26 | 6 | AT SEA- |  |  |  |
| Other British Possessions ... |  | 9 | 9 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { British names... } \\ \text { Foreign names } & \text {... } \\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 515 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | 17 | 273 |
| Foreign Countries and their Dependencies. |  |  |  | Country not stated- |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ccc} \text { Germany } \\ \text { Samoa ... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \\ \text {... } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,654 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | 3,958 6 | 2,696 4 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { British names... } & \text {... } \\ \text { Foreign names } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 199 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | 124 | 75 2 |

56. SOUTH AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 8.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females, 1901 (exclusive of Aborigines).*

| Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | ReLigions. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 362,604 | 184,422 | 178,182 | Metaphysician ... <br> Mormon, Latterday Saint <br> Other Christian sects ... <br> Non-Christian Religions. | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \\ & 22 \\ & 84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 13 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ | 50943 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Christian Religgion. |  | 53,794 | 53,193 |  |  |  |  |
| Church of England ... Roman Catholic | 106,987 | -26,184 | 26,009 |  | 786 | 406 | 380 |
| Preshyterian ... | 18,357 | 9,444 | 8,913 | Mohammedan .... ... | 449 | 434 | 15 |
| Methodist ... | 90,125 | 44,254 | 45,871 | Confucian, Buddhist, \&c. | 3,190 | 3,062 | 128 |
| Baptist ... ... | 21,764 | 10,072 | 11,692 | Deist ... ... | 24 | 19 | 6 |
| Congregationalist | 13,338 | 6,195 | 7,143 | Hindu ... ... | 19 | 19 | - |
| Lutheran ... ... ... | 26,140 | 13,915 | 12,225 | Sikh ... ... | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 5 |  |
| New Church, Swedenborgian... | 167 | 76 | 91 | Druse ... | 16 | 16 | 9 |
| Swedish Church ... - | 2 | 2 | - | Shintoist ... ... | 35 | 26 39 | 10 |
| Church of Christ, Ohristian ... | 6,103 | 2,714 | 3,389 | Agnostic... $\quad . .$. | 49 22 | 39 <br> 10 | 12 |
| Christian Brethren, Plymouth |  |  |  | Spiritualist ... ... | 22 | 12 | 12 |
| Brethren ... | 343 | 174 | 169 |  | 27 | 13 | 14 |
| Unitarian ... | 621 79 | 1726 45 | 295 34 | Universalist <br> Other Non-Christian Sects <br> $\ldots$ | 9 | 8 | 1 |
| Salvation Army ... | 4,030 | 1,902 | 2,128 |  |  |  |  |
| Moravian ... ... | 231 | 122 | 109 | No Religion, Freethinker, |  |  |  |
| Christadelphian ... | 229 | 110 | 119 |  |  |  |  |
| Welsh Church ... ... ... | 17 | 11 |  | Freethinker ... ... ... | 503 | 429 | 74 |
| Greek Charch, Russian Church | 103 | 69 | 34 | No Religion ... ... | 329 | 245 | 84 |
| Protestant (not otherwise de- |  |  |  | Atheist ... ... ... | 20 | 18 | 2 |
| fined) ... ... ... | 3,073 | 1,739 | 1,334 | Others ... ... ... | 18 | 16 | 2 |
| Oatholic Apostolic ... | 33 | 15 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| Christian Catholic Church | 22 | 7 | 115 | NoDenomination or unspecified Ohject to state ... ... | $\mathbf{5 , 4 1 6}$ $\mathbf{7 , 4 9 3}$ | 3,619 4,769 |  |
| Free Church | 18 | 7 | 11 | Ohject to state ... ... . | 7,493 | 4,769 | 2,734 |

* The Religions of the Aborigines were not recorded.

Table 9.-Degrees of Education and Ages of Males and Females, 1901
(exclusire of Aborigines).*

| Ages. |  |  |  | Total. |  | able to Read andWbite. $\dagger$ |  | able to Read only. |  | Unable to Read. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages |  |  | ... | 184,422 | 178,182 | 147,513 | 143,235 | 3,706 | 4,577 | 33,203 | 30,370 |
| Under 5 years |  |  | ... | 20,260 | 19,817 | - | - | 28 | 33 | 20,232 | 19,784 |
| 5 |  |  | ... | 4,416 | 4,309 | 257 | 276 | 215 | 213 | 3,944 | 3,820 |
| 6 | ... |  | ... | 4,655 | 4,437 | 1,319 | 1,219 | 737 | 749 | 2,599 | 2,469 |
| 7 | ... | ... | ... | 4,546 | 4,600 | 3,035 | 3,110 | 677 | 677 | 834 | 813 |
| 8 | ... | ... | ... | 4,451 | 4,531 | 3,901 | 4,017 | 288 | 268 | 262 | 246 |
| 9 | ... | ... | ... | 4,688 | 4,735 | 4,495 | 4,559 | 104 | 84 | 89 | 92 |
| 10 | ... | ... | ... | 4,603 | 4,464 | 4,485 | 4,379 | 55 | 44 | 63 | 41 |
| 11 | ... | ... | ... | 4,420 | 4,368 | 4,351 | 4,316 | 29 | 20 | 40 | 32 , |
| 12 |  | ... | $\cdots$ | 4,476 4,403 | 4,335 | 4,435 | 4,291 | 14 | 13 | 27 | 31. |
| 14 | ... | .... | ... | 4,491 | 4,166 4,266 | 4,368 | 4,138 4,250 | 13 | 8 | 22 | 11 |
| 15- | ... | ... | ... | 20,007 | 20,162 | 19,739 | 20,002 | 65 | 34 | 203 | 126 |
| 20. | ... | ... | ... | 3,618 | 3,727 | 3,529 | 3,682 | 15 | 8 | 74 | 37 |
| 21- | ... | ... | ... | 13,023 | 13,813 | 12,627 | 13,656 | 73 | 29 | 323 | 128 |
| 25- | ... | ... | ... | 13,771 | 14,253 | 13,230 | 14,066 | 61 | 46 | 480 | 141 |
| 30- | ... | ... | ... | 12,945 | 12,368 | 12,307 | 12,159 | 84 | 68 | 564 | 141 |
| ${ }^{35-}$ | ... | ... | ... | 12,013 | 11,213 | 11,335 | 10,902 | 110 | 100 | 568 | 211 |
| ${ }_{40-}^{40-}$ | ... | ... | ... | 11,371 | 9,596 | 10,676 | 9,196 | 144 | 147 | 561 | 253 |
| 50- | ... | ... | ... | 6,767 | 7,277 $\mathbf{5 , 5 7 3}$ | 8,399 6,177 | 6,902 5,096 | 137 | 181 | 497 457 | $\begin{array}{r}194 \\ \hline 1 \quad 259\end{array}$ |
| 55- | ... | ... | ... | 6,336 | 4,545 | 4,813 | 4,017 | 160 | 266 | 363 | 262 |
| $60-$ | ... | ... | ... | 3,992 | 4,026 | 3,498 | 3,261 | 156 | 341 | 338 | 424 |
| 65- | ... | ... | ... | 2.872 | 3,051 | 2,516 | 2,363 | 124 | 356 | 232 | 332 |
| 70- | ... | ... | ... | 2,282 | 2,280 | 1,942 | 1,702 | 145 | 324 | 195 | 254 |
|  | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 1,290 | 1,262 | 1,097 | ${ }^{955}$ | 72 | 178 | 121 | 129 |
|  | $\ldots$ |  | ... | 646 | 698 | 530 | 507 | 38 | 110 | 78 | 81 |
| 85. and upwards |  |  | ... | 247 | 310 | 202 | 214 | 13 | 57 | 32 | 39 |

[^51]
## 56. SOUTH AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 10.-Males and Females (exclusive of Aborigines) at various Groups of Ages suffering from different INFIRMITIES, 1901.

|  |  | ALI AGES. |  | Under 5 Years. |  | $5-$ |  | 15- |  | 21- |  | 65 and upwards. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Eemales. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| Sickness . | ... ... | 1,616 | 1,177 | 27 | 18 | 130 | 139 | 121 | 117 | 906 | 634 | 432 | 269 |
| Accidents | ... ... | 293 | 67 | 2 | 4 | 15 | 7 | 39 | 8 | 201 | 27 | 36 | 21 |
| Deafmutism* | ... | 187 | 164 | 2 | 2 | 33 | 32 | 18 | 17 | 91 | 89 | 43 | 24 |
| Blindness | ... | 185 | 130 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 14 | 10 | 91 | 48 | 76 | 61 |
| Lunacy ... | ... ... | 584 | 413 | 1 | - | 7 | - | 14 | 14 | 507 | 349 | 55 | 50 |
| Idiocy ... | ... ... | 62 | 46 | - | 1 | 18 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 31 | 28 | 3 | 4 |
| Epilepsy ... | ... ... | 24 | 32 | - | - | 2 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 14 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
| Paralysis ... | ... ... | 167 | 104 | 3 | 2 | 10 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 82 | 40 | 68 | 47 |
| Lameness, Deformity | Mutilation, ... ... | 160 | 64 | б | 1 | 28 | 20 | 10 | 3 | 79 | 28 | 38 | 12 |

Note-Of the Adult Aborigines (including half-castes), 409 males and 490 females are described as sick and infirm. * Eighty-two males and $8 \$$ females retarned as deaf only, also 19 males and 14 females retrurned as dumb only, are included.

## 57. WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Table 1.--Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| $\underset{\text { IN }}{\text { Area }}$ <br> Squart <br> Miles. | Houses.a |  |  | Total Population $b$ (including Chinese and Aborigines). |  |  | Aborigines (full-blooded and half-caste). c |  |  | (full-blooded and half-caste). $d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Percons. | Males. | Femalea. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| $975,920$ | 48,506 | 2,263 | 201 | 189,385 | 115,808 | 73.577 | 6,212 | 3,425 | 2,78i | 1,569 | 1,520 | 43 |

a Including Tents, Camps, \&c. (see Table 14, page 257), but excluding dwellings of full-blooded Aborigines.
6 Including 4,168 Persons (3,657 Males and 511 Females) on board vessels.
$s$ Including 951 half-castes ( 492 Males and 459 Females)
$d$ Including 48 half-castes ( 23 Males and 25 Females).
Table 2.-Population (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines) at each Census, 1848 to 1901.

| Date of Census. |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1848-10th October | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 4,622 | 2,818 | 1,804 |
| 1854-30th September | ... | ... | ... | 11,743 | 7,779 | 3,964 |
| 1859-31st December | ... | ... | ... | 14,837 | 9,522 | $\stackrel{5,315}{9,410}$ |
| 1870-31st March ... | ... | ... | ... | -24,785 | 15,375 | 9,410 12,646 |
| 1881-4th April ... | ... | ... | ... | 29,708 49 | 17,062 29,807 | 12,646 19,975 |
| 1891-6th April ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 49,782 184,124 | 129,807 $\mathbf{1 2 , 8 7 5}$ | 19,975 |
| 1901-1st April ... | ... | ... | ... | 184,124 | 112,870 | 71,249 |

Table 3.-Population (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines) and Habitations in each Federal Elegtorate and in the Chief Towns, 1901.

| Federal Electorates andChief Towns. |  |  |  |  |  | Houses. |  |  | Population (exelusive of full-blooded Aberigines). |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Federal Eleotobates. |  |  |  |  |  | $11,437$ | 285281 | 13 | 29,854 | 22,619 | 7,235 |
| Coolgardie | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... |  |  | 61 | 35,769 | 20,580 |  |
| Fremantle | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 11,764 | 777 | 24 | 35,69 33,028 |  | 11,515 |
| Kalgeorlie | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 1,65070,517 | 231 | 5449 | $\begin{aligned} & 30,0=0 \\ & 38,907 \\ & \mathbf{4 6 , 5 6 6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,698 \\ & 27,465 \end{aligned}$ | 18,20919,101 |
| Swan ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  | $\ldots$ | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | AL | ... | ... | ... | 48,506 | 2,263 | 201 | 184,124 | 112,875 | 71,249 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,0043,954 | 104 |  | 27,55320,444 | 14,588 | 12,965 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kremantle | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 1,815 | 136 | 2 | 6,652 4,601 | 4,038 $\mathbf{2 , 7 2 0}$ | 2,614 1,881 |
| Bonlder ... | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | 1,143 | 6174 | - | $\begin{gathered} 4,249 \\ 3,594 \end{gathered}$ | 2,4041,782 | 1,8451,812 |
| Coolgardie | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 754698 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albany ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | .... | $\cdot$ |  | 11 | 11 | 3,005 | 1,514 | 1,491 |

Table 4.-Estimated Population, Marriages, Births, and Deaths, 1879 to 1903.


Table 5.-Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines), at each Year of Age, 1901.

57. WESTERN AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 5.-Persons, Males and Eemales (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines), at each year of Age, 1901-continued.


Table 6.-Aboriginal Popdlation classified according to Age, 1901.

| Ages. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |  |  | Full-blooded. |  |  | Half-caste. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| All Aqes... ... |  |  |  |  |  | 6,212 | 3,425 | 2,787 | 5,261 | 2,933 | 2,328 | 951 | 492 | 459 |
| Onder 1 year |  |  | ... | .. | ... | 73 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 17 | 19 8 | 37 25 | 16 | 17 |
| 1 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | 43 | 26 | 32 | 41 | 24 | 17 | 28 | 13 | 15 |
| 3 | $\ldots$ | ... |  | $\ldots$ | ... | 60 | 38 | 22 | 28 | 17 | 11 | 32 | 21 |  |
| 4 | ... |  |  | ... | ... | 76 | 39 | 37 | 45 | 20 | 25 | 31 | 19 | 15 |
| 5 | ... |  |  | ... | ... |  | 45 45 | 34 37 | 43 | 23 | 20 | 39 | 22 | 17 |
| 6 7 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 75 | 46 | 29 | 39 | 27 | 12 | 36 | 19 | 17 |
| 8 | ... | .... | ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 94 | 50 | 44 | 45 | 25 | 20 | 49 | 25 | 24 26 |
| 9 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 96 | 59 | 56 | 79 | 33 | 22 | 41 | 15 | 20 |
| 10 | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 114 |  | 33 | 31 | 16 | 16 | 25 | 16 | 18 |
| 11 | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 56 117 | 82 | 3 a | 74 | 55 | 19 | 43 | 27 |  |
| 12 | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | - 68 | 40 | 28 | 42 | 30 | 12 | 26 | 10 | 16 16 |
| 13 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 118 | 75 | 4356 | 85 | 54 | 31 | 33 | 21 | 12 |
| 15 | ... | ... | ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 116 | 60 |  | 86 | 68 | 52 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| 16 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 145 | 60 | 66 | 120 |  |  | 23 | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 14 |
| 17 | ... | -." | ... | ... | ... | 114 |  | ${ }_{6} 66$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91 \\ 130 \end{array}$ | 50 | 51 | 24 | 10 9 | 155 |
| 18 | ... | -.. | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 154 81 | 88 45 | 66 36 | $67$ | 36 | 31 | 14 | 9 |  |
| 19 | ... | -." | ... | ... | ... | $\begin{array}{r}81 \\ 254 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 140 | +36 |  |  | 139 | 28 | 31 | 15 |
| 20 | … | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 417 | 246321 | 171 | 354 | 215 |  | 63 |  | 32 |
| 21 |  | er 25 | $\cdots$ | ... | .. | 600 |  | 279 | 531 | 291 | 240 | 69 | 30 | 3922 |
| 30 | " | 3 5 | $\ldots$ | .... | ... | 609 | 318 | 291 | 558 | 289 | 269 | 61 | 29 |  |
| 35 |  | 40 | ... | ... | ... | 345 | 201 | 144 | +00 | 220 | 180 | 25 | 14 | 11 |
| 40 |  | 45 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | - 235 | 153 | 82 | 226 | 146 | 80 | 9 | 7 | 2 |
| 45 |  | 50 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ |  | 172 | 121 | 284 | 164 | 120 |  | 8 | 1 |
| 50 |  | 55 | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 293 80 | 172 | 121 | 79 | 49 | 65 | 3 | 2 | - |
| 56 |  | 60 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 135 | 69 | 6617 | 132 | 67 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 60 |  | 60 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | - 31 | 14 |  | 31 | 14 | 17 | - | 二 |  |
| 65 70 |  | 70 | ... | ... | ... | 34 | 14 | 20 | 34 | 14 | 20 |  |  | - |
| 70 75 |  | 8 | $\cdots$ | . | ... | 2 |  | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| 80 |  | 85 | ... | ... | . | 13 | 8 | 5 | 13 | 8 |  | 二 |  |  |
| 85 |  | 90 | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 1 | -2 |  | 3 | -2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 90 |  | 95 |  |  | .. | 30 | 2 17 358 | 13 | 24 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
|  | t stat |  | Ad |  |  | 666 | 358 | 308 | 646 | 346 | 300 | 20 | 12 | 8 |
|  |  |  |  | cifie |  | 209 | 84 | 125 | 209 | 84 | 125 |  |  | - |


| - | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Under } \\ 15\end{gathered}\right.$ | 15- | 20- | 25- | 30- | 36- | 40- | 45- | 60- | 55- | 60- | 65 years and upwards. | Age not stated. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males Females .. | 1,526 43 | 22 29 | 16 3 | 120 3 | 294 2 | 354 3 | 273 1 | 238 2 | 114 | 61 | 10 | 11 | 3 | 10 |

57 WESTERN AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 7.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Males and Females (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines), 1901.

| Ages. | Total.* |  | Never Married. |  | Married. |  | WIDOW ED. |  | DIVORCED. |  | Not <br> Stated. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | F'emales. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages ... | 112.875 | 71,249 | 77,456 | 41,004 | 32,063 | 27,043 | 2,932 | 3,112 | 111 | 42 | 313 | 48 |
| Under 14 yearst... | 25,426 | 25,098 | -25,426 | 25,098 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 14- | 1,419 | 1,327 | 1,419 | 1,327 | - | - | . | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15- | 1,364 | 1,203 | 1,364 | 1,201 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 16- | 1,328 | 1,194 | 1,326 | 1,187 | 2 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 17- | 1,293 | 1,084 | 1,293 | 1,053 | - | 30 | - | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | 1 |
| 18- | 1,423 | 1,200 | 1,417 | '1,084 | 6 | 116 | - | - | $\cdots$ | - | - | - |
| 19- | 1,680 | 1,168 | 1,672 | 977 | 8 | 199 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 20- | 1,957 | 1,278 | 1,915 | 901 | 39 | 376 | 3 | - | - 6 | - | - 0 | 1 |
| 21- | 9,884 | 6,001 | 8,949 | 3,248 | 886 | 2,704 | 14 | 36 | 6 | 2 | 29 | 11 |
| 2\%- | 15,822 | 8,677 | 11,171 | 2,605 | 4,501 | 5,920 | 95 | 128 | 9 | 12 | 46 | 12 |
| 30- | 14,845 | 7,298 | 8,044 | 1,104 | 6,530 | 5,936 | 216 | 247 | 18 | 8 | 37 | 3 |
| 35- | 12,441 | 5,322 | 5,486 | 568 | 6,557 | 4,434 | 352 | 305 | 25 | 10 | 21 | 5 |
| 40- | 8,722 | 3,391 | 3,376 | 279 | 4,896 | 2,803 | 409 | 298 | 23 | 7 | 18 | 4 |
| 45- | 5,220 | 2,151 | 1,729 | 169 | 3,121 | 1,715 | 348 | 266 | 11 | 1 | 11 | - |
| 50- | 3,453 | 1,678 | 1,036 | 86 | 2,050 | 1,214 | 343 | 376 | 13 | 2 | 12 | - |
| 55- | 2,311 | 1,177 | 678 | 51 | 1,433 | 740 | 290 | 385 | 2 | - | 8 | 1 |
| 60- | 1,767 | 908 | 496 | 29 | 967 | 458 | 294 | 420 | 2 | - | 8 | 1 |
| 65- | 1,101 | 570 | 331 | 14 | 654 | 253 | 211 | 303 | 2 | - | 3 | - |
| 70- ... ... | 692 | 279 | 205 | 5 | 283 | 88 | 201 | 183 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| 75- ... ... | 290 | 133 | 85 | 5 | 133 | 33 | 72 | 95 | - | - | - | - |
| $80-1$. | 140 | 56 | 24 | 3 | 56 | 9 | 59 | 44 | - | - | 1 | - |
| 85 and upwards ... | 36 | 25 | 6 | 2 | 12 | 2 | 17 | 21 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Unspecified ... | 261 | 31 | 109 | 8 | 29 | 14 | 8 | 4 | - | - | 115 | 5 |

* This Total includes 1,526 male Chinese, of whom 1,475 were returned as Never Married, 46 as Married, and 5 as Widowed; and 43 female Chinese, of whom 31 were returned as Never Married, and 12 as Married
$\dagger$ Including children of unspecified age.

Table 8.-Condition as to Marriage, and Ages of Full-blooded Aborigines, 1901.


* Including children of unspecified age.

57. WESTERN AUSTRALIA-continued.

Notc.-The figures given in this Table include 19 full-blooded aboriginal females and 13 full-blooded aboriginal males married to husbands and wives respectively who were not full-blooded aboriginals

## 57. WESTERN AUSTRALIA-continued.

## Occupations of Persons, Males and Females.

The Occupations of the population of this State are shown, for convenience, with those of the other States of the Australian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295.

Table 10.-Birthplaces of Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines)," 1901.

| Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Where Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ... ... | 184,124 | 112,875 | 71,249 | Foreign Countizies. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Austria and Hungary ... | 418 | 390 | 28 |
|  |  |  |  | Belgium ... $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 30 | 25 |  |
| Australasia- |  |  |  | Servia, Roumania, and Bul- |  |  |  |
| Western Australia | 52,663 | 26529 | 26,134 | garia ... ... ... ... | 25 | 22 | 3 |
| New South Wales | 14,122 | 8,395 | 5,727 | Denmark (including Iceland) | 320 | 281 | 39 |
| Victoria ... | 39,491 | 24,342 | 15,149 | France (including Corsica) ... | 254 | 170 | 84 |
| Queensland ... | 2,695 | 1,474 | 1,121 | Germany | 1,622 | 1,255 | 267 |
| South Australia | 16,250 | 9,686 | 6,564 | Greece ... | 148 | 146 | 2 |
| Australia, Undefined. | 1,750 81 | 1,071 61 | 679 20 | Holland | 41 | 36 | 6 |
| New Zealand ... . | 2,704 | 1,757 | 947 |  | 420 | 1,296 405 | 15 |
| Fiji ... ... ... | 37 | 21 | 16 | Sweden... ... :... ... | 754 | 715 | 39 |
| United Kingdom- |  |  |  | Poland (Dndefined) ... ... | 11 | 8 | 3 |
| England (including Channel |  |  |  | Portugal ... ... ... | 40 | 37 | 3 |
| 1slands, Scilly Isles, and |  |  |  | Russia ... ... ... | 389 | 323 | 66 |
| Isle of Man) $\quad \ldots \quad .$. | 25,376 | 17,212 | 8,164 | Spain ... ... ... ... | 151 | 142 |  |
| Wales (including Isle of |  |  |  | Switzerland ... ... ... | 118 | 98 | 20 |
| Anglesey) ... ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 909 | 644 | 265 | Turkey ... ... ... ... | 49 | 39 | 10 |
| Scotland (including Shetland and Orkney Islands) | 6,400 | 3,953 | 1.447 | Other European Countries ... | 3 |  | - |
| Ireland... ... ... $\quad .$. | 9,862 | 6,413 | 3,449 | Afghanistan ... ... ... | 261 | 261 |  |
| Great Britain (Undefined) ... |  |  |  | China ... | 1,475 | 1,459 | 16 |
|  |  |  |  | Japan ... ... ... | 867 | 658 | 209 |
| Other British Possessions. |  |  |  | Java ... ... ... | 230 | 226 | 4 |
| Europe- |  |  |  | Philippine Islands ... | 370 | 370 |  |
| Cyprus ... ... ... | $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | Other Asiatic Countries | 379 | 374 | 5 |
| Malta ... | 33 | 14 21 | 11 | Africa- Egppt ... |  |  |  |
| Asia- $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | 35 | 21 | 12 | Othyt ${ }^{\text {Oth }}$ Onspecified African | 10 | 8 | 2 |
| Indian Empire ... ... | 769 | 645 | 124 | Countries ... ... ... | 84 | 50 | 34 |
| Ceylon ... .. ... ... | 84 | 67 | 17 | America- |  |  |  |
| Straits Settlements ... | 332 | 323 | 9 | United States ... ... | 658 | 526 | 132 |
| Africa- | 10 | 10 |  | Other or Unspecified American |  |  |  |
| South African Colonies | 58 | 35 | 23 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { States } \\ \text { Polynesia } & . . & \cdots & \cdots \\ \end{array}$ | 136 | 114 |  |
| East and Central African Colonies | 58 | 35 | 23 | Polynesia $\cdots \cdots$ At Sea- | 35 | 26 | 9 |
| Other African Colonies | 90 | 66 | 24 | Aritish Names. |  |  |  |
| America- |  |  |  | Foreign Names ${ }^{\text {a }}$... ... | 11 | 178 | 3 |
| Canada and Newfoundland... | 274 | 211 | 63 |  |  |  |  |
| West Indies and British |  |  |  | Unspectifedo |  |  |  |
| Guiana ... ... ... | 66 | 54 | 12 | British Names... | 187 | 149 | 38 |
| Other American Colonies | 17 | 13 | 4 | Foreign Names | 13 | 11 | 2 |
| Polynesia ... ... | 6 | 5 | 1 | Names not stated | 42 | 40 | 2 |

* Of the 5,261 full-blooded Ahorigines, 2,859 males and 2,299 females were born in Western Anstralia, 2 males in New South Wales, 19 males and 5 females in Queensland, and 53 males and 24 females in South Australia.

Table 11.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females (inclnṣive of full-blooded Aborigines), 1901.


[^52]57. WESTERN AUSTRALIA-continued.

Table 11.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females (inclusive of full-blooded
Aborigines), 1901-continued.


Table 12.-Degrees of Education of Males and Females (exclusive of full-blooded Aborigines) at various Ages, 1901.


* Of those who could Read and Write or Read only a Foreign Language, 51 Males and 6 Females could Read only.

Nort.-The Chinese and Aborigines who, with the exception of the full-blooded Aborigines, are included in the above Table, were returned as follows:-


All the full-blooded Aborigines whose degree of education was unspecified are included under the heading "Cannot Read."
57．WESTERN AUSTRALIA－continued．
Table 13．－Persons，Males and Females（exclusive of full－blooded Aborigines），suffering from Sickness，Accident，Deaf－mutism，or Blindness，

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\text { 曷 }} \\ & \text { 邑 } \end{aligned}$ | 爯 | \％ | ｜l｜｜｜｜｜ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 兔 } \\ & \text { 酓 } \end{aligned}$ | \％ |  |
|  | 㛯 | $\bar{\infty}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 曾 } \\ & \text { a } \\ & \text { 兄 } \\ & \text { 首 } \end{aligned}$ | 容 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | \＆ |  |
|  |  | 8 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 首 } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ |  |
|  |  | 范 |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ |  |
| $\frac{\dot{y}}{\dot{6}}$ | 范 | 㐌 |  |
|  |  | 烒 |  |
|  | 硠 | $\stackrel{\ddot{(0}}{\mathbf{O}}$ |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \dot{9} \\ \stackrel{\text { ded }}{4} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | ：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：！： <br> ：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：$\quad$ ： <br> ：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：： <br> ：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：：： <br>  |

Census of the British Empire, 1901.
57. WESTERN AUSTRALIA-continued.
table 14.-Habitations : Materials, and Number of Rooms, and Population in each Class of Habitation, 1901.

| Materials. | Occupied Houses. | Unoccupied Houses. | Houses being Built. | Population. | Number of Rooms. | Occupied Houses. | Unoccupied Houses. | Houses being Built. | Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total ... ... | 48:306 | 2,263 | 201 | 184,124 | Total ... ... | 48,506 | 2,263 | 201 | 184,124 |
| Stone ... ... .. | 3,791 | 122 | 18 | 21,877 | One Room ... | 13.804 | 673 | 8 | 18.987 |
| Brick ... ... ... | 8,050 | 241 | 81 | 44,431 | Two Rooms $\quad . .$. | 13.804 | 522 | 31 | 17,888 |
| Concrete, Adobe, Pisé ... | 1,103 | 53 | 8 | 5,277 | Three and four Booms... | 16,504 | 694 | 80 | 176,930 |
| Iron ... ... ... | 5.214 | 333 | 12 | 19,159 | Five and six Rooms ... | 7,129 | 148 | 42 | 38,619 |
| Wood ... ... M ... | 11,59t | 642 | 60 | 46,999 | Seven to ten Rooms ... | 2,814 | 62 | 10 | 19,158 |
| Wattle and Dab. Mud. Bark. sce. | 464 | 30 | 1 |  | Eleven to fifteen Rooms | 640 | 5 | 2 | 6.192 |
| Calico, Canvas, Hessian | 17,921 | 30 702 | \% | 1,135 | Sixteen to twenty Rooms | 221 | 4 | 1 | 3.309 |
| Unspecified ... ... | 339 | 140 | 16 | 1,036 | Unspecified ... ... | 431 | 155 | 26 | 5,775 1,431 |
| Persons camping out*... | - | - | - | 716 | Persons camping out*... | 4 | 15. | 26 | 1,431 716 |
| Shipping population ... | - | - | - | 4,163 | Shipping population ... | - | - | - | 4,168 |
| Half-caste Aborigines ... | - | - | - | 951 | Half caste Aborigines ... | - | - | - | 951 |

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| Area IN SQUARE Miles. | Houses. |  |  | Population: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inhahited. $a$ | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 26,215 | 34,165 | 2,187 | 118 | 172,475 | 89,624 | 82,851 |

a Under this heading there were 1,043 Inhabited siores, Ufices, and rublic Buildings, and 1,013 inhabited Tents.
Table 2.-Houses and Population at each Census, 1847 to 1901.

| Date of Census. |  |  |  | Houses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| 31st December, 1847 | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 9,519 | 95 | 573 | 70,164 | 47,828 | 22,336 |
| 1st March, 1851 | ... | ... | ... | 11,245 | 38 | 561 | 70,130a | 43,127 | 25,482 |
| 31st March, 1857 | ... | ... | ... | 14,273 | 122 | 623 | 81,432b | 45,916 | 34886 |
| 8th April, 1861 | ... | ... | ... | 17,566 | 944 | 83 | 89,977 | 49,593 | 40,384 |
| 7th February, 1870 | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 18,048 | 2,146 | 170 | 99,328 | 52,853 | 46,475 |
| 4th April, 1881 | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 21,858 | 1,533 | 138 | 115.795 | 61,162 | 54,543 |
| 6th April, 1891 | ... | ... | ... | 28,024 | 1,588 | 189 | 146,667 | 77,560 | 69,107 |
| 1st April, 1901 | ... | ... | ... | 34,165 | 2,187 | 118 | 172,475 | 82,624 | 82,851 |

a Including the military population ( 903 persons) and the convicts ( 560 persons) for whe
distinguished.
6 Inclnding the military popalation ( 630 persons) for whom the sexes were not distinguished.
Table 3.-Area; Inhabited Houses and Population (specifying the number of Chinese and Chinese Half-castes and the number of Half-caste Tasmanian Aboriginals) in each County. 1901.


## 58. TASMANIA-continued.

Table 4.-Estimated Population, Marriages, Births, and Deaths, 1879 to 1903.


Table 5.-Ages and Condition as to Marriage of Males and Females, 1901.

| Ages, | Total. |  |  | Unmarried. |  | Married. |  | Widowed. |  | Condition Unspecified. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| All Ages | 172,475 | 89,624 | 82,851 | 60,952 | 52,593 | 25,807 | 25,460 | 2,560 | 4,672 | 305 | 126 |
| Onder 15 years | 64,025 81 | 32,511 | 31,514 | 32,511 | 31,514 | 5 |  | $\overline{5}$ |  |  |  |
| 15-45 ... ... | 81,915 | 42,882 | 39,033 | 26,503 | 19,981 | 15,697 | 18,211 | 540 | 791 | 142 | 50 |
| 15 years and upwards | 108,303 | 56,993 | 51,310 | 28,397 | 21,074 | 25,792 | 25,449 | 2,558 | 4,671 | 246 | 116 |
| 45 years and upwards | 26,388 | 14,111 | 12,277 | 1,894 | 1,093 | 10,095 | 7,238 | 2,018 | 3,880 | 104 | 66 |
| Onspecified ... ... | 147 | 120 | 27 | 44 | 5 | 15 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 59 | 10 |
| Under 5 years | 20,865 | 10,702 | 10,163 | 10,702 | 10,163 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5-10 ... | 22,024 | 11,160 | 10,864 | 11,160 | 10,864 | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| 10-15 ... | 21,136 | 10,649 | 10,487 | 10,649 | 10,487 | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| 15-20 ... | 18,451 | 9,388 | 9,063 | 9,368 | 8,728 | 20 | 332 | - | 2 | 二 | 1 |
| ${ }_{25-30}$... | 16,410 | 8,261 | 8,149 | 7,347 | 5,695 | 876 | 2,427 | 15 | 26 | 23 | 1 |
| ${ }_{30-35}^{25-30}$ | 13,837 | 7,276 | 6,561 | 4,522 | 2,710 | 2,678 | 3,773 | 46 | 67 | 30 | 11 |
| $30-35$ $35-40$ | 11,998 | 6,422 | 5,576 | 2,453 | 1,460 | 3,837 | 3,977 | 102 | 130 | 30 | 9 |
| $35-40$ <br> $40-45$ <br> ... <br> .. | 11,479 9 | 6,262 5,273 | 5,217 4,467 | 1,744 | 834 <br> 554 | 4,310 | 4,114 | 170 | 256 | 38 | 13 |
| 45-50 ... $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 6,854 | 5,273 $\mathbf{3 , 7 6 0}$ | 4,467 3,094 | 1,069 554 | 554 345 | 3,976 $\mathbf{2 , 9 4 8}$ | 3,588 <br> 2,358 | 207 | 310 380 | $\stackrel{21}{27}$ | 15 |
| 50-55 ... ... | 5,176 | 2,797 | 2,379 | 368 | 285 | 2,174 | 1,654 | 237 | 429 | 18 | 11 |
| 55-60 ... ... | 3.881 | 1,996 | 1,885 | 255 | 161 | 1,517 | 1,228 | 214 | 487 | 10 | 9 |
| 60-65 ... | 3,454 | 1,729 | 1,725 | 255 | 135 | 1,220 | 914 | 245 | 664 | 9 | 12 |
| 65-70 ... | $\stackrel{2,613}{ }$ | 1,292 | 1,321 | 151 | 78 | 1878 | - 597 | 249 | 641 | 14 | 5 |
| 70-75 75 ...... | 2,033 | 1,123 | 910 | 133 | 45 | 666 | - 304 | 308 | 551 | 16 | 10 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}75-80 & . . \\ 80-85 & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ 80 & . .\end{array}$ | 1,270 | 756 <br> 459 <br> 18 | 514 302 | 104 | 24 | 380 | - 115 | 264 | 373 | 8 | 2 |
| 85 years and $\quad$ upwards | 761 346 | 459 199 | 302 147 | 51 23 | 8 12 | 233 79 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 175 95 | 235 120 | 2 | 3 3 3 |

Note.-The divorced are included in this Table as unmarried.

Occupations of Persons, Males and Females.
The Occupations of the population of this State are shown, for convenience, with those of the other States of the Australian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295 :
58. TASMANIA-continued.

Table 6.-Birth-places of Persons, Males and Females, 1901.


[^53]
## 58. TASMANIA-continued.

Table 7.-Religions of the Population, 1901.

58. TASMANIA-continued.

Table 8.-Degrees of Education of the Population at each Census, 1861 to 1901.


Table 9.-Persons, Males and Females suffering from different Infirmities, 1891 and 1901.

|  | 1891. |  |  | 1901. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Blind ... ... ... | 165 | 97 | 68 | 173 | 97 | 76 |
| Deaf and Dumb ... .. | 54 | 27 | 27 | 75 | 41 | 34 |
| Insane ... ... | 383 | 204 | 179 | 421 | 225 | 196 |
| Idiotic ... ... ... | 46 | 17 | 29 | 19 | 6 618 | 13 |
| Sick... ... ... ... | 1.169 | 659 | ¢10 | 1,127 | ${ }^{618}$ | 509 |
| Acrident (anffering from) | 152 37 | 132 21 | 20 16 | 277 14 | 238 5 | 39 9 |
| Epilept-c ${ }_{\text {Crippled, }}$ Deformed, \&c.... | 37 1,410 | 21 940 | 16 470 | 1,326 | 5 763 | -963 |

59. NEW ZEALAND.

Table 1.-Area; Houses and Population, 1901.

| Area | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hovses } b \\ \text { (excluding Maori dwellings). } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Total Population e (including Maoris and Chinese). |  |  | Maoris. $d$. |  | Chinese, e |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MILES.a | Occupied. | Unoccupied. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. |
| 104,471 | 158,898 | 10,830 | 865 | 816,214 | 429,456 | 386,758 | 23,112 | 20,031 | 2,825 | 32 |

a. Including North Island 44,468 square miles, Middle Island 58,525 square miles, Stewart Island 665 square miles Chatham Islanda 375 square miles, Kermadec Ialands 13 square miles, Auckland Islands 329 square miles, Camphell Ialand 71 square miles, Antipodes Island 20 square miles, and Bounty Island 5 aquare miles. The Censua did not embrace the Cook Islanda and the other Dependencies in the Pacific.
b. Including 5,116 tents and dwellings with canvaa roofs.
b. Including 5, 116 tents and dwellings with canvar merchant veasels, and 352 officers and men of the Royal Navy; the c. Including 3,410 mals the subsequent Tables.
latter are excluded from all
d. Including 1,694 male and 1,439 female 1,219 female half-castes living as Europeana.
huabande, but excluding 1,188 male and 1, half-castes.
Table 2.-Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of Maoris), at each Censos, 1858 to 1901.

|  | Census Year. |  |  |  |  | Peraons. | Males. | Females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.679 | 25,734 |  |
|  | 1858 | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 99,021 | 61,062 | 37,959 |  |
|  | 1861 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 172,158 | 106,580 | 65,578 |  |
| : | 1864 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 218,668 | 131,929 | 86,732 | - |
|  | 1867 | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 256,393 | 150,356 | 106,037 |  |
|  | 1874 | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 299,514 | 170,981 | 128,532 |  |
|  | 1878 | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 414,412 | 230,998 | 183,414 |  |
| : | 1881 | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 578,482 | 312,221 | 266,261 |  |
|  | 1886 | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 578,482 626,658 | 332,877 | 293,781 |  |
| ' | 1891 | -.. | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 703,360 | 371,415 | 331,945 |  |
| \% | 1896 1901 | .... | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 772,719 | 405,922 | 366,727 |  |

Census of the British Empire, 1901.

## 59. NEW ZEALAND-continued.

Table 3.-Number of Persons, Males and Females, in the Prinoipal Divisions, distinguishing MaORIS and Half-CASTES, 1901.

a Half-castes living amongst Europeans.
6 Half-castes living as Maoris.
s Includes 31 Morioris ( 15 males and 16 females).
Table 4.-Estimated Population, Marrtages, Births, and Deaths, 1879 to 1903.


Table 5.-Area; Houses and Population (exclusive of Maoris) in each Provinctal District, 1901.

| Provinoial Districts. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { Square } \\ & \text { Miles. } \end{aligned}$ | Houses. |  |  | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Inhabited. | Uninhabited. | Building. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Total ... . | 104,044 | 158,898 | 10,830 | 865 | 772,719 | 405,992 | 366,727 |
| Auckland ... | 25,745 | 36,933 | 2,787 | 234 | 175,938 | 92,944 | 82.994 |
| Taranaki ... | 3,308 | 7,723 | 425 | 36 | - 37,8 , ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 20,569 | 17,286 |
| Hawke's Bay ... | 4,410 | 7,092 | 618 | 18 | 35.424 | 18,859 | 16,565 |
| Wellington ... ... | 11,003 | 27,563 | 1,642 | 210 | 141,354 | 74,234 | 67,120 |
| Marlborough ... ... | 4,753 | 2,632 | 165 | 11 | 13,326 | 7,151 | 6,175 |
| Nelson ... i.. | 10,269 | 8,505 | 862 | 33 | 37,915 | 20,607 | 17,308 |
| Westland ... ... | 4,641 | 3,693 | 344 | 23 | 14,506 | 8,106. | 6,400 |
| Canterbury ... ... | 14,040 | 28,461 | 1,722 | 134 | 143,041 | 72,871 | 70,170 |
| Ctago $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chatham Islands } \\ & \text { Cl.. } \\ & \text { Che }\end{aligned}$ | 25,487 $\mathbf{3 7 5}$ | 36,244 | 1,361 4 | 166 | 173,145 | 90,534 | 82,611 |
| Kermadec Islands ... | 13 |  | 4 | - | 207 8 | 112 5 | 95 3 |

59. NEW ZEALAND-continued.

Table 6.-Number of Persons, Males and Females in Boroughs with Populations of more than 4,000 in 1901 .

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Borougrs.} \& Persons. \& Males. \& Females. <br>
\hline Wellington, City of* ... \& \& ... \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Auckland, City of* ${ }^{*}$... ... ... \& ... \& \& \& \& 34,213 \& 16,659 \& 17,554 <br>
\hline Danedin, City of* ... ... ... \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& 24,879 \& 11,757 \& 17,564 <br>
\hline Christchurch, City of ${ }^{*}$. $\quad .$. \& $\ldots$ \& \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& 17,538 \& 1,262 \& 9,276 <br>
\hline Sydenham (Suburb of Christchurch) \& \& \& \& \& 11,404 \& 5,525 \& 5,879 <br>
\hline Invercargill (including North, South,
Napier
ar \& nd \& t \& rea \& \& 9,953
8774 \& 4,871 \& 5,082 <br>
\hline Napier ${ }^{\text {Wanganui }}$... ... \& \& \& \& \& 8,774 \& 4,251 \& 4,523 <br>
\hline Wanganui
Nelson

... \& ... \& \& \& ... \& 7,329 \& 3,628 \& 3,701 <br>
\hline Linwood (Suourb of Christchurch) \& $\ldots$ \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& 7,010 \& 3,228 \& 3,782 <br>
\hline St. Albans (Suburb of Cbristchurch) \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& 6,737
6,607 \& 3,182
$\mathbf{3 , 0 2 5}$ \& 3,555 <br>
\hline Palmerston North \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& \& ... \& 6,534 \& 3,291 \& 3,243 <br>
\hline Timaru $\quad \cdots \quad . \cdot$ \& ... \& ... \& \& ... \& 6,424 \& 3,135 \& 3,289 <br>
\hline South Dunedin (Suburb of Dunedin) \& ... \& ... \& ... \& ... \& 5,363 \& 2,487 \& 2,876 <br>
\hline Caversham (Suburb of Donedin) \& ... \& ... \& ... \& ... \& 5,266 \& 2,608 \& 2,658 <br>
\hline Oamaru $\quad \cdots \quad$... $\quad .$. \& ... \& ... \& ... \& ... \& 4,836 \& 2,282 \& 2,554 <br>
\hline Roslyn (Subarb of Dnnedin) ... \& $\ldots$ \& ... \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& 4,632 \& 2,118 \& 2,514 <br>
\hline Parnell (Suburb of Auckland) ... \& $\cdots$ \& ... \& ... \& ... \& 4,566 \& 2,081 \& 2,485 <br>
\hline Grey Lynn (Suburb of Auckland) \& $\cdots$ \& $\ldots$ \& ... \& . \& 4,405
4,110 \& 2,098
1,909 \& 2,307
2,201 <br>
\hline Lyttelten: ... ... ... \& ... \& \& \& ... \& 4,023 \& 2,008 \& 2,015 <br>
\hline Thames ${ }^{\text {M }}$, $\ldots$ \& ... \& ... \& ... \& ... \& 4,009 \& 1,893 \& 2.116 <br>
\hline Mornington (Suburb of Dunedin) \& $\cdots$ \& ... \& ... \& ... \& 4,008 \& 1,848 \& 2,160 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

* The Populations of the Cities of Wellington, Auckland, Dunedin, and Christchurch, with their suburbs, are as follows:-


Table 7.-Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of Maoris), living at each
Note.-It is stated in the New Zealand Census Report that "the figures here given are the numbers at each year of age, compiled from the entries on the Census schedules as made by the householders themselves. A glance at the Table will sbow that many people, either through ignorance, carelessness, or disregard of truth and accuracy, have set down their ages as at the nearest decennial or quinquennial period (30, 35, 40, \&c.). To ascertain the true number living at each year of age, the total numbers in each quinquennial or decennial group should be distributed proportionately over the single years."

59. NEW ZEALAND-continued.

Table 7.-Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of Maoris), living at each Year of AGE, 1901.-continued.


59．NEW ZEALAND－continued．
Table 8．－Ages of Maoris，＊Persons，Males and Females， 1901.

＊Including half－castes living as Maoris，but excluding those living as Eurropeans．
Table 9．－Condition as to Marriage and Ages of Males and Females
（ex̣clusive of Maoris），1901．＊

| Agrs | Total．$\dagger$ ． |  | Unmarried． |  | Marrieot． |  | Widowed． |  | Divorced． |  | －Not Stated． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． | Males． | Females． |
| All Ages．．． | 405，992 | 366，727 | 275，609 | 230，375 | 118，536 | 117，839 | 10，666 | 17，902 | 255 | 149 | 926 | 462 |
| Onder 14 years | 121，989 | 118，671 | 121，989 | 118，671 |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 ．．． | 8，569 | 8，689 | 8，467 | 8，677 | － | 10 | 二 |  | － | － | 2 | 2 |
| 17 | 8，453 | 8，430 | 8，443 | 8，352 | 4 | 72 | 二 | 二 | － |  | ${ }_{6}^{2}$ | 6 |
| 18, | 8.536 | 8，425 | 8，508 | 8,215 | 16 | 193 | － | 1 | － |  | 12 | 16 |
| 19＇ | 8，442 | 8，438 | 8，405 | 7，924 | 28 | 501 | － | － |  |  | 9 | 13 |
| 20 | 8，559 | 8，583 | 8，445 | 7，593 | 94 | 963 | 1 | 5 | － |  | 19 | 22 |
| 21－ | 32，637 | 33，377 | 29，512 | 24，114 | 2，953 | 9，098 | 34 | 67 | 4 | 8 | 134 | 90 |
| 25－ | 35，307 | 33，233 | 22，890 | 14，920 | 12，123 | 17，927 | 156 | 290 | 10 | 16 | 128 | 80 |
| 30－ | 29，694 | 27，272 | 12，065 | 6，986 | 17，217 | 19，618 | 317 | 593 | 24 | 35 | 71 | 40 |
| 35－ | 24，301 | 21，217 | 7，161 | 3，373 | 16，587 | 16，855 | 446 | 929 | 41 | 33 | 66 | 27 |
| 40－ | 21，589 | 17，347 | 5,350 | 1，783 | 15，442 | 14，182 | 707 | 1，342 | 26 | 21 | 64 | 19 |
| 45－ | 19，134 | 13，997 | 4，205 | 966 | 13，967 | 11，311 | 860 | 1，683 | 47 | 17 | 55 | 20 |
| 50－ | 15，413 | 11，991 | 3，243． | 665 | 11，105 | 9，240 | 973 | 2，1068 | 34 | 5 | 58 | 13 |
| 55－ | 13，711 | 9，963 | 2，679 | 467 | 9，702 | 7，144 | 1，261 | 2，330 | 24 | 6 | 45 | 16 |
| ＇65－$\quad .$. | 12，803 | 8,017 | 2，546 | 347 <br> 253 | 8,717 5,928 | 5,222 3,284 | 1，484 | 2，422 | 17 |  | 39 | 20 |
| $65-$ $70-$ | 12,160 5,348 | 6,028 $\mathbf{3 , 2 3 6}$ | 2,432 1.120 | 134 | 2，933 | 1，404 | 1，756 | 2，468 | 15 7 | 2 | 29 18 18 | 21 |
| 770 | 2，285 | 1，679 | 452 | 86 | 1，105 | ， 515 | 709 | 1，074 | 3 |  | 16 | 4 |
| 80－ | ．1，050 | 852 | 166 | 26 | 416 | 173 | 462 | ＇649 | 2 | － | 4 | 4 |
| 85 and upwards | 375 | 340 | 30 | 13 | 125 | 51 | 216 | 273 | 1 | － | 3 | 3 |
| Unspecified ．．． | 432 | 208 | 196 | 77 | 74 | 75 | 14 | 21 | － | － | 148 | 35 |

＊The condition as to Marriage of the Maoris was not returned．
$\dagger$ This total includes 2,825 male Chinese，of whom 2，751 were returned as Unmarried， 61 as Married（ 43 having Buropean wives and 18 Chinese wives living in New Zealand），and 13 as Widowed；and 32 female Chinese，of whom 14 were Unmarried and 18 Married．

Occupations of Persons，Males and Females．
The Occupations of the Population of this Colony are shown，for convenience，with those of the six States of the Anstralian Commonwealth on pages 272 to 295.

Table 10．－Birthplades of Persons，Males and Females（exclusive of Maoris）； 1901.

| Where Born． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Where Born． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 772，719 | 405，992 | 366，727 | British Empire－cont． |  |  |  |
| British＇Empire． <br> United Kingiom－ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { South Australia．．．} & \\ \text { Western Australia } & \text { ．．．}\end{array}$ | 1,575 190 | 807 103 | 768 87 |
| England．．．．．． | 111，583 | 64，014 | 47，669 | Tasmania．．．．．．．． | 3，720 | 2，084， | 1，636 |
| lsle of Man | 69 |  |  | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Australia } & \text {（State } & \text { not } \\ \text { named }\end{array}$ | 1，222 | 669 |  |
| Jergey Guernsey | 117 37 | $\stackrel{69}{21}$ | 16 | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { named } & \text { ．．．} & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { Fiji } & \text { ．．．} \\ \text { ．．．}\end{array}$ | 1，224 | 669 98 | ${ }^{653}$ |
|  |  | 1 | － | Norfolk Island ．．．．． | 62 | 38 | 24 |
| Channel Islands（not otherwise defined）．．． | － 157 | 66 | 91 | Pacific Islands－ Rarotonga | 16 | 11 | 6 |
| Wales ．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．．． | 1，765 | 1，076 | 689 | Cook Islands ． 4. | 9 | 3 | 6 |
| Scotland …：．．． | 47，791 | 27，481 | 20，310 | Friendly Islands | 71 | 37 | \＄4 |
| Shetland Islands | 63 | 32 | 31 | South Sea Islands and others ．．． are |  |  |  |
| Orkney Islands ．．．${ }_{\text {Ireland }} . .$. |  |  |  | others <br> Other British Possessions－ | 16 | 22 | 24 |
| Ireland Auguralasia， \＆te． | 43，524 | 23，430 | 20，094 | Other British Possessions－ Enrope－ |  |  |  |
| －New Zealand | 515，106 | －257，828 | 258，278 | Gibraltar ．．．．．． | 48 | 24 | 24 |
| Queensland New Sonth Wales | 1，271 | ${ }_{6}^{645}$ | 626 | Malta ．．．．．．．．． | 55 | 37 | 18 |
| New Sonth Wales Victoria ．．． | $\begin{array}{r} 6,430 \\ 12,583 \end{array}$ | 6，530 | 6，053 | Ceylon ... | 106 | 60 | 46 |

Table 10.-Birthplaces of Persons, Majes and Females (exclusive of Maoris), 1901-continued.

| Where Born. | Persong. | Males. | Females. | Whehe Born. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| British Empire-cont. |  |  |  | Foretgn Countries-cont. Europe-cont. |  |  |  |
| Hong Kong- |  |  |  | Spain and Possessions ... | 59 | 41 | 18 |
| Europeans ... | 4 | 4 | - | Sweden ... ... | 1,548 | 1,337 | 211 |
| Chinese... ... | 3 | 3 | - | Norway ... | 1,279 | 931 | 348 |
| Borneo, British ... ... | 1 | 1 | - | Switzerland ... | 333 | 251 | 82 |
| India- |  |  |  | Turkey ... ... | 27 | 17 | 10 |
| Europeans Asiatics | 1,156 | 641 | 515 | Asia- |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Straits Settlements }}{\text { Asiatics }}$ | 24 | 15 | 3 | Europeans ... ... | 66 | 47 | 19 |
| Africa- |  |  |  | Chinese... | 2,836 | 2,819 | 17 |
| Cape of Good Hope ... | 141 | 72 | 69 | Syria- |  |  |  |
| East Africa, British .. | 4 | 2 | 2 | Europeans ... ... | 1 | 1 | - |
| Mauritius ... ... | 43 | 28 | 15 | Asiatics | 240 | 160 | 80 |
|  | 21 | 9 | 12 | Palestine ... | 12 | 9 | 3 |
| South Africa, British ... | 302 | 147 | 155 | Arabia | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Orange River Colony | 1 | 1 | - | Persia | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Transvaal.. ${ }_{\text {Ascension Island }}$ | 9 | 6 | 3 | Japan ... ... ... | 17 | 10 | 7 |
| Ascension Island | 1 | 1 | - | Philippine Islands ... | 7 | 7 | - |
| St. Helena West African Colonies ... | 43 | 25 | 18 | Africa- |  |  |  |
| West African Colonies ... America- | 5 | 5 | - | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { defined } \\ \text { define } & \text { otherwise } \\ \text { (not }\end{array}$ | 83 | 40 | 43 |
| British North America... | 105 | 55 | 50 | Abyssinia... ... . | 1 | 1 |  |
| Canada and Newfound- |  |  |  | Egypt ... ... ... | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| land ... ... | 1,439 | 892 | 547 | Madagascar ... ... | 1 | - | 1 |
| Falkland Islands | 9 | 3 | 6 | America- |  |  |  |
| Guiana, British ... ... | 23 | 16 | 7 | United States of America | 881 | 592 | 289 |
| West Indies ... ... | 208 | 144 | 64 | America, North America | 776 | 501 | 275 |
| British Honduras and |  |  |  | Argentine Republio ... | 21 | 11 | 10 |
| others ... ... ... | 87 | 64 | 23 | Brazil ${ }_{\text {Chili }}$... ... ... | 17 27 | 13 | 4 10 |
| Foreign Countries. |  |  |  | Haiti $\quad . .$. | 2 | 2 |  |
| Enrope- |  |  |  | Mexico ... ... | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| Austria-Hungary ... | 1,874 | 1,713 | 161 | South America and others | 58 | 49 | 9 |
| Belgium ... ... ... | 117 | 84 | 33 | Pacitic Islands- |  |  |  |
| Denmark and Possessions | 2,120 | 1,384 | 736 | Samoa | 37 | 17 | 20 |
| France and Possessions... | 609 | 409 | 200 | Sandwich Islands | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| Germany and Possessions | 4,180 | '2,726 | 1,454 |  |  |  |  |
| Greece ... .. | 123 | 94 | 29 | At Sba- |  |  |  |
| Italy ... ... ... | 428 | 355 | 73 | British Subjects... ... | 1,195 | 587 | 608 |
| Montenegro ... ... | 1 | 1 | - | Foreign Subjects ... | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| Netherlands and Posses- sions ... $\ldots$ | 116 | 105 | 11 | Birthplaces not Speci- |  |  |  |
| Poland ... ... ... | 97 | 65 | 32 | FIED- |  |  |  |
| Portugal and Possessions | 172 | 151 | 21 | British names ... | 322 | 230 | 92 |
| Roumania ... ... | 2 | 2 |  | Foreign names ... ... | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| Russia and Possessions... | 387 | 339 | 48 | Names not given ... | 107 | 64 | 43 |

Table 11.-Religions of Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of Maoris), 1901.

| Religions. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Rejigions. | Persons. | Malee. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 772,719 | 405,992 | 366,727 | stian Religion-cont. | $\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ 108,960 \end{array}$ | 1556,490 | 52,470 |
|  |  |  |  | Christian, no Sect |  |  |  |
| Christian Reution. | 314 |  | 148,924 | Catholics (undefined) ... | 862 | 480 | 382 |
| Protestant (undescribed) | 1,239 |  | ${ }_{497}$ |  | 326 | ${ }_{140}^{134}$ |  |
| Presbyterians ... | 176,503 | 92,406 | 84,097 | Mormons, Latter-day Saints. | 272 | 145 | 127 |
| Methodists- |  |  |  |  | 1 | ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Wesleyan Mothodists ... | $\begin{gathered} 10,143 \\ \mathbf{i n}, 581 \end{gathered}$ | 35,362 | 35,672 | Other Christians $a \ldots .$. | 657 | 359 | ${ }_{2} 98$ |
| Primitive Methodists ... |  | 1,0461,280 | 5,097 |  |  |  |  |
| Methodists (undefined) |  |  | 1,301 | Non-Christian Religions. | 1,611 | 826 |  |
| Other Methodists |  |  | 19 | Hebrew ... |  |  | 78519 |
| Baptists ...... | 16,035 | 7,574 | 8,461 | Buddhists, Confucians, \&c. | 2,432 | 2,413 |  |
| Congregationalists ... | 6,699 | 3,154 | 3,545 |  |  |  | -259 |
| ${ }_{\text {Independents }}$ Lutherans, German Protes- |  | 84 | 61 |  | 499 | 41 | 259 |
| Lutherans, German Protes- tants ... |  |  |  |  | 41 |  | -86 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { tants } \\ \text { Unitarians } & \cdots \\ & \cdots\end{array}$ |  |  | 1885118 |  | $\begin{array}{r}189 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10333 |  |
| Society of Friends ... $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 468 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | 283 195 |  | Theosophists. |  |  | 1398 |
| Church of Christ, Ohristian, |  |  |  | Deists, Theists ... | $\stackrel{5}{9}$ | 51 |  |
| Christian Disciples, Disciples of Christ, Disciples | 6,105 | 2,860 | 3,245 | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Other Non - Christian Re- } \\ \text { ligions ... } & \text {... } & \end{array}$ | 14 | 12 | 2 |
| Brethren, Christian Breth- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ren, Exxclusive Brethren, Open Brethren, Plymouth |  |  |  | $\xrightarrow[\text { No Rewiaro }]{\text { Nreethinkers... }}$ |  |  |  |
| Brethren ... ... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,450 \\ & 3,807 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,034 \\ & 4,192 \end{aligned}$ |  | 4,473 | $\xrightarrow[2,868]{2,24}$ | $\begin{array}{r}611 \\ \mathbf{1 , 6 0 5} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Salvation Army ... ... | 7,989 |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Non-Sectarian } & \ldots . . \\ \text { Nat } \\ \text { Nat }\end{array}$ | 4,473 | 2,868 |  |
| Christadelphians ... ... | 989 | 497 | +492 |  | 159 | 79 | 8013 |
| Swedenborgians, $\begin{gathered}\text { Chew } \\ \text { Church, } \\ \text { New Jerusalem }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | 80 | 67 |  |
| Church, New Jerusalem |  |  |  | No Religion ... ...- ... | 910 | 131 | 222 |
| Seventh Day $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ädvenvists }\end{aligned}$ | 159 | 72 357 | 87 507 | Others ... ... ... | 217 |  | 86 |
| Church of God | 247 | $\begin{aligned} & 123 \\ & 101 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Object to state } \\ & \text { Unspecified }\end{aligned} \ldots \quad . .$. | $\begin{aligned} & 18,295 \\ & \hline 882 \end{aligned}$ | $11,827$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,468 \\ 262 \end{array}$ |
| Christian, no Denomination | 201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

a Including "Church of Sweden," 9 males ; "Danish Church," 2 females ; "Dipper," 1 male; "Christian," 1 male
and 1 female: "Christianity," 1 male and 2 females.

## 59．NEW ZEALAND－continued．

Table 12．－Degrees of Education of Persons，Males and Females at various groups of Ages（exclusive of Maoris and Chinese）， 1901.

| Ages． | Able to Rhad and Write． |  |  | able to Read only． |  |  | Unable to Read． |  |  | Education unknown． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． | Persons． | Males． | Females． |
| All Ages．．． | 632，936 | 332，560 | 300，376 | 14，857 | 7，223 | 7，634 | 116，821 | 60，484 | 56，337 | 5，248 | 2，900 | 2，348 |
|  | 53，408 | 26，528 | 26，880 | 9277 | 135 4803 | 142 | 86，448 | 44，148 | 42，300 | 68 | 33 | 35 |
| 10－．．． | 84，316 | 42，586 | 26,880 41,730 | $\begin{array}{r}9,181 \\ \hline 287\end{array}$ | 4，803 | $\begin{array}{r}4,378 \\ \hline 123\end{array}$ | 21，647 | 11，206 | 10，441 | 1，491 | 771 | 720 |
| $15-$ | 84，167 | 42，041 | 41,70 42,126 | 287 97 | $\begin{array}{r}164 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 123 39 | 357 351 | 210 238 | 147 113 | ${ }^{258}$ | 137 | 121 |
| 20－ | 82，210 | 40，570 | 41，640 | 136 | 58 90 | 39 46 | 351 494 | 238 | 113 | 195 273 | 115 | 80 114 |
| 25－ | 67，458 | 34，564 | 32，894 | 158 | 94 | 64 | 478 | 342 | 153 | 273 <br> 278 | 159 | 114 |
| $30-$ | 55，721 | 28，856 | 26，865 | 177 | 100 | 77 | 489 | 315 | 174 | 348 | 192 | 116 155 |
| 35－ | 44，020 | 23，342 | 20，678 | 277 | 129 | 148 | 591 | 357 | 234 | 311 | 1.55 | 155 |
| 40－ | 37，065 | 20，373 | 16，692 | 347 | 149 | 198 | 726 | 421 | 305 | 337 | 185 | 156 |
| ${ }^{45-}$ | 31，059 | 17，812 | 13，247 | 461 | 176 | 285 | 780 | 459 | 321 | 342 | 200 | 142 |
| $50-$ | 25，299 | 14，185 | 11，114 | 495 | 171 | 324 | 860 | 436 | 424 | 284 | 156 | 128 |
| ${ }_{60-}$ | 21，670 | 12，596 | 9，074 | 613 | 231 | 382 | 850 | 463 | 387 | 280 | 160 | 120 |
| 60－$\quad$ ．． | 18，871 | 11，729 | 7，142 | 661 | 243 | 418 | 825 | 481 | 344 | 231 | 118 | 113 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}65- & . . \\ 70- & . . & . . \\ \end{array}$ | 14,156 7,529 | 9,099 4,806 | 5，057 | 767 464 | 314 | 453 | 1，001 | 564 | 437 | 177 | 97 | 80 |
| 75－ | 7,529 3,408 | 4,806 2,017 | 2,723 1,391 | 464 249 | 196 90 | 268 159 | 451 | 246 | 205 | 109 | 69 | 40 |
| 80 and upwards | 2，181 | 1，214 | 1，967 | 200 | 74 | 126 | 198 | 146 115 | 106 83 | 47 36 | 24 | 23 |
| Unspecified－ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 198 | 115 | 83 | 36 | 20 | 16 |
| Under $21 .$. | 17 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| Over 21 ．．． | 381 | 233 | 148 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 12 | 4 | 8 | 176 | 142 | 34 |

Table 13．－Persons，Males and Females（exclusive of Maoris），at Quinquennial Age－periods， returned as Stce or suffering from Accident ；and those stated to be DEAF and DUMb，Blind， lunatic，Idiotic，Epileptic，Paralytic，Crippled and Deformed，suffering from Debility，and Deaf， 1901.
Note．－For those under 15 years the numbers cannot be entirely trusted，beoause the instruction on the Census Schedules was that，＂if nnable to follow usual occupation by reason of illness or accident，＂the word＂Sick＂or＂Accident＂ was to be entered．

| Persons． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ages． |  |  |  |  | Sick and Agoident． |  |  |  | Specified Infirmities． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Sick． |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 荷 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 官H\＃A |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Ages ．．．${ }_{\text {Aler }}$ ．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 772，719 | 7，1；3 | 2，505 | 3，207 | 1，461 | 5，574 | 226 | 453 | 2，675 | 105 | 113 | 392 | 271 | 927 | 412 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 772，079 | 7，168 | 2，504 | 3，206 | 1，458 | 5，558 | 225 | 453 | 2，661 | 105 | 113 | 392 | 271 | 927 | 411 |
| Under 5 years ．．． 5 years to 10 years |  |  |  | ．．． |  | 86，806 | 107 | 39 | 47 | 21 | 16 | － | 3 | 2 | － | 1 | 6 |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | ．．． | 85，736 | 175 | 28 | 104 | 43 | 86 | 34 | 16 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 10 | 2 | 2 |
| 10 | ＂ | 15 | ＂ | ．．． | 85，225 | 242 | 73 | 104 | 65 | 164 | 46 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 15 | 9 | 23 | 4 | 12 |
|  | ＂ | 20 | ＂ | ．．． | 84，814 | 435 | 127 | 174 | 134 | 192 | 28 | 15 | 43 | 20 | 19 | 12 | 30 | 4 | 21 |
|  | ＂ | 25 | ＂ | ．．． | 83，156 | 637 | 229 | 245 | 163 | 283 | 24 | 20 | 114 | 19 | 15 | 13 | 24 | 19 | 35 |
|  | ＂ | 30 | ＂ | ．．． | 68，540 | 547 | 191 | 226 | 130 | 303 | 20 | 14 | 186 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 20 | 8 | 25 |
|  | ＂ | 35 | ＂ | ．．． | 56，966 | 466 | 151 | 222 | 93 | 352 | 20 | 17 | 245 | 8 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 18 |
|  | ＂ | 40 | ＂ | ．．． | 45，018 | 365 | 113 | 173 | 79 | 382 | 14 | 21 | 257 | 9 | 11 | 10 | 23 | 9 | 28 |
|  | ＂ | 45 | ＂ | ．．． | 38，936 | 353 | 113 | 145 | 95 | 400 | 10 | 18 | 312 | 6 | 4 | 14 | 8 | 7 | 21 |
|  | ＂ | 50 | ＂ | ．．． | 33，131 | 419 | 140 | 190 | 89 | 435 | 7 | 22 | 333 | 4 | 1 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 |
|  | ＂ | 55 | ＂ | ．．． | 27，404 | 405 | 139 | 179 | 87 | 424 | 8 | 23 | 296 | 2 | 6 | 21 | 13 | 23 | 32 |
|  | ＂ | 60 | ＂， | ．．． | 23，674 | 480 | 152 | 239 | 89 | 483 | 6 | 45 | 298 | 1 | 4 | 34 | 26 | 37 | 32 |
|  | ＂ | 65 | ＂ | ．．． | 20，820 | 631 | 217 | 301 | 113 | 491 | 4 | 37 | 244 | 2 | 4 | 59 | 18 | 85 | 38 |
|  | ＂ | 70 | ＂ | ．．． | 16，188 | 857 | 311 | 427 | 119 | 544 | 1 | 74 | 162 | 3 | 4 | 81 | 28 | 147 | 44 |
|  | ＂ | 75 | ＂ | $\ldots$ | 8，584 | 571 | 231 | 260 | 80 | ${ }^{461}$ | 3 | 46 | 88 | 二 | 2 | 56 | 13 | 217 | 39 |
|  | ＂ | 80 | ＂ | ．．． | 3，964 | 299 | 149 | 114 | 36 | 267 | 3 | 36 <br> 29 | 35 | － | $\underline{1}$ | 16 | 4 | 152 | 20 |
| 80 and upwardsUnspecified |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,617 \\ 640 \end{array}$ | 179 5 | 101 | 56 1 | 22 3 | 275 16 | 1 | 29 | 22 14 | 2 | － | 11 | － | 186 | 23 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － | 1 |

[^54]
## 59. NEW ZEALAND-continued.

Table 13.-Persons, Males and Females (exclusive of Maoris), at Quinquennial Age-Periods, returned as Sick or suffering from Accident ; and those stated to be Deaf and Dumb, Blind, lunatic, idiotic, Epileptic, Paralytic, Crippled and Deformed, suffering from Debility, and Deaf, 1901-continued.


Nore.-See notes on page 267.

## 60. FIJI ISLANDS AND ROTUMA.

Table 1.-Area; Population, 1901.


* Native Rotumans.

Cerisíus of the British Empire, 1901.
60. FIJI ISLANDS AND ROTUMA-continued.

Table 2.-Population at each Census, 1881 to 1901.

| Census Ytar. |  | Total <br> Population. | Fijians. | Whites. | Halfcastes. | Indians. | Polynesians. | Others.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1881... | . | 127,486 | 114,748 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1891.. |  | 121,180 | 105,800 | 2,036 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 120,124 | 94,397 | 2,036 2,459 | 1,076 | 7,468 17,105 | 2,267 1,950 | 2,533 $\mathbf{2 , 6 9 7}$ |

* Including Native Rotumans.

Table 3.-Ages of the Coloured Population, 1901.

|  |  |  | Fiji Islands. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rotuma. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Natives. |  | Indians. |  | Polynesiains. |  | Others. |  | Natives: | 'Fijians. |  |
| . |  |  | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| Child | ... | $\cdots$ | 15,287 | 13,113. |  | 1,614 | 111 | 84 | 33 | 49 |  |  | - |
| Youth | ... | $\cdots$ | 10,079 18,163 | 6,465 | +499 | 288 | 203 | 21 | 40 | 10 | 534 | - |  |
| Adult Aged | ... | $\ldots$ | 18,163 6,824 | 17,004 7,458 | 8,756 306 | 3,675 175 | 1,208 62 | 236 | 166 | 130 | 486 | 4 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 24 | 475 | - | - |

Table 4.-Ages of the Half-caste Population, 1901.


* The Half-caste Population in Rotuma numbered 12 persons, of whom 2 were adult males aged 21 and 28 respectively and 10 were children ( 4 mailes and 6 females) aged from 2 to 12 years.

Table 5.-Condition as to Marriage and Ages of the White Population,* 1901.

| Ages. | Total. |  |  | UNMARRIED. ' |  |  | Married. |  |  | WIDOWED. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. |
| All AgEs ... | 2,447 | .1,521 | 926 | . 1,519 | 987 | 532 | S27. | 495 | 332 | 101 | 39 | 62 |
| Under 1 year ... | 56 | 30 | 26 | 56 | 30 | . 26 | - | - | - | - | - | ; |
| 1 $\quad$... ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 54 | 31 | 23 | 54 | 31 | 23 | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | 43 ' | 21 | 22 | 43 | 21 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | , |
| 4 | 52 | 22 | 30 | 52 | 22 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | \% |
| $5=$ | 212: | 106 | 106 | 212 * | 106 | 106 | - | - | - | - | - | \% |
| 10- ... | 177 | 92 | 85 | 177 | 92 | 85 | - | - 1 | - | - | - | ' |
| 15- | 168 | 98 | 70 | 168 | 98 | 70 | - | - | - | -- | - |  |
| 207 | 218 | 127. | 91 | 166 | 116 | 50 | 52 | 11 | .. 41... | - : | - | - |
| 25- | 289 | 163 | 126 | 176 | 116 | 60 | 112 | 47 | 65 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 30- | 241 | 159. | 82 | 96 | 88 | 8 | 141 | 69 | - $72 .$. | 4 | . 2 | - 2 |
| 350. | 201 | 140 | 61 | 64 | 58 | 6 | 130 | 80 | 50 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| 40- | 205 | 146 | 59 | 77 | 67 | 10 | 114 | 74 | 40 | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| 4う-. ... | 116 | 89 | 27 | 25 | 20 | - 5 | 81 | 64 | . 17 | 10 | -. 5 | - 5 |
| 50-. ... .. | 125 | 90 | 35 | 39 | 37 | 2 | 64 | 46 | - 18 | 22 | . 7 | 15 |
| 55--.. . | 90' | 69 | 21 | .. 22 | 22 | - | 59 | 45 | 14 | 9 | . 2 | 7 |
| 60-... ... ... | 76 | 56. | 20 | . 18 | 17 | - 1 | 40 | 32 | 8 | 18 | 7 | 11 |
| 65-. | 39 | - 26. | . 13 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 21 | 17 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 70-. ... ... | 17: | 15 | .. 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 9 | 8 | 1. | . 6 | $\dot{j}$ | 1 |
| 75-.. ... ... | 11 | 8. | . 3 | 5 | 5 | - | 2 | 1 | 1. | 4 | \% | 2 |
| 80 ...years and upwards. ... | 5 | 4 | 1 | - 3 " | 3 | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | -- | $\cdots$ |

* The figures in this Table are exclusive of those for the White Population of Rotuma, consisting of 10 males and 2 females whose ages are stated to range from 24 to 64 years, but whose condition as tu marriage is not stated.

60. FIJI ISLANDS AND ROTUMA-continued.

Table 6.-Occupations of the White Population, 1901.


Table 7.-Birthplaces of the White Population, 1901.


[^55]
## 61. BRITISH NEW GUINEA.

No Census was taken in this Territory. The area is estimated at 90,540 square miles and the population at 350,000 , about 250 being Earopeans.

## 62. PACIFIC ISLANDS.

Under this heading are included the varions groups of Islands within the jurisdiction of the High Commissioner of the Western Pacific for which it has been possible to obtain estimates of Area and Population. See Table 2, page 7.

## 63. OTHER ISLANDS.

Under this heading are included varions Islands and groups of groups of Islands which, although British Territory or under British Protection, are not included in any Colony or separate Protectorate, Many of these Islands have no permanent inhabitants, and no statistics have been obtained for them. See note h, Table 2, page 7.
53 to 59．－AUSTRALIAN STATES and NEW ZEALAND．
Nota．－At a Conference of Statisticians of the Australasian Colonies held prior to the Census it was decided to adopt a uniform scheme for the Classification of Occupations for each of the States and for New
 In some minor instanoes uniform methods of classification have not been followed by the several States，the chief differences are referred to in the notes to this Table．

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Occupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand, 1901-continuead.


Occupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand, 1901-continued.






Occupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand, 1901-continued.


Oocupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zqaland, 1901-continued.


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Odgupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand，1901－continued．

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Occupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand，1901－continued．

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Occupattons of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand, 1901-continued.


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[^56]o See note a a page 275
a In Victoria Matchmakers，Lamplighters，are included under this heading；in New South Wales and in New Zealand 159 and 22 male Lamplighters respectively are included under the heading＂Gas Manufacturer，Worker．＂
$e$ Io other States included under the heading＂Others，＂Order 15，Sub－Order 14.
In Nerv South Wales，Victoria，and New Zealand，the figures under this heading are ohieffy＂Signwriters．＂
$g$ In Victoria，excluding Sewer Contractors，Labourers，who are shown under a separate heading in this Sab－Order．
Oocupations of Males and Females for each of the Australian States and for New Zealand，1901－continued．

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c. . 3


Table showing the General Scope of the Censuses


#### Abstract

Note,-In this Table a cross ( + ) indicates that inqniry was made, and statistics were published, concerning the snbject published. The Table should be regarded as affording an indication, in geveral terms only, of the scope of the several statistics are uniform in character or in detail.




[^57]in the sexeral parts of the British Empire.
mentioned at the head of the column; a dash ( - ) indicates that no inquiry was made, or, if made, that the results were not Censuses, as the crosses in any particular column do not imply, as between one country and another, that the tabulated

other cases the particulars obtained were as follows:-
speaking Gaelic ; Ireland-Those speaking Irish; Isle of Man—Those speaking Manx ; Malta and Gozo-Those speaking
belonging to the several Missions being the only particnlars tabulated.
in these Colonies was postponed until 1904 on account of the War, and the complete Reports have not yet been received
with tbe Census in the other South African Colonies.

Census of the British Empire, 1901.
[Form of Occupier's Schedule used at the Census of England and Wales, 1901.]


Gensus:of the British Empire, 1901.
[Form of Occupier's Schedule used at the Census of England and Wales, 1901-continued.]


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## Alphabetical Index to the Detailed Census Tables for the Colonies, Protectorates, and Dependencies of the British Empire.



Alphabetical Index to the Detailed Census Tables for the Colonies, Protectorates, and Dependencies of the British Empire-continued.







[^0]:    of Institutions), and the Number of Persons to each Family, $1901 \ldots$...
    Religions of the Civil Popnlation, 1901 ...
    Table 13.-Religions of the Civil Popnlation, 190182

[^1]:    * Exclusive of the population of North-Western Rhodesia for which no estimate could be obtained

[^2]:    * In the Indian Empire and in Ceylon the last two age-groups are 45-60 years and 60 years and upwards.

[^3]:    * The relatively large proportion of "Occupied females" in the Orange River Colony consists mainly of those returned under the headings "Domestic Service" and "Agriculture".

[^4]:    * These reasons may be summarised briefly as follows :-At the time of this early settlement by Indo-Aryans circumstances permitted of a gradual and peaceable movement by tribes and families; in later times, the change of climate, through which the level alluvial tracts on the North-West frontier were deprived of rainfall and lapsed into desert, resulted in the physical seclusion of India, thus involving the consequence mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

[^5]:    * The fiction referred to is "that people who speak a different language, dwell in a different district, worship different gods, eat different food, observe different social customs, follow a different profession, or practice the same profession in a slightly different way must be so unmistakably aliens by blood that intermarriage with them is a thing not to be thought of."

[^6]:    * In South Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand Buddhists and Confucians are returned together and amount to 3,190, 353, and 2,432 respectively; in the above Table they are all included under the heading "Confucian."

[^7]:    * See note *, page Ivii.

[^8]:    * For the precise dates on which the Censuses were taken in the several Colonies, \&c., see page 71.
    + These Totals include partly estimated figures for some places and are exclusive of the figures for a number of Islands and Rocks, which, although British Territory or under British Protection, are not included in any Colony or separate Protectorate. Many of these Islands have no permanent inhabitants.

[^9]:    (a). Sterra Leone-The figures ghown above for ages 5 to 10 years relate to children whose ages range from 5 to 11 years, the
    figuree inthe snbsequent lineg relate to quinquennial periods beginging at the age of 11 years.

[^10]:    
    Man uritiue Report，is represented for convenience in the table as 9b－100：The＂Not stated＂include the military in barracke．

[^11]:    "(a) Western Australia.-The "Not Stated" comprise (I) Children, 8 Malos and 15 Fiemales; (2) Adults, 261 Males and 31 F'emales; and
    (3) fulisblooded Aborigines, 444 Males and 435 Females, of whom 14 Males and 10 Females are stated to be Children, and 346 Males (3) ful 4 bloodea Aborigines, 444 Males and 435 Females, of whom 14 Males and 10 Females are stated to be Children, and 346 Males 21 years of age ; and (3) 408 Males and 193 Females above that age.

[^12]:    and 672 on board vessels, are not stated.

[^13]:    (a) Indias, Empire. - Tbe condition as to marriage and the ages are not stated for 983,766 persons who were enumerated in tracts where 2 (b) Ceylon. The condition as to marriage of 255 persons ( 113 males and 142 females) is not stated. And 60 years and npwards. are tabulated in the two groaps, 55 -f0, and 60 years and npwards males and 142 females) is not stated. Above 55 years of age, the ages

[^14]:    (c) Natal:-The condition as 60 marriage of the Natives was not recorded; the flgures in the Table, therefore, are exclinsive of the
    Native Races.
    (d) Oranoe River Colony.-The flgnres given above relate only to the Europeans or Whites; the condition as to marriage of the remainder of the popalation cannot be shown with the same detail as regards ages, and is therefore omitted from the Tahle

[^15]:    (a) Queensland.-The condition as to marriage of 577 persons ( 466 males and 111 females) is not stated; the sox, condition $2 s$ to

[^16]:    a Including Farriers.
    b. Excluding Platelayers, Gangers, Packers, and Railway Labourers; these heing included in Order 12, Sub-order 2.
    c Excluding Farmers' female relatives assisting in the work of the farm.
    $i$ Excluding Lock and Key Makers and Gas Fittings Makers; these heing included in Order 12, Sub-order 1.

[^17]:    $a$ Including 10,465 male and 3,078 female Road Coolies.
    $b$ Including 1,070 male and 15,848 female mat weavers.
    c Persons engaged in the Manufacture of Lace.
    $d$ Including 127 male and 10 female Flower Garland Makers.
    " Including 8,512 Toddy Drawers.
    $f$ Described as Toddy Drawers.
    I Including 1,432 males and 4 females returned as Charcoal Burners.
    ${ }_{h}$ Described as Carpenters and Contractors.
    i Described as Mandores.

[^18]:    a Including 198 persons described as Merchants and Storekeepers.
    c Described as Labourers, Porters, Carters; including also 42 imported Italian and 21 imported Austrian Labourers.
    $d$ Including 23 persons described as Managers and Agents.
    $f$ Including Servants in Hotels, Inns, Coffee Palaces,
    $f$ Including Servants in Hotels, Inns, Coffee Palaces Boar $e$ Including Bottlers.
    $g$ Iucluding 715 Kangaroo Hunters, Rabbiters.

[^19]:    were not recorded.
    in Naval and Military Establishments, are not stated in the Table. 57,34 males and 44,910 females), and of the 13,237 persons enumerated

[^20]:    （z）Western Australia．－The snbjects of inquiry into the infirmities of the population related auly to Sickness，Accident，Deaf－mutism and Blindness．The numbers returned under the frrt two hendings wers 1,144 males and 432 females，asd 284 males and 26 females

[^21]:    * Marsa, Pietà, and part of Str. S. Giuseppe (the nucleus of the present town of Hamrun), were up to 1871 included In the district of Floriana.
    $\dagger$ The decrease in population of the Three Cities (Senglea, Cospicua, and Vittoriosa), between 1891 and 1901 was due to the dismemberment of Calcara from the parish of Vittoriosa; the population in 1891 within the reduced area was 25, 830 .

[^22]:    * The total population in this table differs from that in Table I. (page 87) by 173,010 persons whose ocoupations were not returned, of whom 8,393 were in the Andamans, 127,011 in Burma, 13,519 in N.-W. Frontier Province, and 24,087 in Punjab.

[^23]:    * Exclnding police on railway.

    398a. Returned only in Bengal.
    406a. Returned only in Bengal.
    414a. Retarned only in Bengal.

[^24]:    2 NoTE.-It is impossible to give tru
    arked ${ }^{\text {include figures for such States }}$ in

[^25]:    * See note * Table 2.

[^26]:    * See note *, Table 2.

[^27]:    ＊Including the military population of 1,245 persons（ 1,167 males and 78 females）．

[^28]:    * Note.-This total includes 1,397 aborigines whose occupations and sexes were not returned

[^29]:    * See note * on following pare.

[^30]:    * Includes troops.
    $\dagger$ Includes Catechists, Schoolmasters, Schoolmistresses, Seamstresses, Laundresses, \&c.

[^31]:    * Including Buildings not intended for Dwelling Houses,

[^32]:    * The Occupied Houses relate to the Popnlation

[^33]:    (exclusive of Natives in Native Areas).

[^34]:    ${ }_{6}$ These two branches of trade are so often combined in this cospective orders.
    aocurate differentiation is possible.

[^35]:    .. * The Native Popnlation includes natives of purely Ceutral and South African origin, but excludes persons! ot血ixed Enropean and native origin. The coloured population (including Asiatics) not shown under the heading "Native Popalatiou," comprised 490 males and 102 females in Mashonaland, and 1,001 males and 351 females in Matabeleland.

[^36]:    ＊The area of the small er Dependencies is not known ；the total given in the Table relates only to the Islands of Manritius and Rodrigues．
    $\dagger$ The number of houses ；in the Depenjencies is not shown in the Census Report．

[^37]:    ＊．All the natives of France and those of Réunion were retarned as French eubjects，as were also 179 natives of＂Other parts of Asia．＂
    $\dagger$ ．The natives of Madagascar weie not returned as French subjects as they arrived in Manritius before Madagascar was taken by the French．

[^38]:    * Exclusive of Hudson Bay ( 443,750 equare miles) and the Gulf of St. Lawrence ( 101,562 square miles), but including inland water
    $\dagger$ 'By the Census Proclamation it was provided that the enumeration was to be made in accordance with the de jure system.
    (a.) Comprises Alherta. Assiniboia, Saskatchewan.
    (b.) Comprises Athabaska, Franklin and Keewatin, Mackenzie, Ungava, Yukon.

[^39]:    * Inclusive of Coolies and others born in India.

[^40]:    * It is estimated that about 6,000 Indians have been entered as "Married " who should have been returned as "Unmarried."

[^41]:    * Including "The Harbour. Faber's Road, \&c.", which were separately enumerated in 1901, anu contained 303 persons. + Inclnding Cattle Landing and Buena Vista.
    $\ddagger$ Including Bacalar Chico.

[^42]:    *There were also 911 females returned as Domestic Servants.

[^43]:    * Including Sonth Georgia, 1,000 square miles. The figures are derived from the Colonial Office List.
    $\dagger$ Includes 1 building.
    $\ddagger$ Excluding $1 \nmid 7$ persons enumerated on H.M.S. Nymphe, and 63 foreign labourers imported from Argentina and engaged on the Naval Coaling Depôt.

[^44]:    ctoria was separated from New South Wales on lst July, 1851, and Queensland on 10th December, 1859 .

[^45]:    Mellol shires and parts of shires in addition to the wities, a radius of ten miles from the Melbourne Post Office; it includes Metropolitan Area

[^46]:    * Including Chinese of pure race who were originally returned as of "No Religion," "Pagan," "Chinese Church," or as Religion not stated.

    T Chiefly "No Religion." Aborigines were entered as of "No Religion," if the religion was not stated.

[^47]:    - Including 2,627 males and 2,298 females returned as Lunatic and Idiotic. See also notes $\dagger$ and $I$.
    + Including 1 male inmate of a Innatic asylum counted also as "Sick."
    * Including 20 male and 9 female inmates of lunatic asylums and hospitals counted also as "Sick."

[^48]:    * Exclusive of the nomadic Aborigines.
    $\dagger$ Including 455 persons ( 293 males and 162 females) born of White Parents.

[^49]:    These numbers are exclusive of the nomadic Aborigines.
    These numbers are exclusive "Exclusive Brethren," 2 males and 5 females; "Faith of God," 3 males and 4 females "Fatalist," 1 male; "Home Service," 1 male.

[^50]:    a Including 45,136 built of stone, 13,479 of brick, 2,664 of concrete, 2,787 of iron, 9,471 of wood, 1,564 of canvas, and 753 of unspecified materials.

    6 Including the Shipping population, 4,507 persons ( $4,01 \pm$ males and 493 females).
    c lncluding 690 half-castes ( 349 males and 341 females).
    $d$ Including 96 half-castes ( 48 males and 48 females).

[^51]:    * The Degrees of Edncation of the Aborigines were not recorded.
    $\dagger$ Including 1,688 male and 56 female Chinese who were able to read and write Chinese only.

[^52]:    Of the "ull-blooded A borigines. 36 are included under the heading "Church of England," 2 under the heading "Wesleyan and 566 were unspecified or indefinite.

[^53]:    a Including Isle of Man and Channel Islands. $b$ Including 27 persons born in the British West nder, $n$ bt stated.
    born at Sea, and 479 British Subjects whose birth places were not stated.
    c Including 8 persons born in Madagascar, add Islands.
    $\underset{d}{c}$ Including 4 persons born in the Cape Verde Islands.
    19809

[^54]:    ＊Including 59 ＂dumb＂only（ 39 males and 20 females）．
    $\dagger$ Including 12 ＂blind and deaf＂（ 7 males and 5 females），and 63 ＂partially＂or＂nearly＂blind（ 48 males and 15 females）．
    $\ddagger$ Twenty－two persons（ 17 males and 5 females）in lunatic asylums，returned as＂epileptic，＂are not included as Luabtic．＂

[^55]:    * Including one female born in France and one in the Mauritina

[^56]:    ${ }^{a}$ In Victoria Steel Founders are inoluded under this heading．

[^57]:    * The returns of the Language spoken relate to the entire population only in Cyprus and in the Indian Empire. In the England and Wales-The number of Welsh-speaking and English-speaking persons in Wales; Scotland-The number English or Italian
    a. Wei Hai Wei.-No previous Census had been taken in this Colony.
    b. Gold Coast. -The Census in this Colony was of a very restricted character, the population of each sex and the numbers
    . Cape of Good Hopte, Basutiland, Natal, Orange River Colony, Transvaal, and Bechuanaland Protectorate.-The Census from the Oramge River Colony or the Transvaal.
    d. Southern Rhodesia.-A Census was taken in 1901, and another in 1904, the latter being taken in order to synohronize
    e. Dominion of Canada.=The complete Report has not yet been received.

[^58]:    I declare the foregoing to be a true Return, according to the best of my knowledge and belief.

